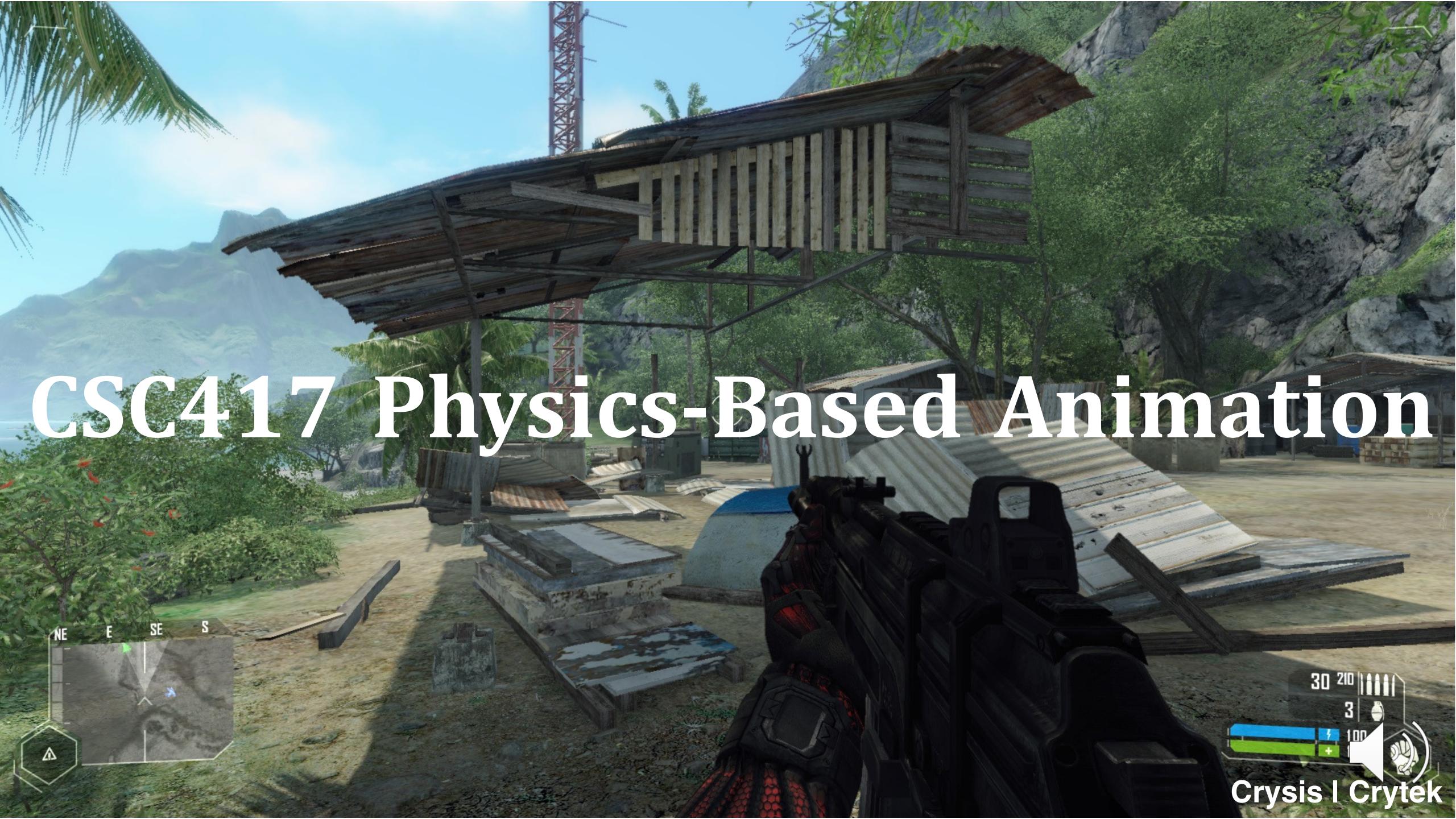


# CSC417 Physics-Based Animation



30 210  
3 100  
Crysis | Crytek

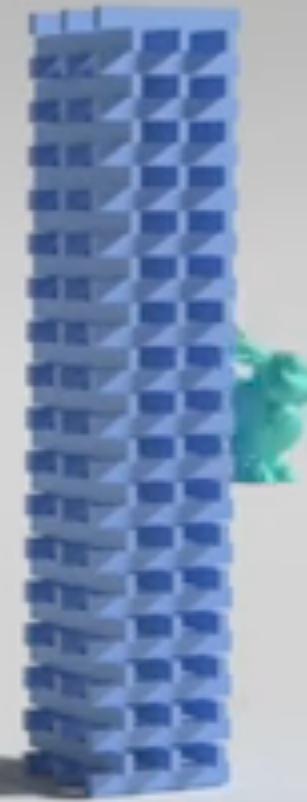
# Last Video: Jointed Rigid Body Systems



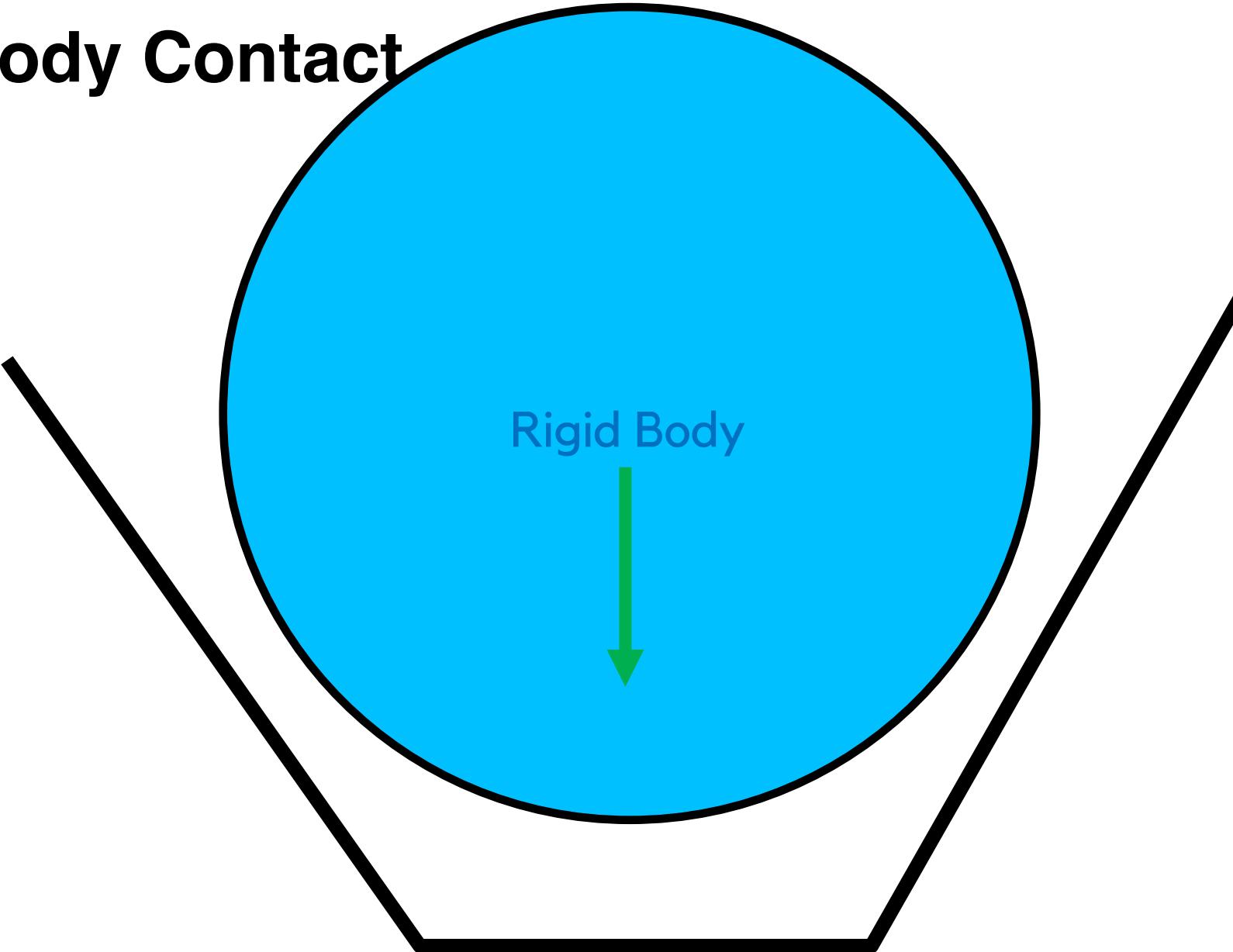
KLANN



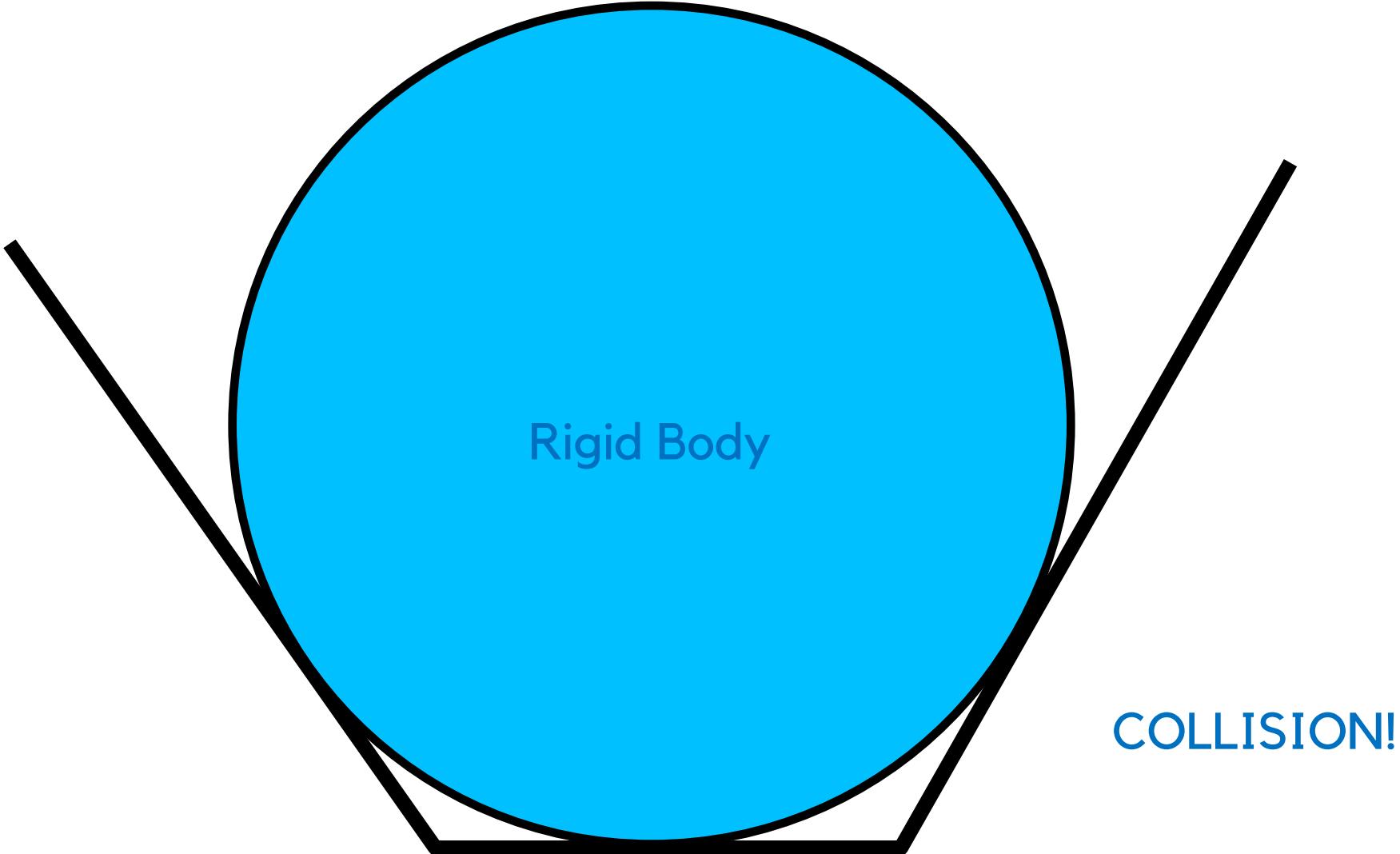
# This Video: Rigid Body Simulation with Contact



# Rigid Body Contact



# Rigid Body Contact



# Collisions in Simulation

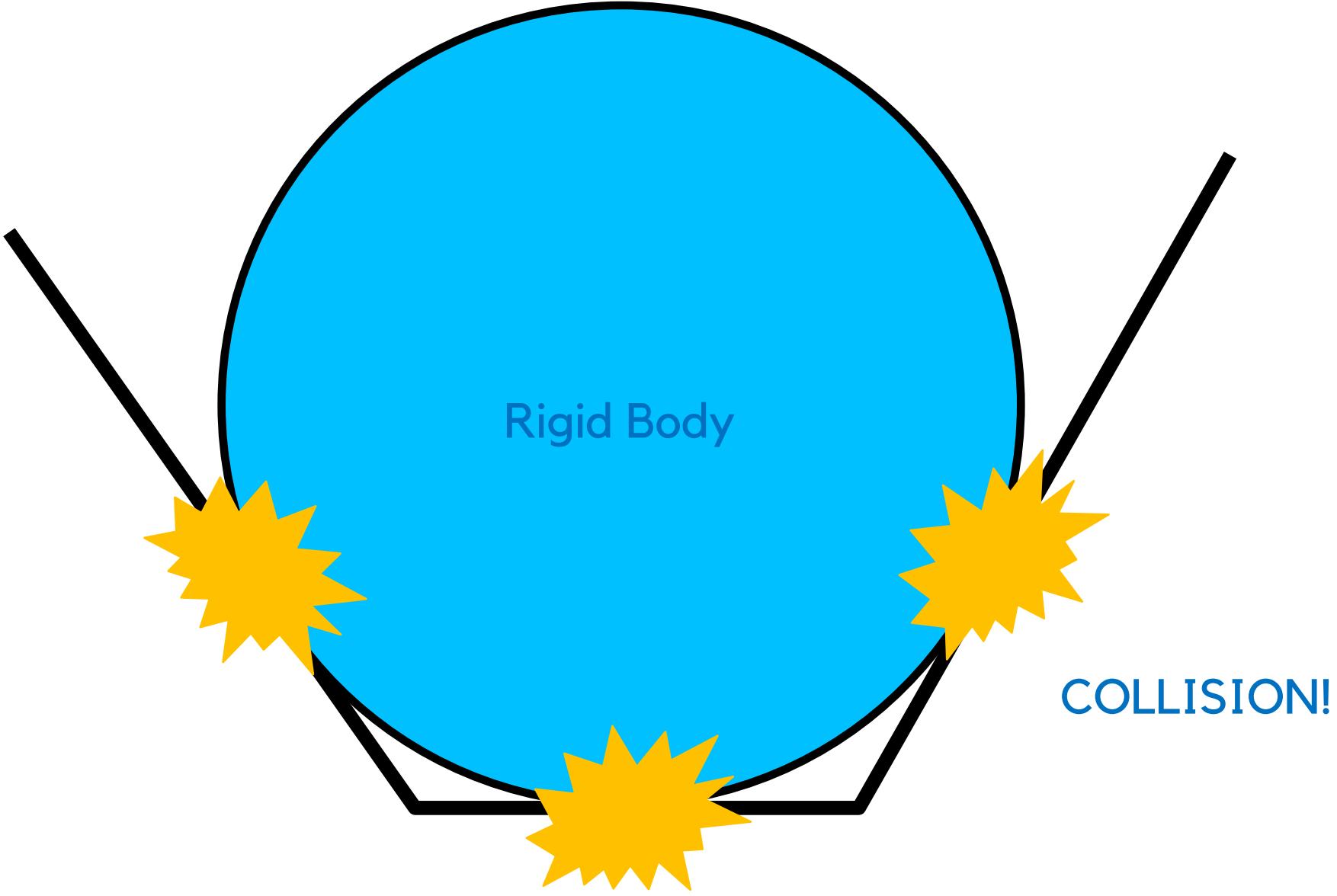
Two phases detection and response

**Detection:** Did I hit anything ?

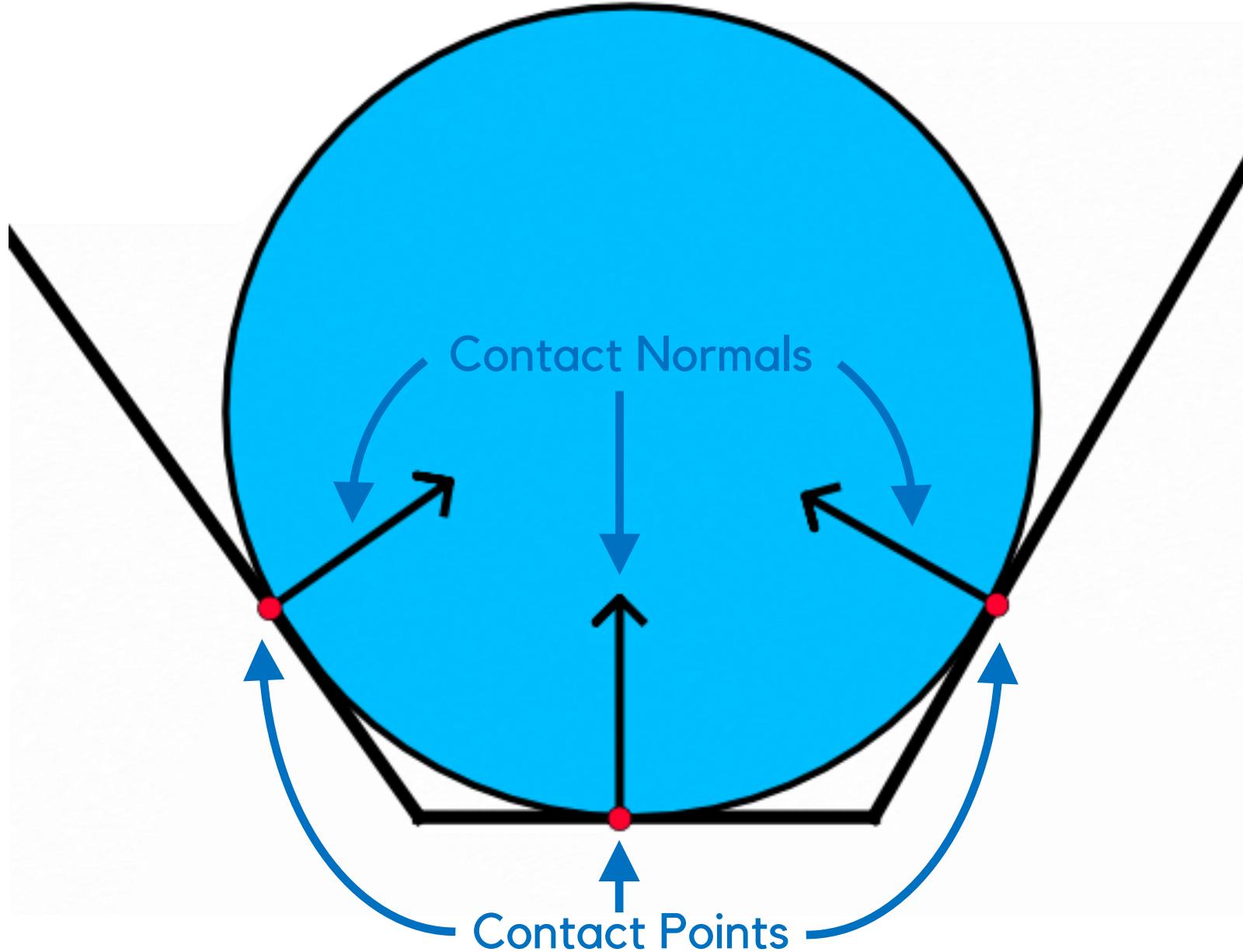
**Response:** I hit something ! What do I do ?

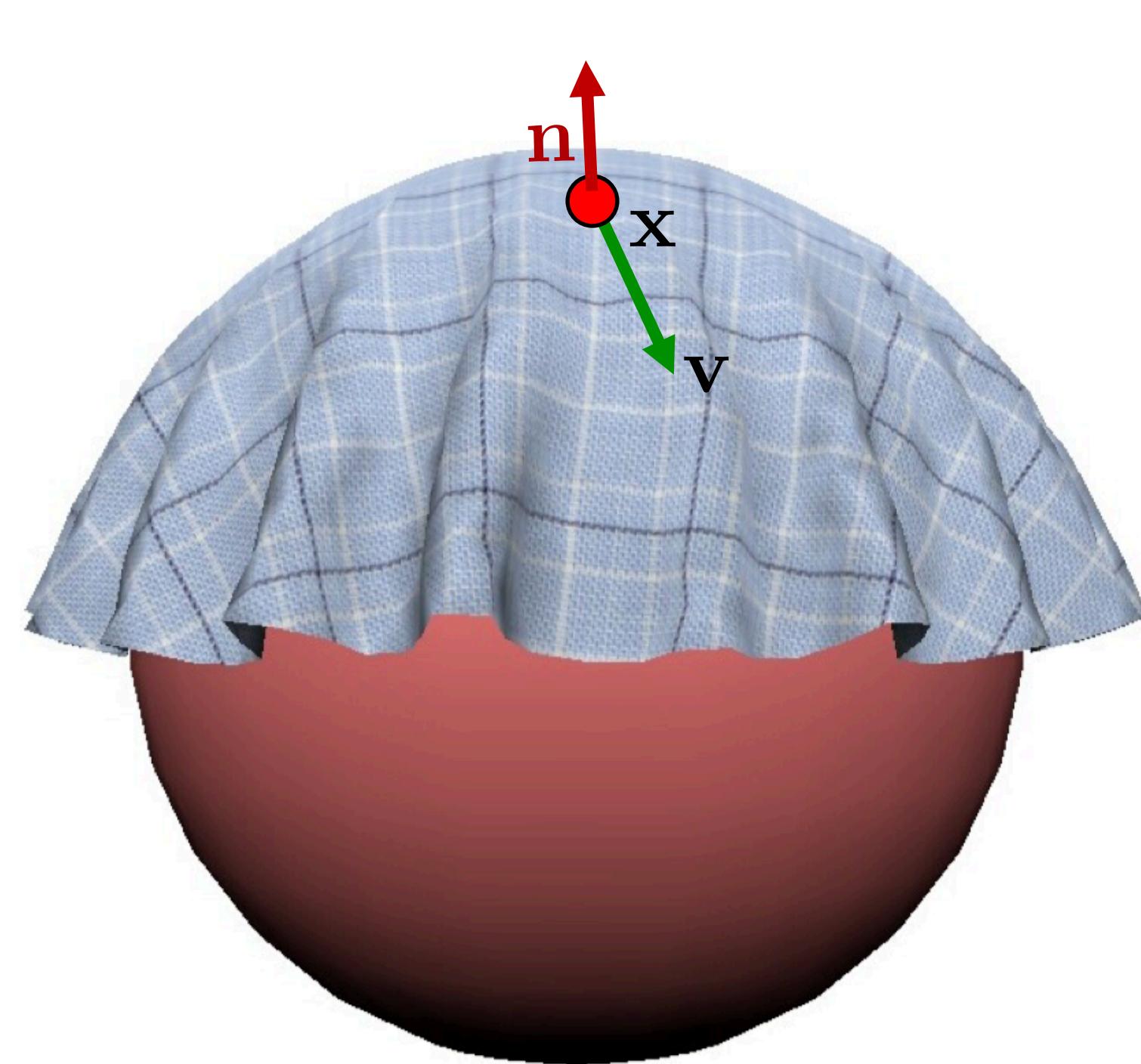


# Rigid Body Contact



# Rigid Body Contact





Check if  $\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{c}\|_2^2 \leq r^2$

T  
center      T  
radius

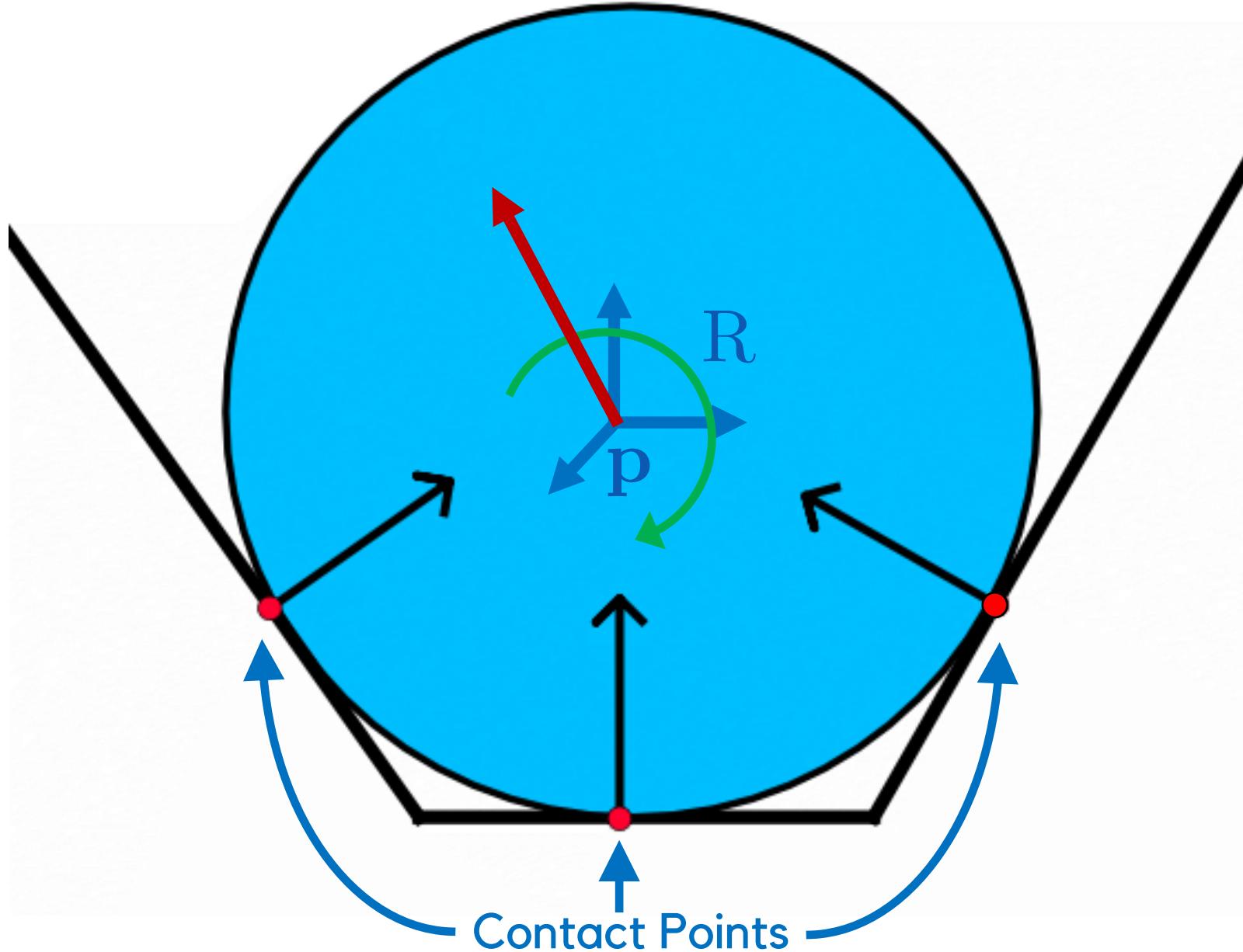
If colliding ...

$$\alpha = -\min(0, \mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{v})$$

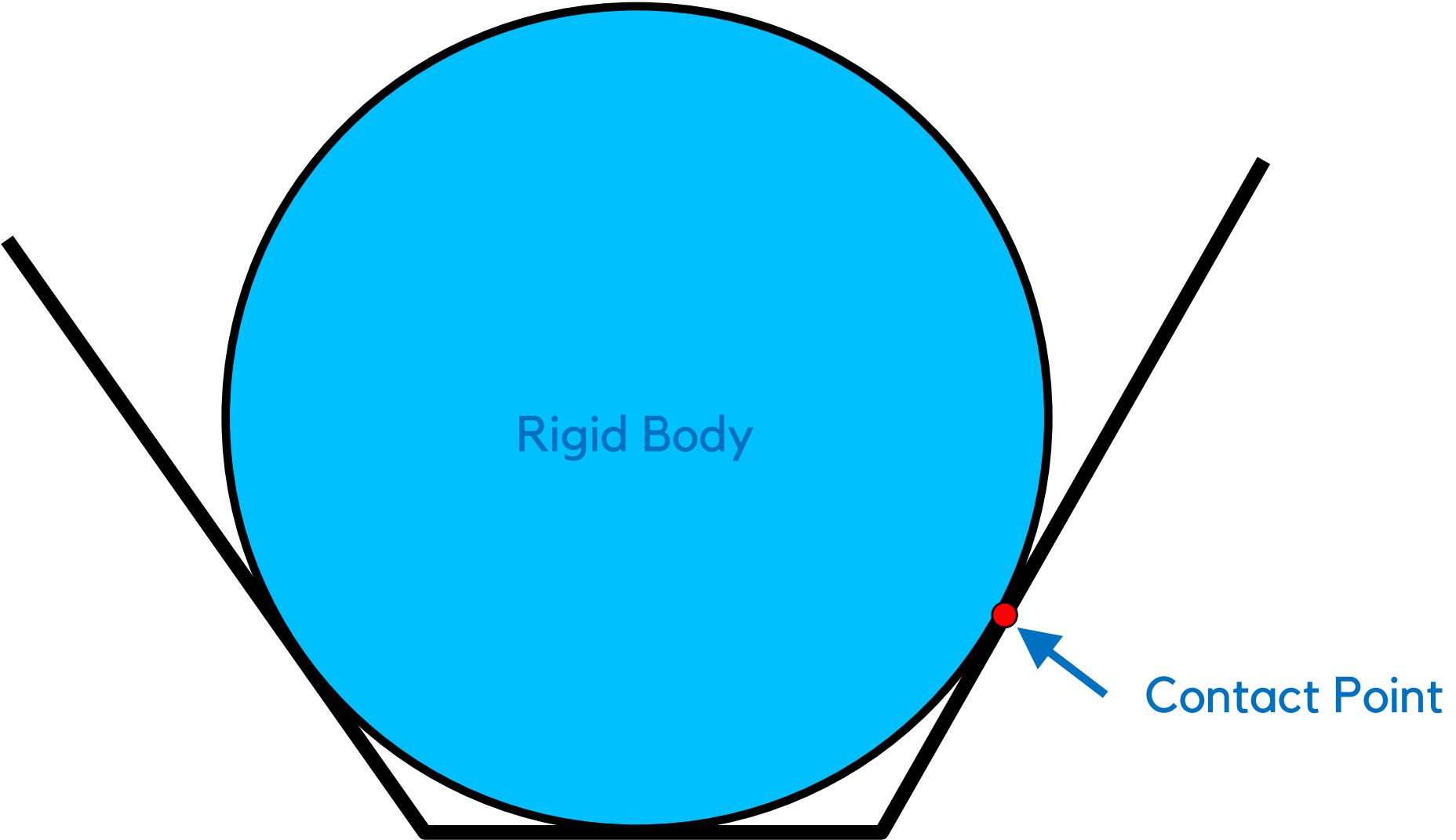
$$\mathbf{v}_{\text{filtered}} = \mathbf{v} + \alpha \mathbf{n}$$



# Rigid Body Contact



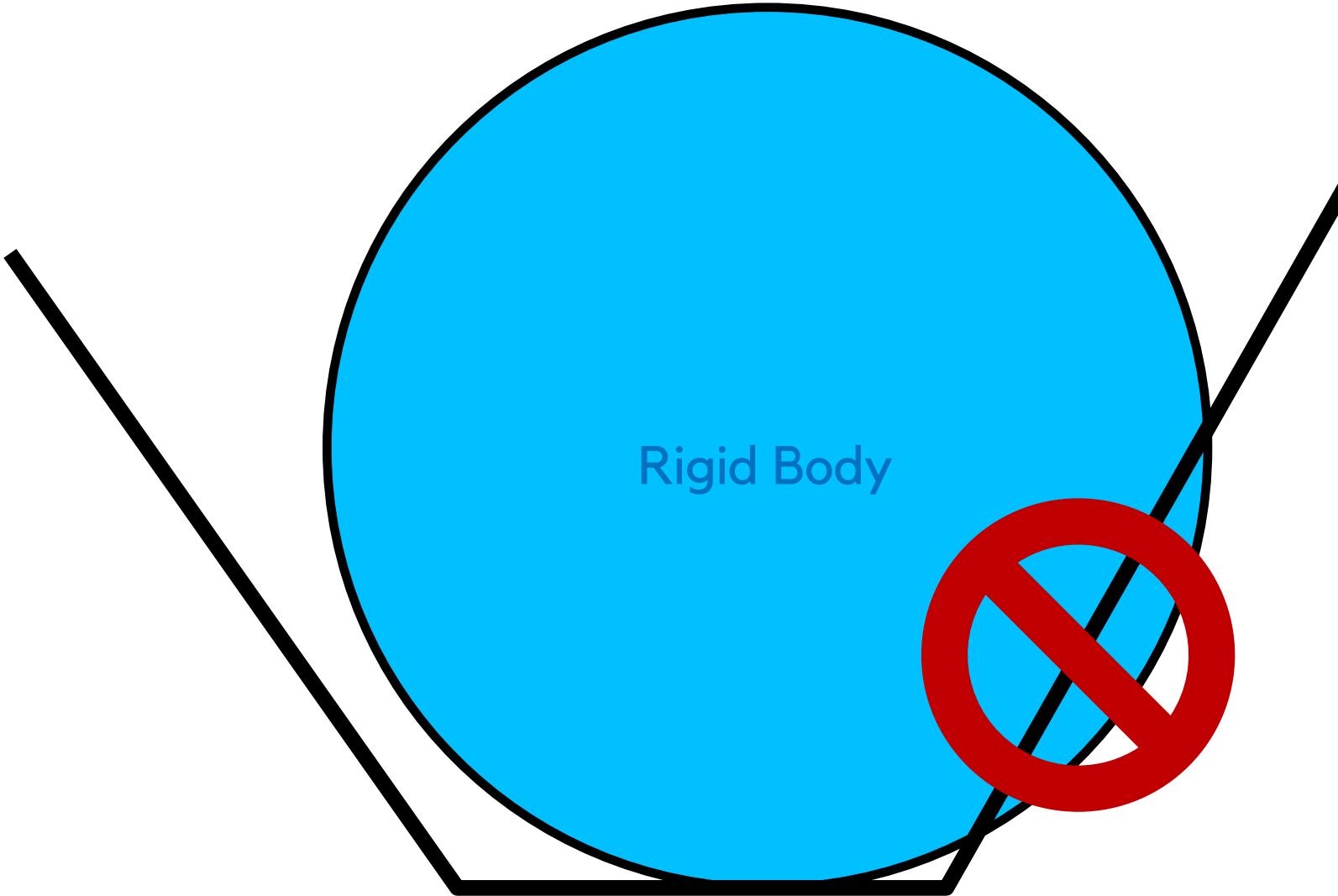
# Three Rules of Contact Mechanics



No interpenetration at contact point



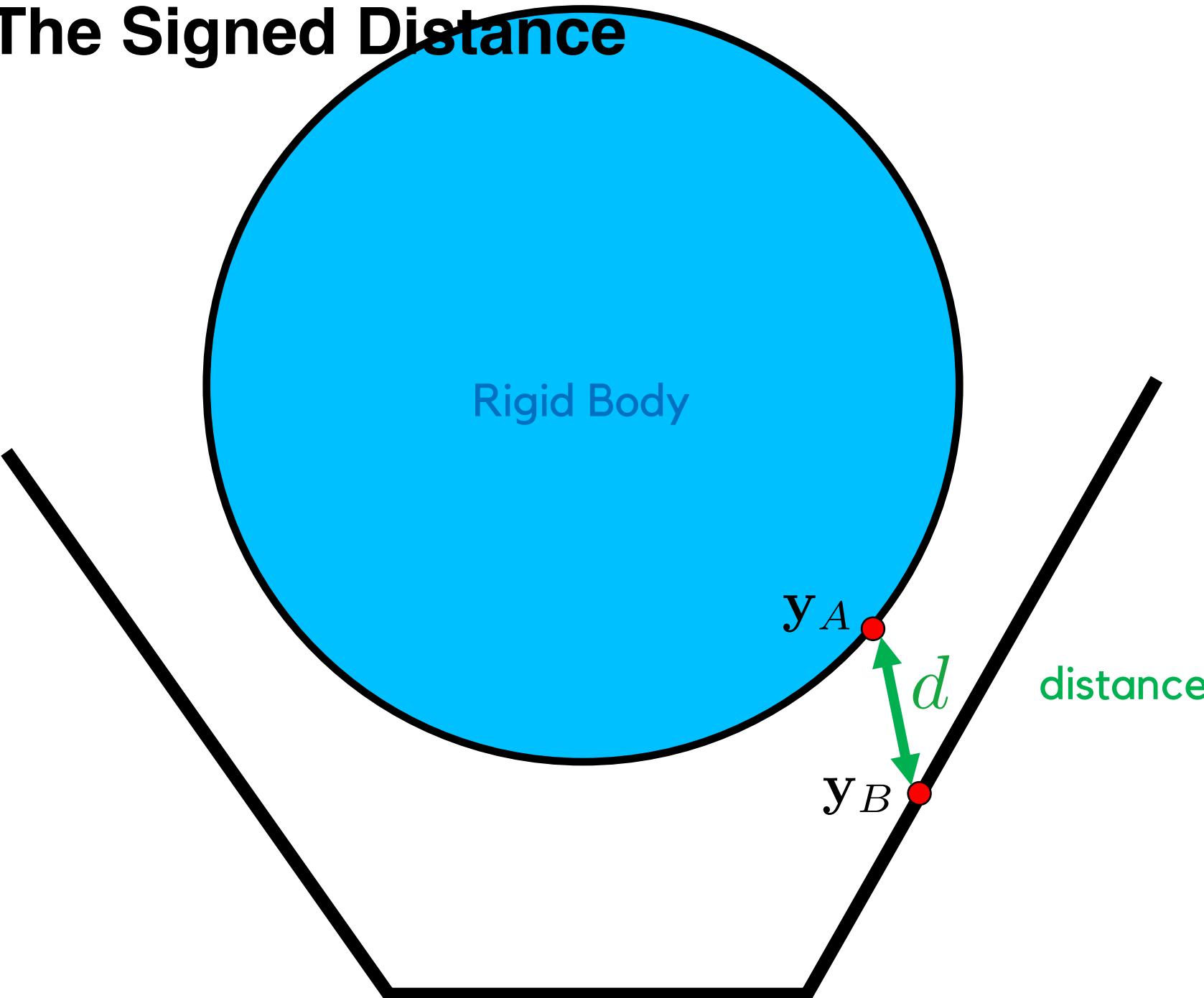
# Three Rules of Contact Mechanics



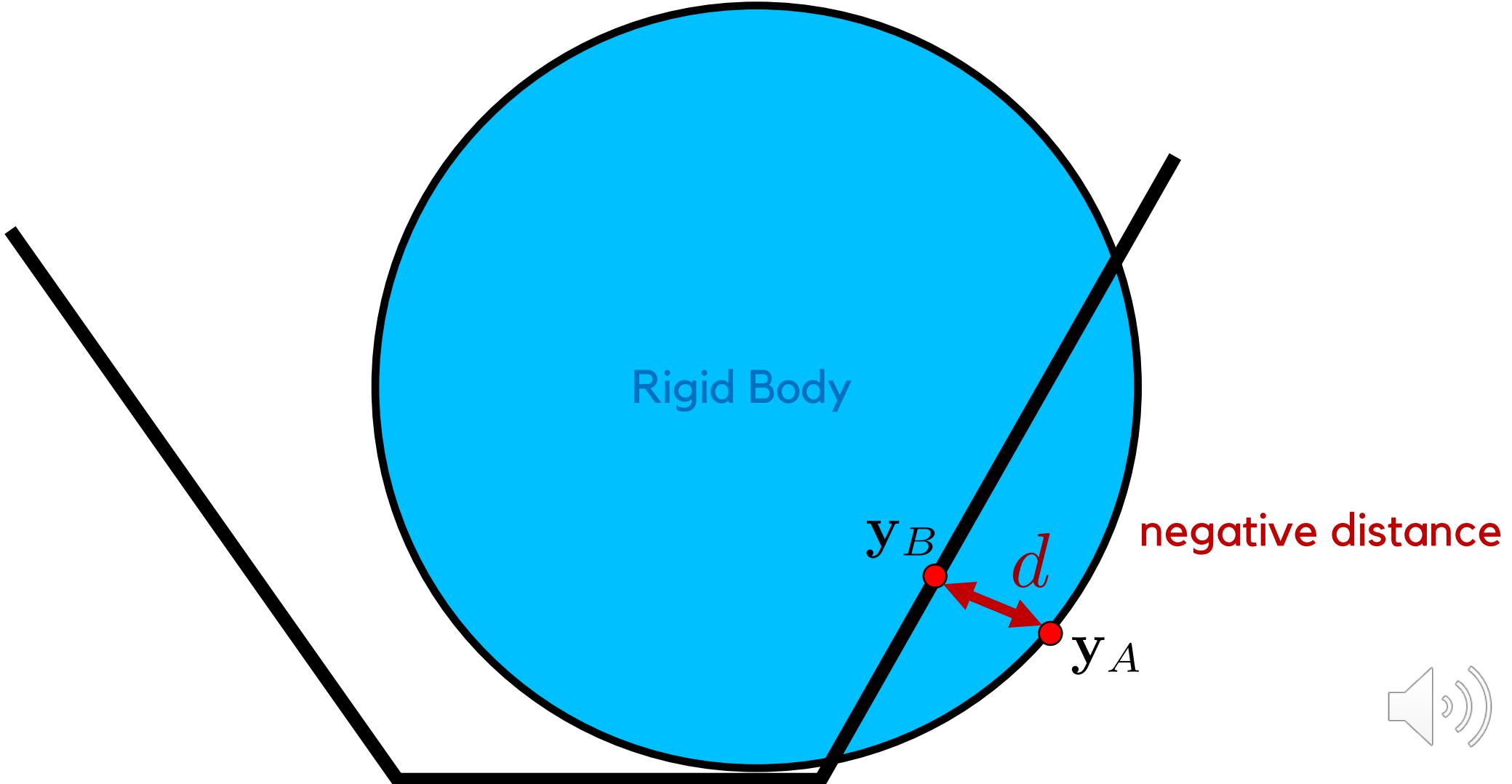
No interpenetration at contact point



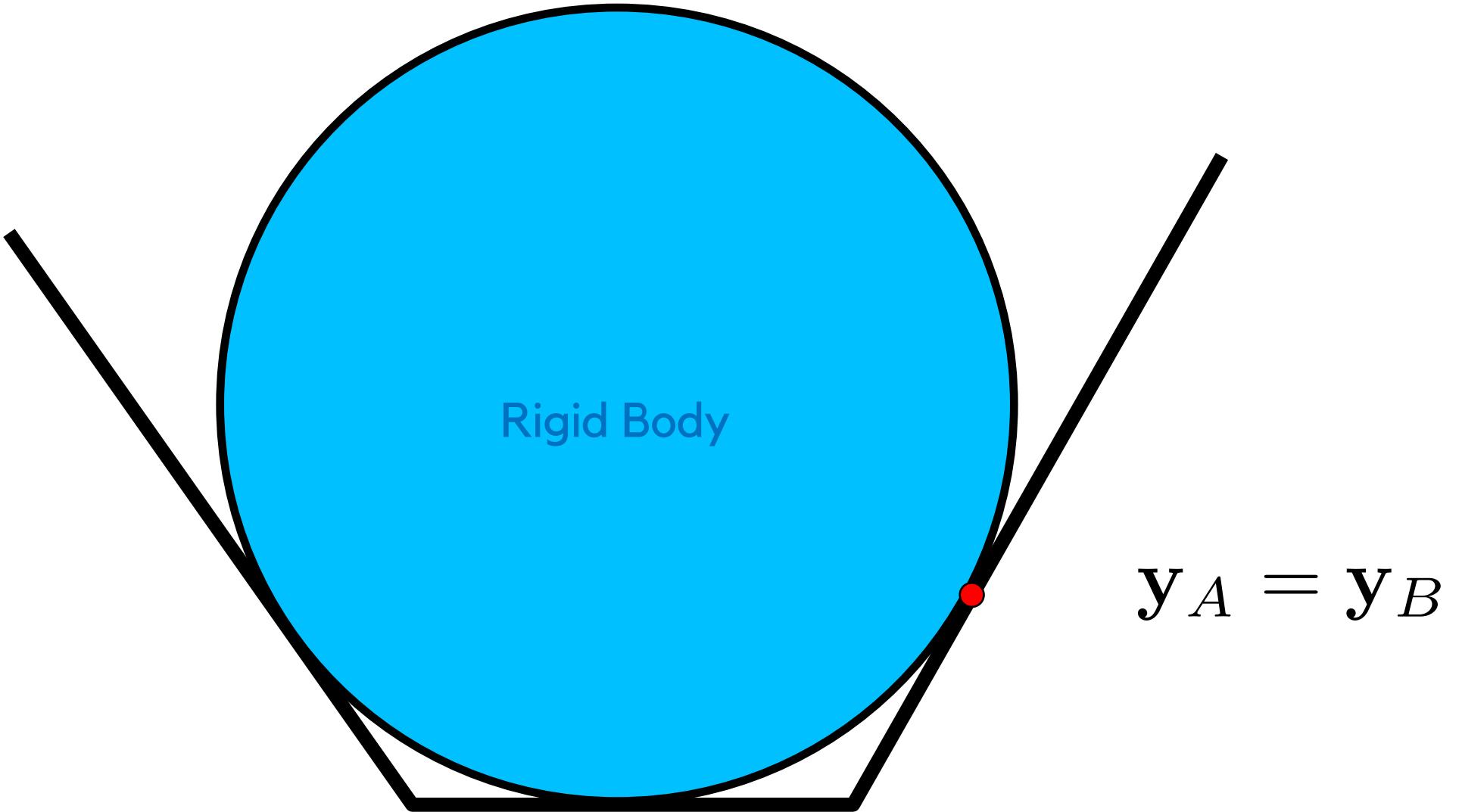
# Aside: The Signed Distance



# Aside: The Signed Distance



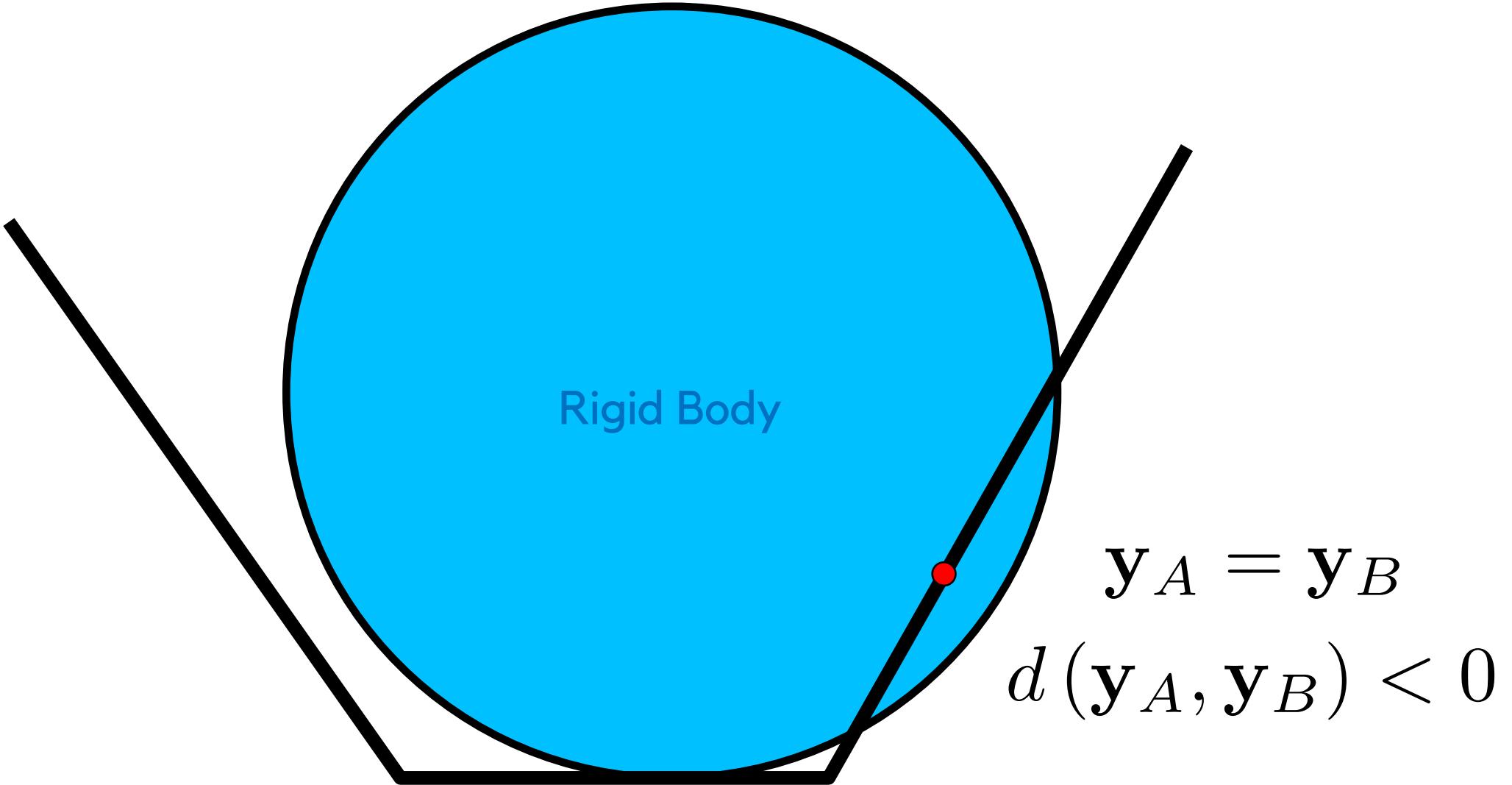
# Three Rules of Contact Mechanics



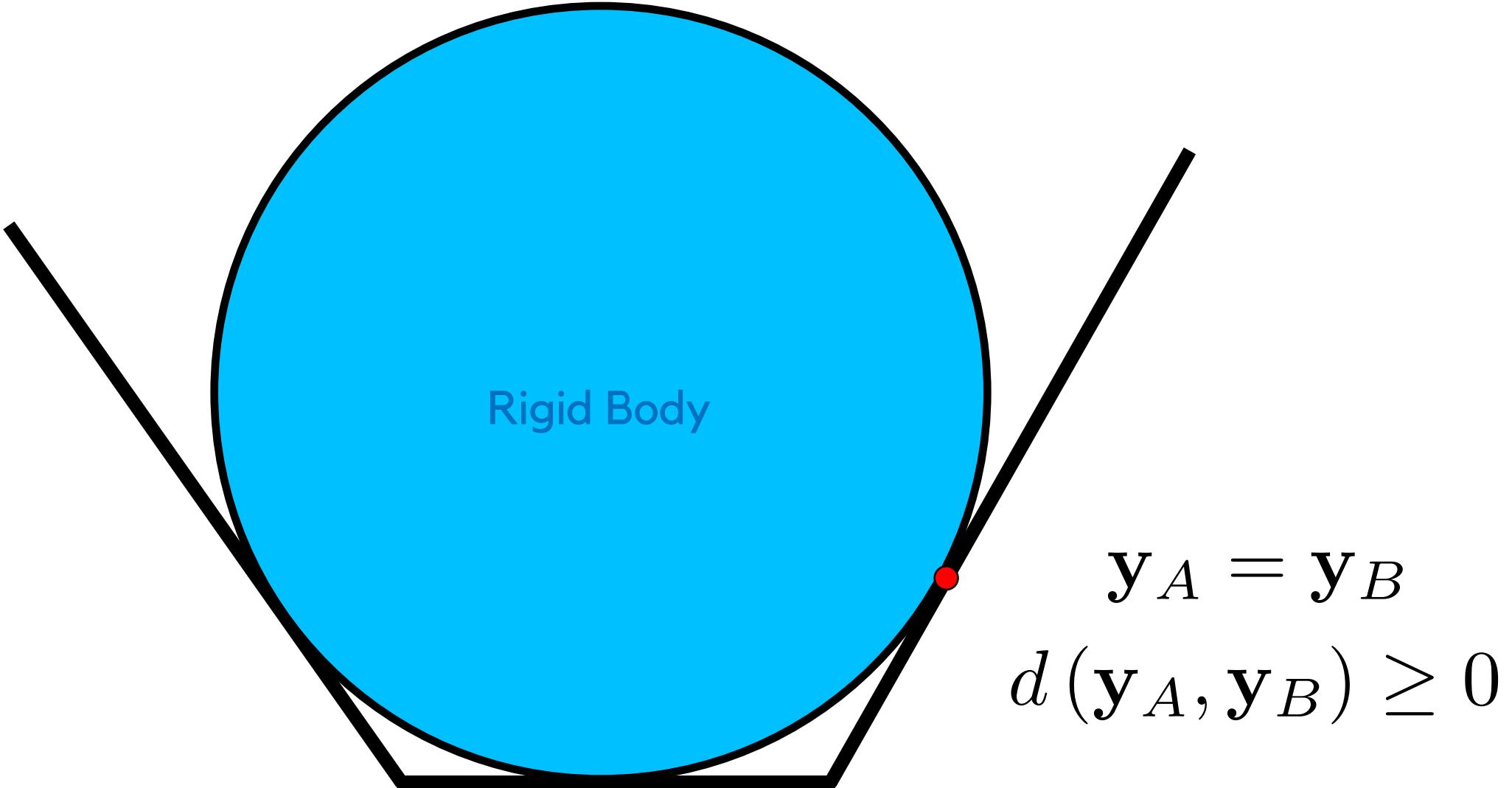
No interpenetration at contact point



# Three Rules of Contact Mechanics



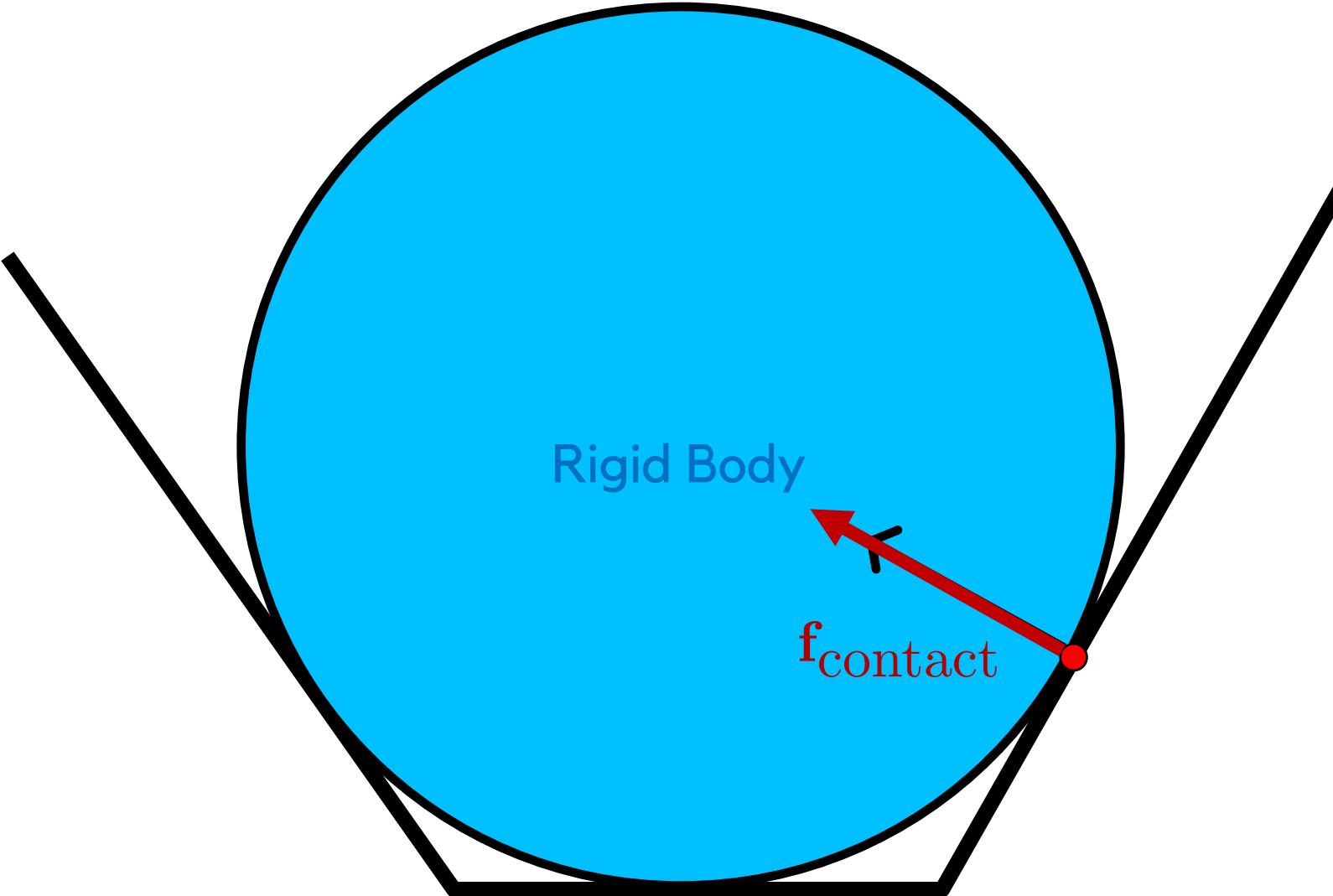
# Three Rules of Contact Mechanics



No interpenetration at contact point



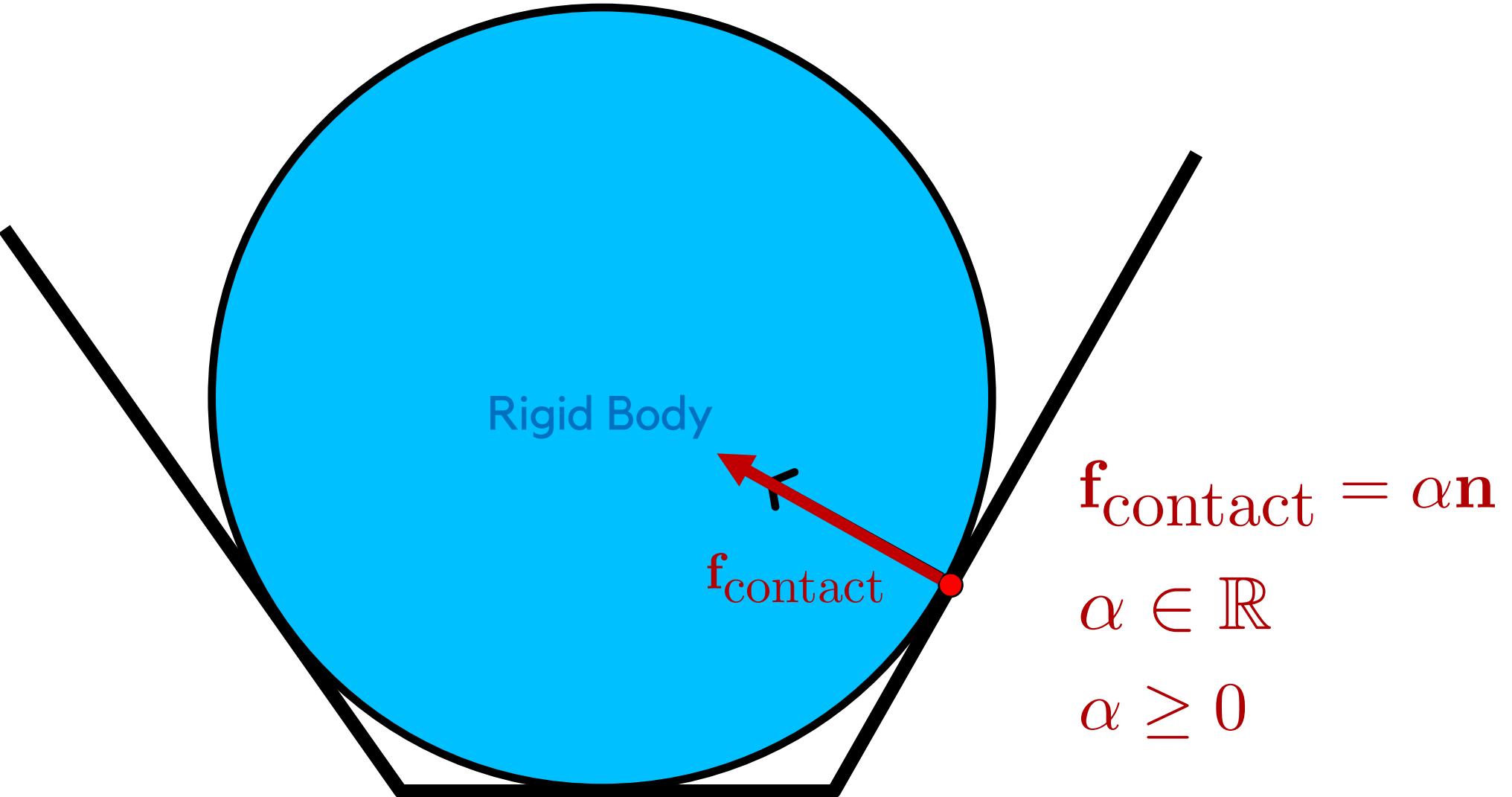
# Three Rules of Contact Mechanics



Contact forces "push" objects apart



# Three Rules of Contact Mechanics



$$f_{\text{contact}} = \alpha n$$

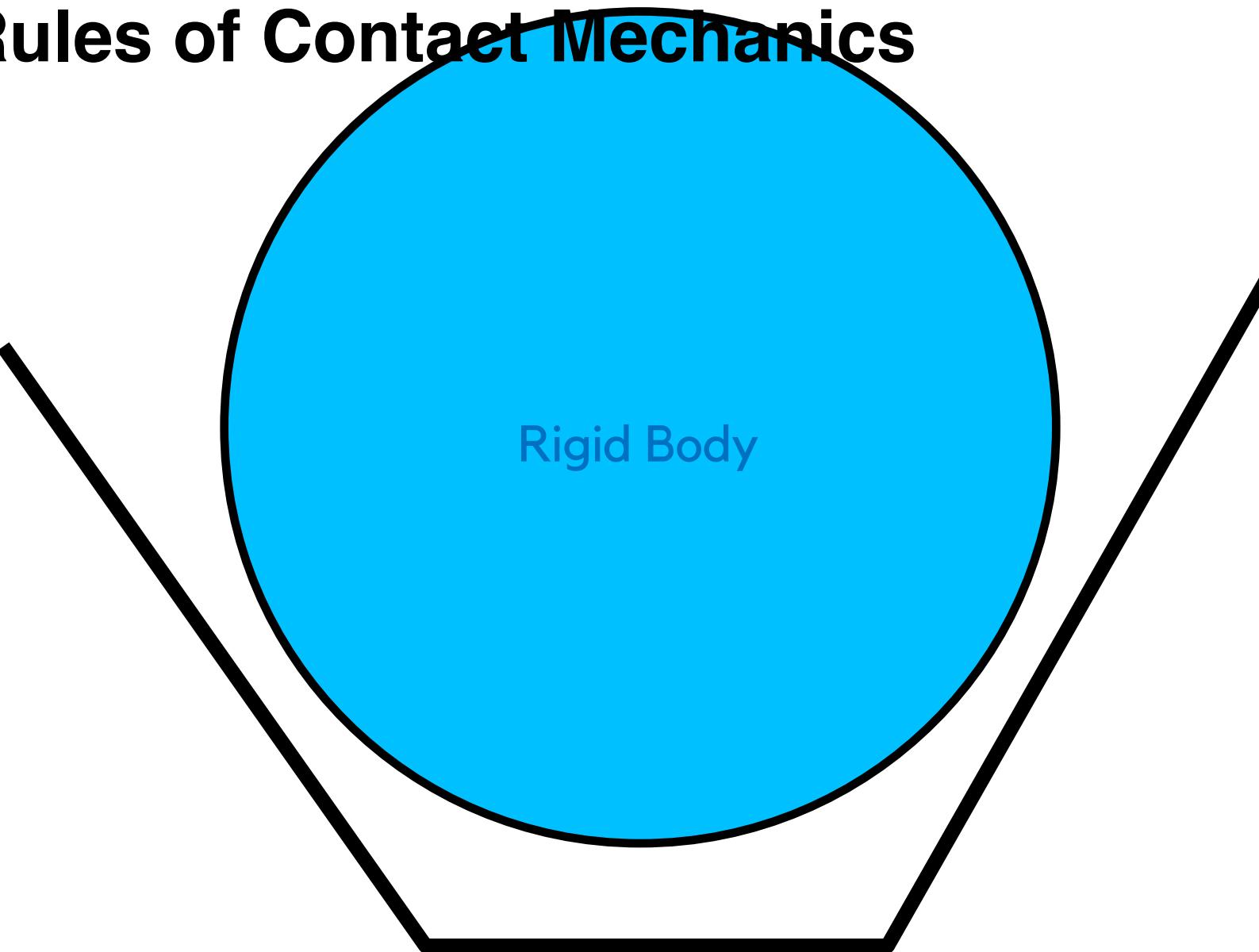
$$\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\alpha \geq 0$$

Contact forces "push" objects apart



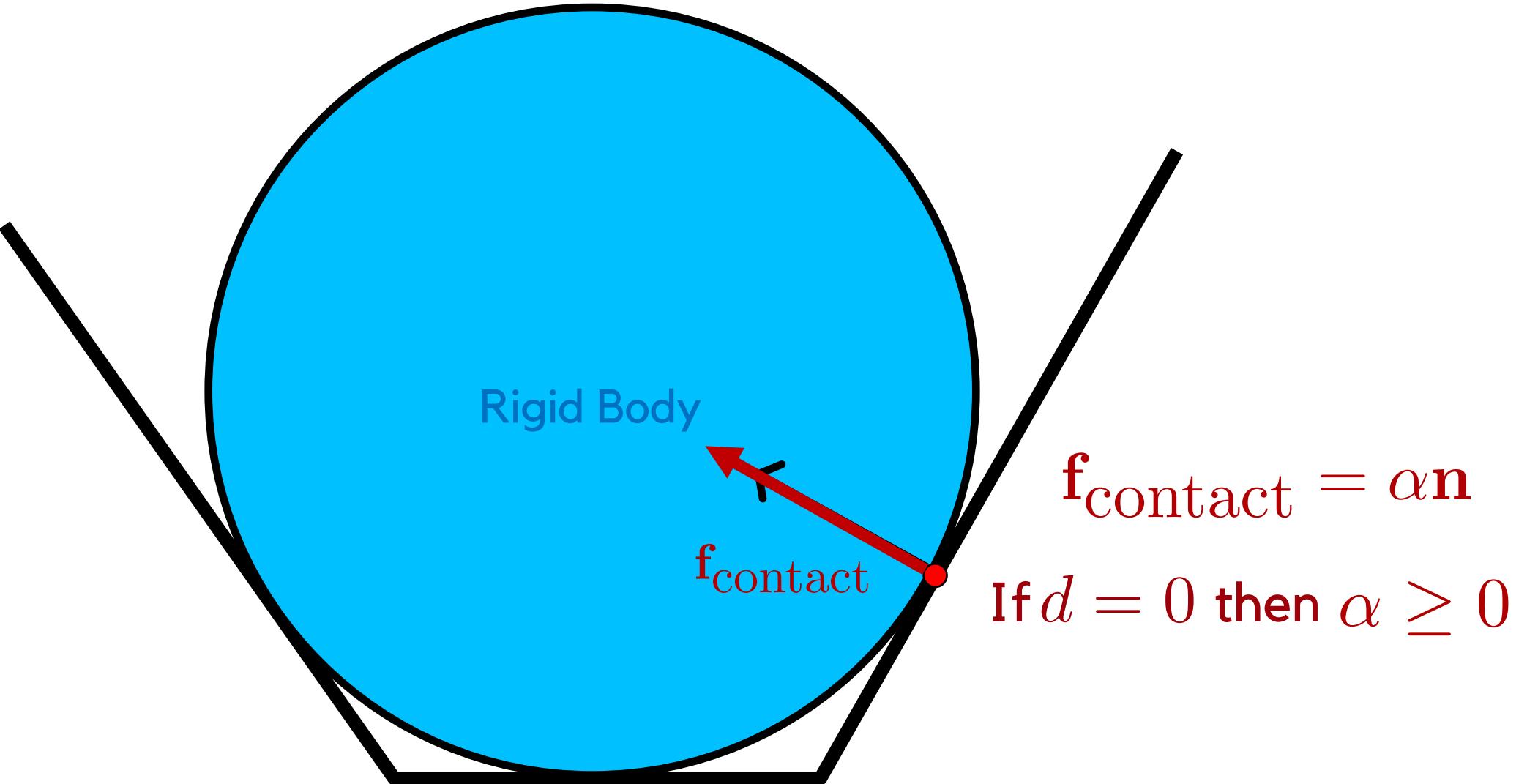
# Three Rules of Contact Mechanics



Contact forces can only be applied when objects are in contact



# Three Rules of Contact Mechanics



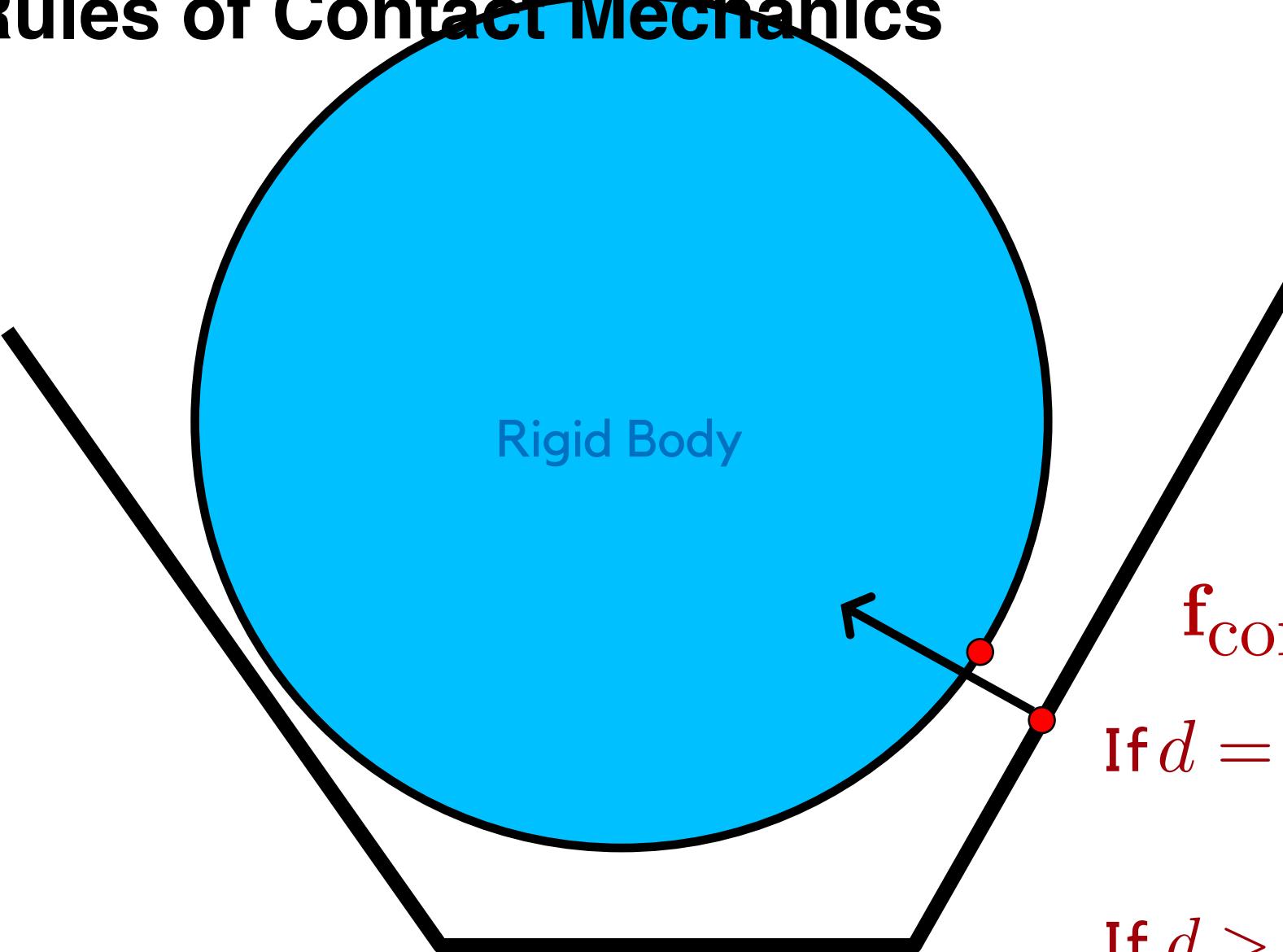
$$f_{\text{contact}} = \alpha n$$

$$\text{If } d = 0 \text{ then } \underline{\alpha \geq 0}$$

Contact forces can only be applied when objects are in contact



# Three Rules of Contact Mechanics



$$\mathbf{f}_{\text{contact}} = \alpha \mathbf{n}$$

If  $d = 0$  then  $\alpha \geq 0$

OR

If  $d > 0$  then  $\alpha = 0$

Contact forces can only be applied when objects are in contact



# Signorini Conditions

$$\mathbf{f}_{\text{contact}} = \alpha \mathbf{n} \quad \alpha \geq 0 \quad \alpha \in \mathbb{R}$$

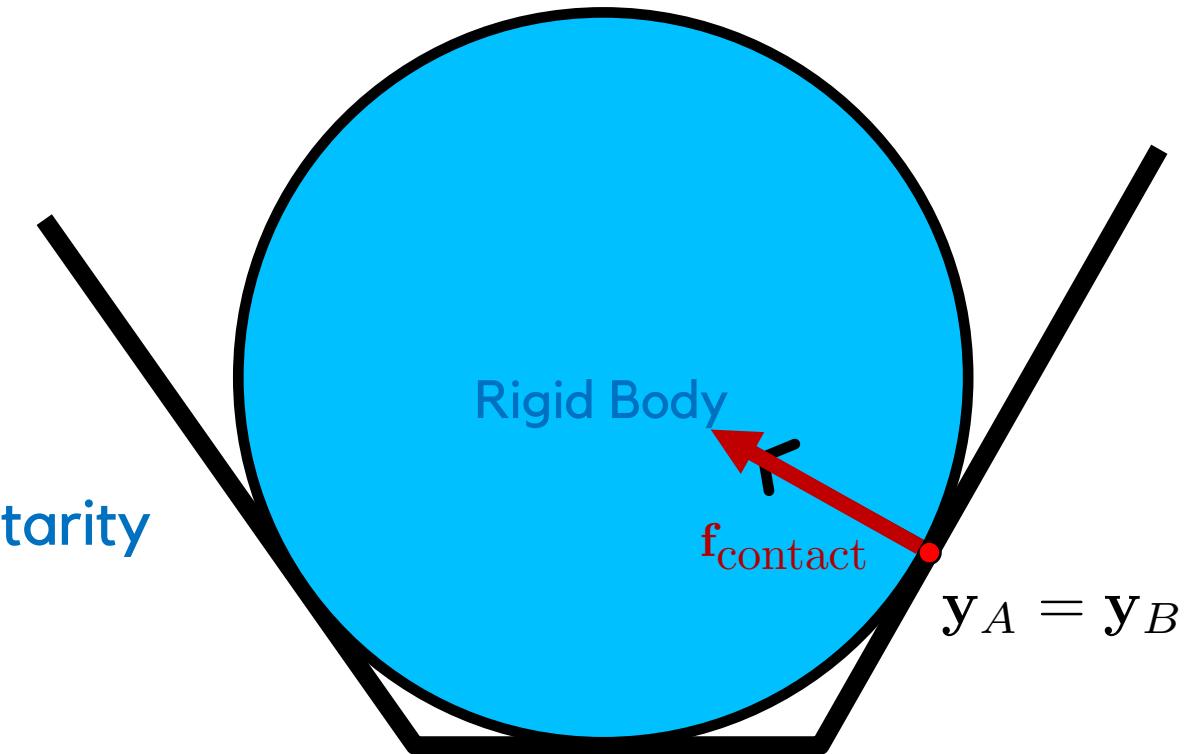
$$d(\mathbf{y}_A, \mathbf{y}_B) \geq 0$$

If  $d = 0$  then  $\alpha > 0$

OR

If  $d > 0$  then  $\alpha = 0$

Complementarity



# Signorini Conditions

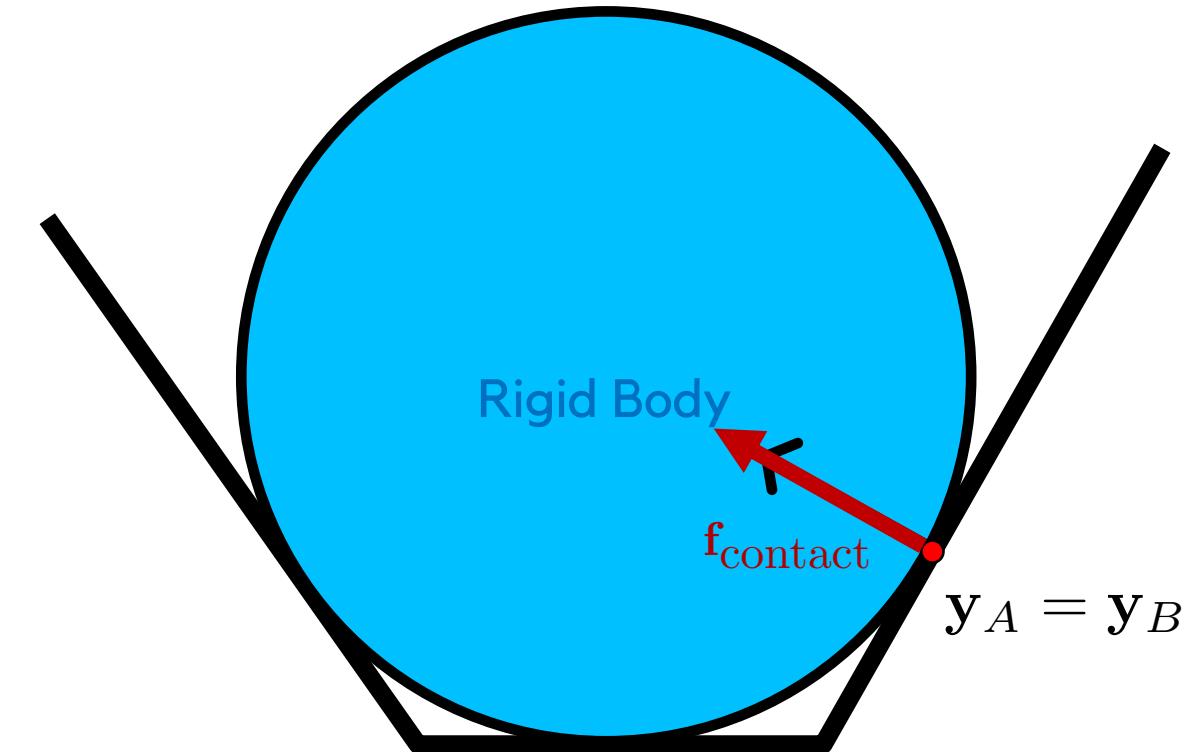
$$\mathbf{f}_{\text{contact}} = \alpha \mathbf{n} \quad \alpha \geq 0 \quad \alpha \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$d(\mathbf{y}_A, \mathbf{y}_B) \geq 0$$

$$d(\mathbf{y}_A, \mathbf{y}_B) \perp \alpha$$

$\top$

Complementarity

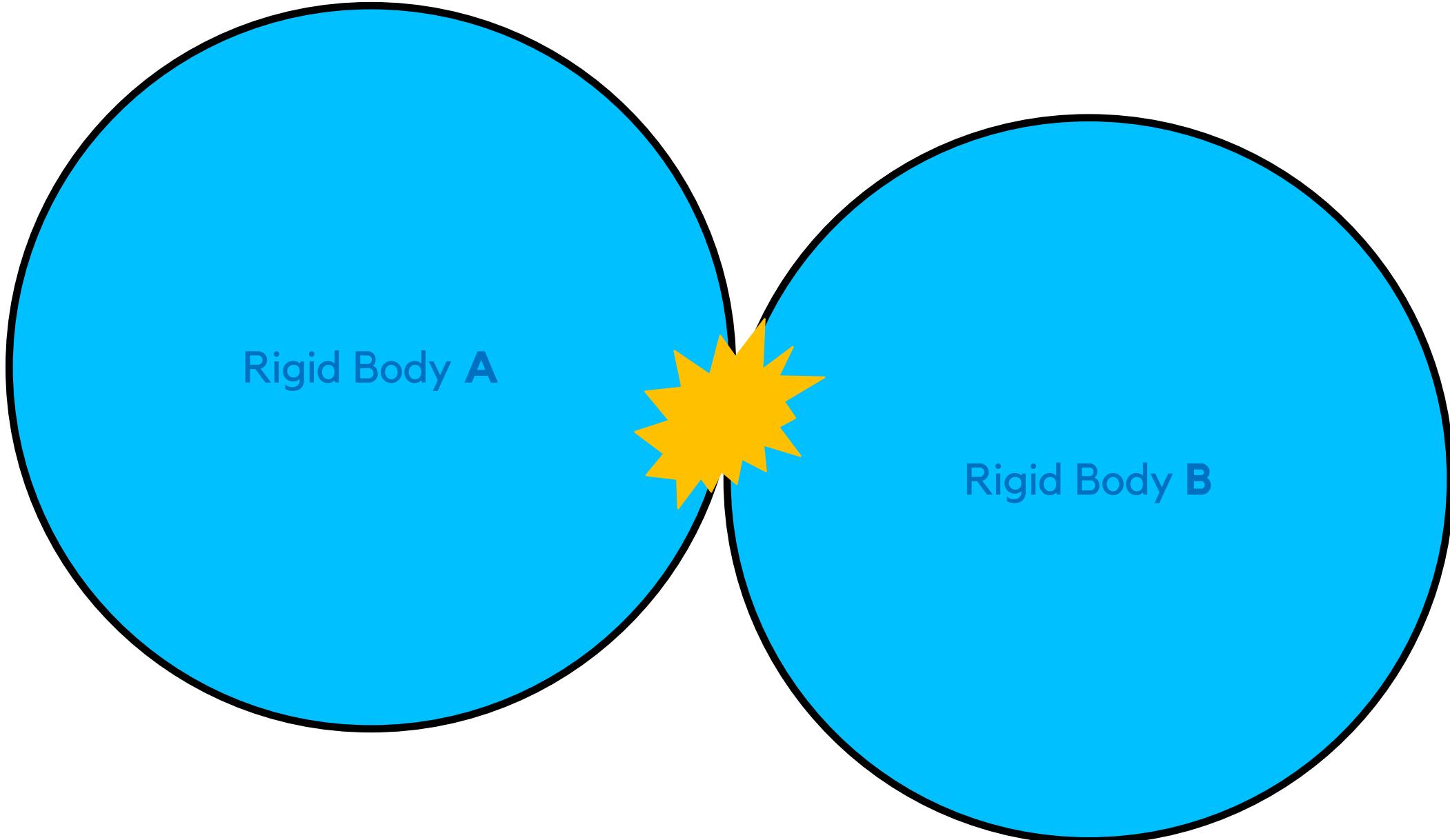


# Newton-Euler Equations

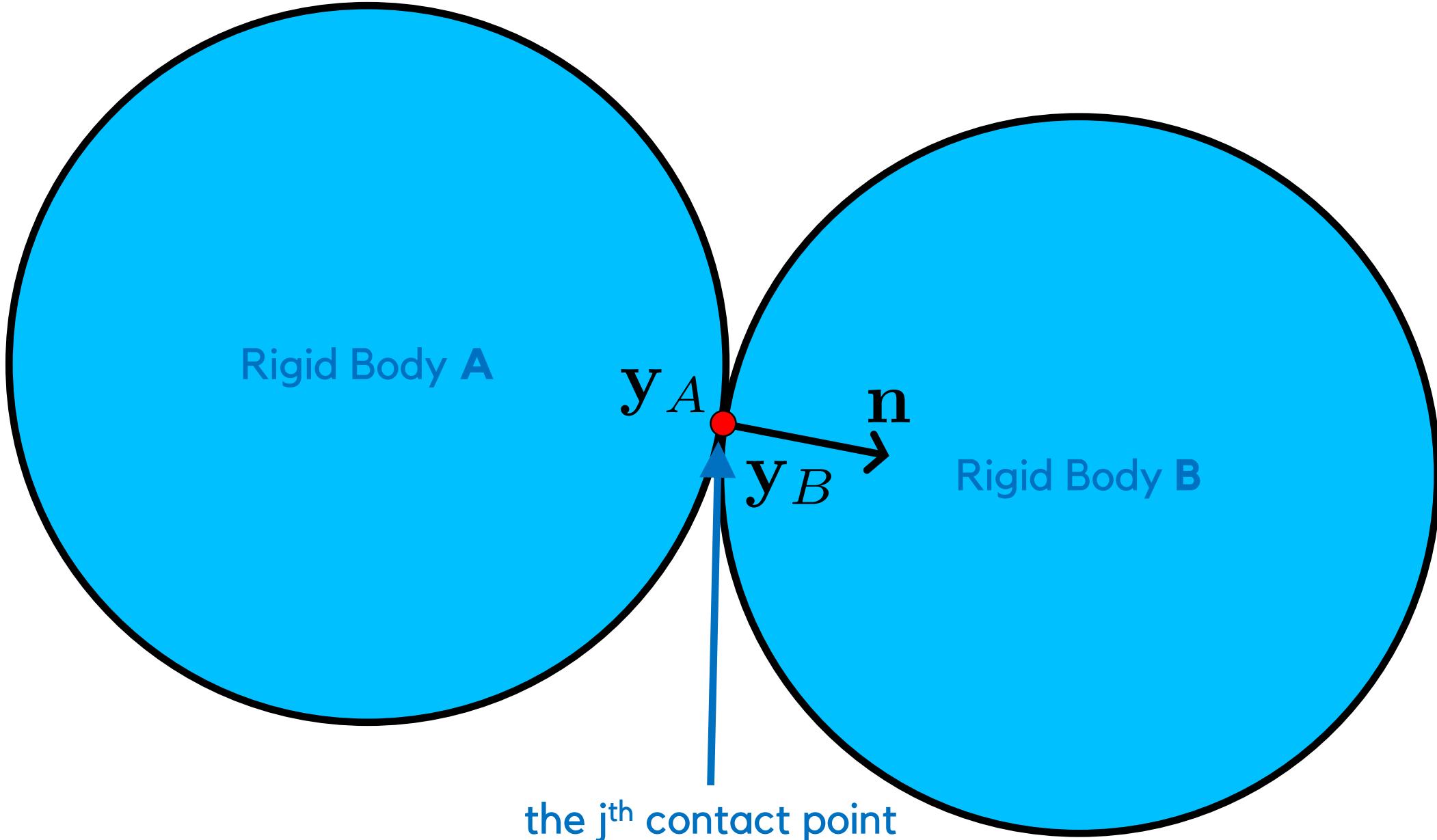
# Conservation of Linear Momentum



# Two-Body Contact Example

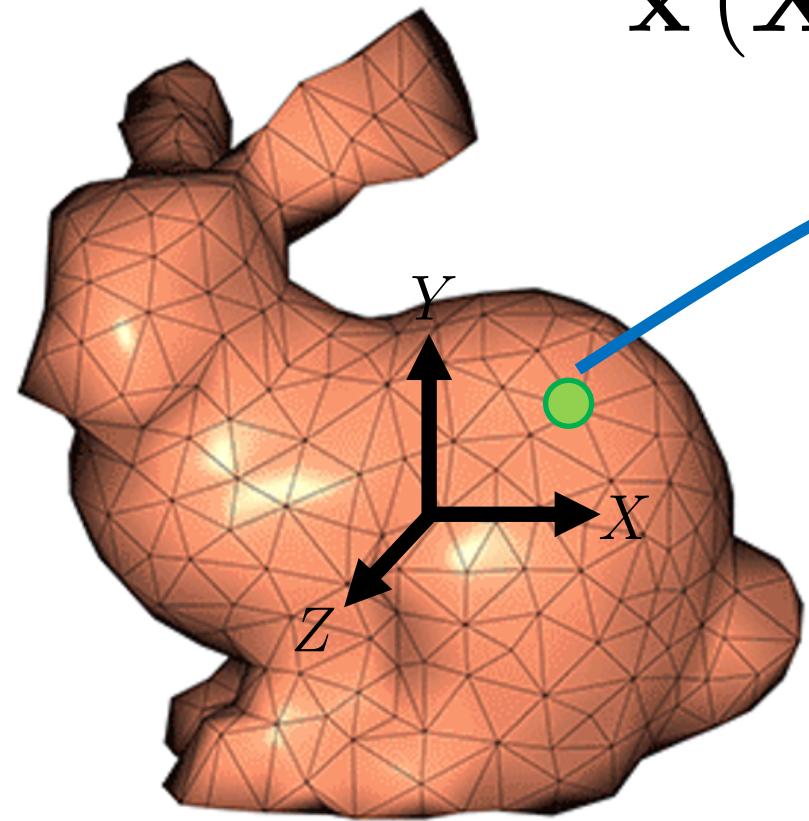


# Two-Body Contact Example

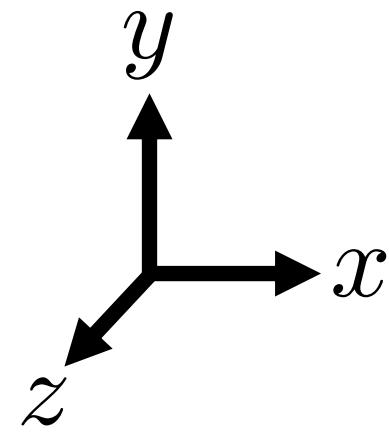


# The Rigid Body Mapping

$$\mathbf{x} (\bar{\mathbf{X}}, t) = \mathbf{R} (t) \bar{\mathbf{X}} + \mathbf{p} (t)$$



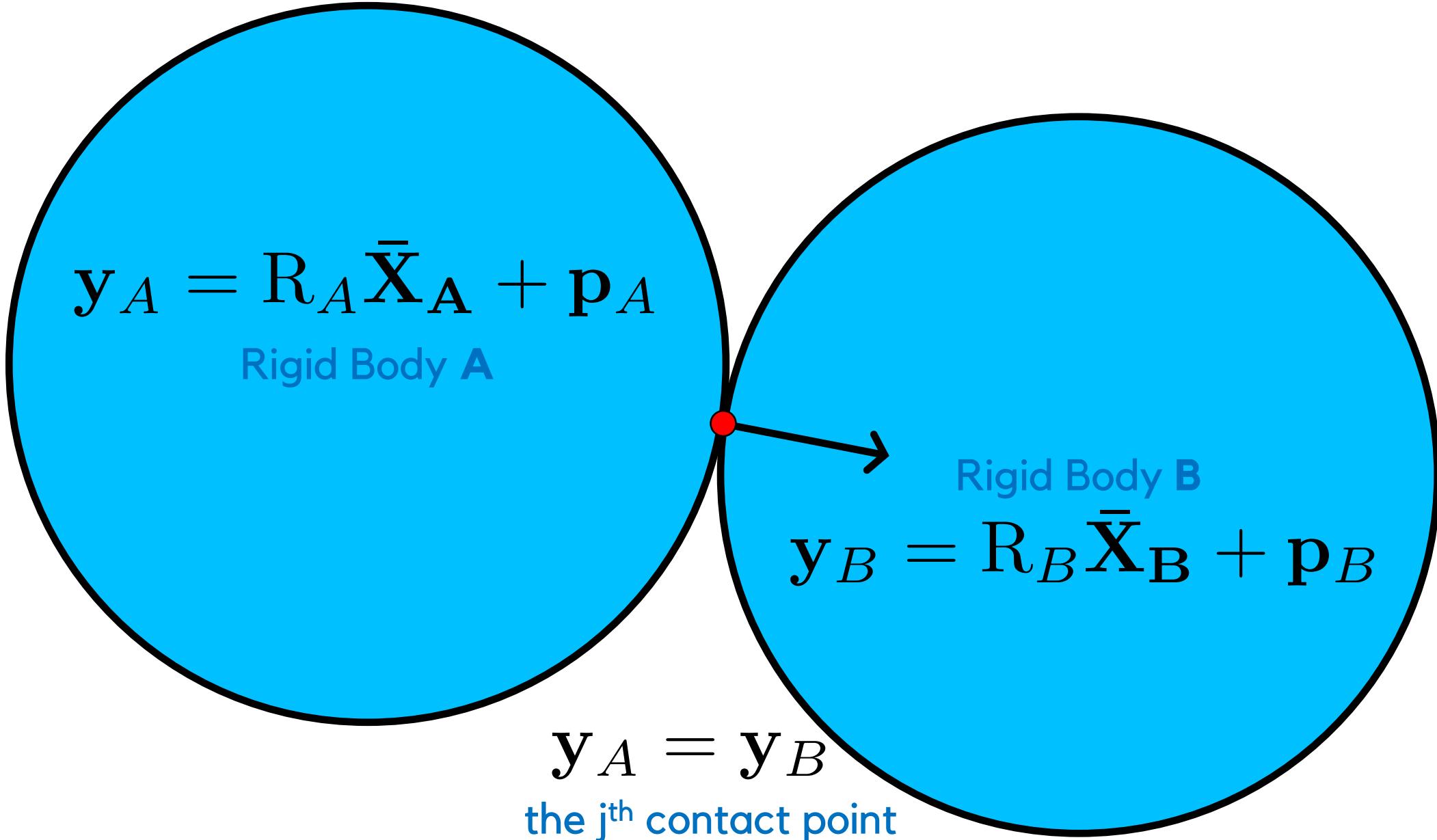
Reference (Undeformed) Space



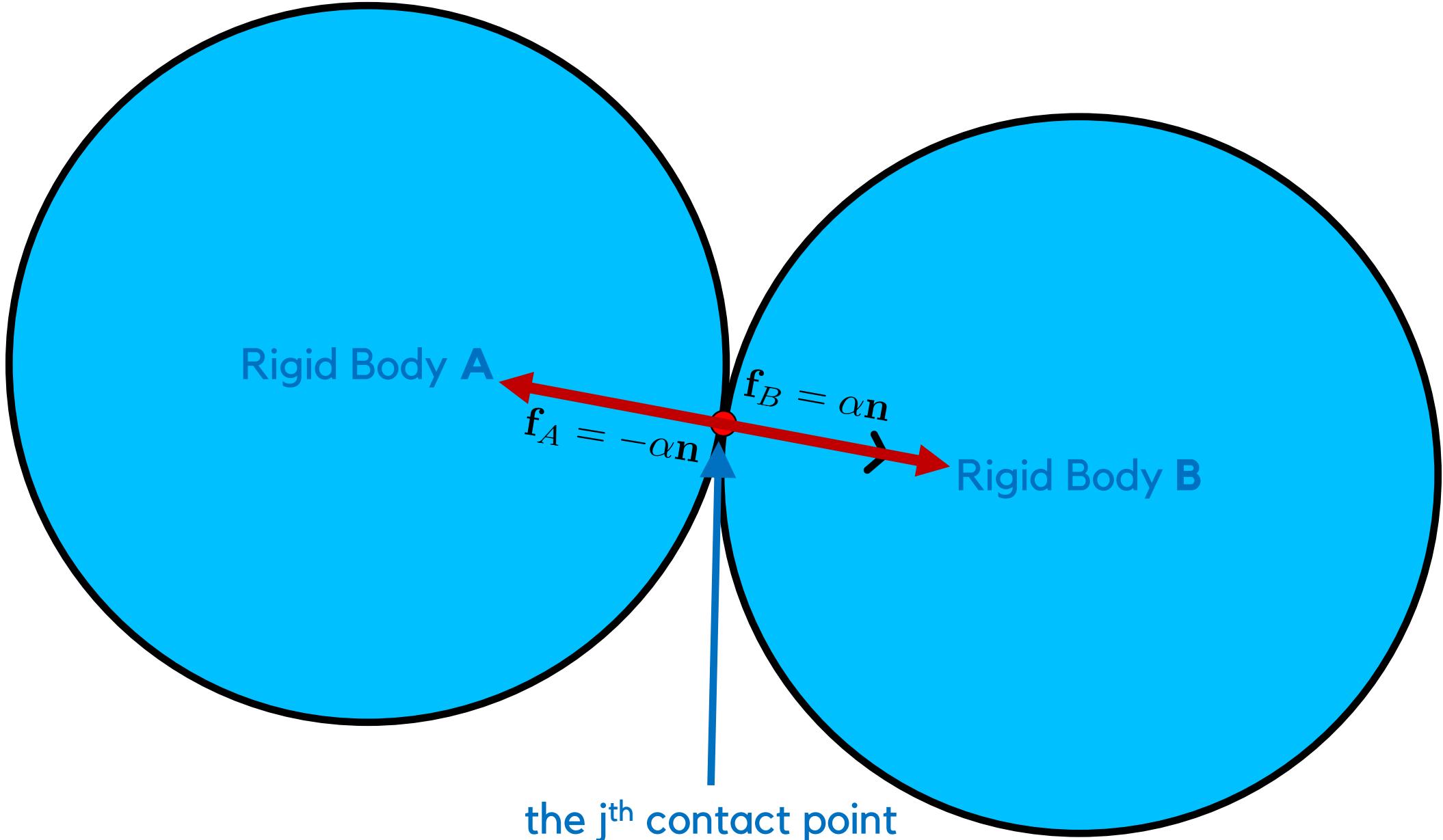
World (Deformed) Space



# Two-Body Contact Example



# Two-Body Contact Example



# The Whole Picture

For each rigid body

$$(R \mathcal{I} R^T) \dot{\omega} = \omega \times ((R \mathcal{I} R^T) \omega) + \tau_{ext}$$

$$m I \ddot{p} = f_{ext}$$

For each contact point

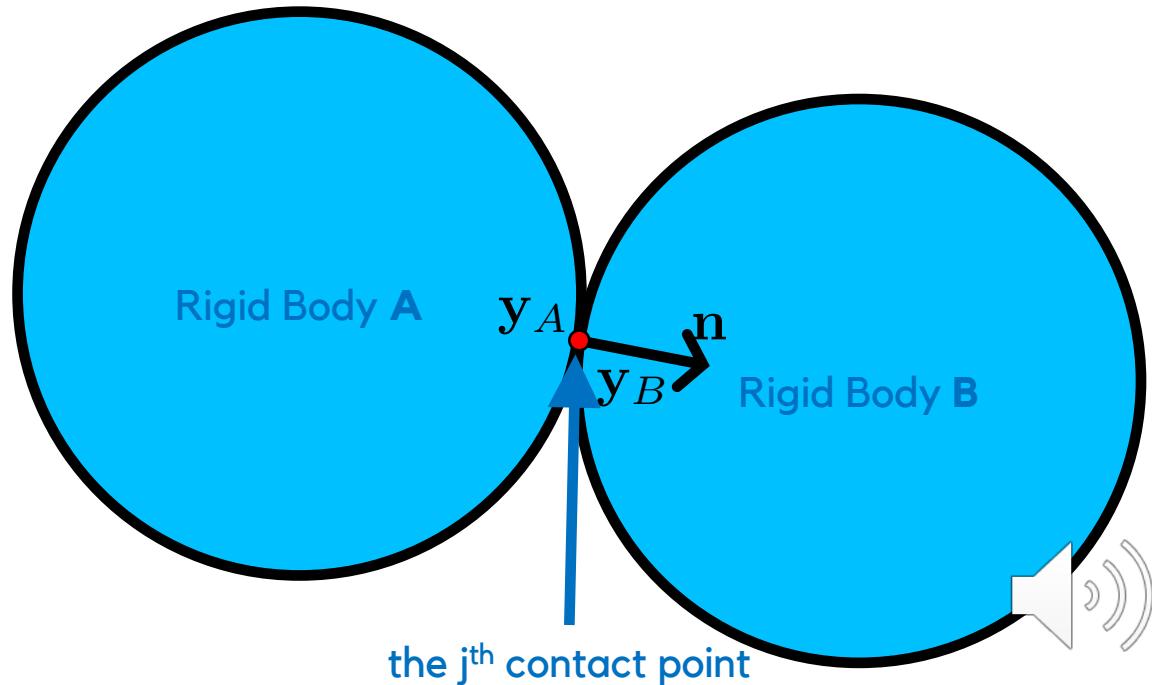
$$f_A = -\alpha n$$

$$f_B = \alpha n$$

$$\alpha \geq 0$$

$$d(y_A, y_B) \geq 0$$

$$d(y_A, y_B) \perp \alpha$$



# Discrete Equations of Motion

$$(R \mathcal{I} R^T) \omega^{t+1} = (R \mathcal{I} R^T) \omega^t + \Delta t \omega^t \times ((R \mathcal{I} R^T) \omega^t) + \Delta t \tau_{ext}^t$$

$$m \dot{\mathbf{p}}^{t+1} = m \dot{\mathbf{p}}^t + \Delta t \mathbf{f}_{ext}$$

$$\mathbf{R}^{t+1} = \exp([\omega] \Delta t) \mathbf{R}^t$$

$$\mathbf{p}^{t+1} = \mathbf{p}^t + \Delta t \dot{\mathbf{p}}^t$$

For each contact point

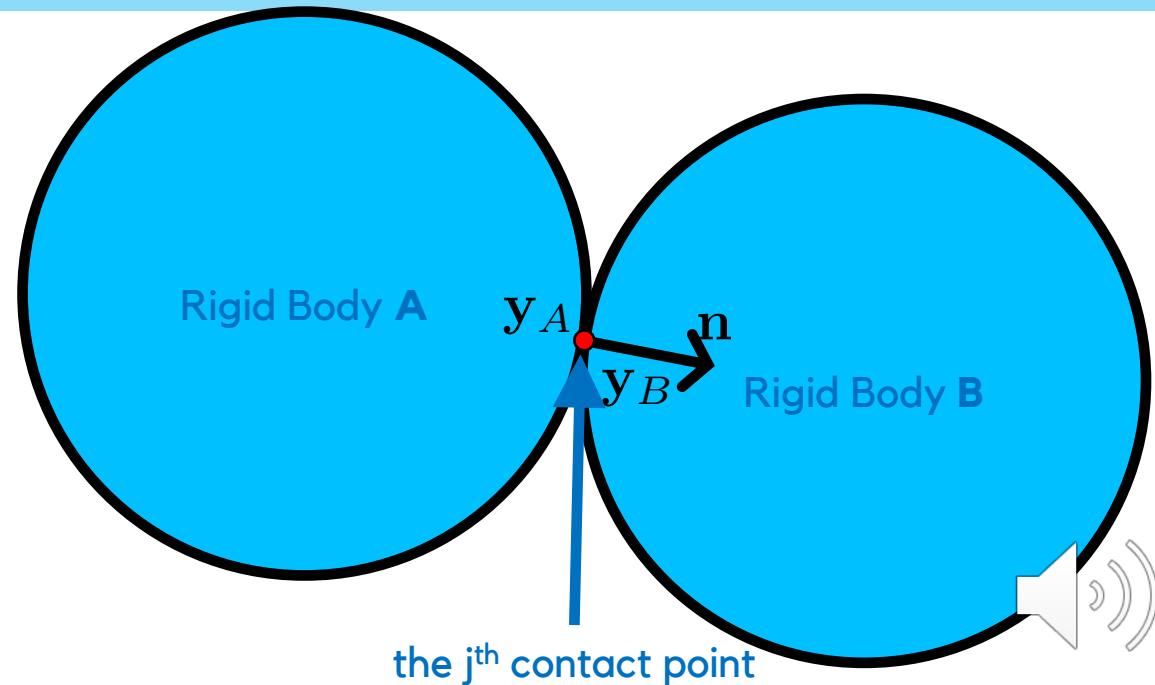
$$\mathbf{f}_A = -\alpha \mathbf{n}$$

$$\mathbf{f}_B = \alpha \mathbf{n}$$

$$\alpha \geq 0$$

$$d(\mathbf{y}_A, \mathbf{y}_B) \geq 0$$

$$d(\mathbf{y}_A, \mathbf{y}_B) \perp \alpha$$



# Discrete Equations of Motion

$$\underline{\underline{M}} \dot{\underline{\underline{q}}}^{t+1} = \underline{\underline{M}} \dot{\underline{\underline{q}}}^t + \Delta t \underline{\underline{f}}^t$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{R} \mathcal{I} \mathbf{R}^T & 0 \\ 0 & m\mathbf{I} \end{pmatrix} \dot{\underline{\underline{q}}} = \begin{pmatrix} \omega \\ \dot{\mathbf{p}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\underline{\underline{f}} = \begin{pmatrix} \omega \times ((\mathbf{R} \mathcal{I} \mathbf{R}^T) \omega) + \tau_{ext} \\ \mathbf{f}_{ext} \end{pmatrix}$$

For each contact point

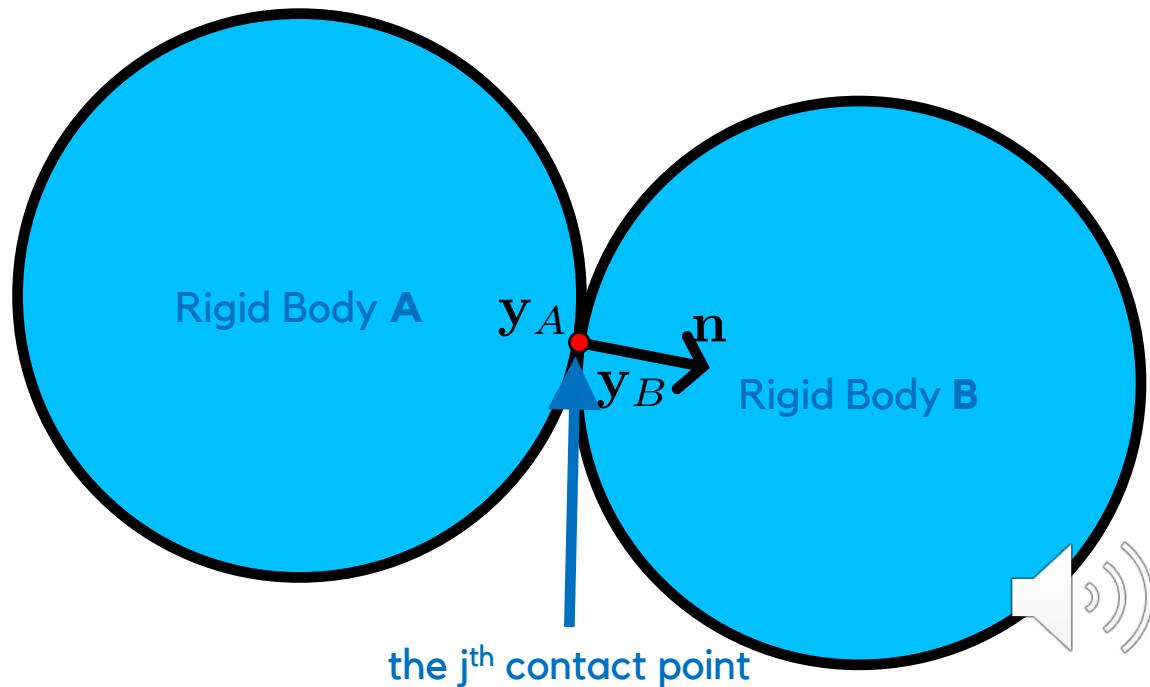
$$\mathbf{f}_A = -\alpha \mathbf{n}$$

$$\mathbf{f}_B = \alpha \mathbf{n}$$

$$\alpha \geq 0$$

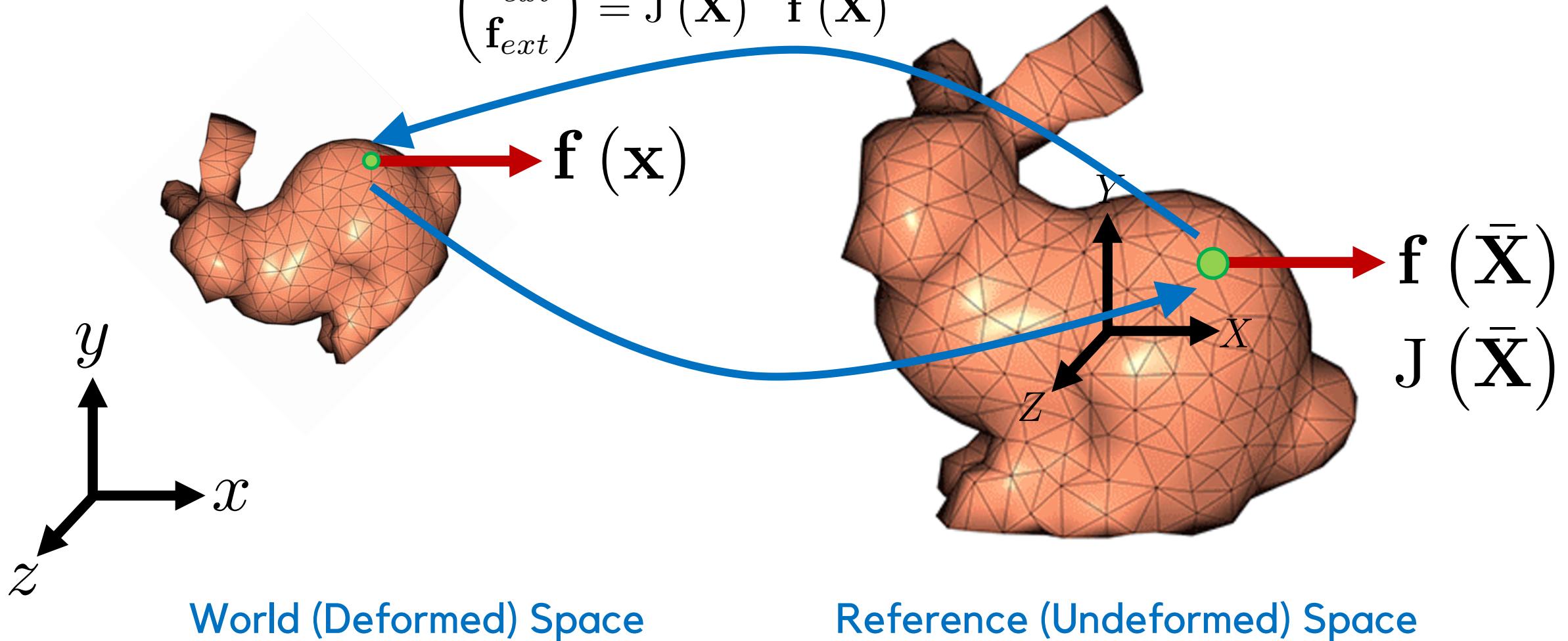
$$d(\mathbf{y}_A, \mathbf{y}_B) \geq 0$$

$$d(\mathbf{y}_A, \mathbf{y}_B) \perp \alpha$$

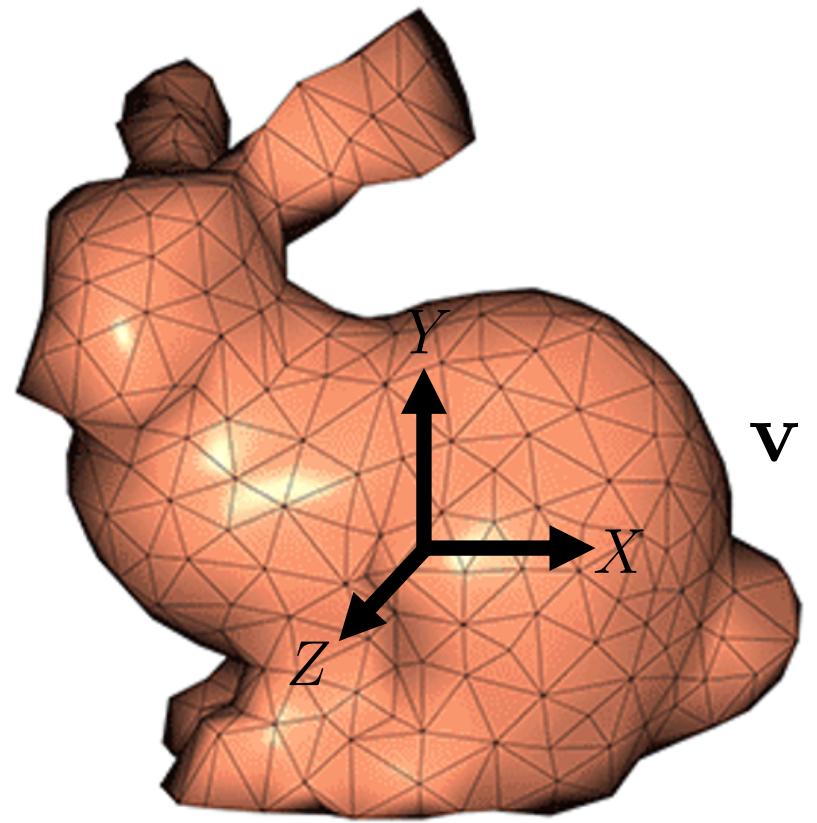


# External Torques and Forces

$$\begin{pmatrix} \tau_{ext} \\ \mathbf{f}_{ext} \end{pmatrix} = \mathbf{J}(\bar{\mathbf{X}})^T \mathbf{f}(\bar{\mathbf{X}})$$



# The Rigid Body Jacobian



$$\mathbf{v}(\bar{\mathbf{X}}, t) = \mathbf{R} \begin{pmatrix} [\bar{\mathbf{X}}]^T & \mathbf{I} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{R}^T & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{0} & \mathbf{R}^T \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \boldsymbol{\omega} \\ \dot{\mathbf{p}} \end{pmatrix}$$

---

↓  
Jacobian  
 $\mathbf{J} \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 6}$

$$\dot{\mathbf{q}} \in \mathbb{R}^6$$

Reference (Undeformed) Space



# Discrete Equations of Motion

$$\mathbf{M}\dot{\mathbf{q}}^{t+1} = \mathbf{M}\dot{\mathbf{q}}^t + \Delta t \mathbf{f}^t + \Delta t \sum_{j=0}^{n_c-1} \alpha_j \mathbf{J}(\mathbf{y}_j)^T \hat{\mathbf{n}}_j$$

---

$$\hat{\mathbf{n}} = \begin{cases} -\mathbf{n} & \text{If Object A} \\ \mathbf{n} & \text{If Object B} \end{cases}$$

For each contact point

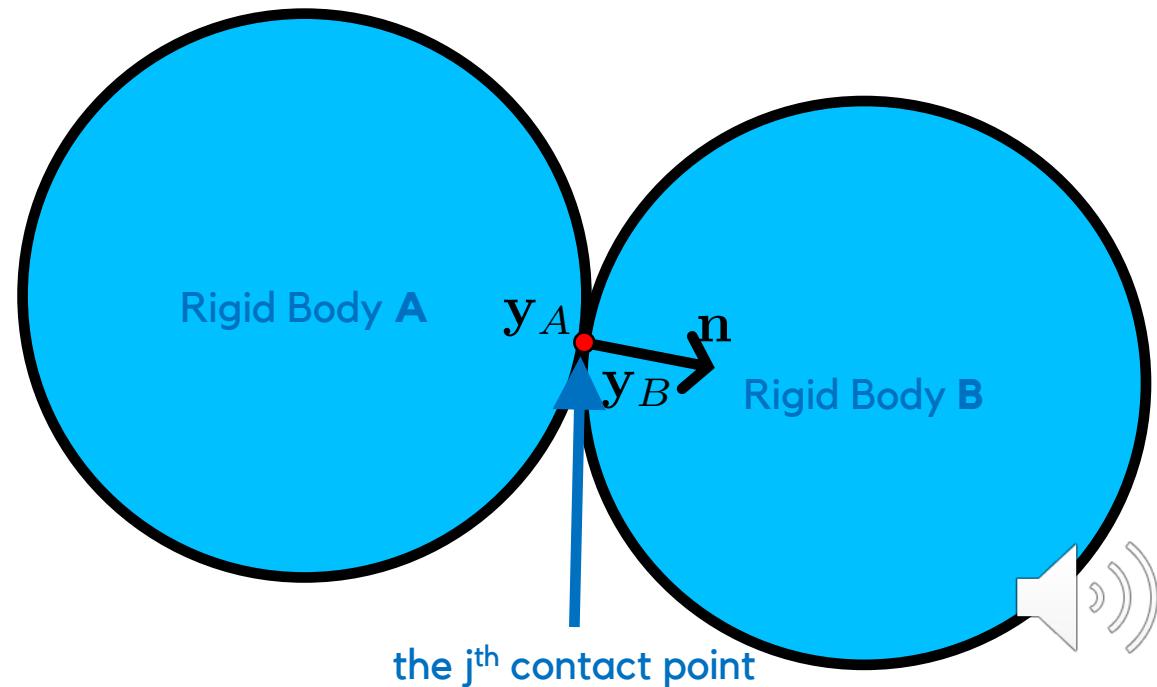
$$\mathbf{f}_A \leq -\alpha \mathbf{n}$$

$$\mathbf{f}_B \leq \alpha \mathbf{n}$$

$$\alpha \geq 0$$

$$d(\mathbf{y}_A, \mathbf{y}_B) \geq 0$$

$$d(\mathbf{y}_A, \mathbf{y}_B) \perp \alpha$$



# Discrete Equations of Motion

$$\mathbf{M}\dot{\mathbf{q}}^{t+1} = \mathbf{M}\dot{\mathbf{q}}^t + \Delta t \mathbf{f}^t + \sum_{j=0}^{n_c-1} \alpha_j \mathbf{J}(\mathbf{y}_j)^T \hat{\mathbf{n}}_j$$

$$\mathbf{R}^{t+1} = \exp([\boldsymbol{\omega}] \Delta t) \mathbf{R}^t$$

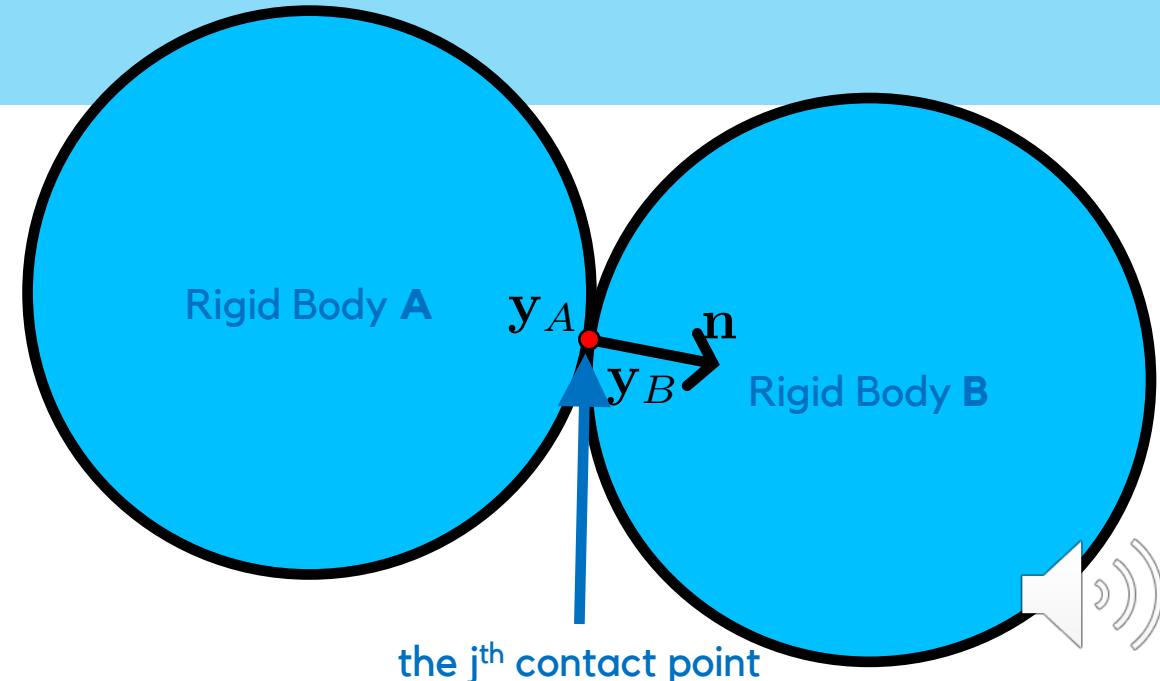
$$\mathbf{p}^{t+1} = \mathbf{p}^t + \Delta t \dot{\mathbf{p}}^t$$

For each contact point

$$\alpha \geq 0$$

$$d(\mathbf{y}_A, \mathbf{y}_B) \geq 0$$

$$d(\mathbf{y}_A, \mathbf{y}_B) \perp \alpha$$



# Discrete Equations of Motion

$$\mathbf{M}\dot{\mathbf{q}}^{t+1} = \mathbf{M}\dot{\mathbf{q}}^t + \Delta t \mathbf{f}^t + \Delta t \sum_{j=0}^{n_c-1} \alpha_j \mathbf{J}(\mathbf{y}_j)^T \hat{\mathbf{n}}_j$$

$$\mathbf{R}^{t+1} = \exp([\boldsymbol{\omega}] \Delta t) \mathbf{R}^t$$

$$\mathbf{p}^{t+1} = \mathbf{p}^t + \Delta t \dot{\mathbf{p}}^t$$

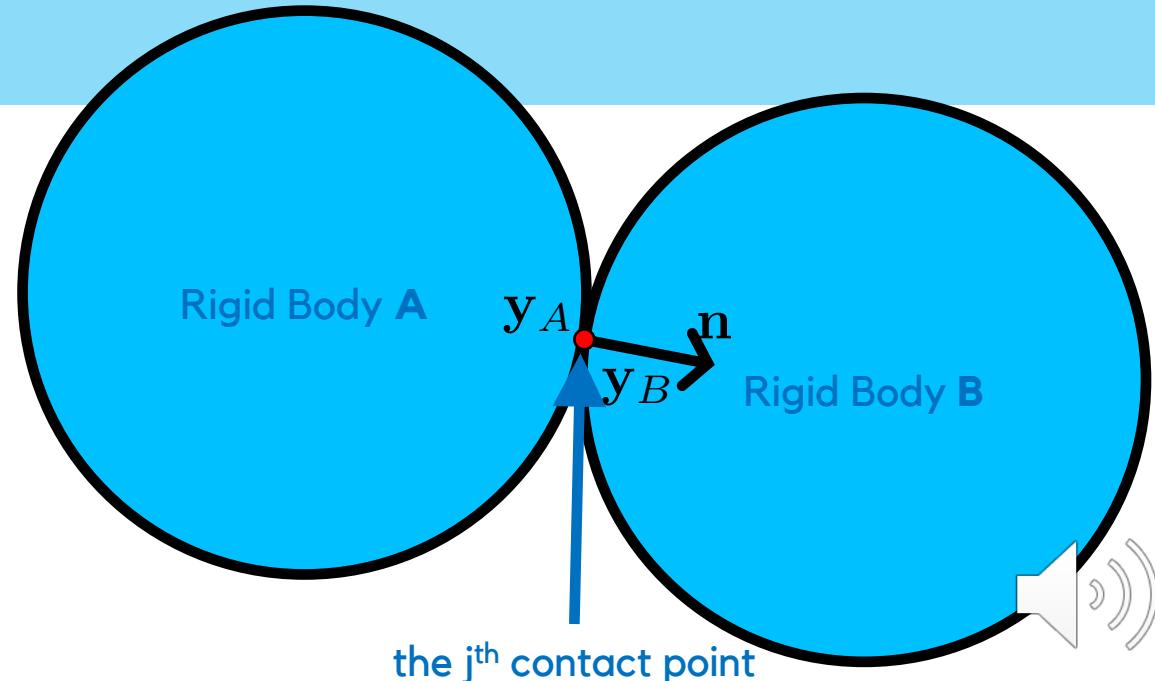
For each contact point

$$\alpha >= 0$$

**Discretize ?**

$$d(\mathbf{y}_A, \mathbf{y}_B) \geq 0$$

$$d(\mathbf{y}_A, \mathbf{y}_B) \perp \alpha$$



# Discrete Equations of Motion

$$\mathbf{M}\dot{\mathbf{q}}^{t+1} = \mathbf{M}\dot{\mathbf{q}}^t + \Delta t \mathbf{f}^t + \Delta t \sum_{j=0}^{n_c-1} \alpha_j \mathbf{J}(\mathbf{y}_j)^T \hat{\mathbf{n}}_j$$

$$\mathbf{R}^{t+1} = \exp([\boldsymbol{\omega}] \Delta t) \mathbf{R}^t$$

$$\mathbf{p}^{t+1} = \mathbf{p}^t + \Delta t \dot{\mathbf{p}}^t$$

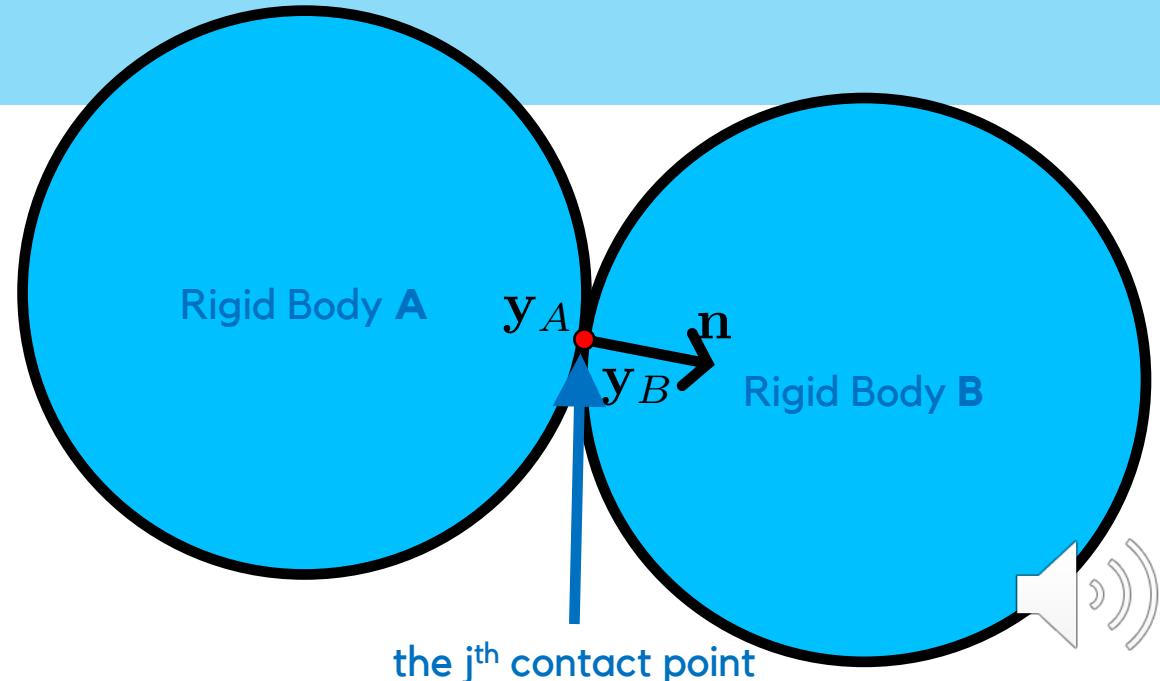
For each contact point

$$\alpha \geq 0$$

$$d(\mathbf{y}_A^{t+1}, \mathbf{y}_B^{t+1}) \geq 0$$

**Nonlinear** ☹

$$d(\mathbf{y}_A^{t+1}, \mathbf{y}_B^{t+1}) \perp \alpha$$



# Discrete Equations of Motion

$$\mathbf{M}\dot{\mathbf{q}}^{t+1} = \mathbf{M}\dot{\mathbf{q}}^t + \Delta t \mathbf{f}^t + \Delta t \sum_{j=0}^{n_c-1} \alpha_j \mathbf{J}(\mathbf{y}_j)^T \hat{\mathbf{n}}_j$$

$$\mathbf{R}^{t+1} = \exp([\boldsymbol{\omega}] \Delta t) \mathbf{R}^t$$

$$\mathbf{p}^{t+1} = \mathbf{p}^t + \Delta t \dot{\mathbf{p}}^t$$

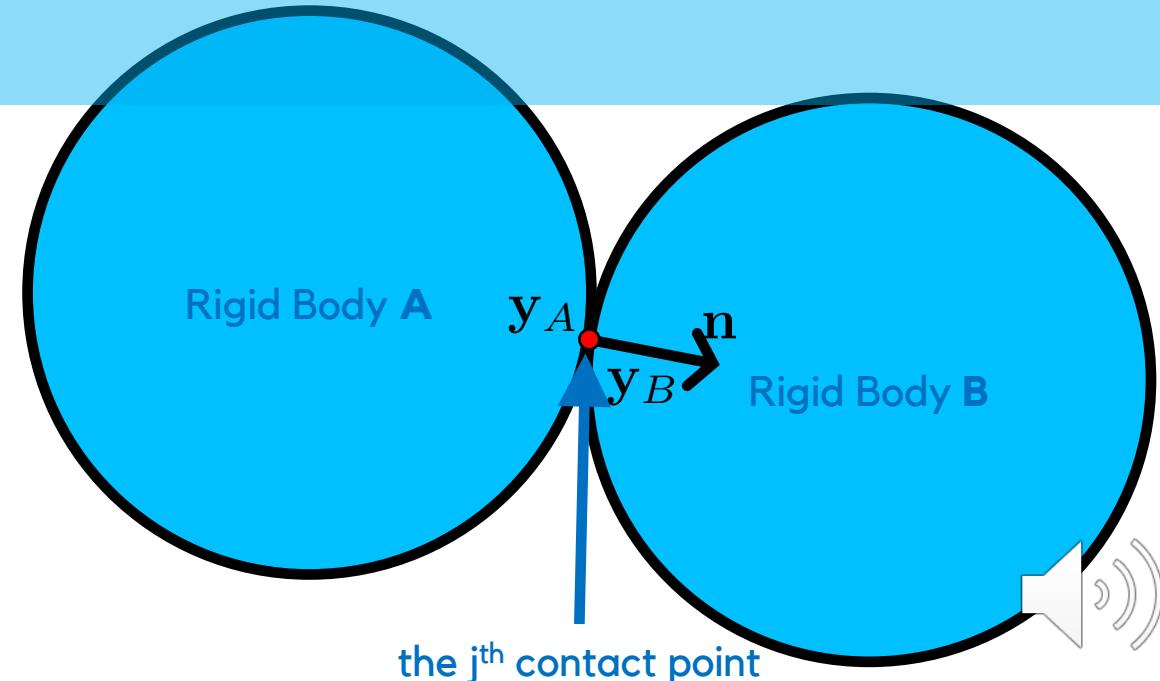
For each contact point

$$\alpha \geq 0$$

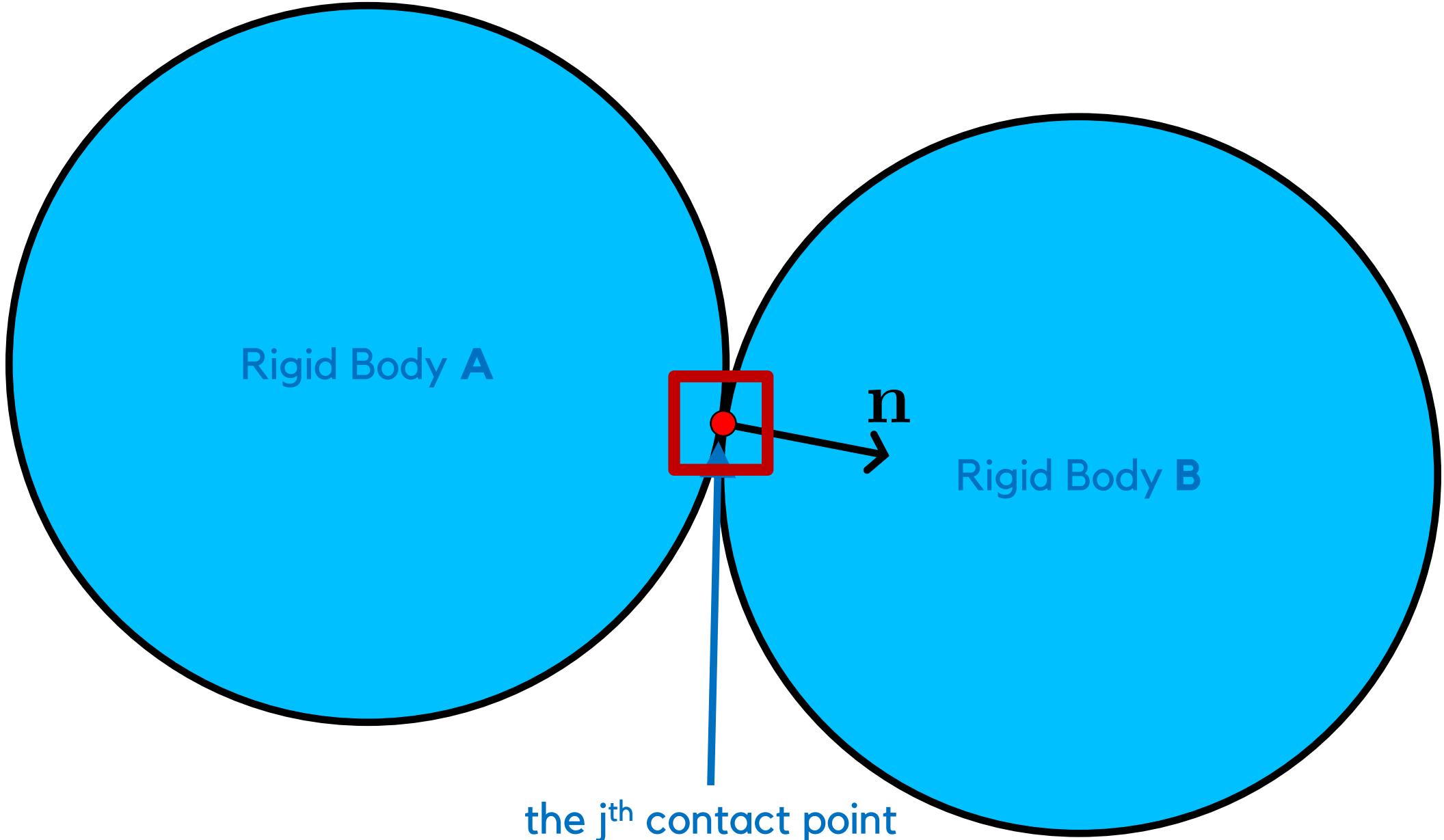
$$d(\mathbf{y}_A^t + \Delta t \dot{\mathbf{y}}_A^{t+1}, \mathbf{y}_B^t + \Delta t \dot{\mathbf{y}}_B^{t+1}) \geq 0$$

$$d(\mathbf{y}_A^t + \Delta t \dot{\mathbf{y}}_A^{t+1}, \mathbf{y}_B^t + \Delta t \dot{\mathbf{y}}_B^{t+1}) \perp \alpha$$

Linearize



# Two-Body Contact Example



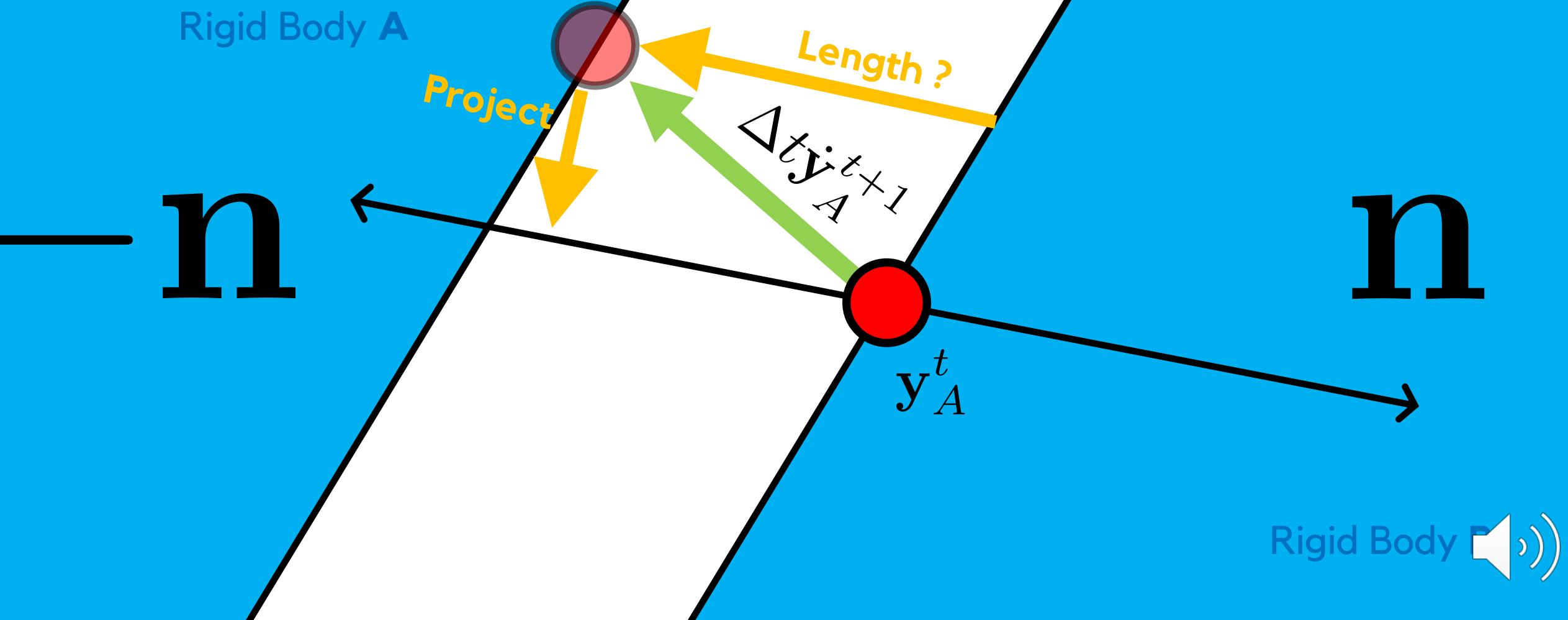
# Two-Body Contact Example Zoomed In

Rigid Body A

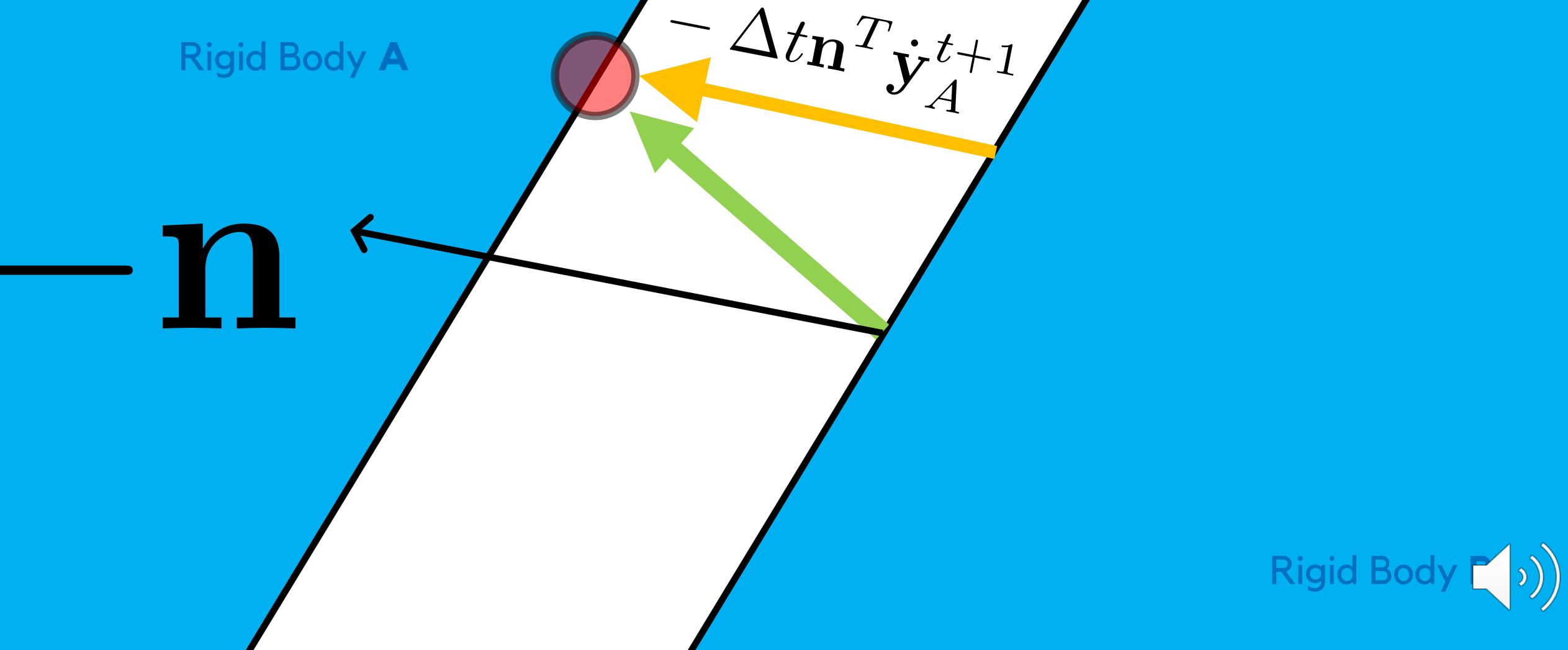
**n**

Rigid Body 

# Two-Body Contact Example Zoomed In



# Two-Body Contact Example Zoomed In



# Two-Body Contact Example Zoomed In

Rigid Body A

**n**

Rigid Body 

# Two-Body Contact Example Zoomed In

Rigid Body A

Rigid Body B 

$$\Delta t \mathbf{n}^T \dot{\mathbf{y}}_B^{t+1}$$

**n**



# Two-Body Contact Example Zoomed In

Rigid Body A

**n**

Rigid Body 

# Two-Body Contact Example Zoomed In

Rigid Body A

$$\Delta t \mathbf{n}^T (\dot{\mathbf{y}}_B^{t+1} - \dot{\mathbf{y}}_A^{t+1})$$

Rigid Body 

# Discrete Equations of Motion

$$\mathbf{M}\dot{\mathbf{q}}^{t+1} = \mathbf{M}\dot{\mathbf{q}}^t + \Delta t \mathbf{f}^t + \Delta t \sum_{j=0}^{n_c-1} \alpha_j \mathbf{J}(\mathbf{y}_j)^T \hat{\mathbf{n}}_j$$

$$\mathbf{R}^{t+1} = \exp([\boldsymbol{\omega}] \Delta t) \mathbf{R}^t$$

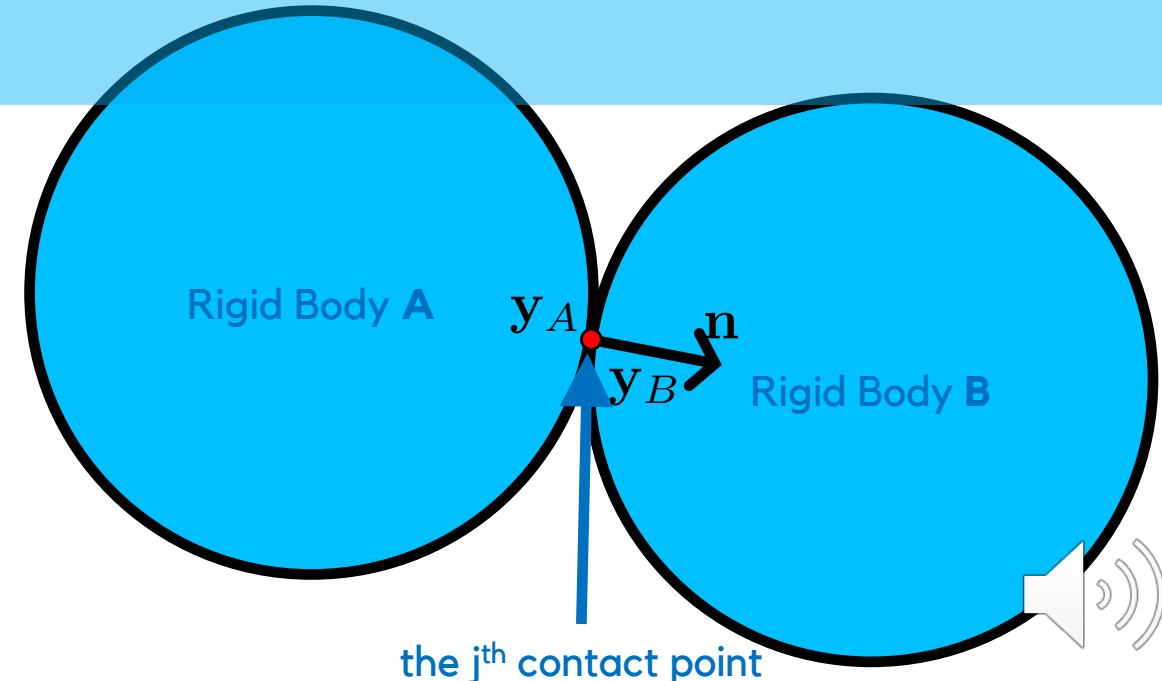
$$\mathbf{p}^{t+1} = \mathbf{p}^t + \Delta t \dot{\mathbf{p}}^t$$

For each contact point

$$\alpha \geq 0$$

$$d(\mathbf{y}_A^t + \Delta t \dot{\mathbf{y}}_A^{t+1}, \mathbf{y}_B^t + \Delta t \dot{\mathbf{y}}_B^{t+1}) \geq 0$$

$$d(\mathbf{y}_A^t + \Delta t \dot{\mathbf{y}}_A^{t+1}, \mathbf{y}_B^t + \Delta t \dot{\mathbf{y}}_B^{t+1}) \perp \alpha$$



# Discrete Equations of Motion

$$\mathbf{M}\dot{\mathbf{q}}^{t+1} = \mathbf{M}\dot{\mathbf{q}}^t + \Delta t \mathbf{f}^t + \Delta t \sum_{j=0}^{n_c-1} \alpha_j \mathbf{J}(\mathbf{y}_j)^T \hat{\mathbf{n}}_j$$

$$\mathbf{R}^{t+1} = \exp([\boldsymbol{\omega}] \Delta t) \mathbf{R}^t$$

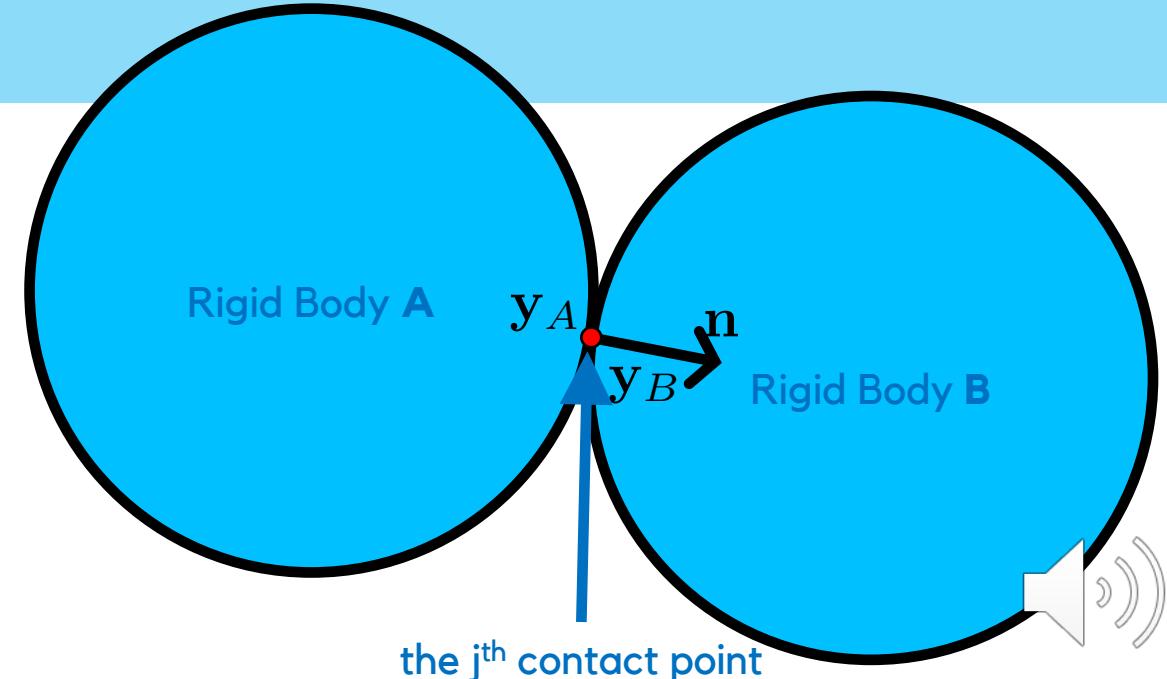
$$\mathbf{p}^{t+1} = \mathbf{p}^t + \Delta t \dot{\mathbf{p}}^t$$

For each contact point

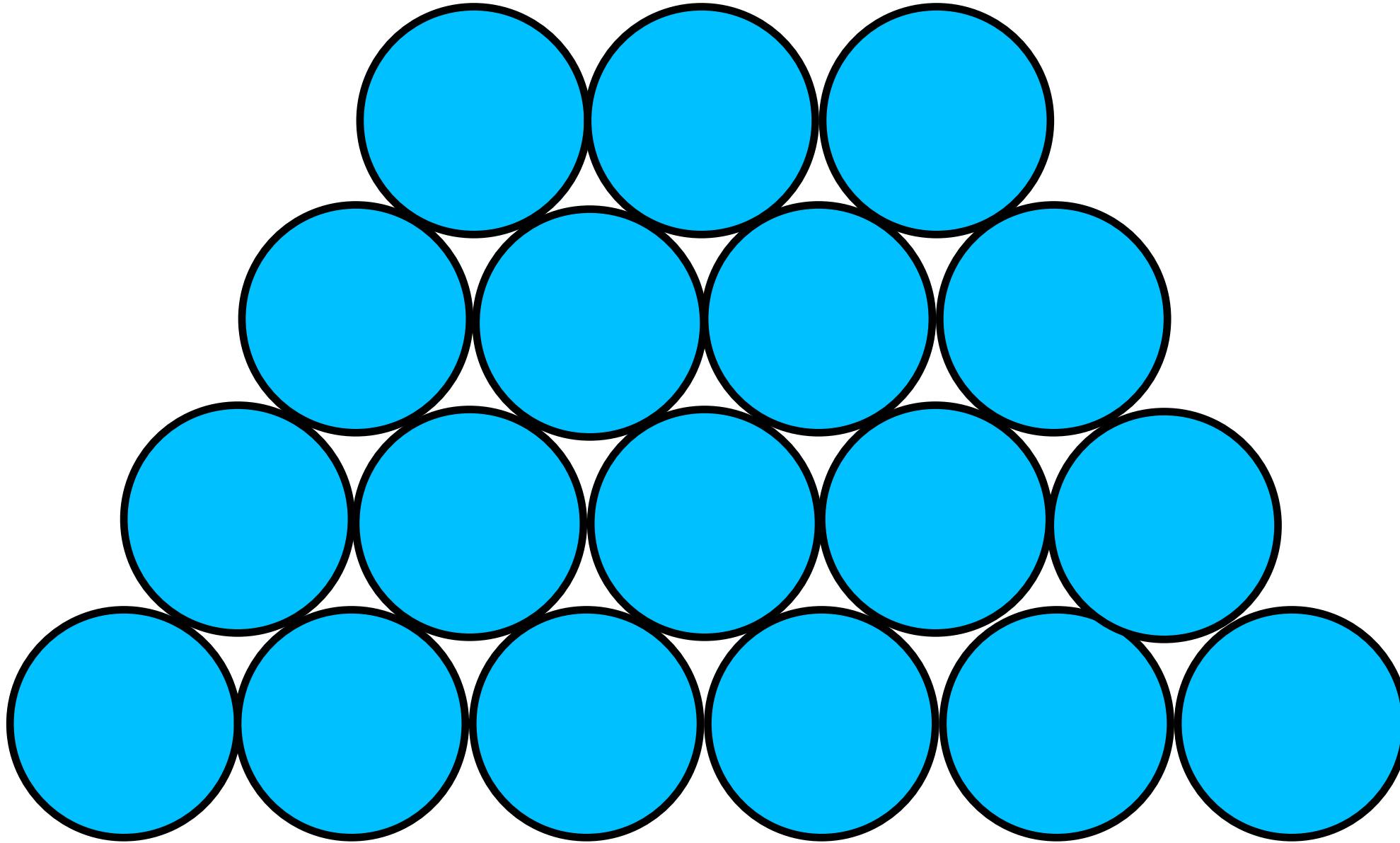
$$\alpha \geq 0$$

$$\mathbf{n}^T (\dot{\mathbf{y}}_B^{t+1} - \dot{\mathbf{y}}_A^{t+1}) \geq 0$$

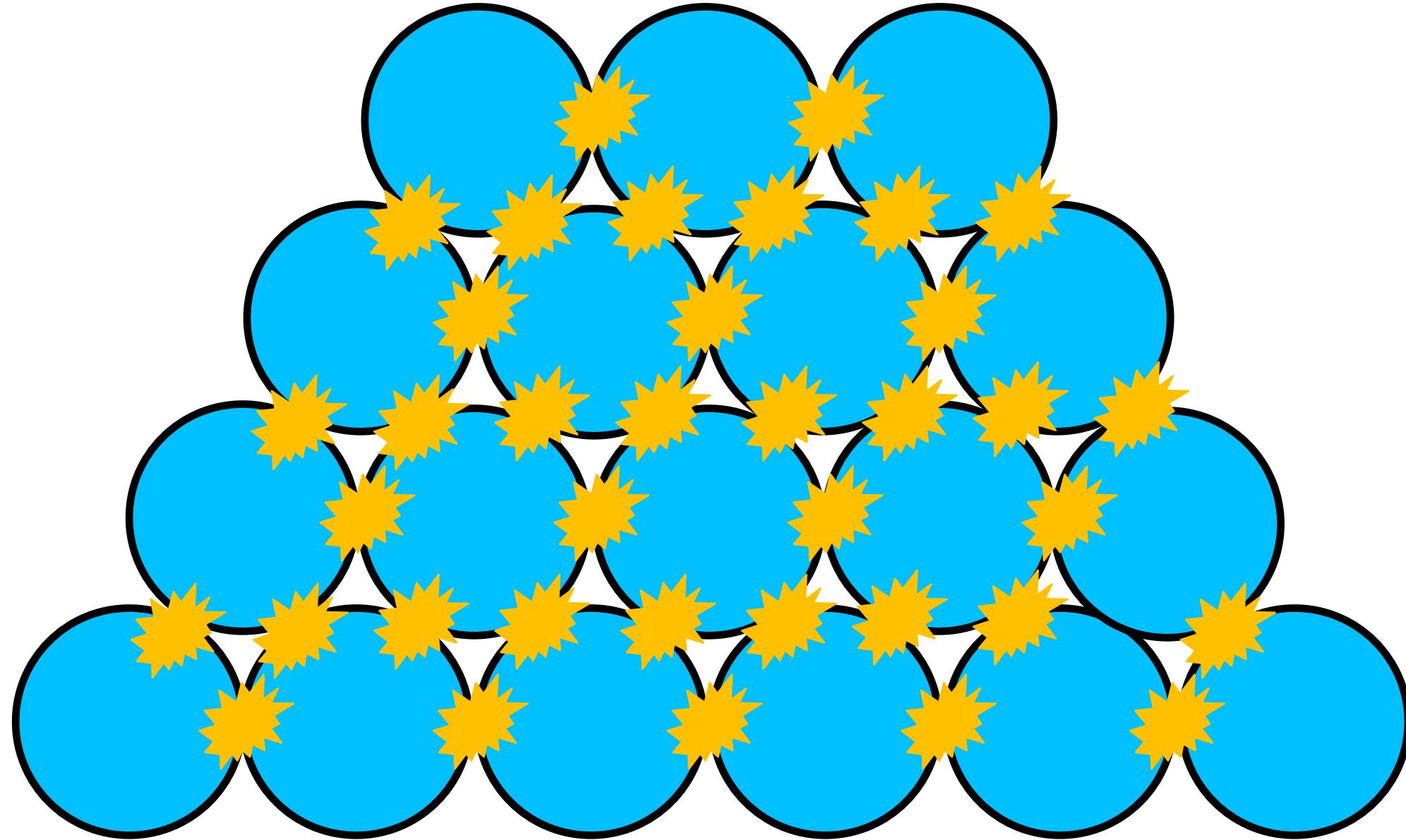
$$\mathbf{n}^T (\dot{\mathbf{y}}_B^{t+1} - \dot{\mathbf{y}}_A^{t+1}) \perp \alpha$$



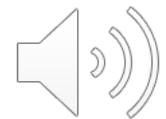
# A More Complicated Example



# A More Complicated Example



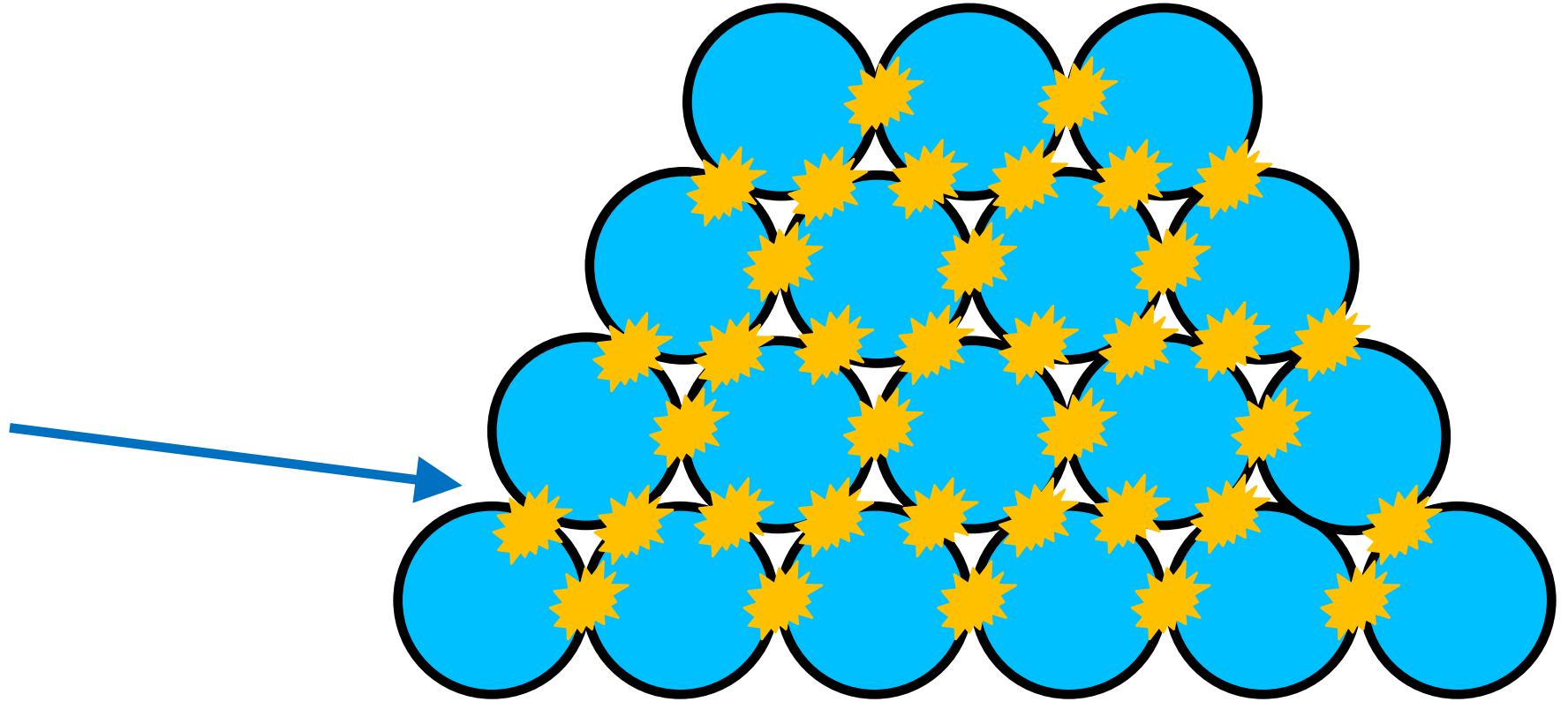
Detect Collisions



# A More Complicated Example

For  $i^{th}$  contact

Object A ID  
Object B ID  
Contact Normal  $\mathbf{n}_i$   
Contact Point  $\mathbf{y}_i$



# Solving the Contact Problem

## Dynamics Equations

$$\mathbf{M}_A \dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^{t+1} = \mathbf{M}_A \dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^t + \Delta t \mathbf{f}_A^t + \Delta t \sum_{j=0}^{n_c-1} \alpha_j \mathbf{J}_A (\mathbf{y}_j)^T \hat{\mathbf{n}}_j$$

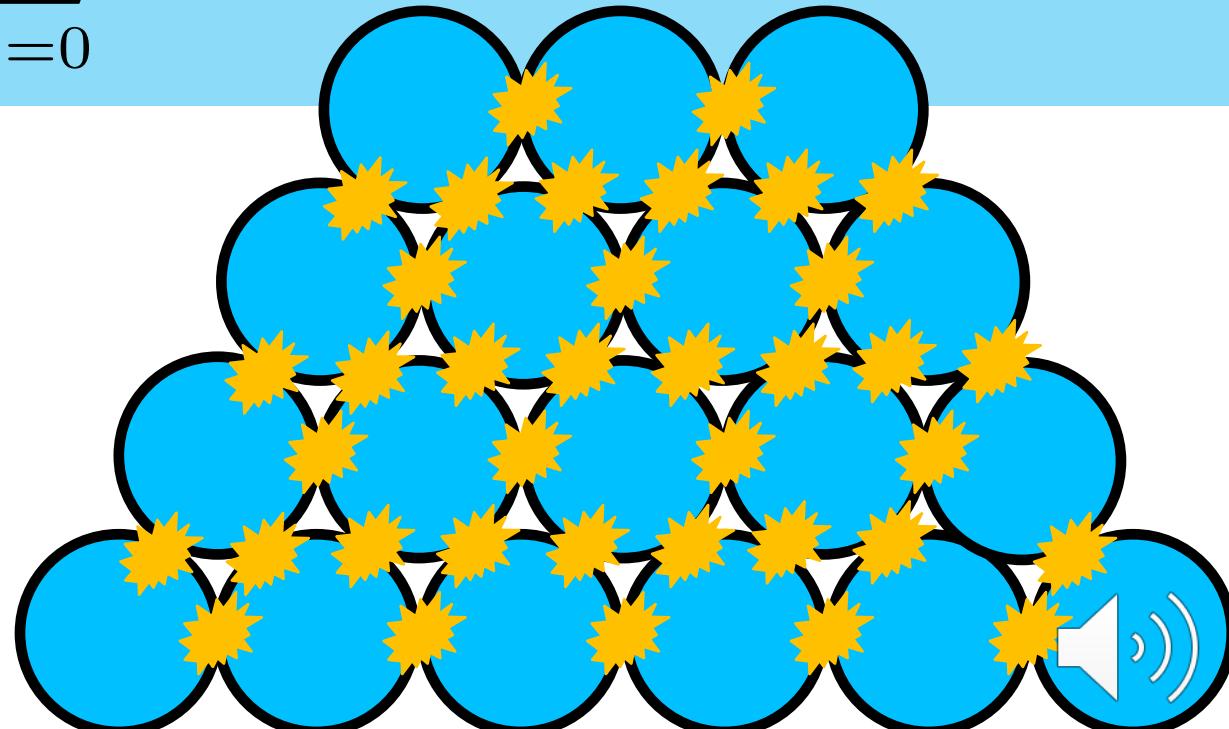
$$\mathbf{M}_B \dot{\mathbf{q}}_B^{t+1} = \mathbf{M}_B \dot{\mathbf{q}}_B^t + \Delta t \mathbf{f}_B^t + \Delta t \sum_{j=0}^{n_c-1} \alpha_j \mathbf{J}_B (\mathbf{y}_j)^T \hat{\mathbf{n}}_j$$

For each contact point

$$\alpha \geq 0$$

$$\mathbf{n}^T (\dot{\mathbf{y}}_B^{t+1} - \dot{\mathbf{y}}_A^{t+1}) \geq 0$$

$$\mathbf{n}^T (\dot{\mathbf{y}}_B^{t+1} - \dot{\mathbf{y}}_A^{t+1}) \perp \alpha$$



# Solving the Contact Problem Iteratively

## Dynamics Equations

$$\mathbf{M}_A \dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^{t+1} = \mathbf{M}_A \dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^t + \Delta t \mathbf{f}_A^t + \Delta t \sum_{j=0}^{n_c-1} \alpha_j \mathbf{J}_A (\mathbf{y}_j)^T \hat{\mathbf{n}}_j$$

$$\mathbf{M}_B \dot{\mathbf{q}}_B^{t+1} = \mathbf{M}_B \dot{\mathbf{q}}_B^t + \Delta t \mathbf{f}_B^t + \Delta t \sum_{j=0}^{n_c-1} \alpha_j \mathbf{J}_B (\mathbf{y}_j)^T \hat{\mathbf{n}}_j$$

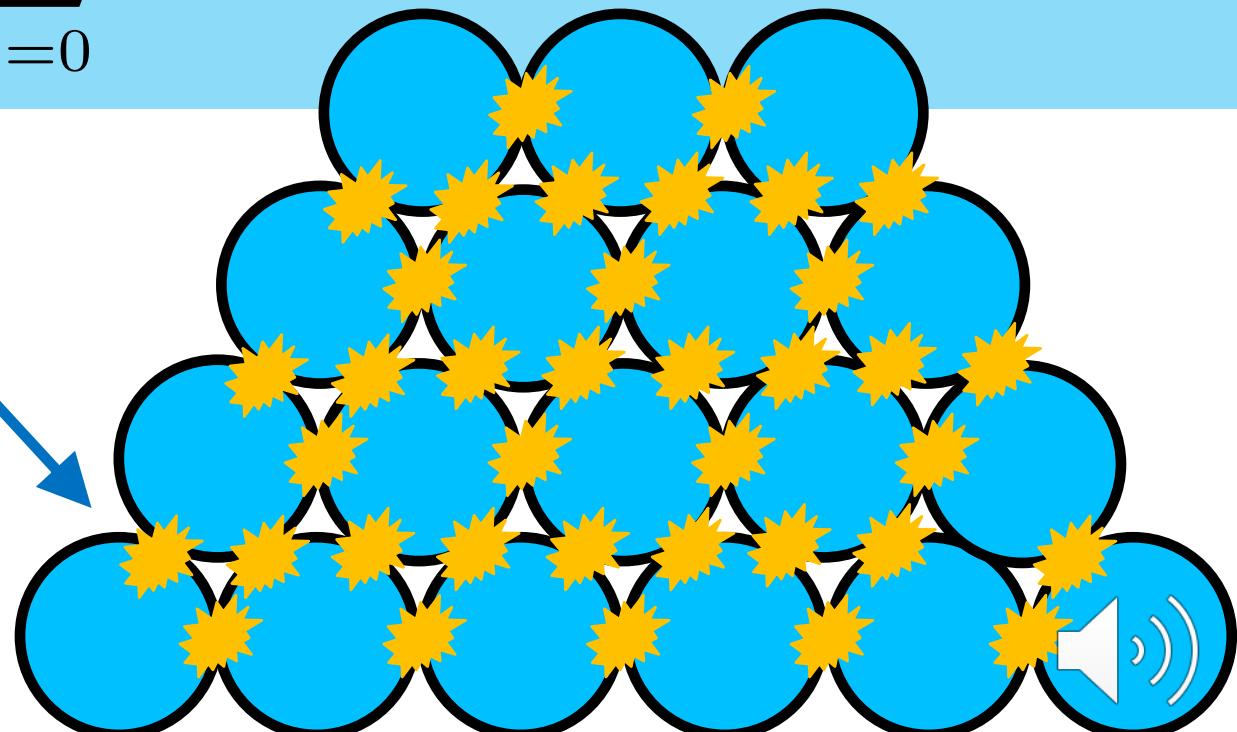
### Constraints

$$\alpha_i \geq 0$$

$$\mathbf{n}_i^T (\dot{\mathbf{y}}_B^{t+1} - \dot{\mathbf{y}}_A^{t+1}) \geq 0$$

$$\mathbf{n}_i^T (\dot{\mathbf{y}}_B^{t+1} - \dot{\mathbf{y}}_A^{t+1}) \perp \alpha_i$$

Look Here !



# Solving the Contact Problem Iteratively

$$\mathbf{M}_A \dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^{t+1} = \mathbf{M}_A \dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^t + \Delta t \mathbf{f}_A^t + \Delta t \sum_{j=0}^{n_c-1} \underbrace{\alpha_j \mathbf{J}_A (\mathbf{y}_j)^T \hat{\mathbf{n}}_j}_{\mathbf{g}_j^A}$$

$$\mathbf{M}_A \dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^{t+1} = \mathbf{M}_A \dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^t + \Delta t \mathbf{f}_A^t + \Delta t \left( \underbrace{\sum_{j \neq i}^{n_c-1} \alpha_j \mathbf{g}_j^A}_{\text{All other contacts}} \right) + \underbrace{\alpha_i \Delta t \mathbf{g}_i^A}_{\text{Current contact}}$$

$$\mathbf{M}_A \dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^{t+1} = \mathbf{M}_A \dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^t + \Delta t \mathbf{f}_A^t + \underbrace{\Delta t \mathbf{f}_i^A}_{\text{Forces from all other contacts}} + \alpha_i \Delta t \mathbf{g}_i^A$$



# Solving the Contact Problem Iteratively

$$\mathbf{M}_A \dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^{t+1} = \mathbf{M}_A \dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^t + \Delta t \mathbf{f}_A^t + \Delta t \mathbf{f}_i^A + \alpha_i \Delta t \mathbf{g}_i^A$$



Forces from all other contacts

$$\dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^{t+1} = \dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^t + \Delta t \mathbf{M}_A^{-1} \mathbf{f}_A^t + \Delta t \mathbf{M}_A^{-1} \mathbf{f}_i^A + \alpha_i \Delta t \mathbf{M}_A^{-1} \mathbf{g}_i^A$$

Unconstrained velocity  $\dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^*$

Change due to contact



# Solving the Contact Problem Iteratively

## Dynamics Equations

$$\mathbf{M}_A \dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^{t+1} = \mathbf{M}_A \dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^t + \Delta t \mathbf{f}_A^t + \Delta t \sum_{j=0}^{n_c-1} \alpha_j \mathbf{J}_A (\mathbf{y}_j)^T \hat{\mathbf{n}}_j$$

$$\mathbf{M}_B \dot{\mathbf{q}}_B^{t+1} = \mathbf{M}_B \dot{\mathbf{q}}_B^t + \Delta t \mathbf{f}_B^t + \Delta t \sum_{j=0}^{n_c-1} \alpha_j \mathbf{J}_B (\mathbf{y}_j)^T \hat{\mathbf{n}}_j$$

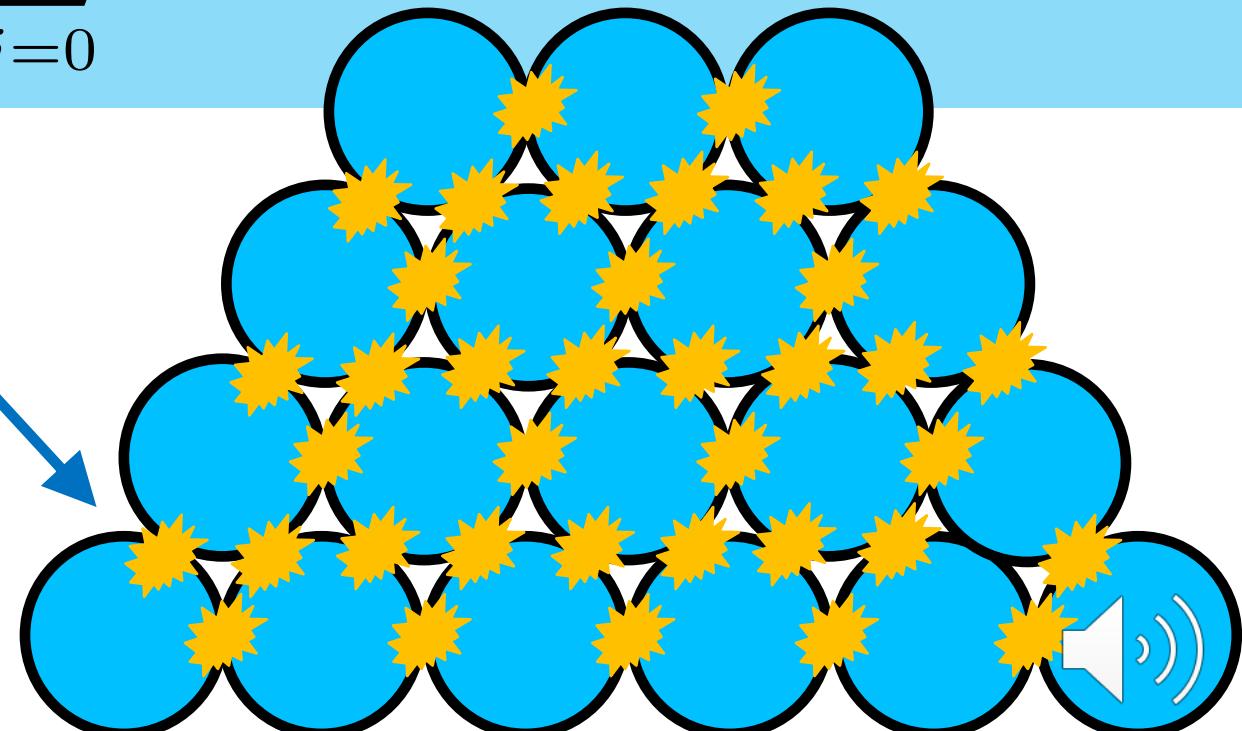
### Constraints

$$\alpha_i \geq 0$$

$$\mathbf{n}_i^T (\dot{\mathbf{y}}_B^{t+1} - \dot{\mathbf{y}}_A^{t+1}) \geq 0$$

$$\mathbf{n}_i^T (\dot{\mathbf{y}}_B^{t+1} - \dot{\mathbf{y}}_A^{t+1}) \perp \alpha_i$$

Look Here !



# Solving the Contact Problem Iteratively

## Dynamics Equations

$$\dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^{t+1} = \dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^* + \Delta t \mathbf{M}_A^{-1} \mathbf{f}_i^A + \alpha_i \Delta t \mathbf{M}_A^{-1} \mathbf{g}_i^A$$

$$\dot{\mathbf{q}}_B^{t+1} = \dot{\mathbf{q}}_B^* + \Delta t \mathbf{M}_B^{-1} \mathbf{f}_i^B + \alpha_i \Delta t \mathbf{M}_B^{-1} \mathbf{g}_i^B$$

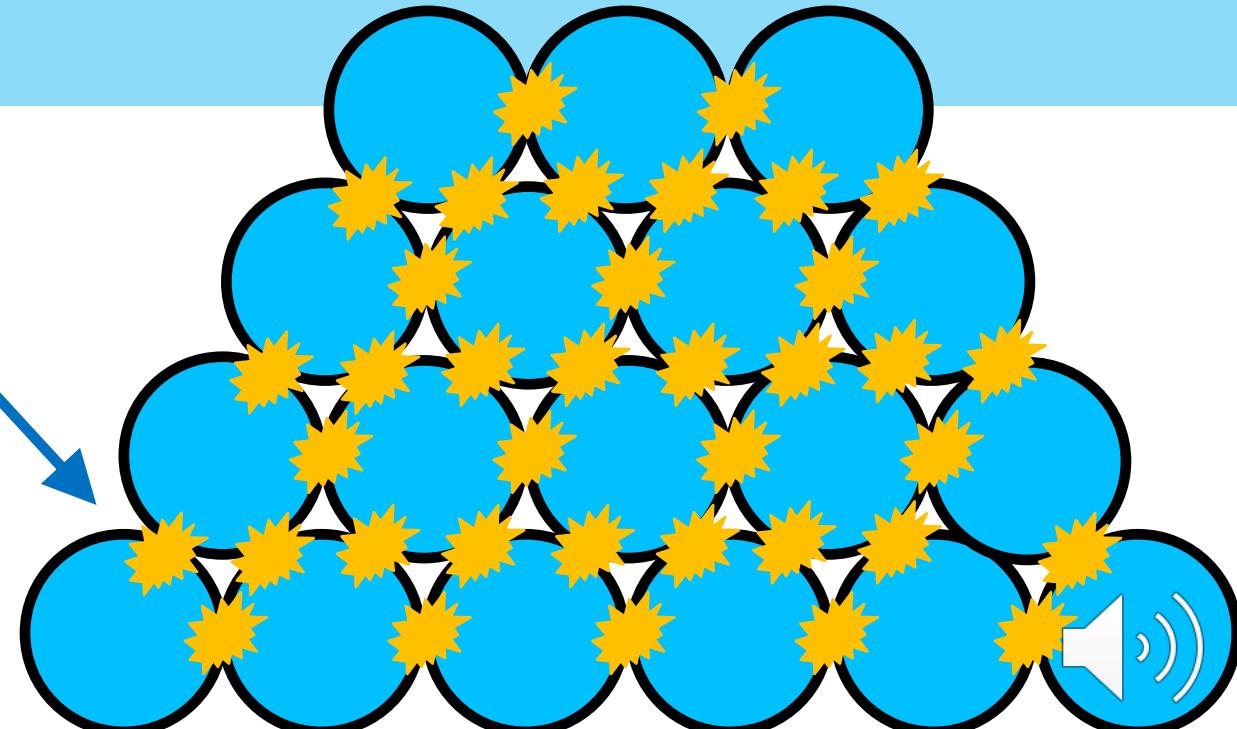
### Constraints

$$\alpha_i \geq 0$$

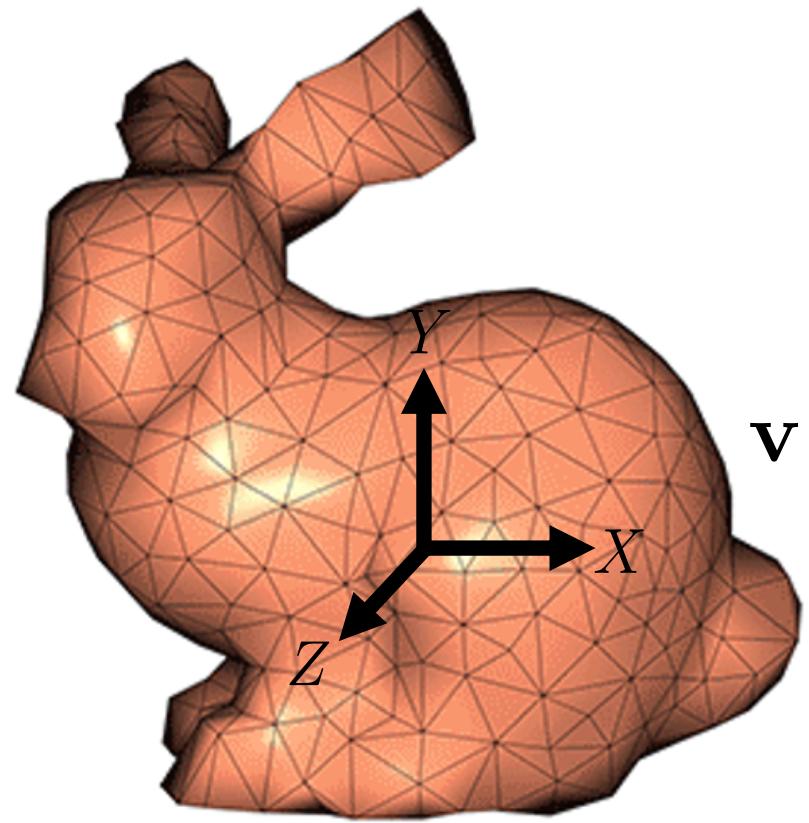
$$\mathbf{n}_i^T (\dot{\mathbf{y}}_B^{t+1} - \dot{\mathbf{y}}_A^{t+1}) \geq 0$$

$$\mathbf{n}_i^T (\dot{\mathbf{y}}_B^{t+1} - \dot{\mathbf{y}}_A^{t+1}) \perp \alpha_i$$

Look Here !



# The Rigid Body Jacobian



$$\mathbf{v}(\bar{\mathbf{X}}, t) = \mathbf{R} \begin{pmatrix} [\bar{\mathbf{X}}]^T & \mathbf{I} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{R}^T & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{0} & \mathbf{R}^T \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \boldsymbol{\omega} \\ \dot{\mathbf{p}} \end{pmatrix}$$

---

↓  
Jacobian  
 $\mathbf{J} \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 6}$

$$\dot{\mathbf{q}} \in \mathbb{R}^6$$

Reference (Undeformed) Space



# Solving the Contact Problem Iteratively

## Dynamics Equations

$$\dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^{t+1} = \dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^* + \Delta t \mathbf{M}_A^{-1} \mathbf{f}_i^A + \alpha_i \Delta t \mathbf{M}_A^{-1} \mathbf{g}_i^A$$

$$\dot{\mathbf{q}}_B^{t+1} = \dot{\mathbf{q}}_B^* + \Delta t \mathbf{M}_B^{-1} \mathbf{f}_i^B + \alpha_i \Delta t \mathbf{M}_B^{-1} \mathbf{g}_i^B$$

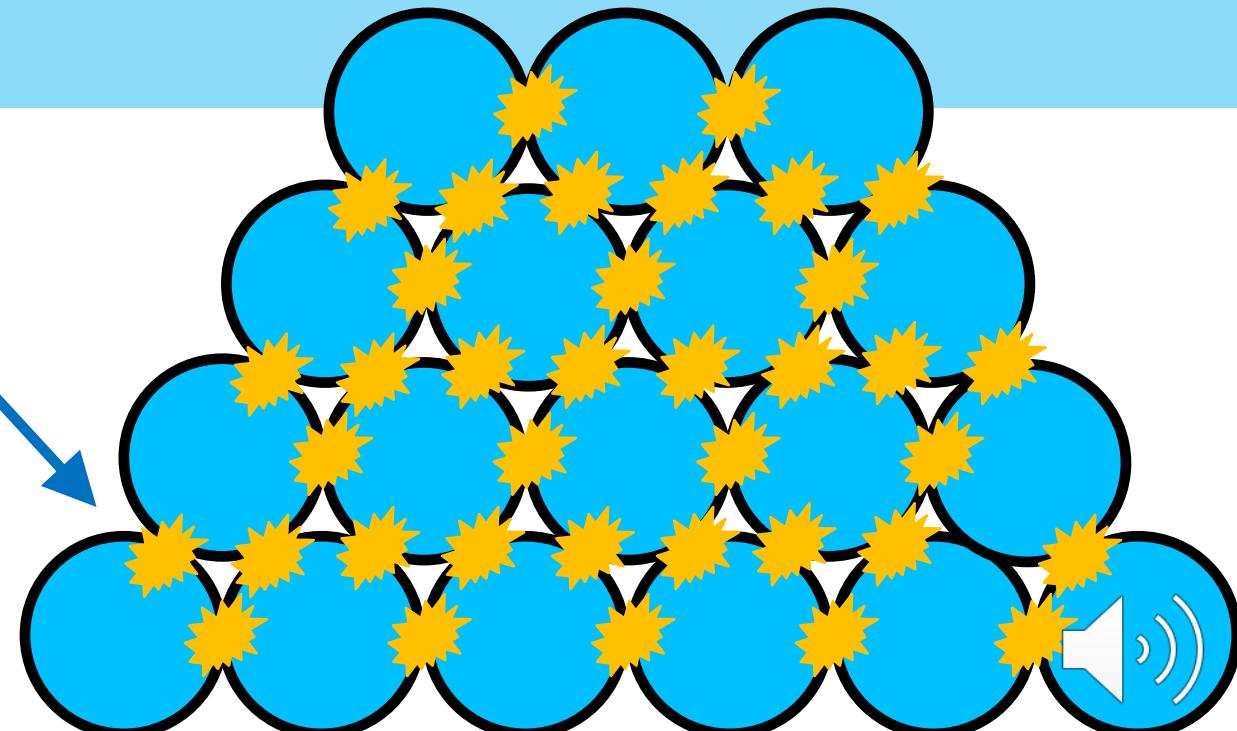
### Constraints

$$\alpha_i \geq 0$$

$$\mathbf{n}_i^T (\dot{\mathbf{y}}_B^{t+1} - \dot{\mathbf{y}}_A^{t+1}) \geq 0$$

$$\mathbf{n}_i^T (\dot{\mathbf{y}}_B^{t+1} - \dot{\mathbf{y}}_A^{t+1}) \perp \alpha_i$$

Look Here !



# Solving the Contact Problem Iteratively

## Dynamics Equations

$$\dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^{t+1} = \dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^* + \Delta t \mathbf{M}_A^{-1} \mathbf{f}_i^A + \alpha_i \Delta t \mathbf{M}_A^{-1} \mathbf{g}_i^A$$

$$\dot{\mathbf{q}}_B^{t+1} = \dot{\mathbf{q}}_B^* + \Delta t \mathbf{M}_B^{-1} \mathbf{f}_i^B + \alpha_i \Delta t \mathbf{M}_B^{-1} \mathbf{g}_i^B$$

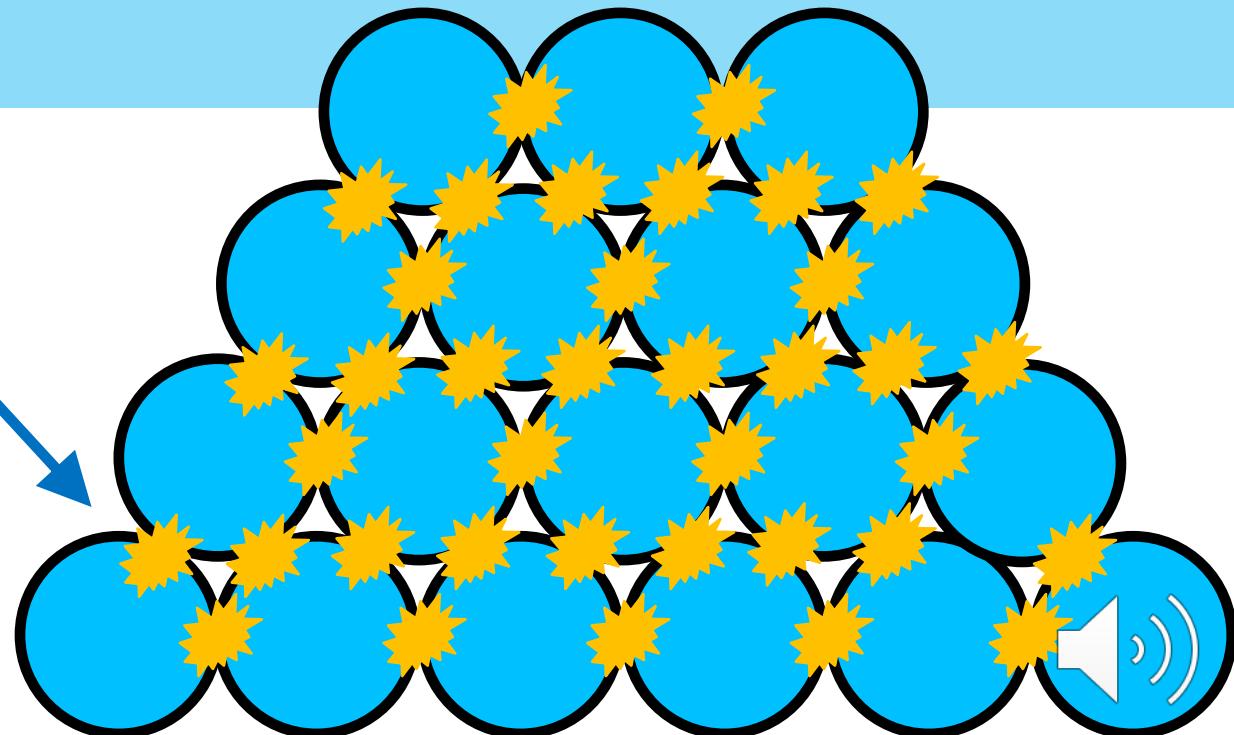
### Constraints

$$\alpha_i \geq 0$$

$$\mathbf{n}_i^T (\mathbf{J}_B(\mathbf{y}) \dot{\mathbf{q}}_B^{t+1} - \mathbf{J}_A(\mathbf{y}) \dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^{t+1}) \geq 0$$

$$\mathbf{n}_i^T (\mathbf{J}_B(\mathbf{y}) \dot{\mathbf{q}}_B^{t+1} - \mathbf{J}_A(\mathbf{y}) \dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^{t+1}) \perp \alpha_i$$

Look Here !



# Solving the Contact Problem Iteratively

$$\dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^{t+1} = \dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^* + \Delta t \mathbf{M}_A^{-1} \mathbf{f}_i^A + \alpha_i \Delta t \mathbf{M}_A^{-1} \mathbf{g}_i^A$$

$$\dot{\mathbf{q}}_B^{t+1} = \dot{\mathbf{q}}_B^* + \Delta t \mathbf{M}_B^{-1} \mathbf{f}_i^B + \alpha_i \Delta t \mathbf{M}_B^{-1} \mathbf{g}_i^B$$

$$\mathbf{n}_i^T (\mathbf{J}_B(\mathbf{y}) \dot{\mathbf{q}}_B^{t+1} - \mathbf{J}_A(\mathbf{y}) \dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^{t+1})$$

$$(\mathbf{g}_i^B)^T \dot{\mathbf{q}}_B^{t+1} + (\mathbf{g}_i^A)^T \dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^{t+1}$$

$$\Delta t \left[ (\mathbf{g}_i^B)^T \mathbf{M}_B^{-1} \mathbf{g}_i^B + (\mathbf{g}_i^A)^T \mathbf{M}_A^{-1} \mathbf{g}_i^A \right] \alpha_i + (\mathbf{g}_i^B)^T (\dot{\mathbf{q}}_B^* + \Delta t \mathbf{M}_B^{-1} \mathbf{f}_i^B) + (\mathbf{g}_i^A)^T (\dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^* + \Delta t \mathbf{M}_A^{-1} \mathbf{f}_i^A)$$

$\delta_i$

$\gamma_i$



# Solving the Contact Problem Iteratively

## Dynamics Equations

$$\dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^{t+1} = \dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^* + \Delta t \mathbf{M}_A^{-1} \mathbf{f}_i^A + \alpha_i \Delta t \mathbf{M}_A^{-1} \mathbf{g}_i^A$$

$$\dot{\mathbf{q}}_B^{t+1} = \dot{\mathbf{q}}_B^* + \Delta t \mathbf{M}_B^{-1} \mathbf{f}_i^B + \alpha_i \Delta t \mathbf{M}_B^{-1} \mathbf{g}_i^B$$

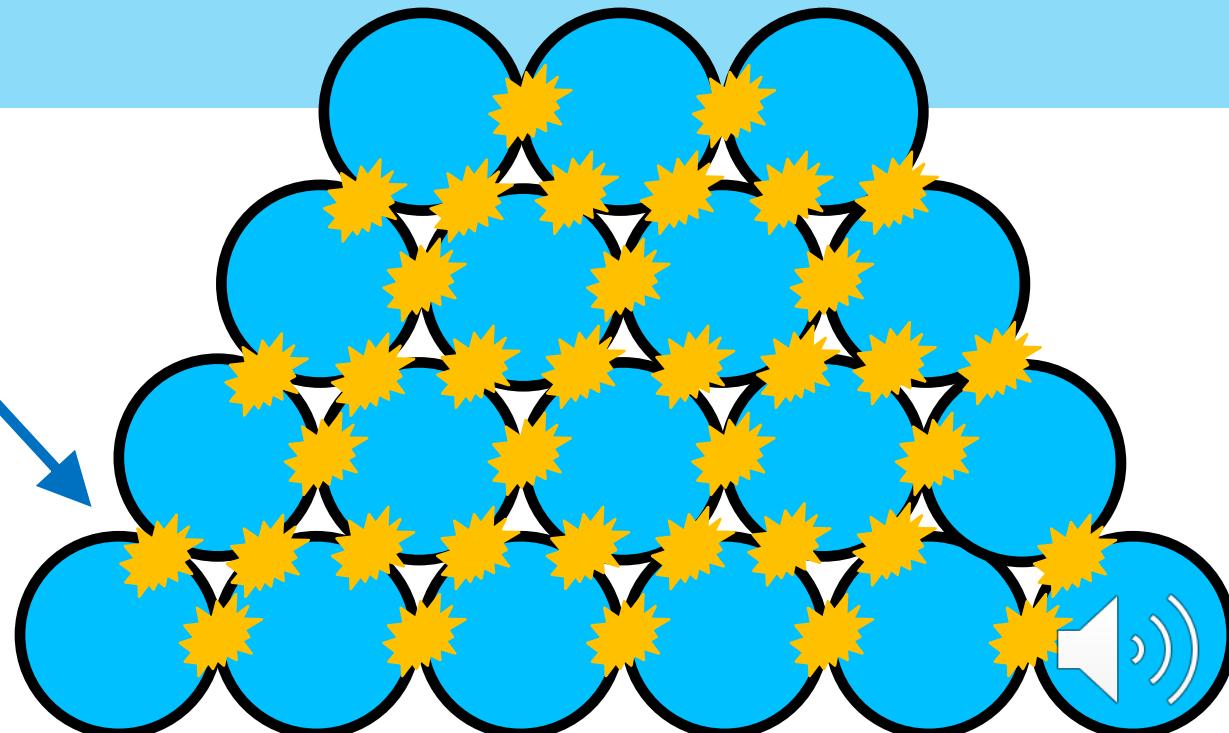
### Constraints

$$\alpha_i \geq 0$$

$$\mathbf{n}_i^T (\mathbf{J}_B(\mathbf{y}) \dot{\mathbf{q}}_B^{t+1} - \mathbf{J}_A(\mathbf{y}) \dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^{t+1}) \geq 0$$

$$\mathbf{n}_i^T (\mathbf{J}_B(\mathbf{y}) \dot{\mathbf{q}}_B^{t+1} - \mathbf{J}_A(\mathbf{y}) \dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^{t+1}) \perp \alpha_i$$

Look Here !



# Solving the Contact Problem Iteratively

## Dynamics Equations

$$\dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^{t+1} = \dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^* + \Delta t \mathbf{M}_A^{-1} \mathbf{f}_i^A + \alpha_i \Delta t \mathbf{M}_A^{-1} \mathbf{g}_i^A$$

$$\dot{\mathbf{q}}_B^{t+1} = \dot{\mathbf{q}}_B^* + \Delta t \mathbf{M}_B^{-1} \mathbf{f}_i^B + \alpha_i \Delta t \mathbf{M}_B^{-1} \mathbf{g}_i^B$$

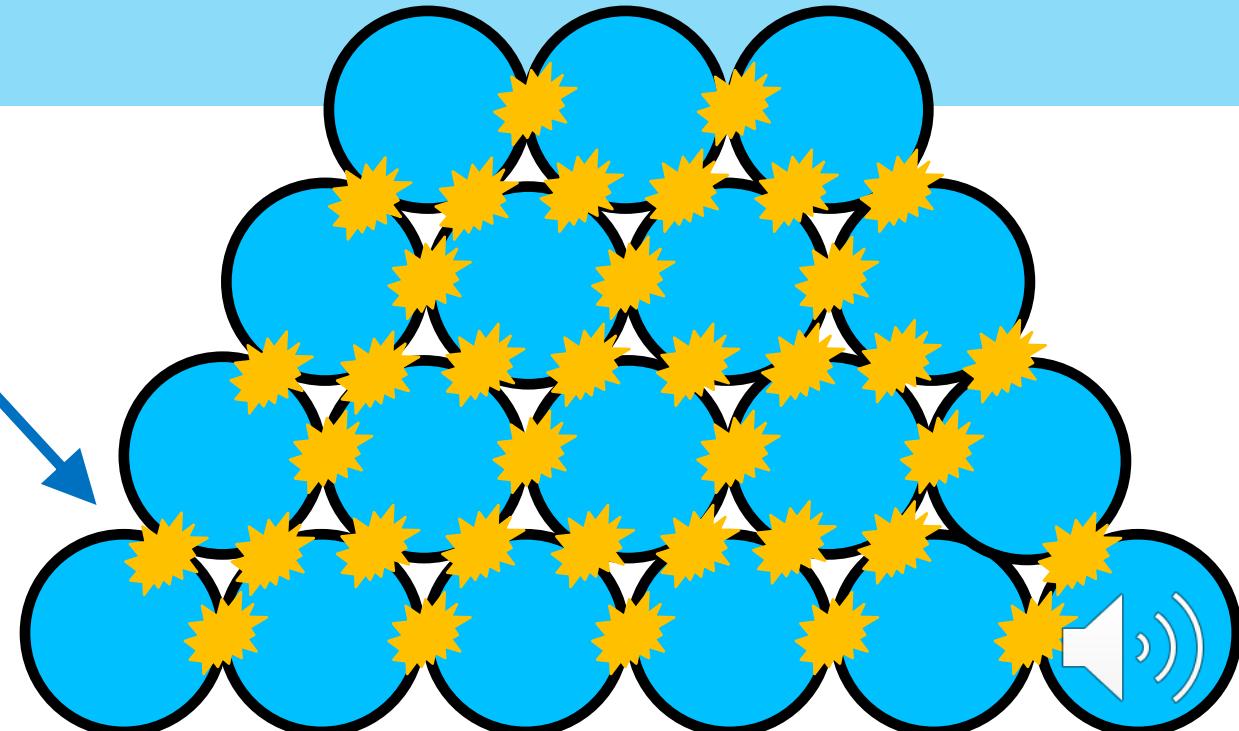
### Constraints

$$\alpha_i \geq 0$$

$$\delta_i \alpha_i + \gamma_i \geq 0$$

$$\delta_i \alpha_i + \gamma \perp \alpha_i$$

Look Here !

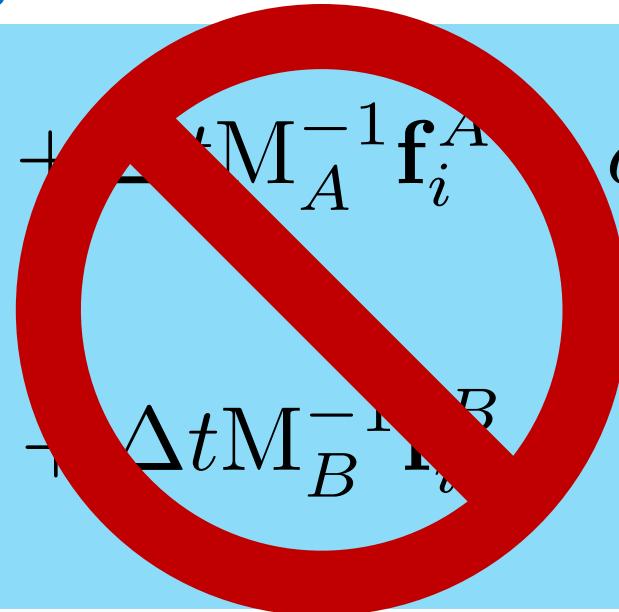


# Solving the Single Point Contact Problem

## Dynamics Equations

$$\dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^{t+1} = \dot{\mathbf{q}}_A^* + \Delta t \mathbf{M}_A^{-1} \mathbf{f}_i^A - \alpha_i \Delta t \mathbf{M}_A^{-1} \mathbf{g}_i^A$$

$$\dot{\mathbf{q}}_B^{t+1} = \dot{\mathbf{q}}_B^* + \Delta t \mathbf{M}_B^{-1} \mathbf{f}_i^B - \alpha_i \Delta t \mathbf{M}_B^{-1} \mathbf{g}_i^B$$



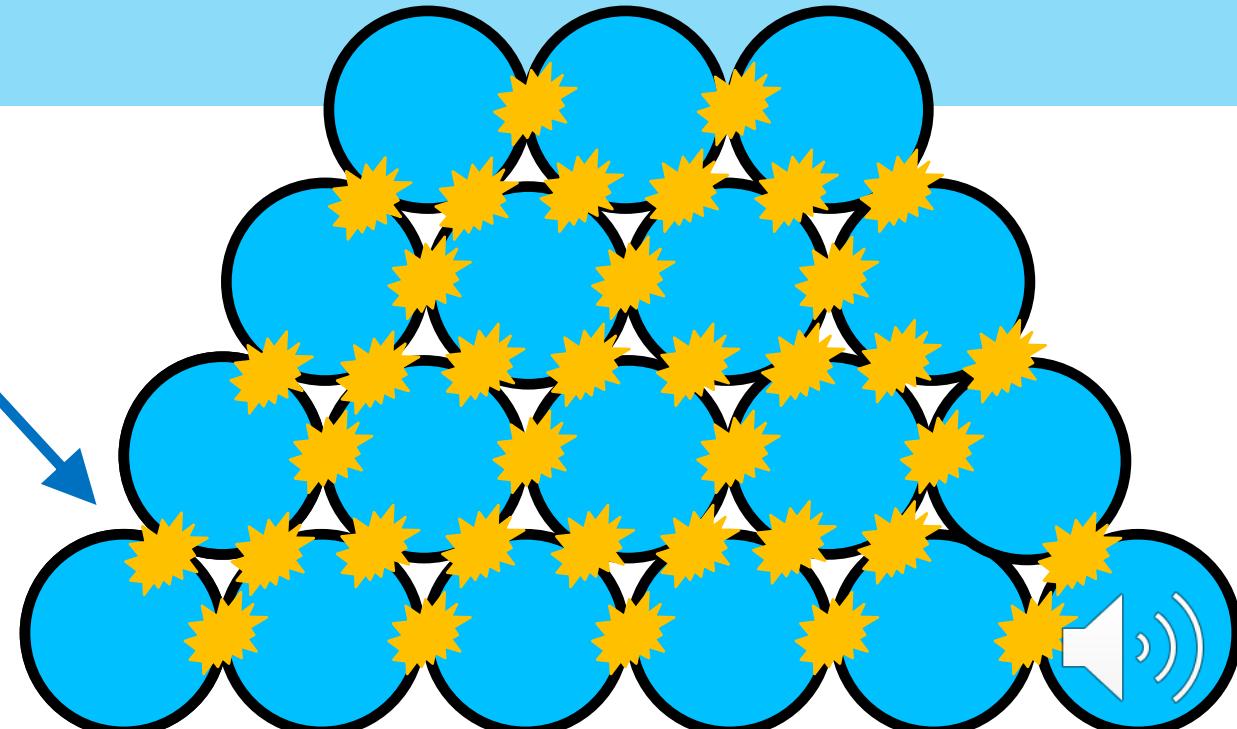
## Constraints

$$\alpha_i \geq 0$$

$$\delta_i \alpha_i + \gamma_i \geq 0$$

$$\delta_i \alpha_i + \gamma_i \perp \alpha_i$$

Look Here !



# Solving the Single Point Contact Problem

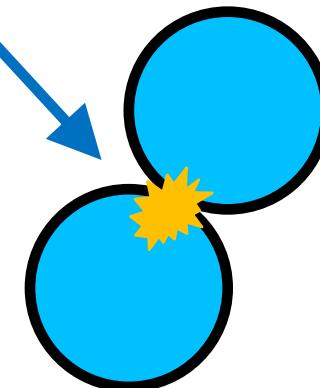
## Constraints

$$\alpha_i \geq 0$$

$$\delta_i \alpha_i + \gamma_i \geq 0$$

$$\delta_i \alpha_i + \gamma_i \perp \alpha_i$$

Look Here !



Assume  $\delta_i \alpha_i + \gamma_i = 0 \rightarrow \alpha_i = \frac{-\gamma_i}{\delta_i}$

$\alpha_i \geq 0$

Yes

$$\begin{aligned}\delta_i \alpha_i + \gamma_i &= 0 \\ \delta_i \alpha_i + \gamma_i &\perp \alpha_i\end{aligned}$$

$\alpha_i = 0$

No

$$\begin{aligned}\delta_i \alpha_i + \gamma_i &\geq 0 ? \\ \delta_i \alpha_i + \gamma_i &\perp \alpha_i\end{aligned}$$

# Solving the Single Point Contact Problem

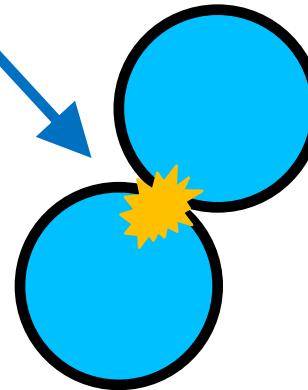
## Constraints

$$\alpha_i \geq 0$$

$$\delta_i \alpha_i + \gamma_i \geq 0$$

$$\delta_i \alpha_i + \gamma_i \perp \alpha_i$$

Look Here !



If  $\alpha_i = \frac{-\gamma_i}{\delta_i} < 0$  then  $\gamma_i > 0$

So if we set  $\alpha_i = 0$  then  $\delta_i \alpha_i + \gamma_i = \gamma_i > 0$



# Solving the Single Point Contact Problem

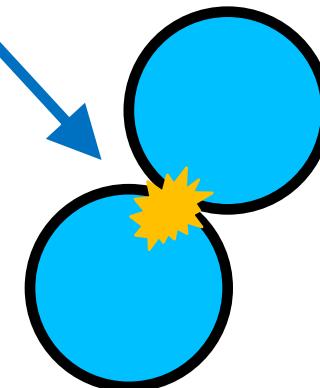
## Constraints

$$\alpha_i \geq 0$$

$$\delta_i \alpha_i + \gamma_i \geq 0$$

$$\delta_i \alpha_i + \gamma_i \perp \alpha_i$$

Look Here !



Assume  $\delta_i \alpha_i + \gamma_i = 0 \rightarrow \alpha_i = \frac{-\gamma_i}{\delta_i}$

$\alpha_i \geq 0$

Yes

$$\begin{aligned}\delta_i \alpha_i + \gamma_i &= 0 \\ \delta_i \alpha_i + \gamma_i &\perp \alpha_i\end{aligned}$$

$\alpha_i = 0$

No

$$\begin{aligned}\delta_i \alpha_i + \gamma_i &\geq 0 ? \\ \delta_i \alpha_i + \gamma_i &\perp \alpha_i\end{aligned}$$

# Solving the Single Point Contact Problem

## Constraints

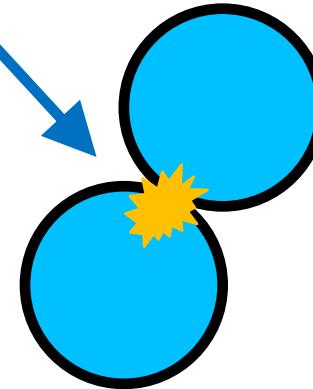
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$$\alpha_i \geq 0$$

$$\delta_i \alpha_i + \gamma_i \geq 0$$

$$\delta_i \alpha_i + \gamma_i \perp \alpha_i$$

Look Here !



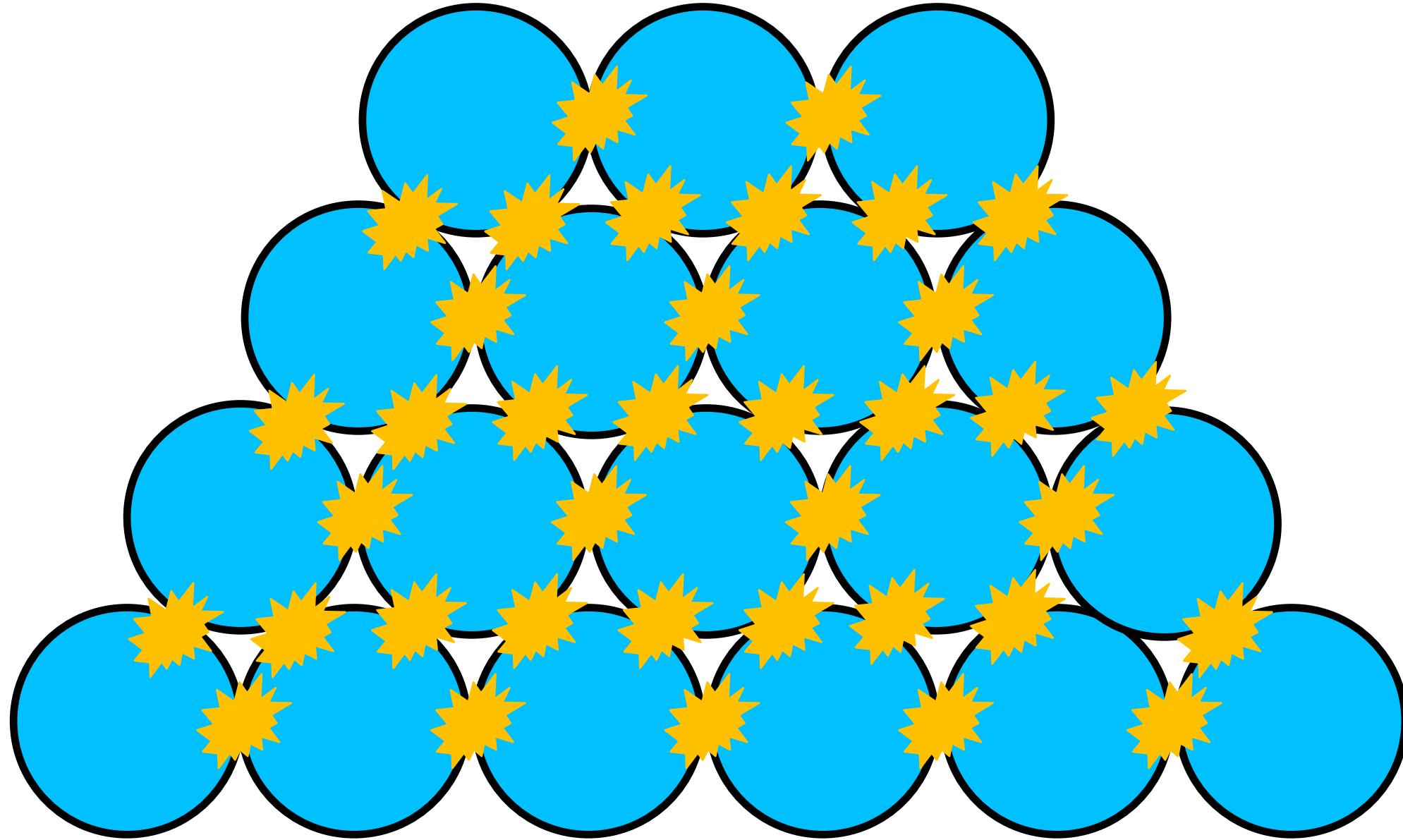
## Solution

---

$$\alpha_i = \max\left(\frac{-\gamma_i}{\delta_i}, 0\right)$$



# Solving the Contact Problem Iteratively



# Solving the Contact Problem Iteratively

Compute  $\dot{\mathbf{q}}^*$  for all rigid bodies in the scene

$$k = 0 \quad (\alpha_0)$$

$$\alpha = 0 \quad (\alpha_1)$$

$$\alpha = 0 \quad (\alpha_2)$$

While constraints still violated or maximum iterations not reached

$$k \doteq k + 1$$

For  $i = 1$  to number of contacts

Compute  $\delta_i$  and  $\gamma_i$  using  $\alpha$

$$\alpha_i = \text{proj}_{\alpha} \left( \frac{\alpha}{\delta_i}, 0 \right)$$

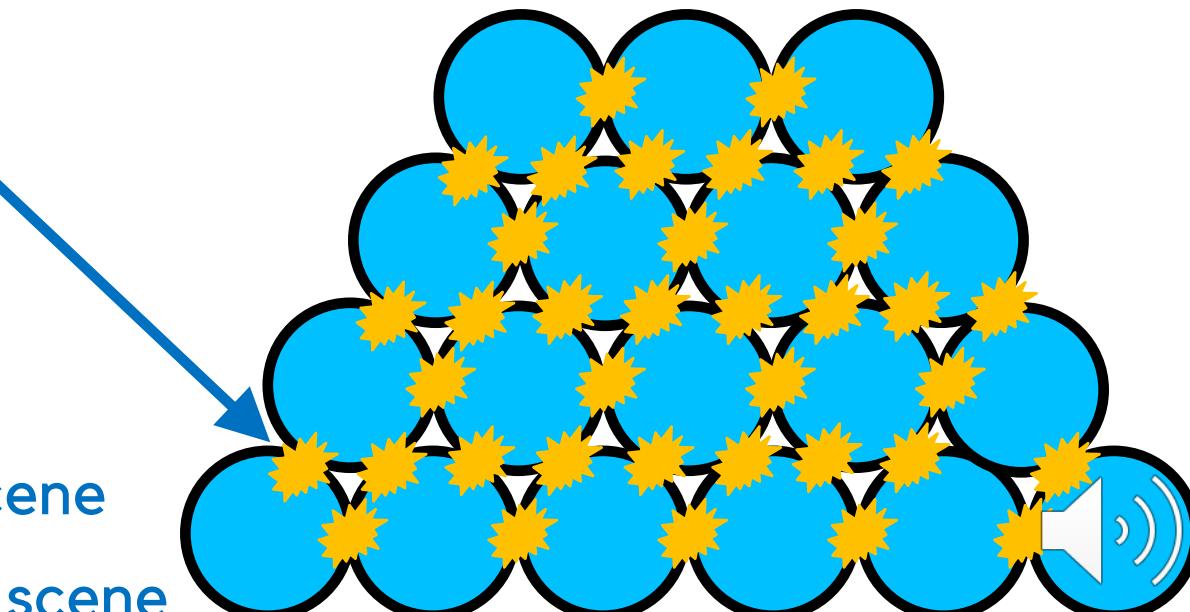
Done

Done

Compute  $\dot{\mathbf{q}}^{t+1}$  for all rigid bodies in the scene

Update positions for all rigid bodies in the scene

In-Place Update



# Projected Gauss-Seidel

Compute  $\dot{\mathbf{q}}^*$  for all rigid bodies in the scene

$$k = 0$$

$$\alpha = 0$$

While constraints still violated or maximum iterations not reached

$$k = k + 1$$

For  $i = 1$  to number of contacts

Compute  $\delta_i$  and  $\gamma_i$  using  $\alpha$

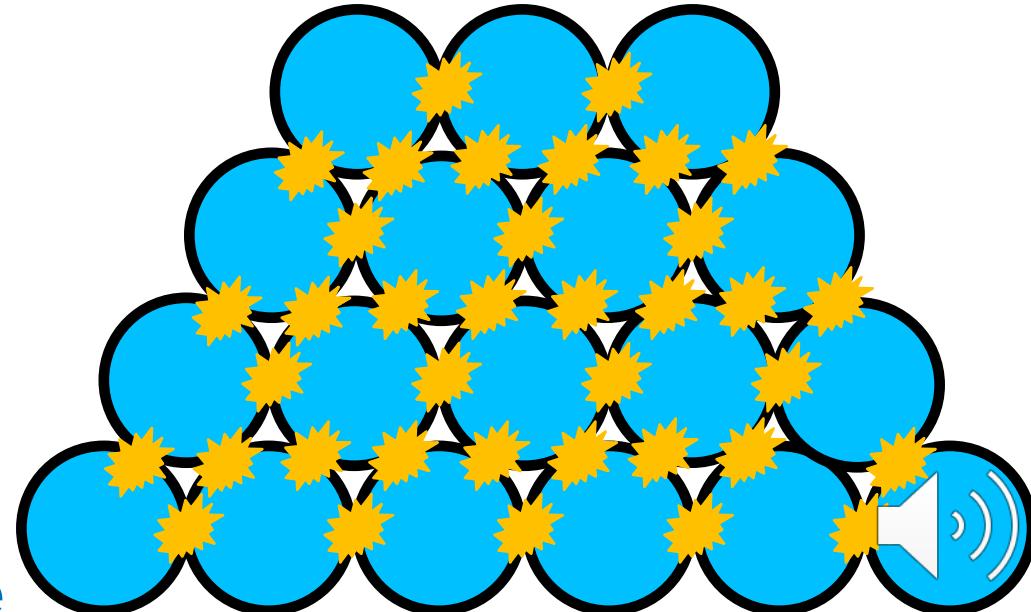
$$\alpha_i = \max\left(\frac{-\gamma_i}{\delta_i}, 0\right)$$

Done

Done

Compute  $\dot{\mathbf{q}}^{t+1}$  for all rigid bodies in the scene

Update positions for all rigid bodies in the scene





libigl viewer

▼ Viewer X

▼ Workspace

Load Save

▼ Mesh

Load Save

▼ Viewing Options

Center object

Snap canonical view

1.000 Zoom

Two Axes Camera Type

Orthographic view

▼ Draw Options

Face-based

Show texture

Invert normals

Show overlay

Show overlay depth

Background

Line color

35.000 Shininess

▼ Overlays

Wireframe

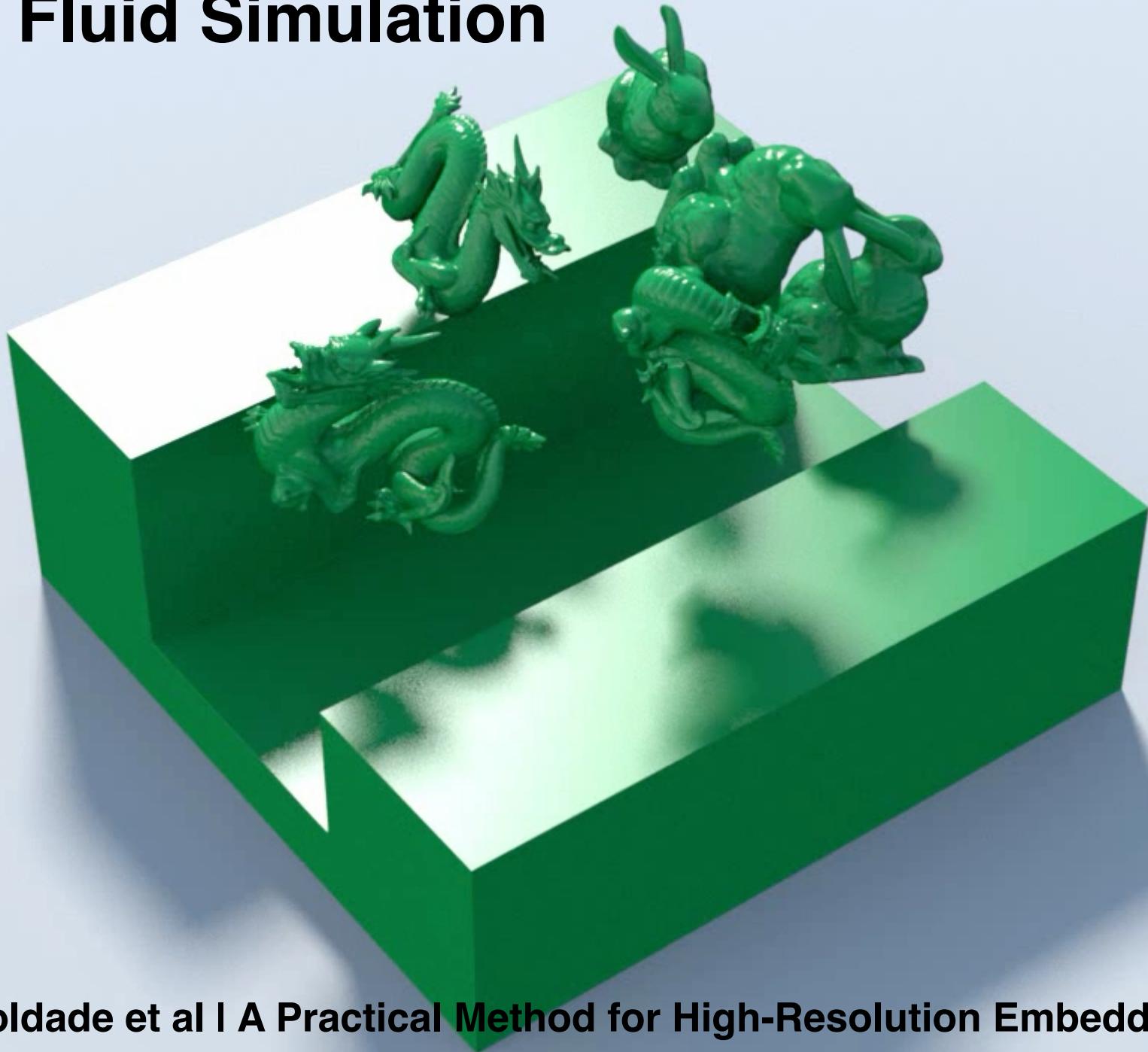
Fill

Show vertex labels

Show faces labels



# Next Video: Fluid Simulation



Goldade et al | A Practical Method for High-Resolution Embedded Liquid Surfaces