1/24/2018 HW1

1.ML paper review

(a)

- (i). The inputs are radiomic features (gadolinium T1WI, T2WI, and FLAIR). The data is from braintumor MR imaging performed 9 months (orlater) post-radiochemotherapy performed by 2 institutions.
- (ii). They are trying to distinguish radiation necrosis from recurrent brain tumors.
- (iii). 2 classes. One is radiation necrosis and the other is recurrence necrosis.
- (iv). 58. 43 for training and 15 for testing.
- (v). They compared the outcomes of the SVM algorithms with the diagnosis of 2 professional neuroradiologists. The SVM is more accurate.

(b)

- a) The inputs are 129450 clinical images and their labels(different kind of diseases). The data comes from different online respositories and Stanford University Medical Center, together with a pre-trained Google Architecture.
- b) They try to distinguish different kinds of diseases based on the images.
- c) 9.
- d) 129450. 127463 for training and 1942 for testing.
- e) They evaluated the performance by comparing the accuracy and variation of the model's performance with dermatologists' results. For the biopsy-proven part, they evaluated performance by testing the accuracy, sensitivity, and compared it with the performance of the dematologists'.
- 2. Scalar Data Types
 - Categorical: c), d), h)

- Ordinal: b), g)
- Interval: e)
- Ratio: a), f), i)

3. Vector representation of Binary variables

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$$tr(Z) = \sum_i z_i^X$$

- $\frac{1}{N}tr(Z) = \frac{\sum_i z_i^X}{N}$
- $Z^{XY}=Z^X*Z^Y$ represents the vector of the samples which both statement X and Y are true.
- ullet $Z^X \cdot Z^Y$ represents the sum of cases in the samples when both statement X and Y are true.
- $\frac{1}{N}(tr(Z^X) tr(Z^{XY}))$
- $tr(Z^X) + tr(Z^Y) tr(Z^X * Z^Y)$
- $tr(Z^X) + tr(Z^Y) 2tr(Z^X * Z^Y)$

4. Matrix and Index Notation:

(a)
$$Y = X\Theta + \mathcal{E}$$

(b)
$$\frac{1}{N}(Y-X\Theta)^T(Y-X\Theta)$$

(c)
$$rac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{i=N} (y_i - \sum_{d=1}^{d=D} x_{i,d} heta_d)^2$$

(d)
$$rac{\partial E}{\partial heta_d} = 0 \Leftrightarrow -2\sum_{i=1}^{i=N} (y_i - \sum_{d=1}^{d=D} x_{i,d} heta_d) x_{i,d} = 0$$

(e)
$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial \Theta} = 0 \Leftrightarrow \frac{\partial (Y - X\Theta)^T (Y - X\Theta)}{\partial \Theta} \Leftrightarrow X^T X \Theta = X^T Y$$

5. Matrix and Index Notation II:

(a)
$$Y = XW^T + \mathcal{E}$$

(b)
$$\frac{1}{NK}tr((Y-XW^T)^T(Y-XW^T))$$

(c)
$$rac{1}{NK}\sum_{k=1}^{k=K}\sum_{i=1}^{i=N}(y_{i,k}-\sum_{d=1}^{d=D}x_{i,d}w_{k,d})^2$$

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(d)
$$rac{\partial E}{\partial w_{k,d}}=0\Leftrightarrow -2\sum_{i=1}^{i=N}(y_{i,k}-\sum_{d=1}^{d=D}x_{i,d}w_{k,d})x_{i,d}=0$$

(e)
$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial W} = 0 \Leftrightarrow X^T X W^T = X^T Y$$