

CS2263

Lab 2

February 1st, 2024

UNB Fredericton

Class Code: Cs2263

Document: Lab 2

Student Name: Will Ross #3734692

Due Date: February 1st, 2024

Exercise 1

```
Source Code:
/* p1.c */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int g1(int a, int b)
  int c = (a + b) * b;
  printf("g1:\na = \%d\nb = \%d\nc = \%d\n", a, b, c);
  printf("g1:\naddress of a = \%p\naddress of b = \%p\naddress of c = \%p\n", &a, &b, &c);
  return c;
}
int g2(int a, int b)
  int c = g1(a + 3, b - 11);
  printf("g2:\na = \%d\nb = \%d\nc = \%d\n", a, b, c);
  printf("g2:\naddress of a = \%p\naddress of b = \%p\naddress of c = \%p\n",&a,&b,&c);
  return c - b;
}
int main(int argc, char * * argv)
{
  int a = 5;
  int b = 17;
  int c = g2(a - 1, b * 2);
  printf("main:\na = \%d\nb = \%d\nc = \%d\n", a, b, c);
  printf("main:\naddress of a = \%p\naddress of b = \%p\naddress of c = \%p\n", &a,&b,&c);
  return EXIT_SUCCESS;
```

Output:

```
main: address of a = 0x7ffd0659d33c, address of b = 0x7ffd0659d338, address o
f c = 0x7ffd0659d334
[q3d5k@gc112m37 Lab2]$ cd "/home1/ugrads/q3d5k/Cs2263/Labs/Lab2/" && gcc p1.c
 -o pl && "/home1/ugrads/q3d5k/Cs2263/Labs/Lab2/"pl
g1:
ã = 7
b = 23
c = 690
g1:
address of a = 0x7fff05ada89c
address of b = 0x7fff05ada898
address of c = 0x7fff05ada8ac
g2:
ā = 4
b = 34
c = 690
g2:
address of a = 0x7fff05ada8cc
address of b = 0x7fff05ada8c8
address of c = 0x7fff05ada8dc
main:
a = 5
b = 17
c = 656
main:
address of a = 0x7fff05ada90c
address of b = 0x7fff05ada908
address of c = 0x7fff05ada904
[q3d5k@gc112m37 Lab2]$ [
```

Questions:

Are the values of the variables printed from your program the same as obtained by your colleagues? Why?

Yes, the values are the same due to the values being gathered by our program and not hardware dependent.

- Are the addresses printed from your program the same as obtained by your colleagues? Why?

They are different from my colleagues due to c being a hardware dependent programming language and will set different variables to different memory locations.

- Are the addresses printed for the variables used in the function g1 higher or lower than the addresses printed from the function g2? Why?

In G1 the addresses printed are lower in G1 compared to G2 due to the program when assigning variables to memory addresses, G1 has smaller memory address than G2 because G1 will be higher in the program.

Exercise 2

Output 2.1:

G1 bt

G2 bt

```
Using host libthread_db library "/lib64/libthread_db.so.1".

Breakpoint 2, g2 (a=4, b=34) at p1.c:14

14          int c = g1(a + 3, b - 11);

Missing separate debuginfos, use: dnf debuginfo-install glibc-2.34-60.el9_2.7

.x86_64
(gdb) bt

#0 g2 (a=4, b=34) at p1.c:14

#1 0x00000000000000000121c in main (argc=1, argv=0x7fffffffdd48) at p1.c:24
```

Output 2.1:

Info frame 0,1,2

```
(gdb) info frame 0
Stack frame at 0x7fffffffdbe0:
 rip = 0x401134 in g1 (p1.c:6); saved rip = 0x4011a5
 called by frame at 0x7fffffffdc10
 source lánguage c.
 Arglist at 0x7fffffffdbd0, args: a=7, b=23
 Locals at 0x7fffffffdbd0, Previous frame's sp is 0x7fffffffdbe0
 Saved registers: rbp at 0x7fffffffdbd0, rip at 0x7fffffffdbd8
(gdb) info frame 1
Stack frame at 0x7fffffffdc10:
rip = 0x4011a5 in g2 (pl.c:14); saved rip = 0x40121c
called by frame at 0x7fffffffdc40, caller of frame at 0x7fffffffdbe0
 source language c.
Arglist at 0x7fffffffdc00, args: a=4, b=34
Locals at 0x7fffffffdc00, Previous frame's sp is 0x7fffffffdc10
 Saved registers:
rbp at 0x7fffffffdc00, rip at 0x7fffffffdc08
(gdb) info frame 2
Stack frame at 0x7fffffffdc40:
 rip = 0x40121c in main (p1.c:24); saved rip = 0x7ffff7c3feb0 caller of frame at 0x7fffffffdc10
 source language c.
Arglist at 0x7fffffffdc30, args: argc=1, argv=0x7fffffffdd48
Locals at 0x7fffffffdc30, Previous frame's sp is 0x7ffffffdc40
 Saved registers:
  rbp at 0x7fffffffdc30, rip at 0x7fffffffdc38
```

Info frame

```
For help, type "help".
Type "apropos word" to search for commands related to "word"...
Reading symbols from ./pl...
(gdb) b g1
Breakpoint 1 at 0x401134: file pl.c, line 6.
(gdb) b g2
Breakpoint 2 at 0x401190: file pl.c, line 14.
(gdb) cont
The program is not being run.
(gdb) run
Starting program: /homel/ugrads/q3d5k/Cs2263/Labs/Lab2/pl [Thread debugging using libthread_db enabled]
Using host libthread_db library "/lib64/libthread_db.so.1".
Breakpoint 2, g2 (a=4, b=34) at p1.c:14
14 int c = g1(a + 3, b - 11);
Missing separate debuginfos, use: dnf debuginfo-install glibc-2.34-60.el9_2.7
.x86_64
(gdb) info frame
Stack level 0, frame at 0x7fffffffdc10:

rip = 0x401190 in g2 (p1.c:14); saved rip = 0x40121c

called by frame at 0x7fffffffdc40
 source language c.
Arglist at 0x7fffffffdc00, args: a=4, b=34
Locals at 0x7fffffffdc00, Previous frame's sp is 0x7fffffffdc10
Saved registers:
rbp at 0x7ffffffffdc00, rip at 0x7fffffffdc08
(gdb) ■
```

Are the stack addresses of each frame related to the addresses of the variables a, b and c printed from functions main, g1 and g2?

No, they are not the same as the functions from g1 and g2

Show a memory map indicating the boundaries of each frame and the storage locations used by each variable

Memory Map

Telemony telap			
Frame	Symbol	Address	Value
g1	а	0x7ffffffdbbc	7
g1	b	0x7ffffffdbb8	23
g1	С	0x7ffffffdbcc	690
g1	return	0x7ffffffdbd8	0x4011a5
g2	а	0x7ffffffdbbc	4
g2	b	0x7ffffffdbe8	34
g2	С	0x7ffffffdbfc	690
g2	return	0x7fffffffdc08	0x40121c
main	а	0x7ffffffdc2c	5
main	b	0x7fffffffdc28	17
main	С	0x7fffffffdc24	656
main	return	0x7fffffffdc38	0x7ffff7c3feb0

Info frame G1

Info frame G2

Info frame main

Exercise 3

```
Source Code:
#include <stdio.h>

int calcTrib(int n) {
    printf("%d\n", n);
    return n;
}

int main(void){
    int numOfValues = 20, num1 = 0, num2 = 0, num3 = 1, num4 = 0;
    for(int i = 0; i < numOfValues; i++){</pre>
```

```
if(i % 2 == 0){
    //printf("%d\n", num1);
    calcTrib(num1);
}
num4 = num1 + num2 + num3;
num1 = num2;
num2 = num3;
num3 = num4;
}
```

Output

Test results

```
cd "/homel/ugrads/q3d5k/Cs2263/Labs/Lab2/" && gcc [q3d5k@gc112m37 Lab2]$ cd "
/homel/ugrads/q3d5k/Cs2263/Labs/Lab2/" && gcc tempCodeRunnerFile.c -o tempCod
eRunnerFile && "/homel/ugrads/q3d5k/Cs2263/Labs/Lab2/"tempCodeRunnerFile
0
1
2
7
24
81
274
927
3136
10609
[q3d5k@gc112m37 Lab2]$
```

Note I complied this later to show that it is the same memory address ^

breakpoints