# Assignment #D: 十全十美

Updated 1254 GMT+8 Dec 17, 2024

2024 fall, Complied by 同学的姓名、院系

#### 说明:

- 1)请把每个题目解题思路(可选),源码Python,或者C++(已经在Codeforces/Openjudge上AC),截图(包含Accepted),填写到下面作业模版中(推荐使用 typora <a href="https://typoraio.cn">https://typoraio.cn</a>,或者用word)。AC或者没有AC,都请标上每个题目大致花费时间。
- 2) 提交时候先提交pdf文件,再把md或者doc文件上传到右侧"作业评论"。Canvas需要有同学清晰头像、提交文件有pdf、"作业评论"区有上传的md或者doc附件。
- 3) 如果不能在截止前提交作业,请写明原因。

### 1. 题目

#### 02692: 假币问题

brute force, <a href="http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/02692">http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/02692</a>

思路:

代码:

```
n=int(input())
for _ in range(n):
{'A':0,'B':0,'C':0,'D':0,'E':0,'F':0,'G':0,'H':0,'I':0,'J':0,'K':0,'L':0}
    check=
{'A':False,'B':False,'C':False,'D':False,'E':False,'F':False,'G':False,'H':False,'
I':False,'J':False,'K':False,'L':False}
    for __ in range(3):
        a,b,c=[x for x in input().split()]
        if c=='even':
            for i in a+b:
                check[i]=True
                coin[i]=0
        if c=='up':
            for i in a:
                if not check[i]:
                    coin[i]+=1
            for j in b:
                if not check[j]:
                    coin[j]=1
        if c=='down':
            for i in a:
                if not check[i]:
                    coin[i]-=1
```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

### 状态: Accepted

```
源代码
```

```
n=int(input())
coin={'A':0,'B':0,'C':0,'D':0,'E':0,'F':0,'G':0,'H':0,'I':0,'J':0,'K':0
    check={'A':False,'B':False,'C':False,'D':False,'E':False,'F':False,'G'
    for __ in range(3):
        a,b,c=[x for x in input().split()]
        if c=='even':
            for i in a+b:
                check[i]=True
                coin[i]=0
        if c=='up':
            for i in a:
                if not check[i]:
                    coin[i]+=1
            for j in b:
                if not check[j]:
                   coin[j]=1
        if c=='down':
            for i in a:
                if not check[i]:
                   coin[i]=1
            for j in b:
                if not check[j]:
                    coin[j]+=1
    ans=[]
    for name.result in coin items().
```

#### 01088: 滑雪

dp, dfs similar, <a href="http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/01088">http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/01088</a>

思路:关于我把tag看成bfs,dfs similar于是用bfs写了半个多小时并且一直超时这件事www

```
import sys
from functools import lru_cache
sys.setrecursionlimit(1<<30)</pre>
@lru_cache(maxsize=None)
def dfs(x,y):
    step=1
    for a,b in d:
        nx,ny=x+a,y+b
        if 0 \le nx \le r and 0 \le ny \le c and h[nx][ny] \le h[x][y]:
             step=max(step,1+dfs(nx,ny))
    return step
r,c=[int(x) for x in input().split()]
h=[]
for _ in range(r):
    h.append([int(x) for x in input().split()])
d=[(0,1),(1,0),(-1,0),(0,-1)]
for i in range(r):
    for j in range(c):
        out=max(out,dfs(i,j))
print(out)
```

代码运行截图 == (至少包含有"Accepted") ==

### 状态: Accepted

源代码

```
import sys
from functools import lru cache
sys.setrecursionlimit(1<<30)
@lru cache (maxsize=None)
def dfs(x,y):
    step=1
    for a,b in d:
        nx, ny=x+a, y+b
        if 0<=nx<r and 0<=ny<c and h[nx][ny]<h[x][y]:</pre>
             step=max(step,1+dfs(nx,ny))
    return step
r,c=[int(x) for x in input().split()]
h=[]
    in range(r):
    h.append([int(x) for x in input().split()])
d = [(0,1), (1,0), (-1,0), (0,-1)]
out=0
for i in range(r):
    for j in range(c):
        out=max(out, dfs(i,j))
print (out)
```

#### 25572: 螃蟹采蘑菇

bfs, dfs, <a href="http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/25572/">http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/25572/</a>

思路:

代码:

```
return ans
    return 'no'
n=int(input())
1st=[]
position=[]
for _ in range(n):
    s=[int(x) for x in input().split()]
   1st.append(s)
    if 5 in s:
        position.append((_,s.index(5)))
        lst[_][s.index(5)]=0
   if 5 in s:
        position.append((_,s.index(5)))
        lst[_][s.index(5)]=0
    if 9 in s:
        tx,ty=\_,s.index(9)
d=[(0,1),(1,0),(-1,0),(0,-1)]
x1,y1=position[0]
x2,y2=position[1]
visited=[[False]*n for i in range(n)]
print(dfs(x1,y1,x2,y2,tx,ty))
```

#### 代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

#### 状态: Accepted

```
基本作
源代码
 def dfs (x1,y1,x2,y2,tx,ty):
                                                                                        提
     if (x1==tx \text{ and } y1==ty) \text{ or } (x2==tx \text{ and } y2==ty):
          return 'yes'
     ans='no'
     visited[x1][y1]=True
     visited[x2][y2]=True
                                                                                      提交
     for a,b in d:
          nx1, ny1, nx2, ny2=x1+a, y1+b, x2+a, y2+b
          if 0 \le nx1 \le n and 0 \le ny1 \le nx2 \le n and 0 \le ny2 \le n:
              if lst[nx1][ny1]!=1 and lst[nx2][ny2]!=1:
                   if (not visited[nx1][ny1]) or (not visited[nx2][ny2]):
                       ans=dfs (nx1, ny1, nx2, ny2, tx, ty)
                       if ans=='yes':
                            return ans
     return 'no'
 n=int(input())
 lst=[]
 position=[]
 for _ in range(n):
     s=[int(x) for x in input().split()]
     lst.append(s)
     if 5 in s:
```

#### 27373: 最大整数

dp, http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/27373/

思路:

代码:

```
def check(x):
                    if x=='':
                                         return 0
                     else:
                                         return int(x)
m=int(input())
n=int(input())
s=[str(x) for x in input().split()]
s.sort(reverse=True)
while True:
                    exchange=0
                    for i in range(len(s)-1):
                                        if s[i+1] in s[i]:
                                                            if s[i+1]+s[i]>s[i]+s[i+1]:
                                                                                s[i+1], s[i]=s[i], s[i+1]
                                                                                 exchange+=1
                    if exchange==0:
                                        break
dp=[['']*(m+1) for _ in range(n+1)]
for i in range(1,n+1):
                    for j in range(1,m+1):
                                        if len(s[i-1])>j:
                                                            dp[i][j]=dp[i-1][j]
                                        else:
                                                            dp[i][j] = str(max(check(dp[i-1][j]), int(dp[i-1][j-len(s[i-1])] + s[i-len(s[i-1])]) + s[i-len(s[i-1])] + 
1])))
print(dp[n][m])
```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

### 状态: Accepted

源代码

```
def check(x):
    if x=='':
        return 0
        return int(x)
m=int(input())
n=int(input())
s=[str(x) for x in input().split()]
s.sort (reverse=True)
while True:
    exchange=0
    for i in range (len (s)-1):
        if s[i+1] in s[i]:
            if s[i+1]+s[i]>s[i]+s[i+1]:
                s[i+1], s[i]=s[i], s[i+1]
                exchange+=1
    if exchange==0:
        break
dp=[['']*(m+1) for _ in range(n+1)]
for i in range (1, n+1):
    for j in range (1, m+1):
        if len(s[i-1])>j:
            dp[i][j]=dp[i-1][j]
            dn[i][i]=str(max(check(dn[i-1][i]).int(dn[i-1][i-1]
```

#### 02811: 熄灯问题

brute force, <a href="http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/02811">http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/02811</a>

思路:好难,没有思路,看题解的

代码:

```
def change(x,y,light):
    d=[(0,1),(1,0),(-1,0),(0,-1)]
    light[x][y]^=1
    ans[x][y]^=1
    for a,b in d:
        nx,ny=x+a,y+b
        if 0<=nx<5 and 0<=ny<6:
            light[nx][ny]^=1

def play():
    for j in range(1,6):
        for i in range(5):
            if light[i][j-1]==1:</pre>
```

```
change(i,j,light)

light=[]
for _ in range(5):
    light.append([int(x) for x in input().split()])
ans=[[0]*6 for _ in range(5)]

play()
for i in range(5):
    if light[i][5]==1:
        change(i,0,light)

play()

for i in ans:
    print(*i)
```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

### 状态: Accepted

源代码

```
def change(x,y,light):
    d = [(0,1), (1,0), (-1,0), (0,-1)]
    light[x][y]^=1
    ans [x][y]^=1
    for a,b in d:
        nx, ny=x+a, y+b
        if 0<=nx<5 and 0<=ny<6:
            light[nx][ny]^=1
def play():
    for j in range (1,6):
        for i in range(5):
            if light[i][j-1]==1:
                 change(i,j,light)
light=[]
for _ in range(5):
    light.append([int(x) for x in input().split()])
ans=[[0]*6 for in range(5)]
play()
for i in range(5):
    if light[i][5]==1:
        change(i,0,light)
play()
for i in ans:
    print(*i)
```

#### 08210: 河中跳房子

binary search, greedy, <a href="http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/08210/">http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/08210/</a>

思路: 丸辣二分查找太久不用全忘辣, 自己写的奇奇怪怪的程序还一直超时

代码:

```
1,n,m=[int(x) for x in input().split()]
stone=[0]
for _ in range(n):
    stone.append(int(input()))
stone.append(1)
def check(x):
    num=0
    now=0
    for i in range(1,n+2):
        if stone[i]-now<x:</pre>
            num+=1
        else:
            now=stone[i]
    if num>m:
        return True
    else:
        return False
10, hi=0, 1+1
ans=0
while lo<hi:
    mid=(1o+hi)//2
    if check(mid):
        hi=mid
    else:
        lo=mid+1
        ans=mid
print(ans)
```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

## 状态: Accepted

源代码

```
1, n, m = [int(x) for x in input().split()]
stone=[0]
for _in range(n):
    stone.append(int(input()))
stone.append(1)
def check(x):
    num=0
    now=0
    for i in range (1, n+2):
        if stone[i]-now<x:</pre>
             num+=1
        else:
             now=stone[i]
    if num>m:
        return True
    else:
        return False
lo, hi=0, 1+1
ans=0
while lo<hi:
    mid=(lo+hi)//2
    if check(mid):
        hi=mid
    else:
        lo=mid+1
```

### 2. 学习总结和收获

如果作业题目简单,有否额外练习题目,比如:OJ"计概2024fall每日选做"、CF、LeetCode、洛谷等网站 题目。

正在写往年机考题,还是对机考没有信心怎么办