Drew Schmidt

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Base Graphics: Easy for simple things, hard for complex things



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- And about 20 other packages: http://cran.r-project.org/web/views/Graphics.html





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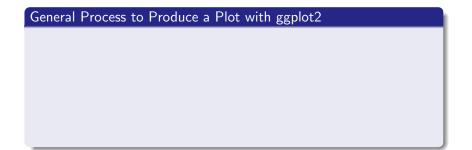
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See also: plot builder with Deducer (info on handout)







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ggplot2 requires that your data be stored in a dataframe



?????

Geoms? Aesthetics? Facets?



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- 3 Coordinates: Just what it sounds like: rectangular, polar, ...
- 4 Faceting: Coplotting more on this later



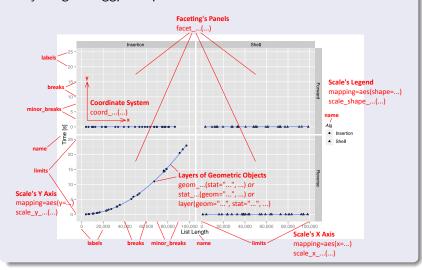
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Geom Functions							
geom_abline	geom_bar	geom_blank	geom_contour	geom_density			
geom_errorbar	geom_freqpoly	geom_histogram	geom_jitter	geom_linerange			
geom_point	geom_polygon	geom_rect	geom_rug	geom_smooth			
geom_text	geom_vline	geom_area	geom_bin2d	geom_boxplot			
geom_crossbar	geom_density2d	geom_errorbarh	geom_hex	geom_hline			
geom_line	geom_path	geom_pointrange	geom_quantile	geom_ribbon			
geom_segment	geom_step	geom_tile					
Stat Functions							
stat_abline	stat_bin2d	stat_boxplot	stat_density	stat_function			
stat_identity	stat_quantile	stat_spoke	stat_summary	stat_vline			
stat_bin	stat_binhex	stat_contour	stat_density2d	stat_hline			
stat_gg	stat_smooth	stat_sum	stat_unique				



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For explanations and examples other than those provided here, see the ggplot2 reference manual http://had.co.nz/ggplot2/





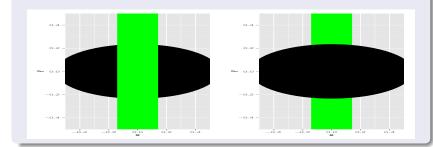
Adding Layers is Not Necessarily (though usually) Commutative

```
# Plot points layer then lines layer on top
g + geom_point() + geom_line()

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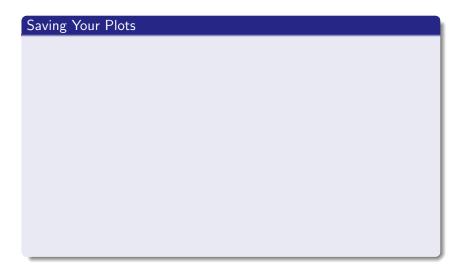




Some Simple Plots

Refer to Section 2, lines 5-23 of the file Rcode_ggplot2.R







```
# Option 1: ggplot2 independent
pdf("location/filename.pdf") # see help("device") for
    other filetypes
g # or last_plot() to save the last plot created by
    ggplot2
dev.off()

# Option 2: only for ggplot2 plots
ggsave("location/filename.pdf", g)
```



Saving Your Plots

```
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pdf("location/filename.pdf") # see help("device") for
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# Option 2: only for ggplot2 plots
ggsave("location/filename.pdf", g)
```

See also

```
1 ?pdf
2 ?ggsave
```



Exercises

- 1. Create a histogram of the "carat" variable.
- 2. Save the plot you just made as both a pdf and a png.
- 3. Begin with:

```
g <- ggplot (data=diamonds, aes(x=clarity))
```

Produce a barplot and a histogram with g (remember, "clarity" is categorical). Is there a difference?



Refer to Section 3, lines 29-59 of the file Rcode_ggplot2.R



groups?

1. Create scatterplots of price by carat faceted by color. How would you describe the relationship between price and carat across

- 2. Every plot should tell a story. What story do our scatterplots tell about a diamond's carat and its price? (Just a short, one sentence explanation)
- 3. Refer to the subset plot above where we restricted the data only to those diamonds with color "J". Produce a scatterplot with a LOESS fit in the same plot. Do you notice anything striking in this plot (you may have noticed it in another plot above)?



Refer to Section 4, lines 70-193 of the file Rcode_ggplot2.R



Where to Learn More?

Reference Manual: http://had.co.nz/ggplot2/

CRAN page: http://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/ggplot2

Wiki: https://github.com/hadley/ggplot2/wiki/ Google Group: https://groups.google.com/group/ggplot2

Tag on stackoverflow: http://stackoverflow.com/questions/tagged/ggplot2

Blog: http://blog.ggplot2.org/

Official Book: http://tinyurl.com/ggplot2-book



Thanks for coming!

Questions?

Introduction

