```
1 def main():
       ## We are going to use raw input so we can have some interaction with player of game
 3
       ## The " > " is just there for decorations, try using other characters.
 4
 5
       ## 1 - Getting your name
 6
       print(raw input("What's your name? > "))
 7
       ## Now run it, after you type your name, it prints it on the next line.
       ## 1.2 - Refined
9
10
       ## Comment out line 6 by putting # where the code the line starts
11
12
       ## Uncomment lines 17 and 23
13
14
       ## player name is a variable, it is created to store objects like strings, numbers
15
       ## Remember to give variables memorable names or else when you review your code
       ## you don't know what it is used for.
16
17
       #player_name = raw_input("What's your name? >")
18
19
       ## This is called string formatting. The {} tells Python that there is something to
20
       ## be substituted.
       ## The string (in between quotes) calls a built-in function called format.
21
22
       ## The number of {} will determine the number of items in between format()
       #print("Your name is {}".format(player_name))
23
24
25
       ## Now uncomment line 28
26
       ##
       ## Some neat tricks with string manipulations:-
27
       ## This turns your string all to uppercase
28
29
       #print("Your name is {}".format(player_name.upper()))
30
31
       ## Open your Python interpreter, try the following
32
       ## Remember, in terminal, when you type Python and hit return, you should see >>>
33
       ## >>> player name = "bob"
34
       ## >>> print("Your name is {}".format(player_name.upper()))
35
       ##
36
       ## Try other string built-in functions.
37
       ## Find it in Python docs by
38
       ## 1) https://www.python.org/
       ## 2) Click on Docs
39
       ## 3) Click on "Library Reference"
40
       ## 4) Look for "Text Sequence Type - str" and read up the various functions (or methods)
41
42
             and experiment in your Python interpretor.
43
       ## Don't be afraid to your your Python interpreter, we use it all the time to test and try
44
45
       ## out everything. Most Python code you right, you should be able to test in the interpreter.
46
47 if __name__ == '__main__':
48
       main()
```