

1. Prove each of the following statements, or give a counterexample:

- a. Greedy best-first tree search is optimal and complete in finite space.
- b. Breadth-first search is a special case of uniform-cost search.
- c. Depth-first search is a special case of best-first tree search.
- d. Uniform-cost search is a special case of A^* search.

2. Assuming predicates $\text{Parent}(p, q)$ and $\text{Female}(p)$ and constants Joan and Kevin, with the obvious meanings, express each of the following sentences in first-order logic. (You may use the abbreviation $\exists 1$ to mean “there exists exactly one.”)

- a. Joan has a daughter (possibly more than one, and possibly sons as well).
- b. Joan has exactly one daughter (but may have sons as well).
- c. Joan has exactly one child, a daughter.
- d. Joan and Kevin have exactly one child together.
- e. Joan has at least one child with Kevin, and no children with anyone else.