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HEAVY HAUL SEMINAR



Extending Rail Life in Heavy Haul Railroads:

The Role of Elastic Components in Track
Performance
Merhab
MRS Logistics



JUNE 10-12,
2025

WRI2025 HH



My journey (18 + years...)



Career development

- Be resilient
- Embrace adaptation
- Share lessons learned
- View mistakes as opportunities to learn



Norsk Hydro
Aluminum industry



University of Sao Paulo
Railroad research



International Heavy Haul Association
Railroad industry



MRS Logistics
Railroad industry



About MRS Logistics

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Railroad operating in a region that generates nearly half of Brazil's GDP.

- Connecting the key states of Minas Gerais, Rio de Janeiro, and São Paulo.
- Direct access to Brazil's main ports
- Track network: 1.643 km
- Typical train: 2 locomotives and 136 wagons



20.000
WAGONS

680

LOCOMOTIVES OF ALL BRAZILIAN
EXPORTS

Heavy Haul

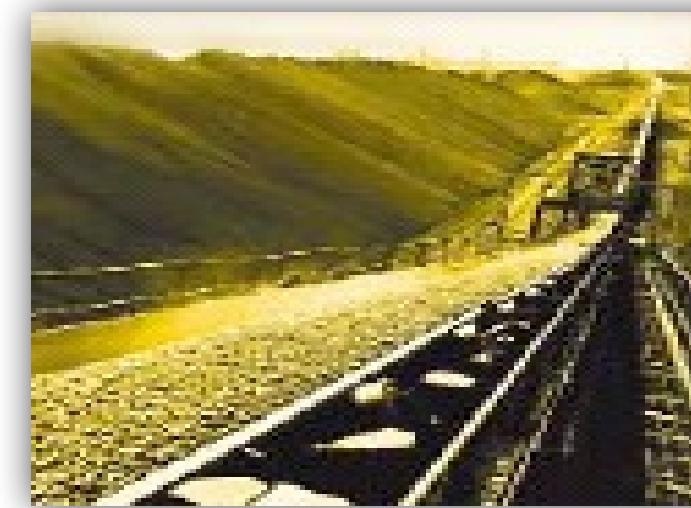
8 products

General cargo

85 products

+ 80

Terminals



Iron Ore



Chemical



Pig Iron



Soy bean



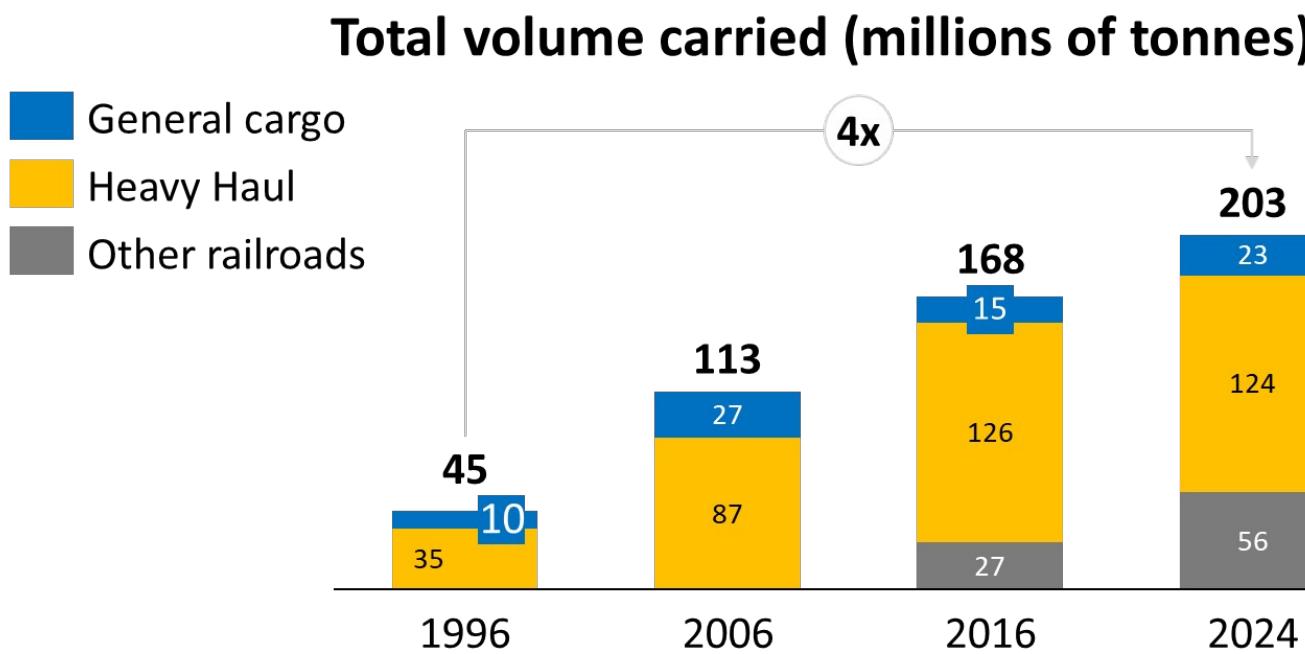
Container



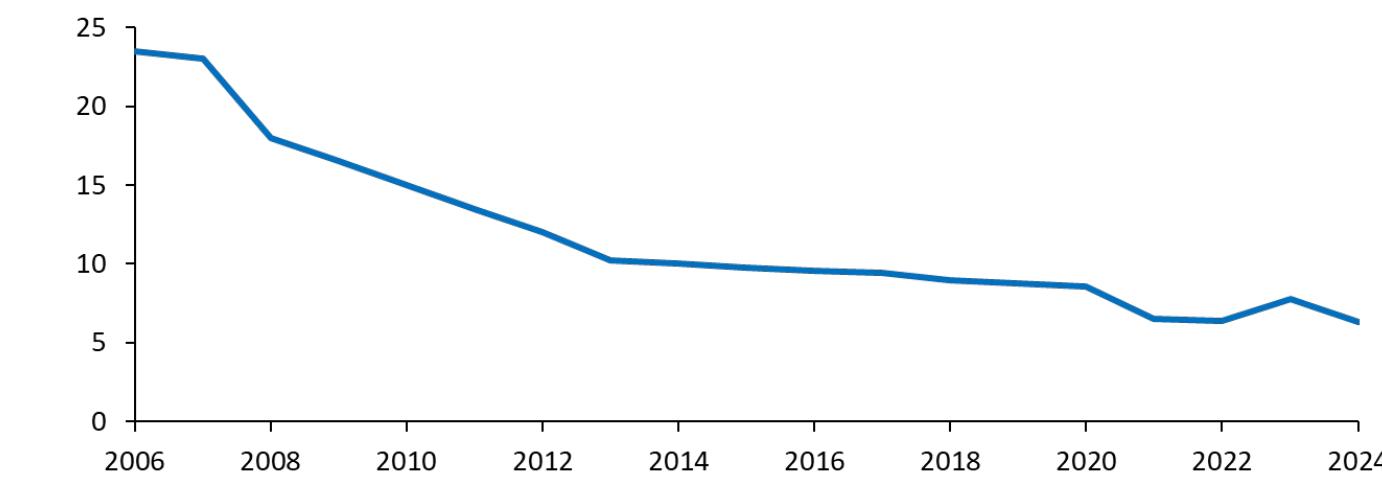
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About MRS Logistics

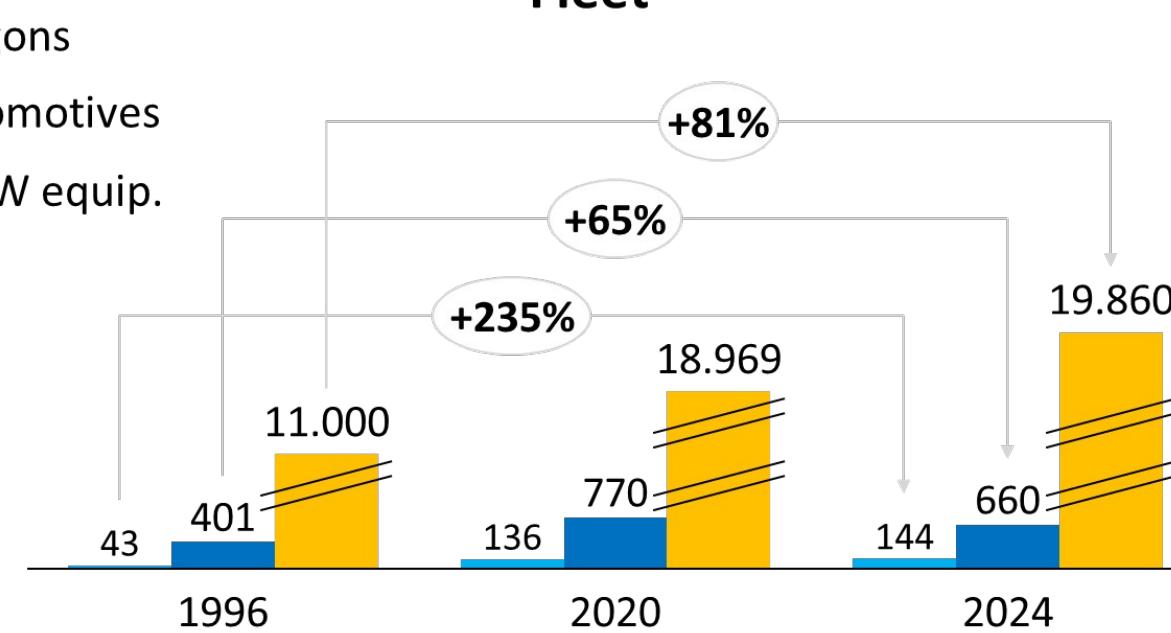
HEAVY HAUL SEMINAR



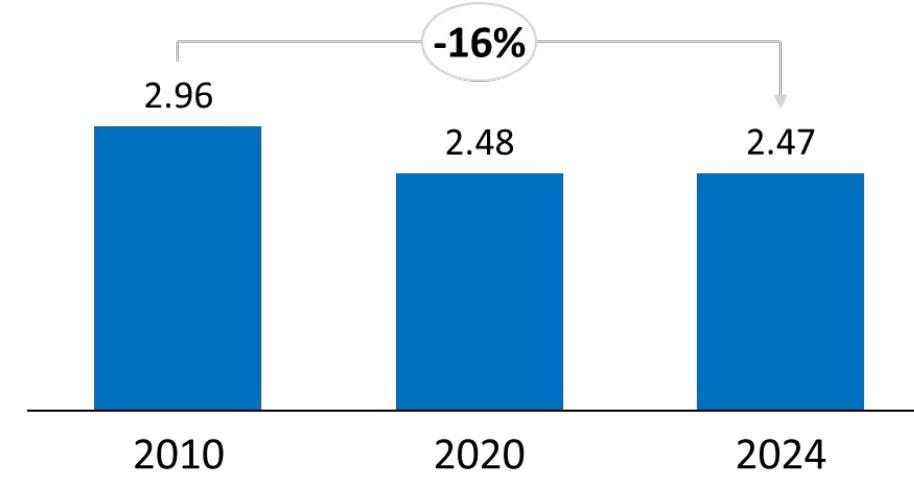
Number of Accidents per millions of trains



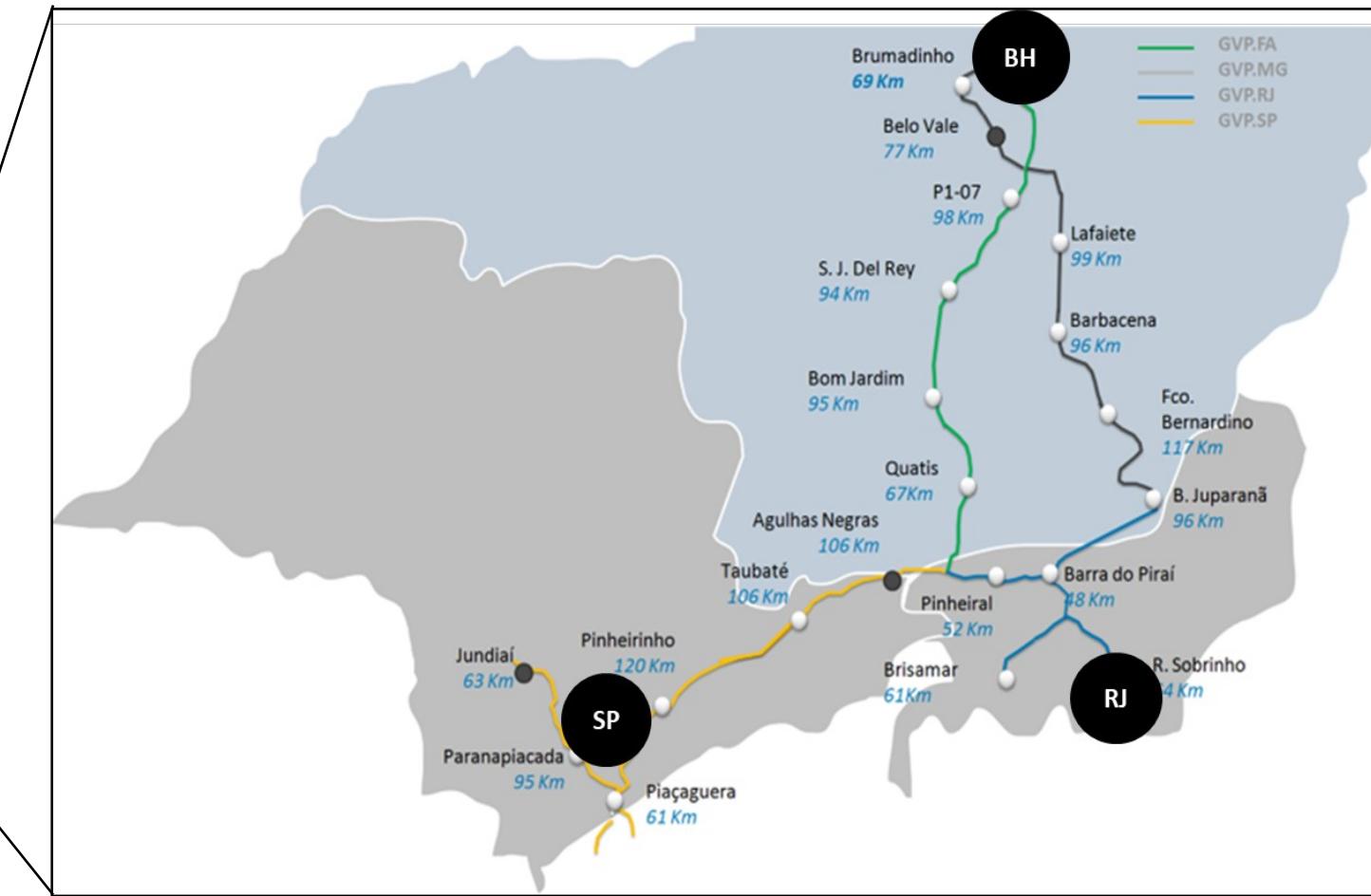
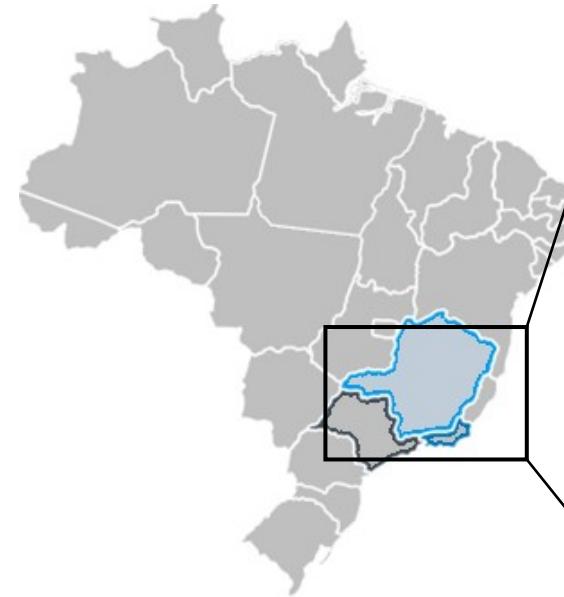
Fleet



Energy Efficiency (liters/kTKB)



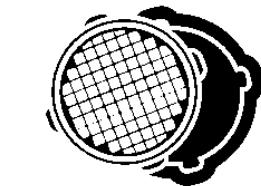
Operational challenges



Within the most populated region: 80 million people



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4.200
Culverts



5.814
Cuts and Fills



1.000
Crossings



631
Railway bridges



141⁶
Tunnels



180 MGT
Max. Grade 1,2%
Radius min. 3°
Built: 1989



200 MGT
Max. grade 2,2%
Radius min. 9°
Built: 1880



12 MGT
Max. grade 11,8%
Radius min. 8°
Built: 1960

Challenges and current projects



Operations

- Duplicate the train size to 272 wagon
- Increase speed by 25%
- Increase the axle loads: 32,5 to 36 tonnes



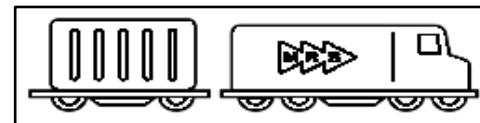
Track

- Implement predictive maintenance
- Track renewal program
 - Ballast Cleaning, Drainage Recovery, and 1M+ Tie Replacements

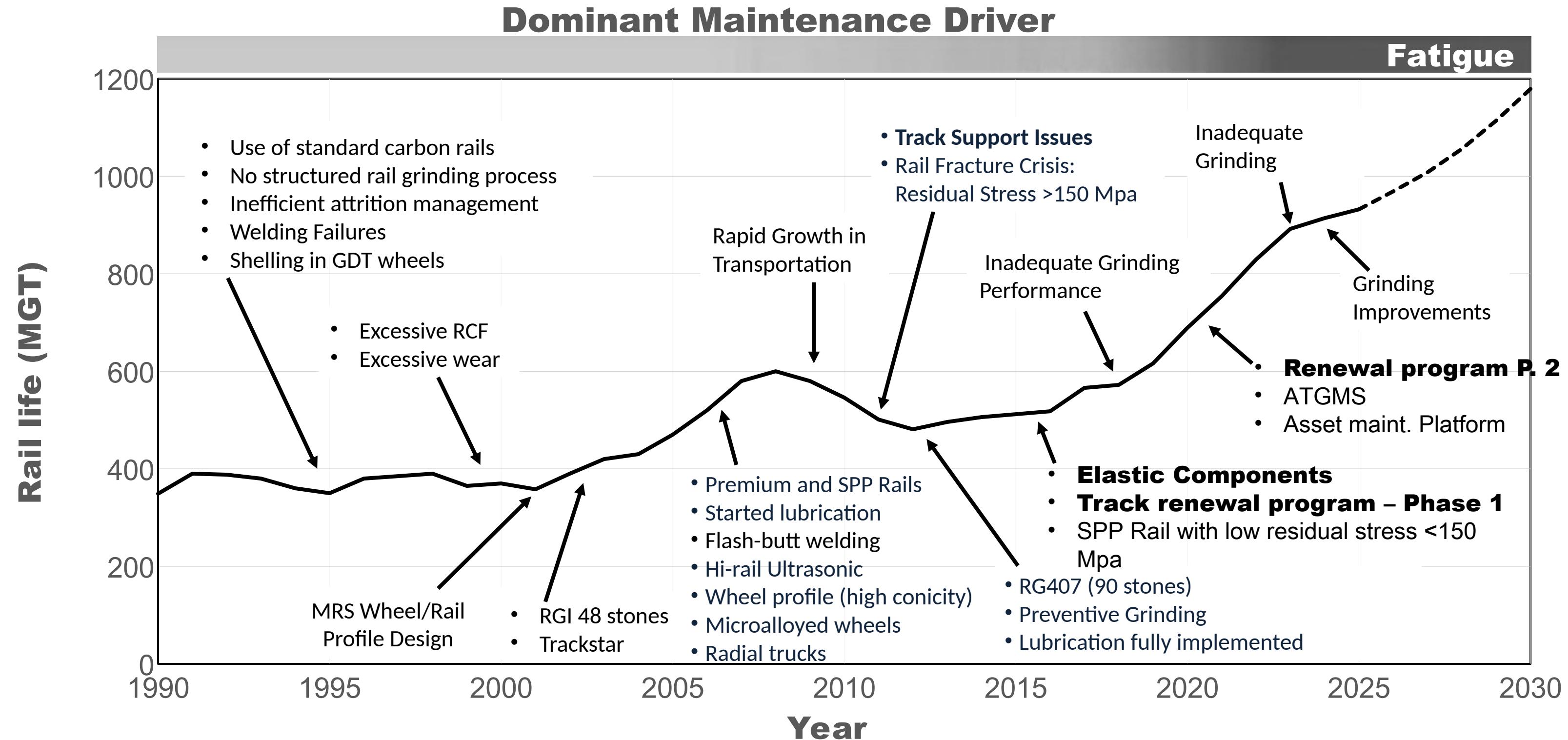


Rolling stock

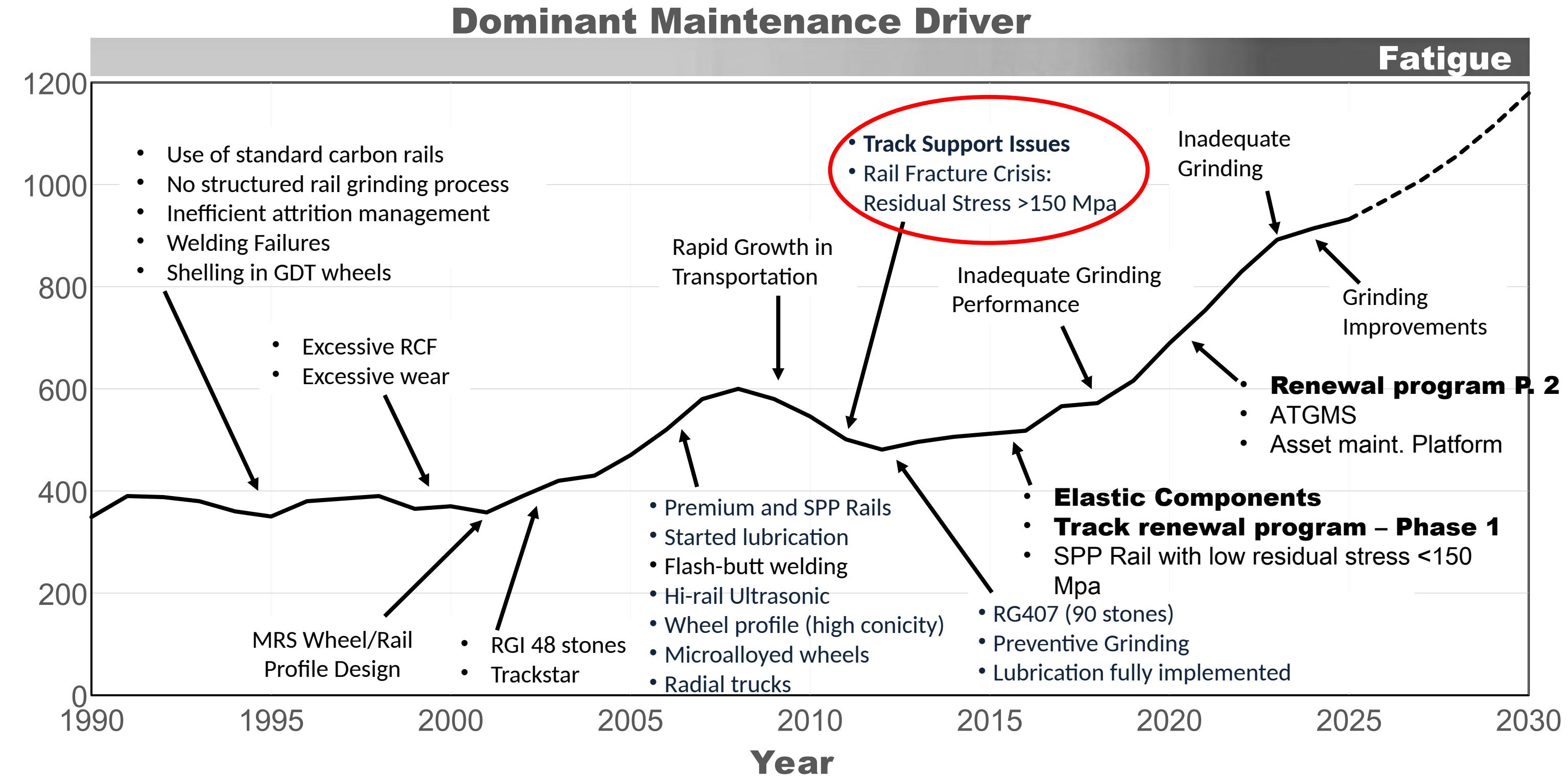
- Acquisition of new generation locomotives
- Advance in hybrid and electric systems
- Adoption of AI-Based Inspection and Real-Time Asset Management



Rail Life (1996–Present): Key Events



Rail Life (1996–Present): Key Events

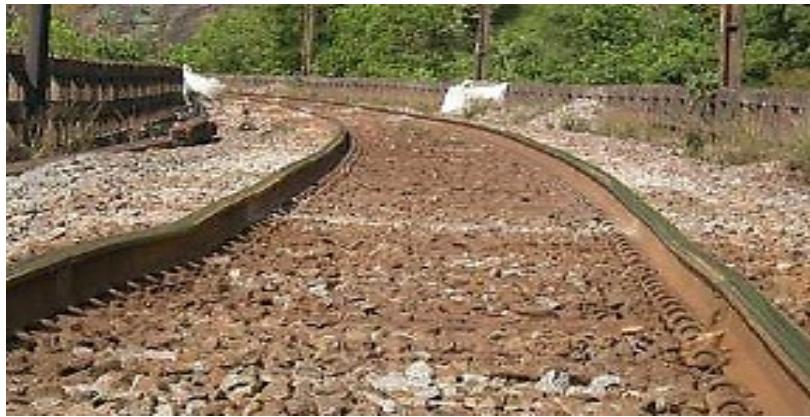




MRS substructure condition



Drainage problems



Recurrent geometry defects



Stiffness seasonal variation



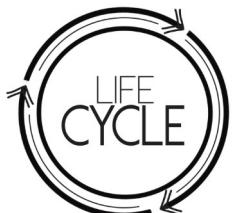
High Ballast



Maintenance and operational costs



Less track availability



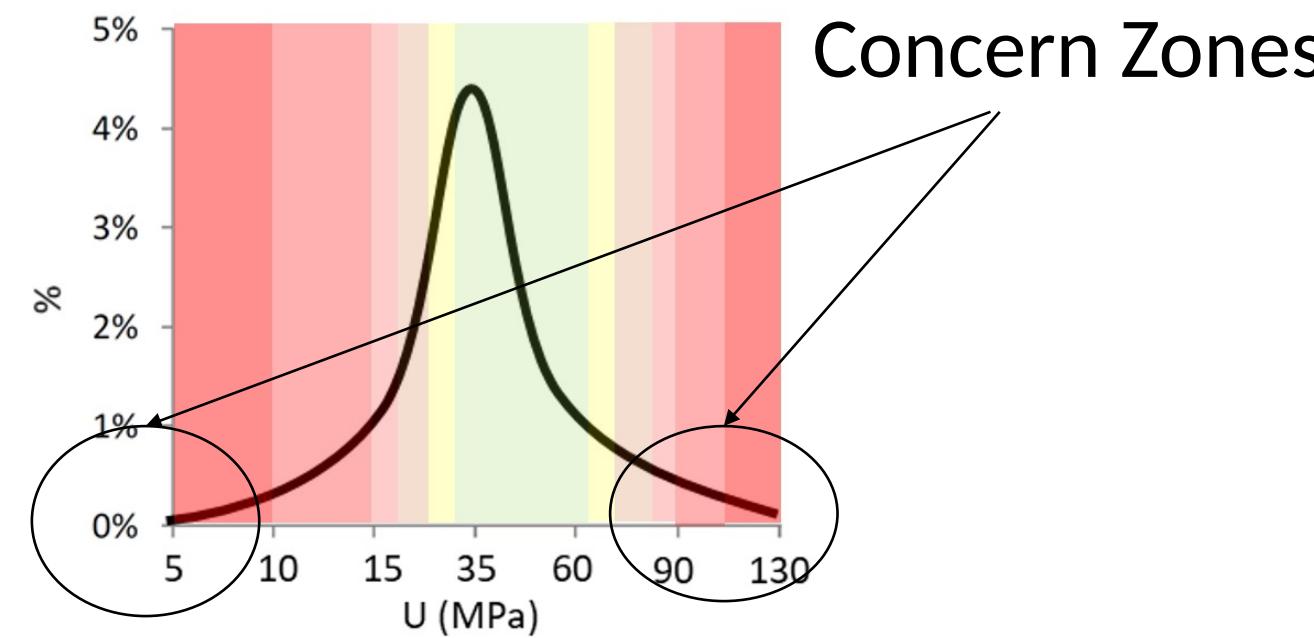
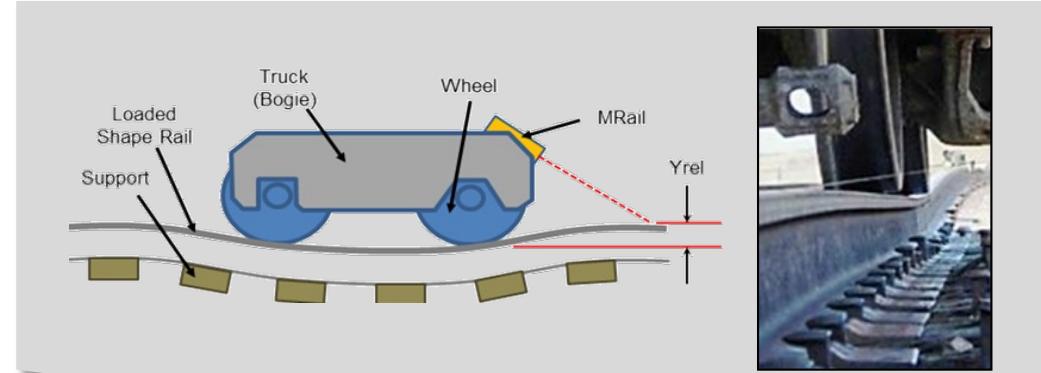
Decrease the components life cycle



Substructure investigation

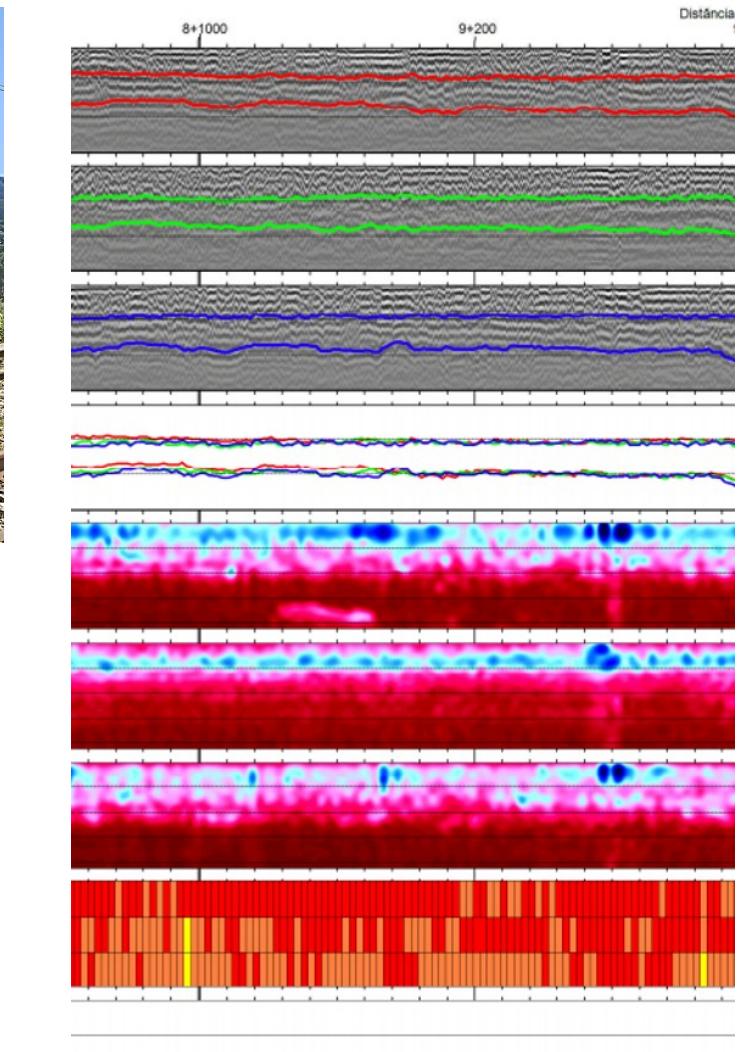
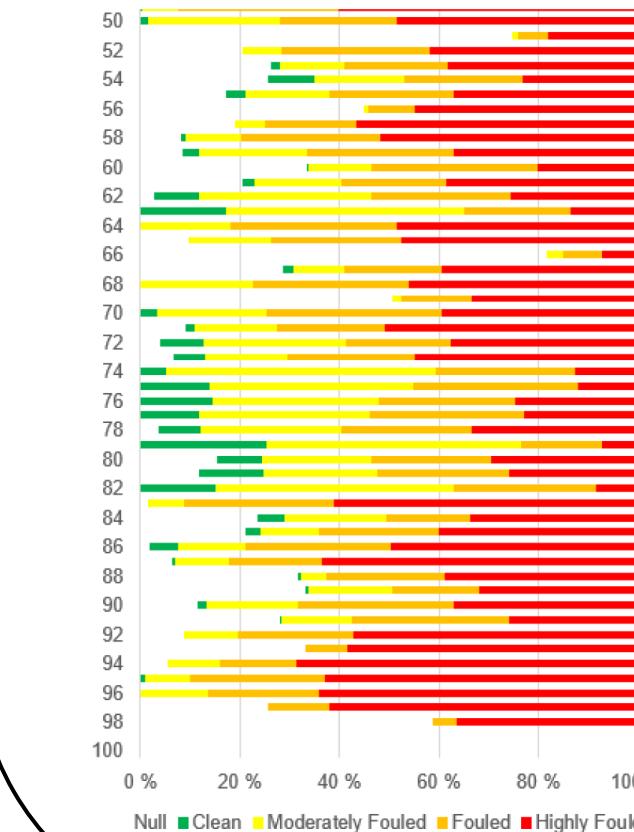


MRAIL



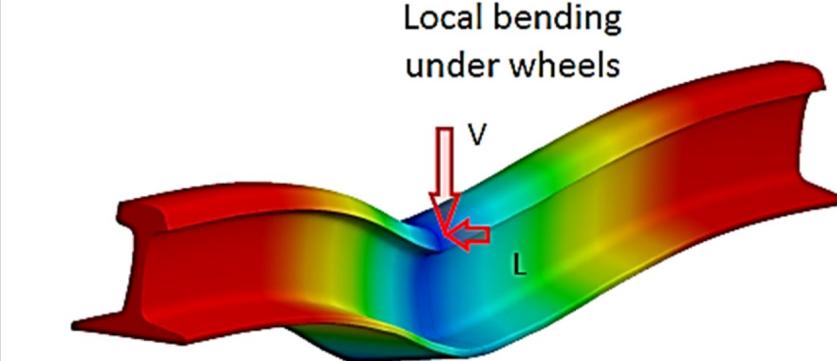
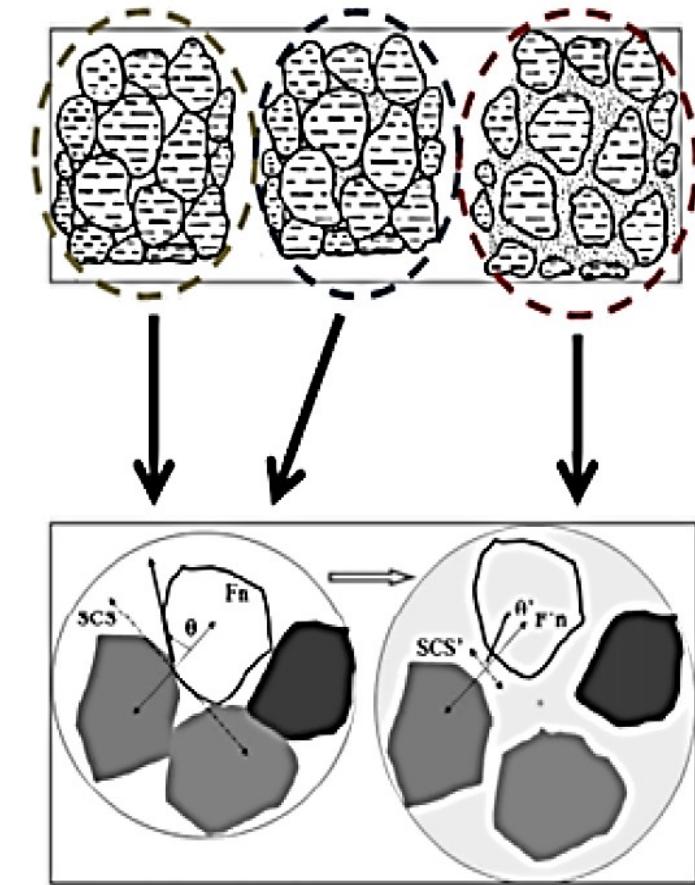
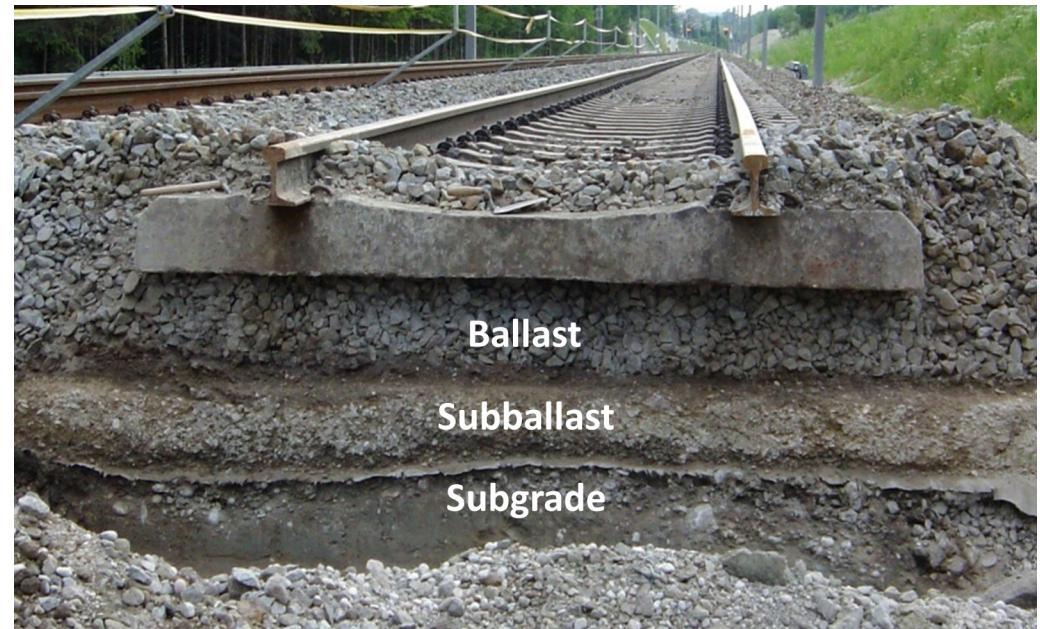
- The MRS average modulus: **33 MPa**
- Low track modulus areas 200 km
- Hight influence of the wet season

GPR

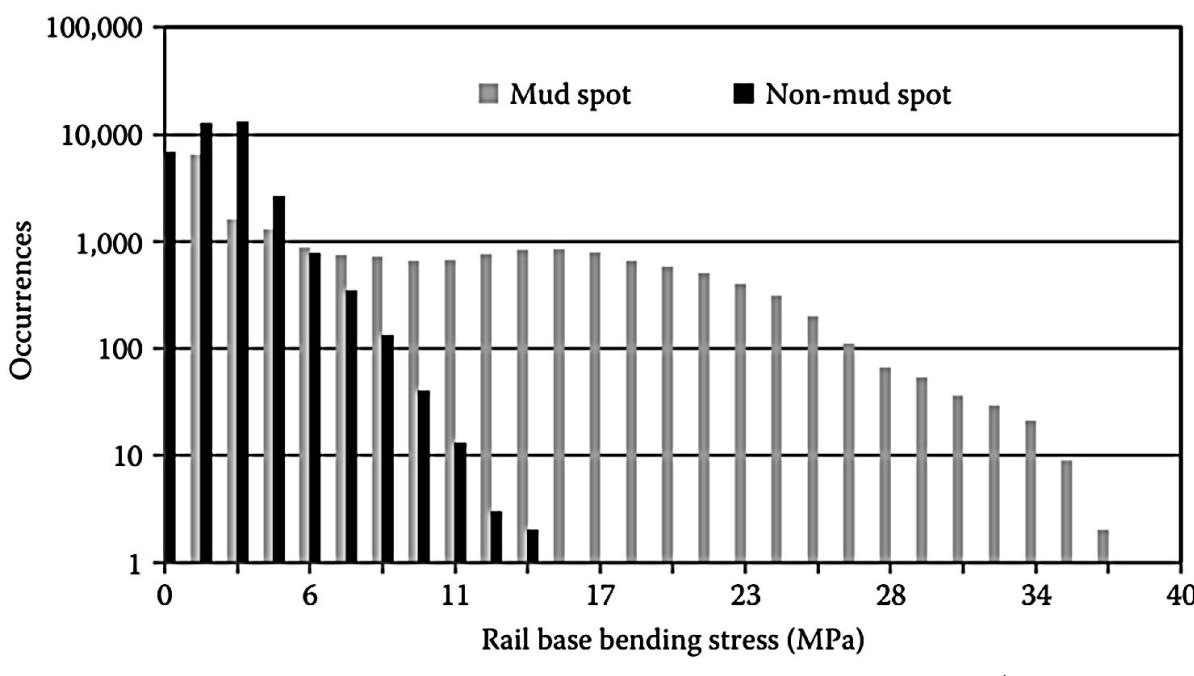


- 60% of the lines exceed recommended contamination (40% fines).
- the limit

Track mechanical behavior



Example of Rail bending stresses

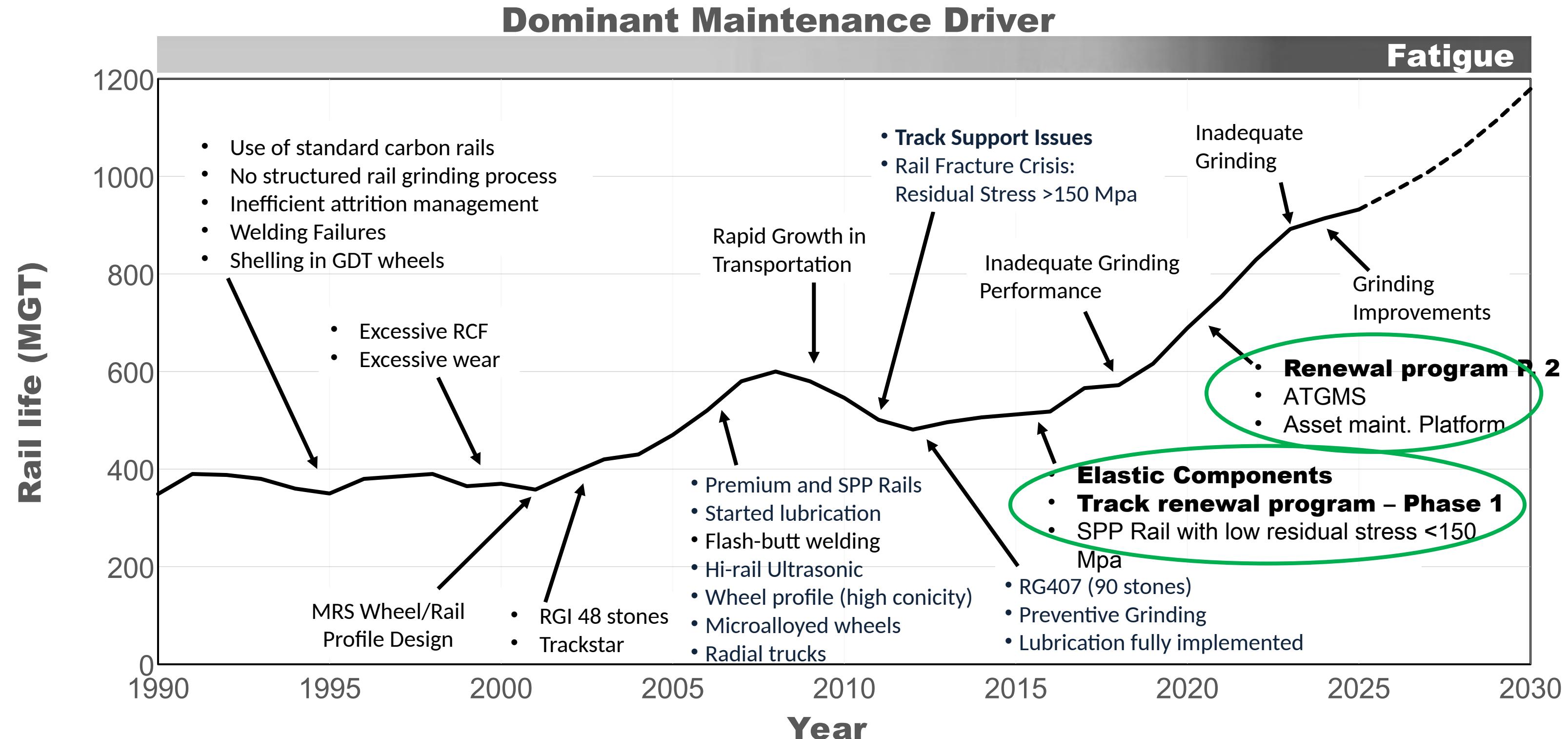


Rail bending stresses influenced by mud spot (Li et. al., 2015)



Broken rail due fatigue - MRS track

Rail Life (1996–Present): Key Events





Strategic Track Plan

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2015

2016

2017

2018

2019

2020

2021

2022

Reduce rail base fractures

- Use of Elastic Components on wood crossties
 - SPP Rail with low residual stress <150 Mpa

Improvements in Concrete Tie Resilience

- Rail seat
- Contact with the ballast

Start the track renewal program

- Drainage restoration
- Tie replacement phase 1 – steel and wood Concrete
- Undercutting
- Tie repl. Phase 2

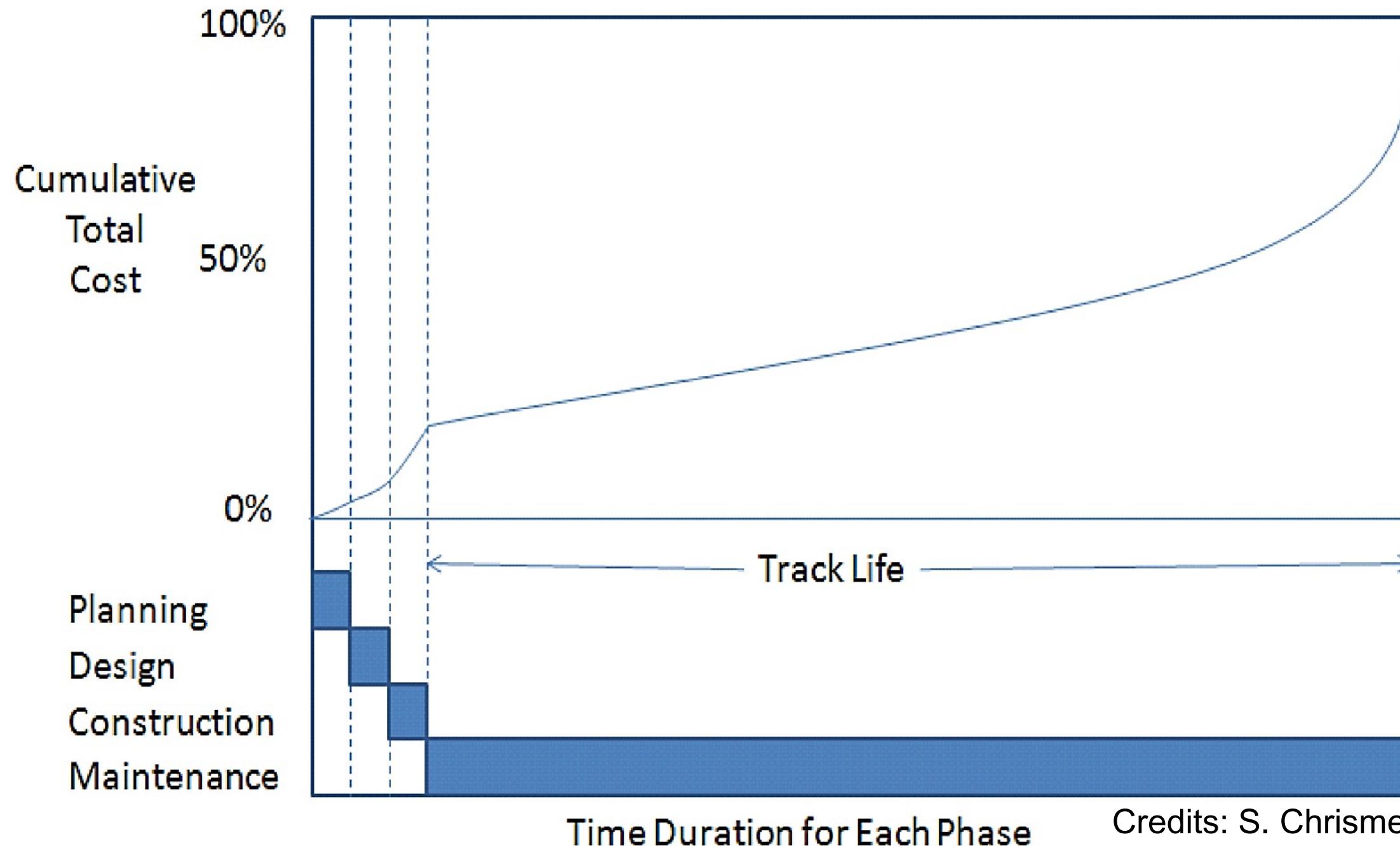
Implement Predictive Maintenance

- Integrate track data into an asset management platform
- Acquire autonomous equipment's

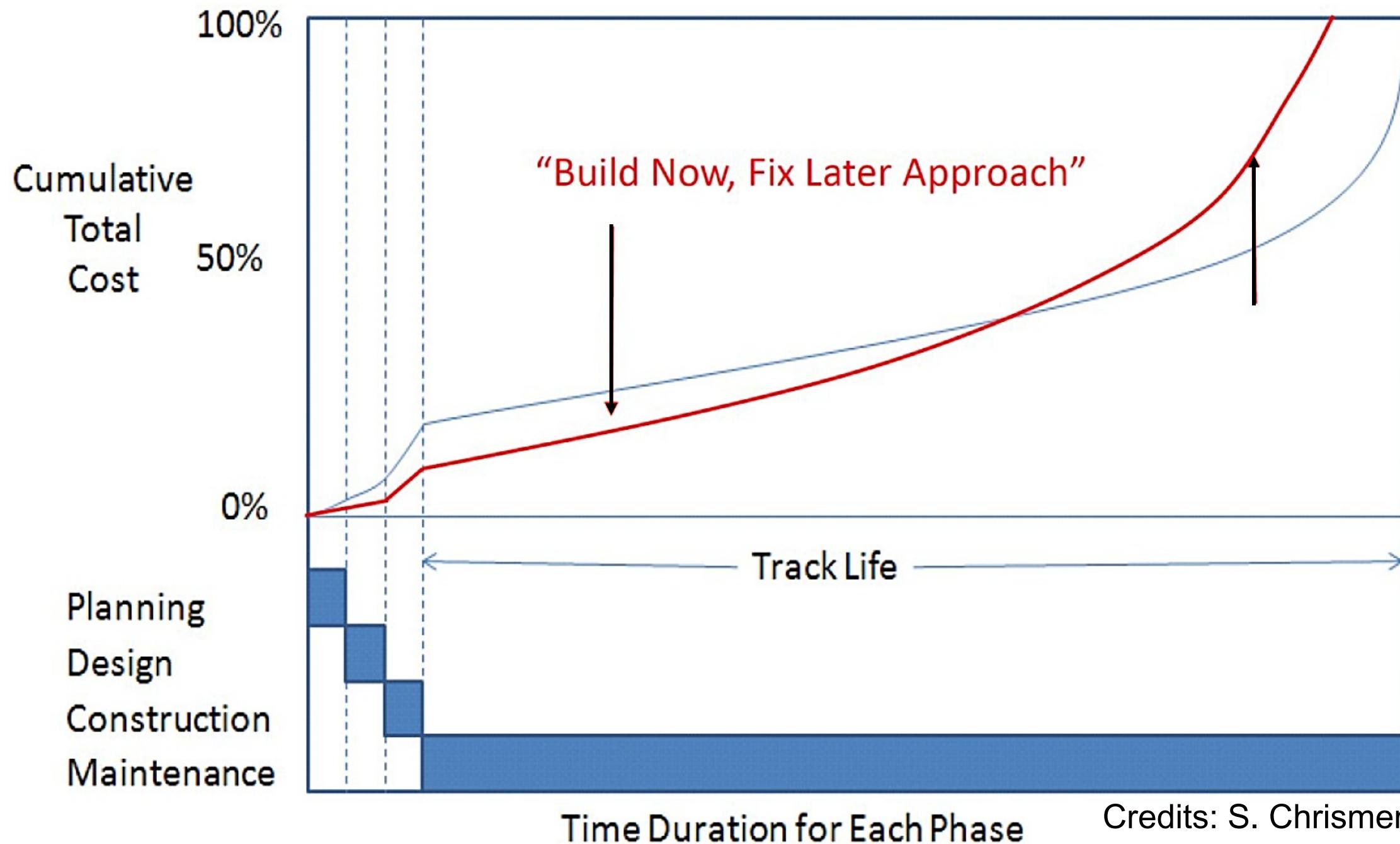


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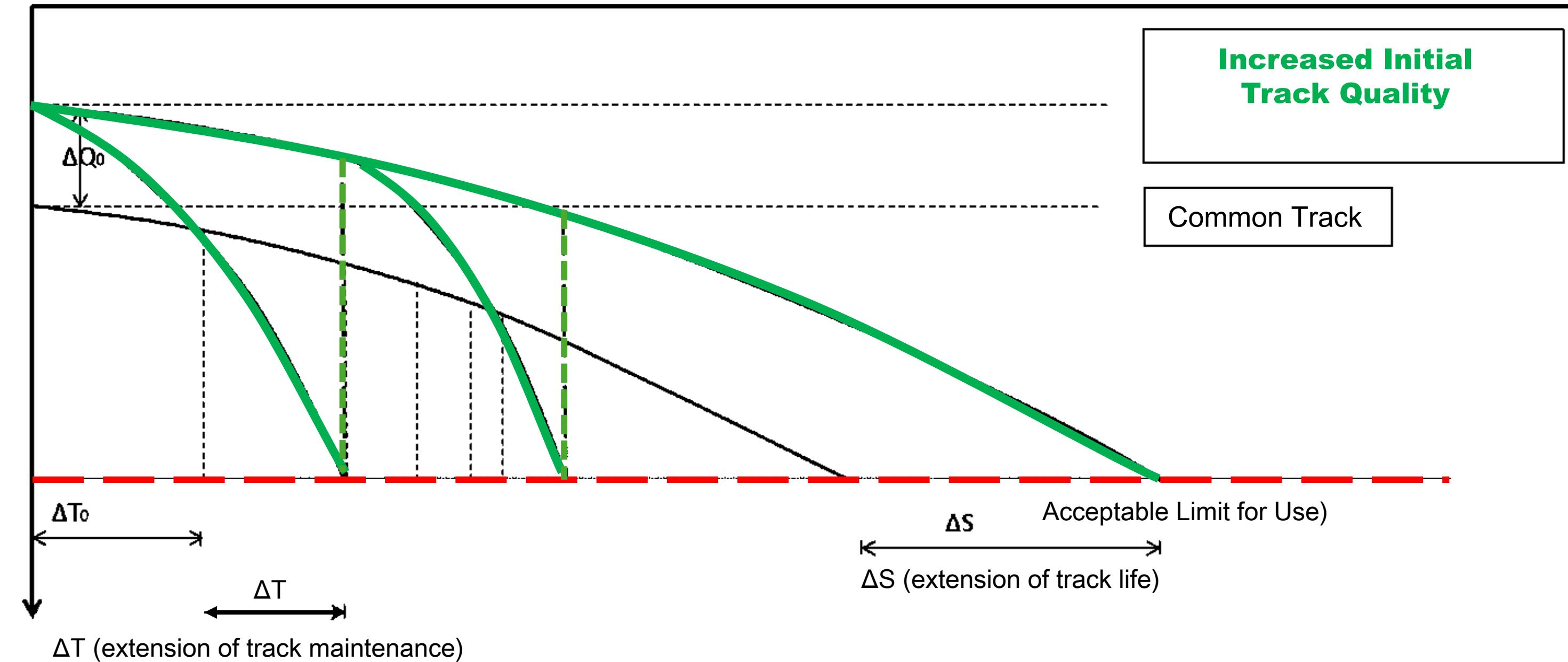
LIFE-CYCLE COST CONSIDERATIONS



LIFE-CYCLE COST CONSIDERATIONS



Extending Service Life Without Compromising Quality



Track instrumentation

Track Behavior Evaluation under MRS Conditions:

- Analysis of ties, fasteners, Rail pads and under-tie pads
- 400m fully instrumented section (1,700 MGT to date)

Key Insights:

- Supported track renewal design
- Improved performance with pads
- Tamping cycle effectiveness
- Fastener durability assessment



test track construction

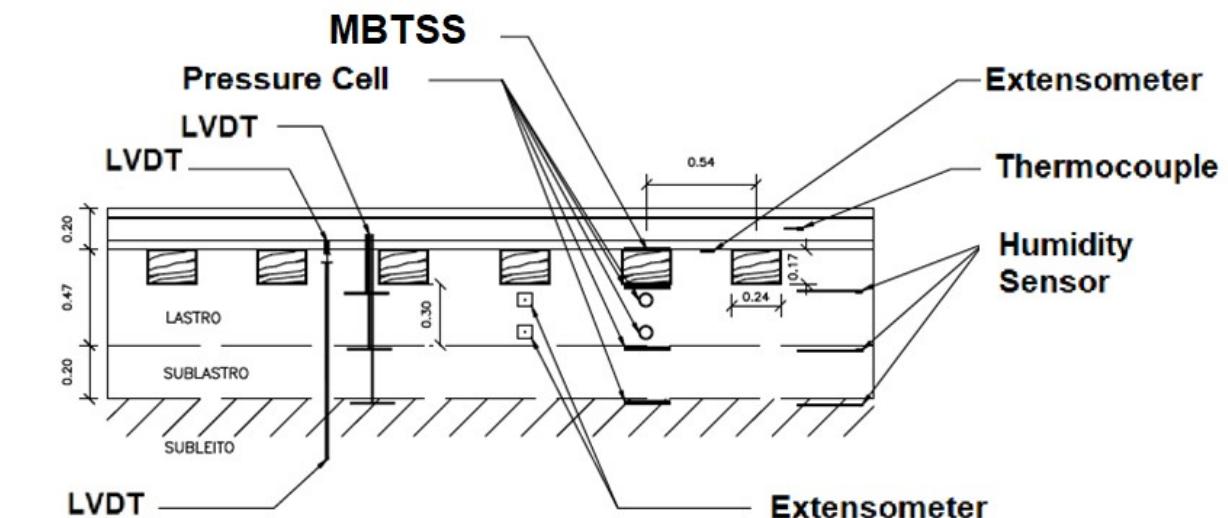
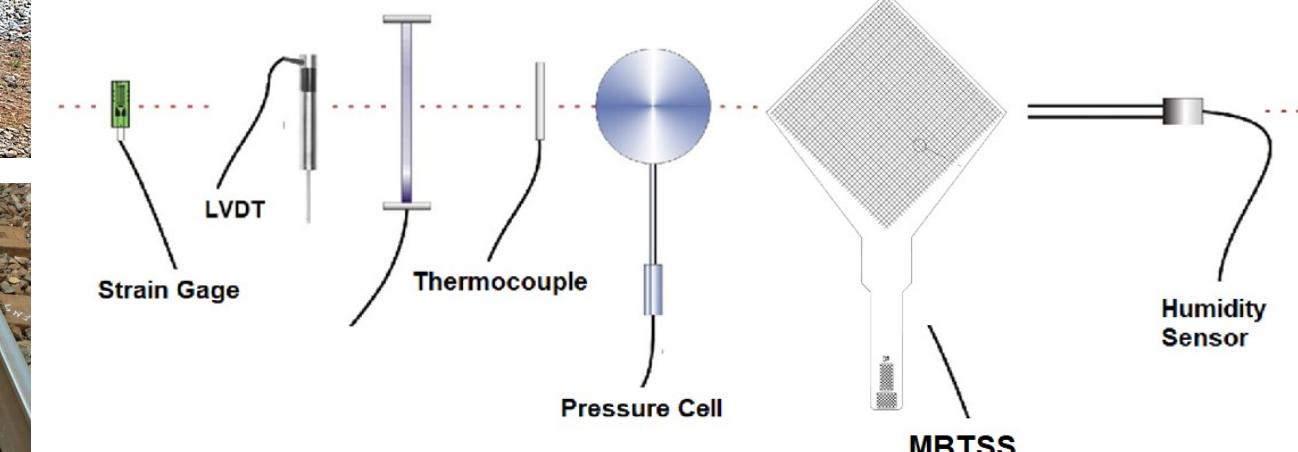


Track instrumentation

Instrumentation Overview

- Total pressure cells, MBTSS sensors
- strain gauges
- LVDTs (Linear Variable Differential Transformers)
- Temperature
- humidity

Sensors were installed across various crossties types, track layers, depths, and loading conditions.



track instrumentation





45% of mainline
rail breaks



Broken rail due base fatigue in MRS track



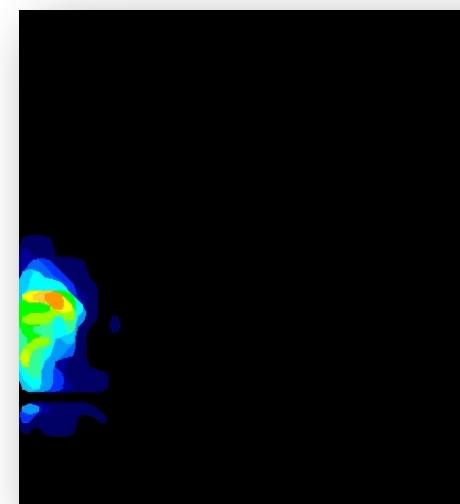
Use of Rail Pads on Wood Ties



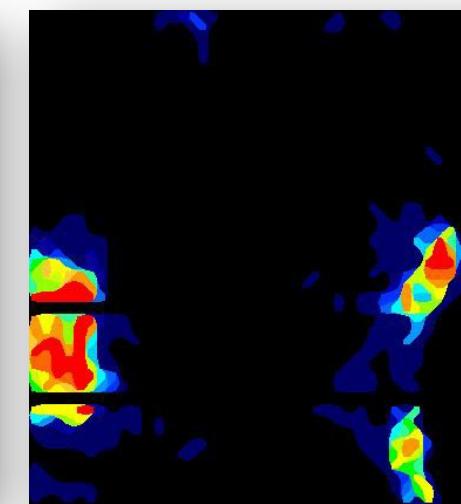
$$\downarrow P = \frac{F}{A} \uparrow$$



Not equipped

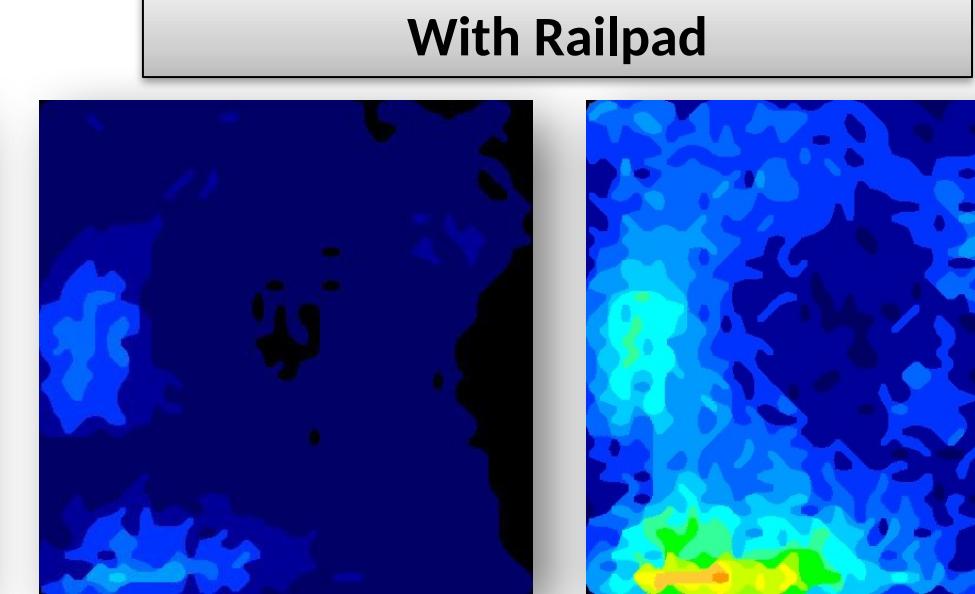


unloaded

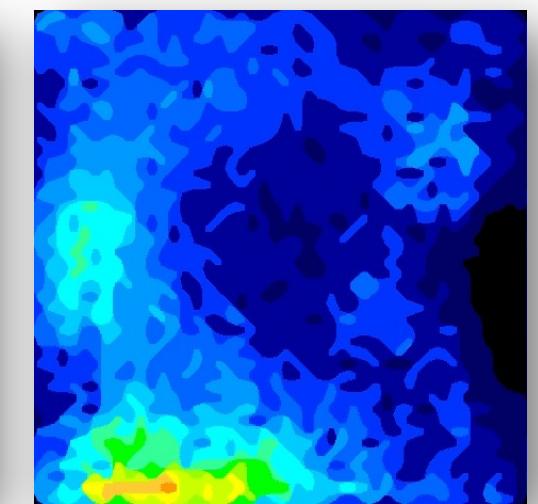


loaded

- Contact area: < 20%



unloaded



loaded

- Contact area: > 90%

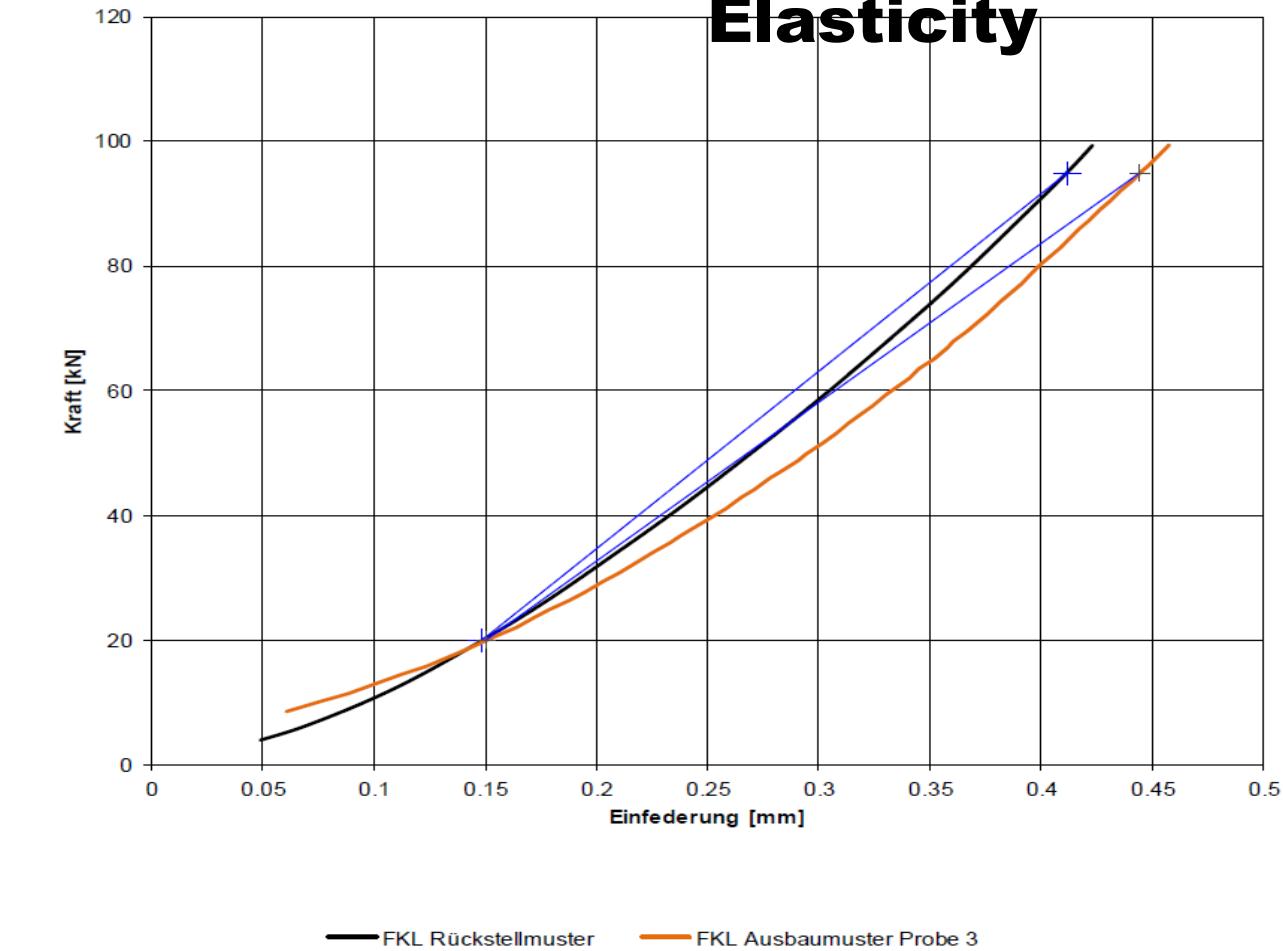


9 years in service test – Approx. ≈ 1.500 MGT



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Maintaining Resilience and Elasticity



FEDERZIFFER
284.54 / 254.93
[kN/mm]
Temperatur
RT
Oberlast
95,0 kN
Unterlast
20,0 kN

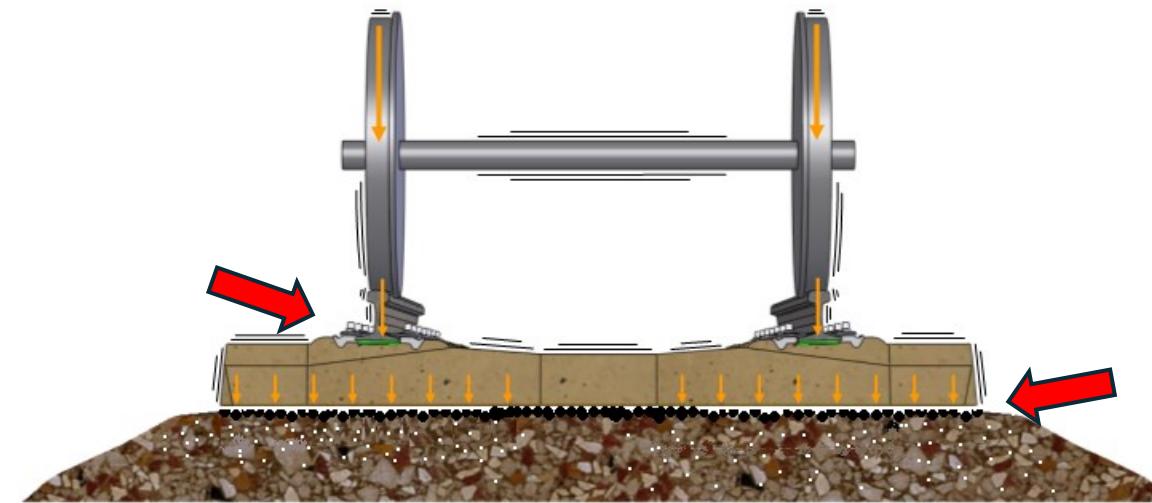
**99% reduction in rail base
breaks at equipped
locations**
primarily tunnels and bridges



Challenges of replacing wood by concrete

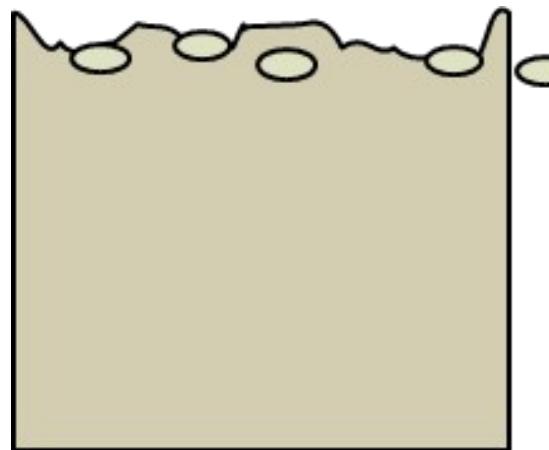
- The introduction of concrete ties (1950s) significantly increased track stiffness
- Requiring a reevaluation of the track structure and its components

- **Production quality control**
- **High durability & weight**



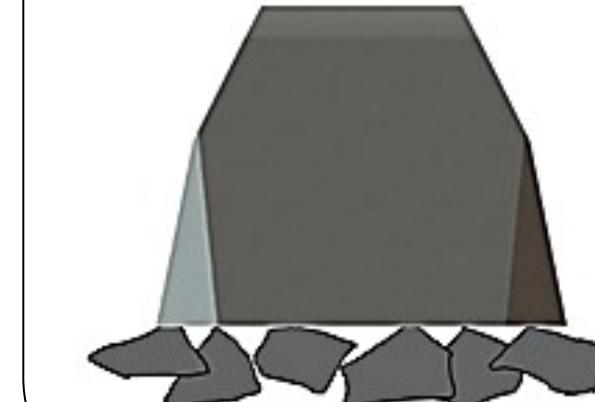
- **Bad contact area**
- **Low elasticity**

Rail seat deterioration

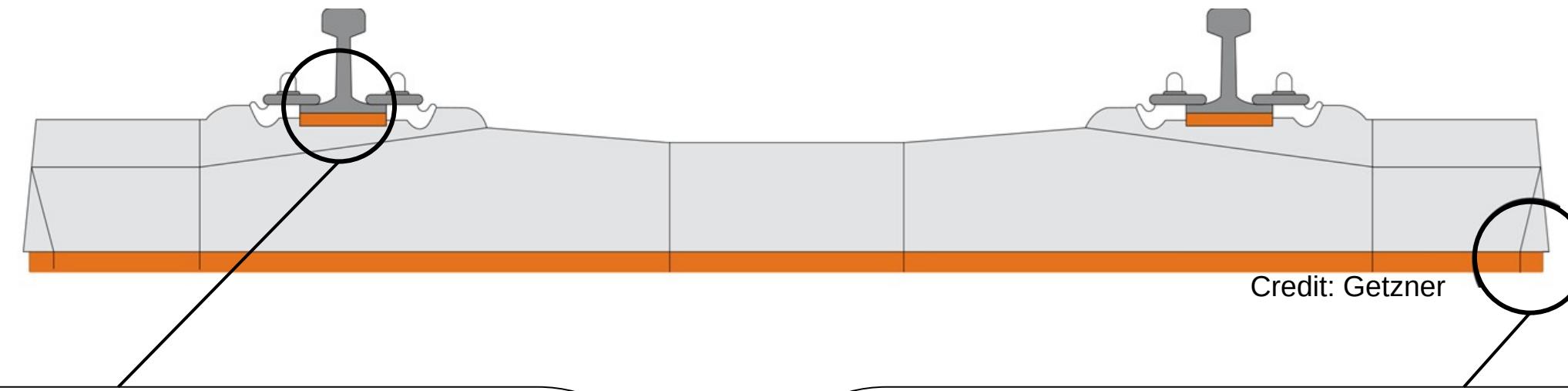


Zeman et al 2011

Poor contact tie/ballast

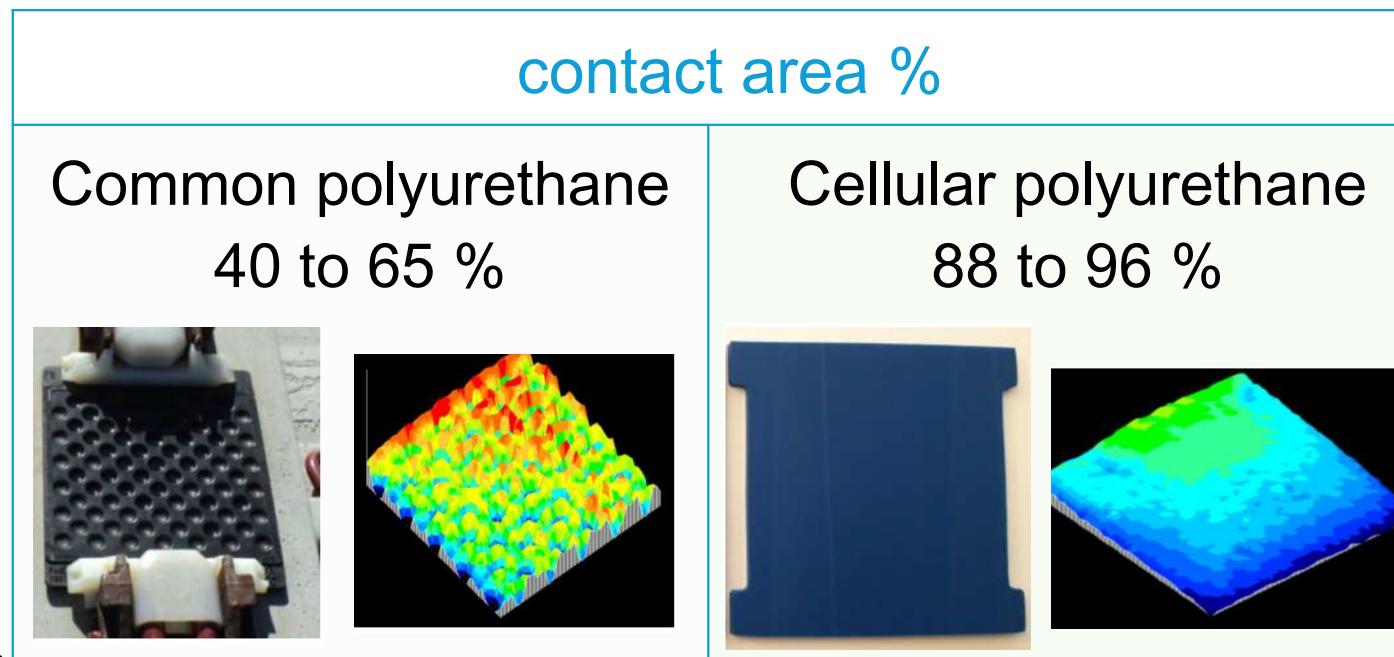


Improve to take full advantage of concrete tie potential

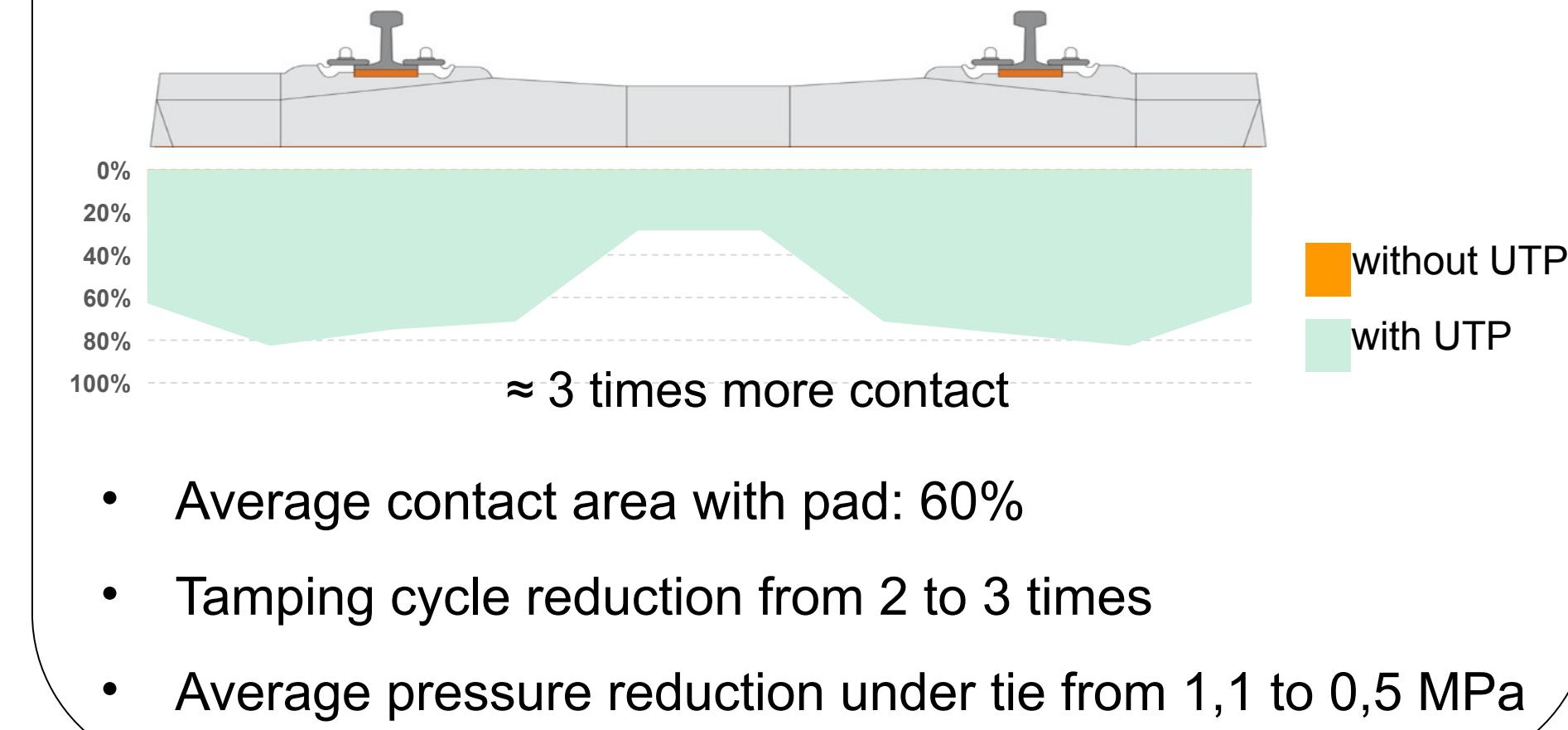


Rail pad results

- Resilient pads increase the area of contact between the rail and concrete by 96%
- Preserves the concrete from the Rail Seat abrasion



Under tie pad results





Rail seat deterioration

Rail seat deterioration



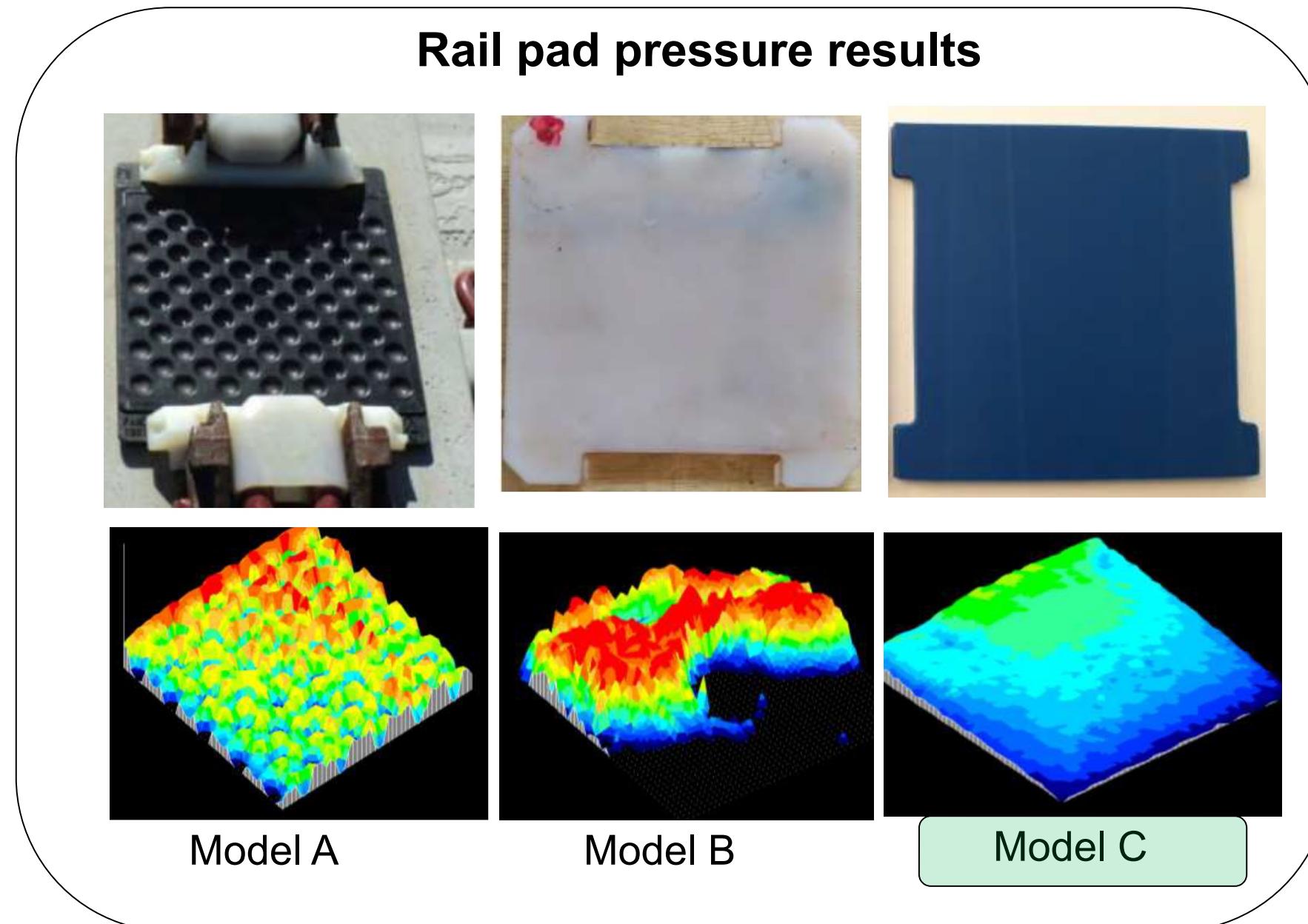
**RSA – 310 MGT – 2 years in service
(2015-2016)**





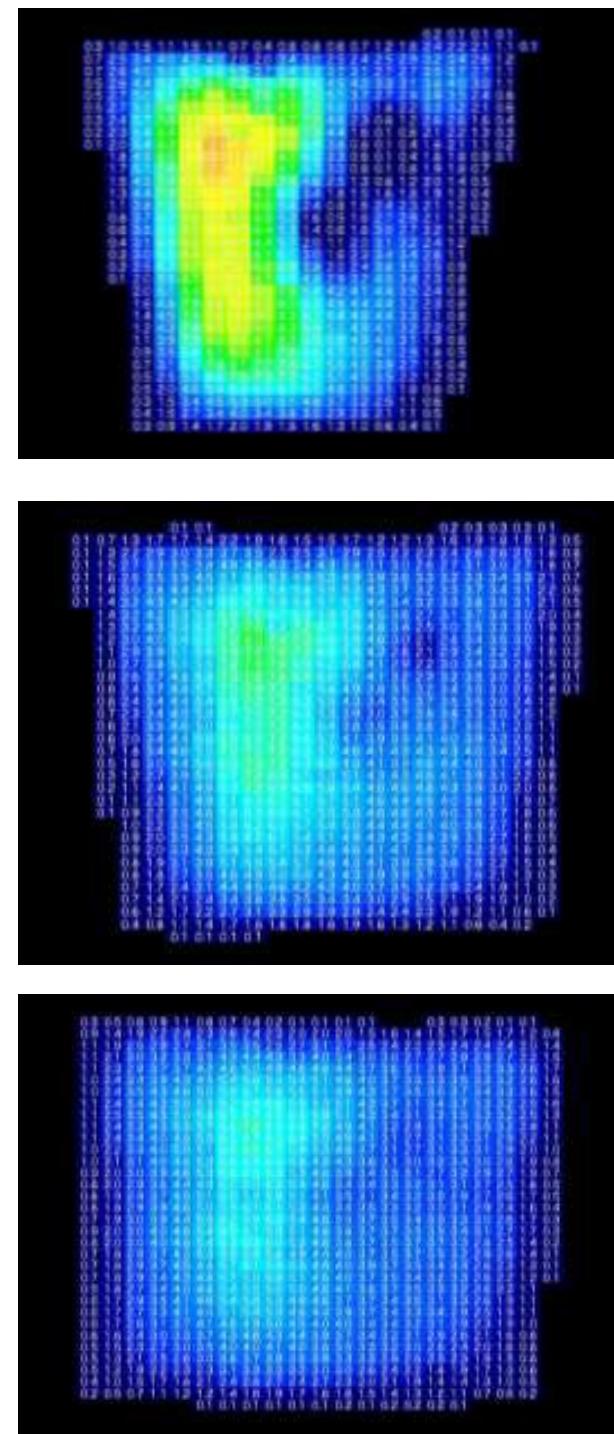
Rail pad tests

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Model C: version 1

Model C: version 3



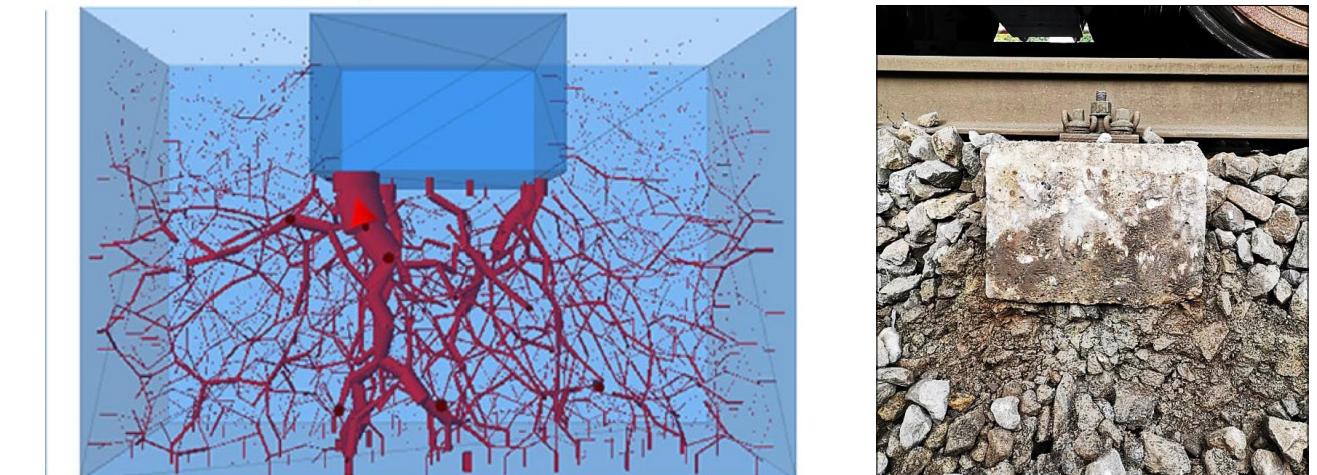
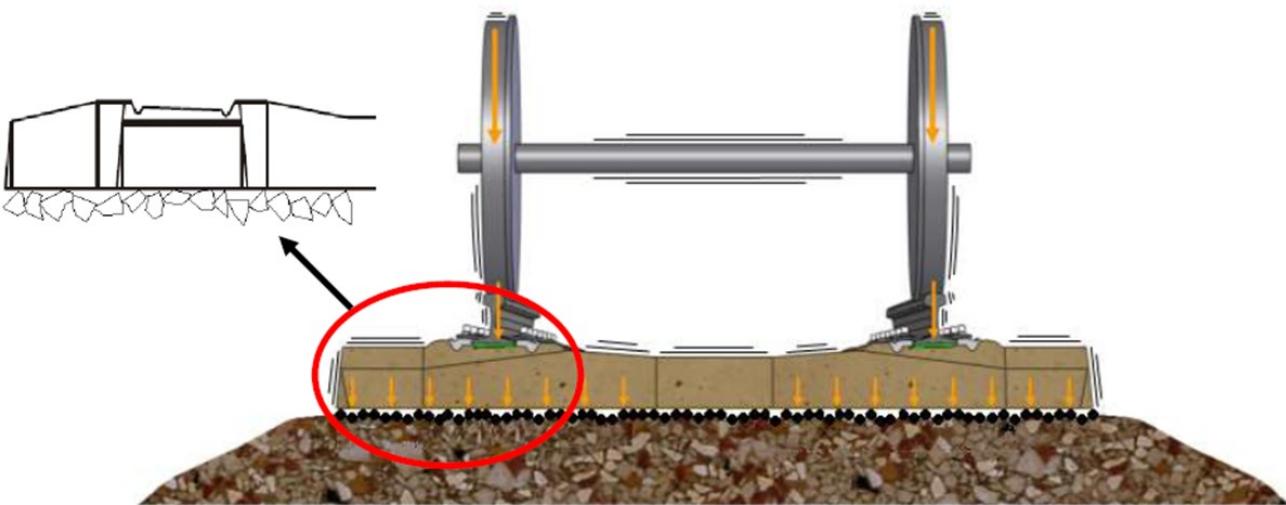
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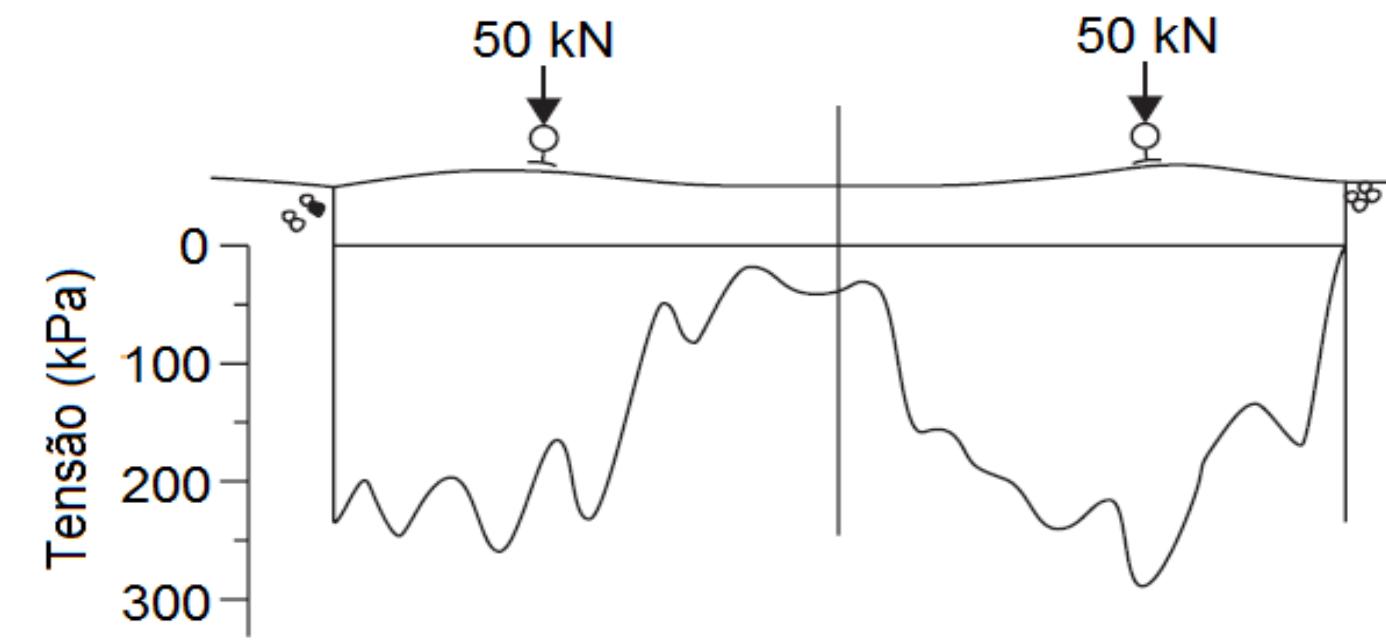
Tie-Ballast contact

Few aggregates support the tie, depending on:

- Ballast grading;
- Ballast shape;
- Tie dimension;
- Load.



Huiqi Li et al
2017



Stress distribution



Strategies to improve tie-ballast interaction

Increase tie size



- Increases the weight of the concrete tie
- Maintenance becomes more challenging

Adoption of smaller ballast gradations



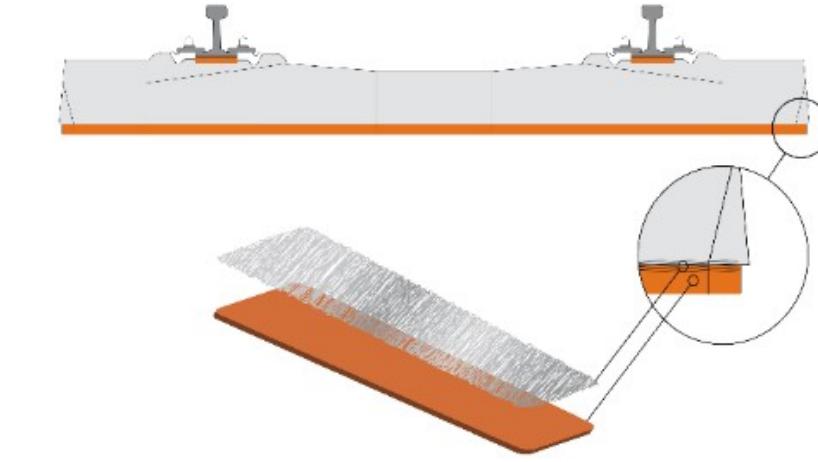
- Reduces ballast drainage capacity
- Compromises final strength and interlock

More frequent maintenance (tamping)



- Reduces the ballast's service life
- More frequent ballast undercutting cycles

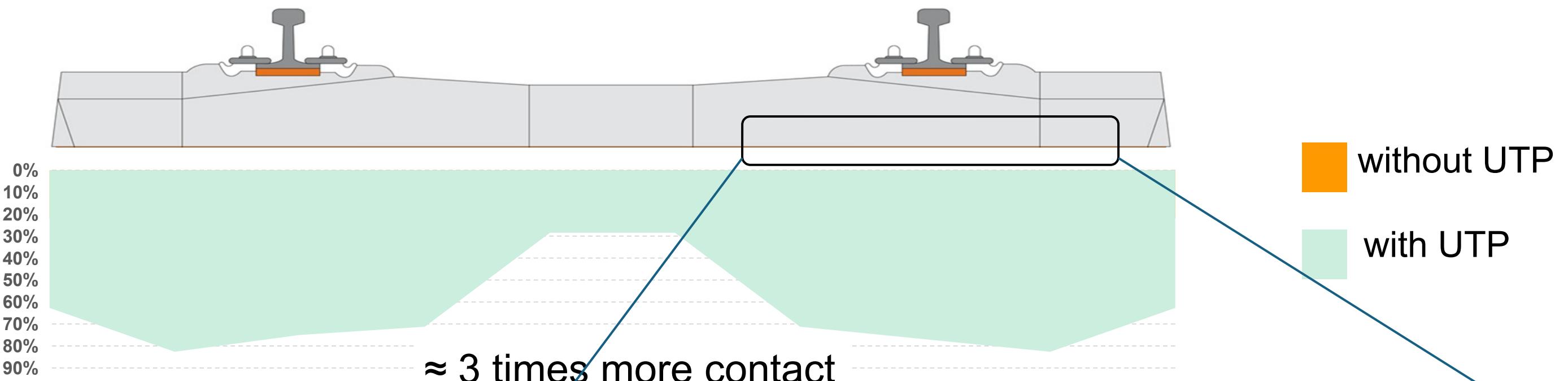
Under Tie Pad



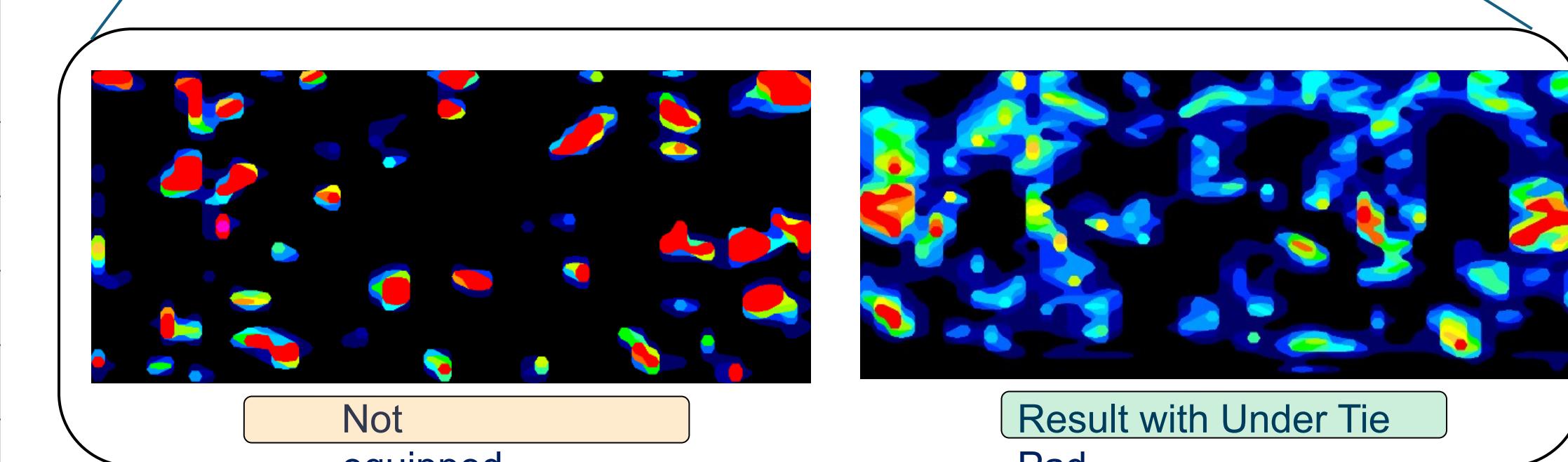
- Ensures a uniform tie-ballast interface
- Improve track resilience.



Tie-ballast contact at MRS test track



Type of tie	Entire contact (%)
Steel	17 a 28
Concrete	22 a 32
Polymer	31 a 40
Wood	46 a 55
Concrete UTP	57 to 64



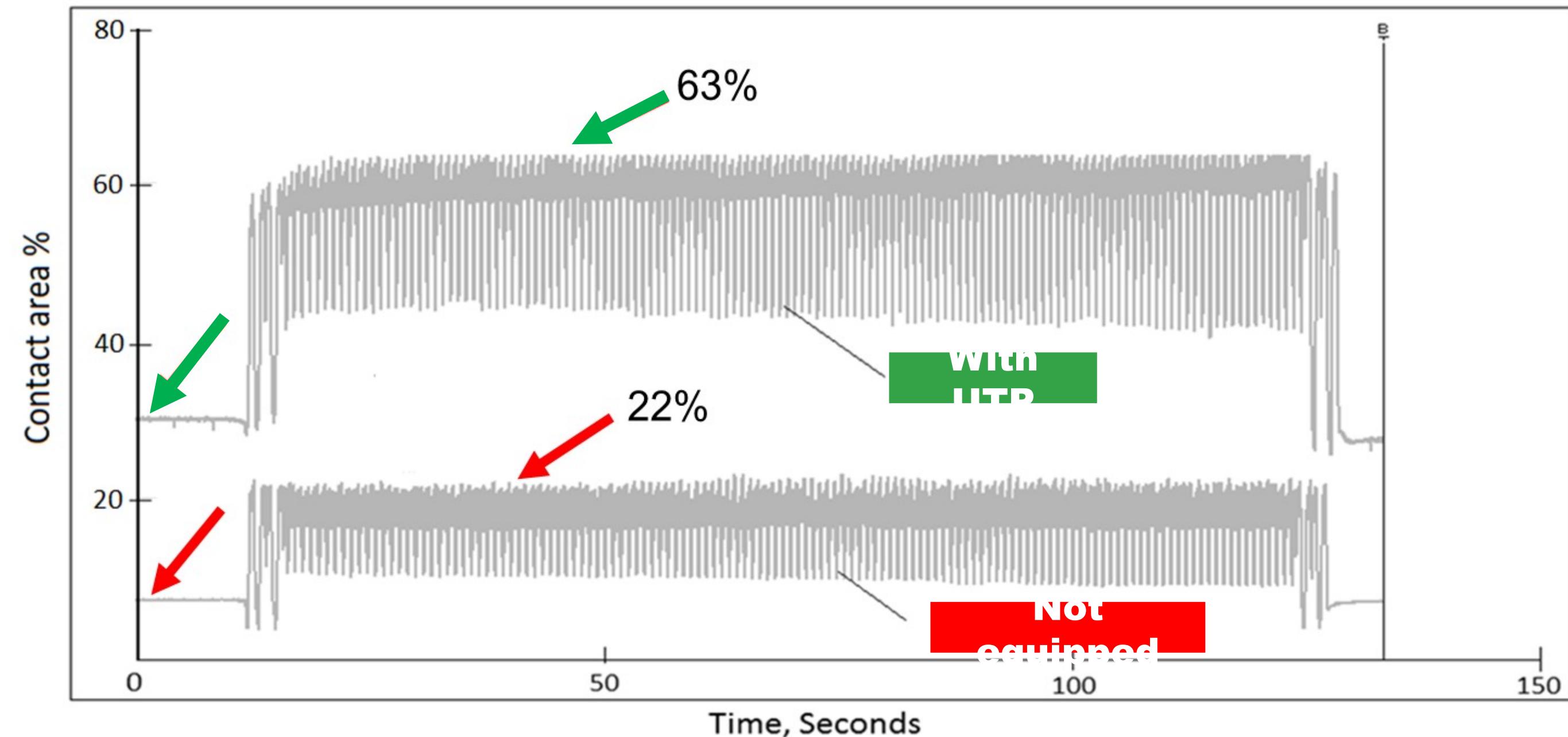
- Average pressure reduction under tie from 1,1 to 0,5 MPa



Sensor set up

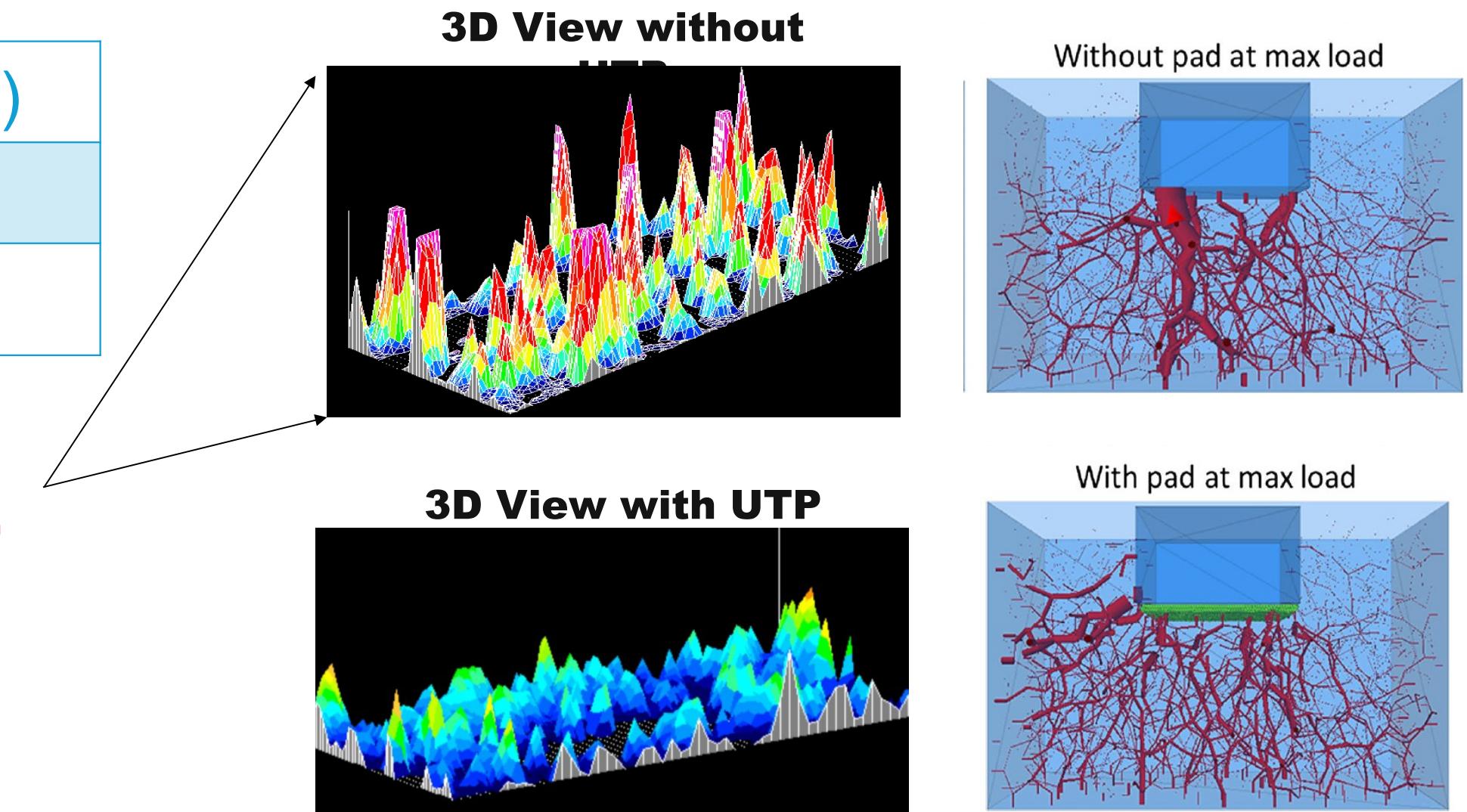
Results - Contact area vs time

2 locomotives + 136 cars + 1 locomotive



Tie-ballast contact at MRS test track

Average pressure distributions (PSI)	
Without	With UTP
150 to 230	60 to 90



- Reduces the ballast breakdown
- Reduces the ballast settlement
- Maximum bending moment in concrete ties reduced by 20%

Huiqi Li et al
2017

Track renewal program



+100 Tournouts

+720 thousand Concrete ties with UTP

26 New machines

81 Service wagons

7 shops

Undercutting





Track renewal – Tie replacement

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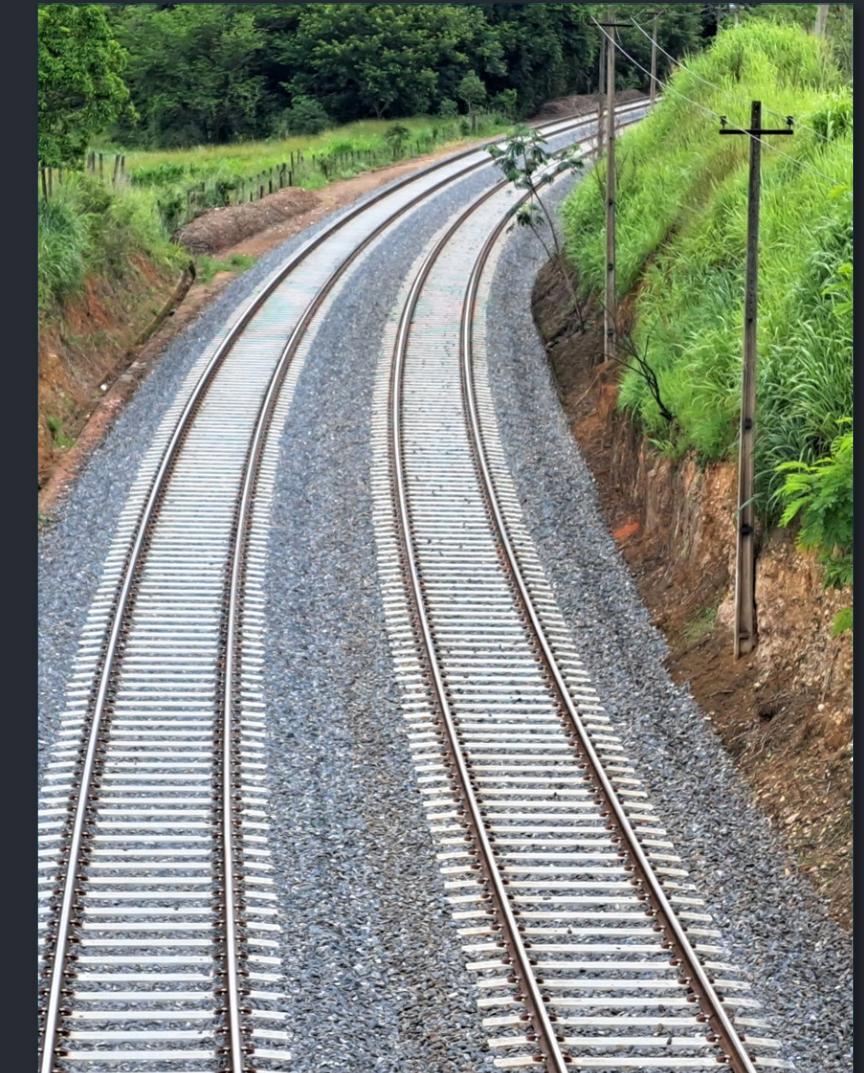
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**Concrete without
UTP**
Test section (500m)



Wood
Test section (500m)



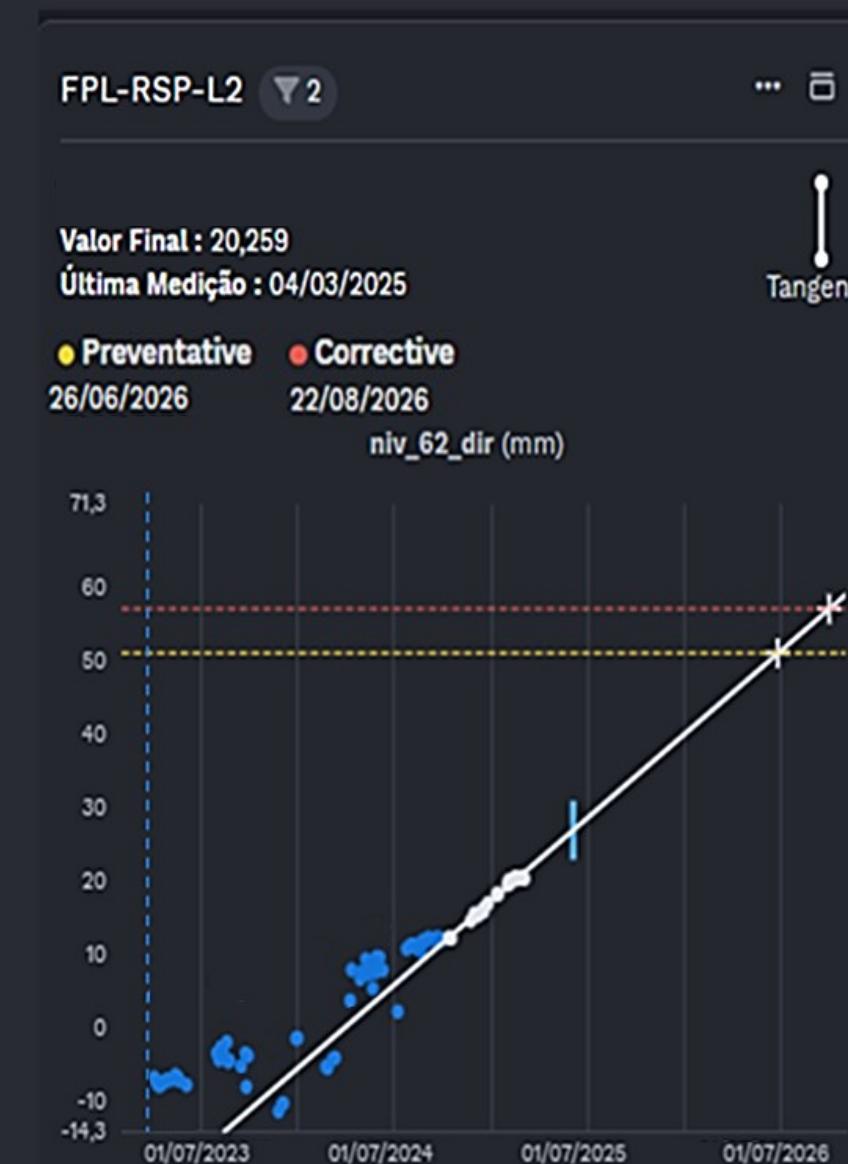
Concrete UTP
Main line

Tie replacement – geometry results

Concrete without UTP

1st tamping June 2023

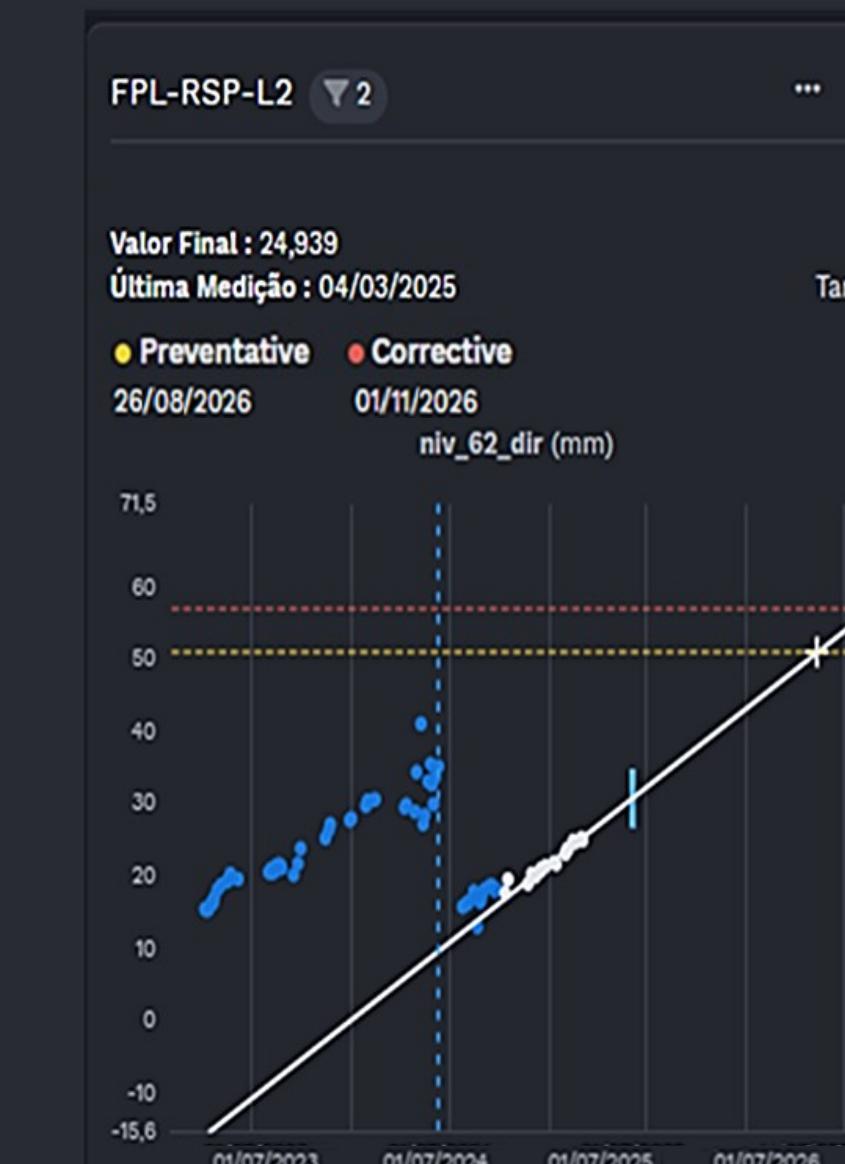
Next tamping June to August 26



Wood

1st tamping July 2024

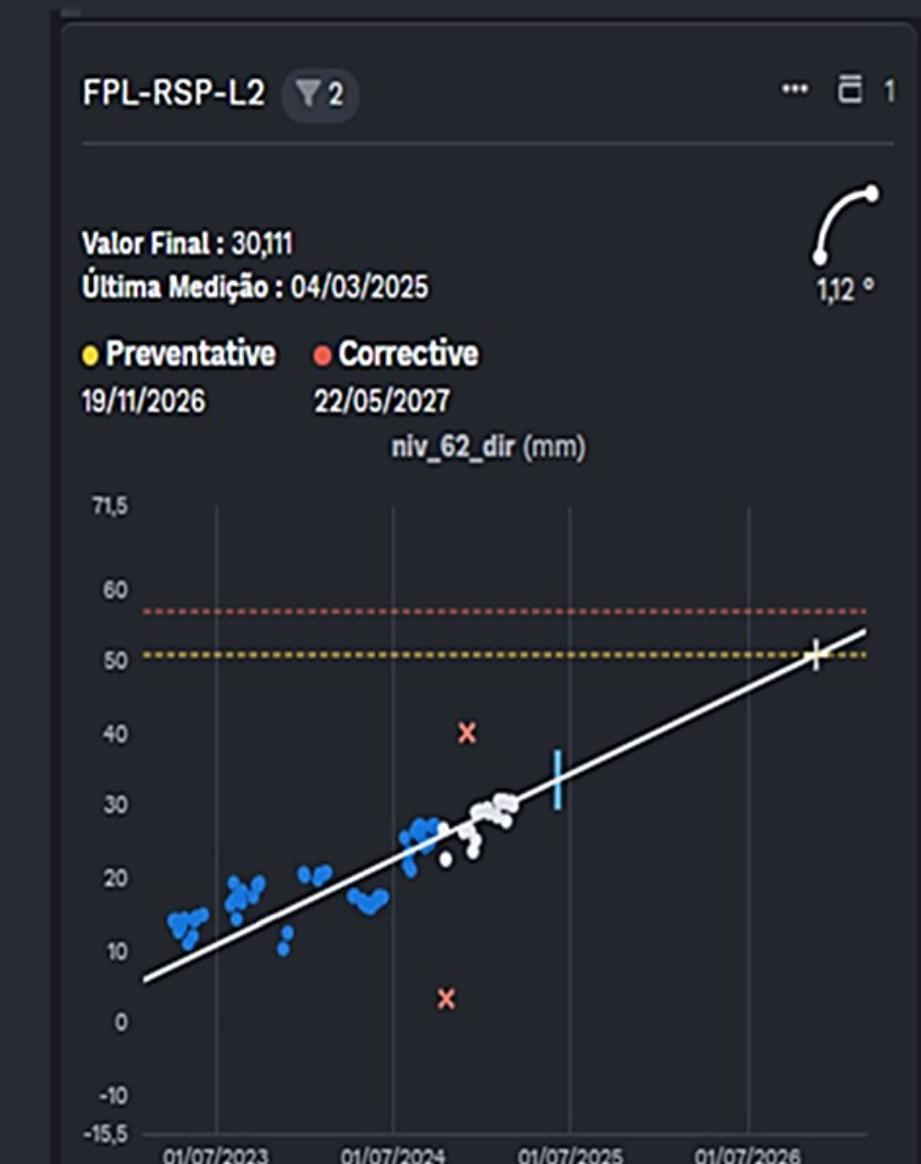
Next tamping Aug. to October 26



Concrete UTP

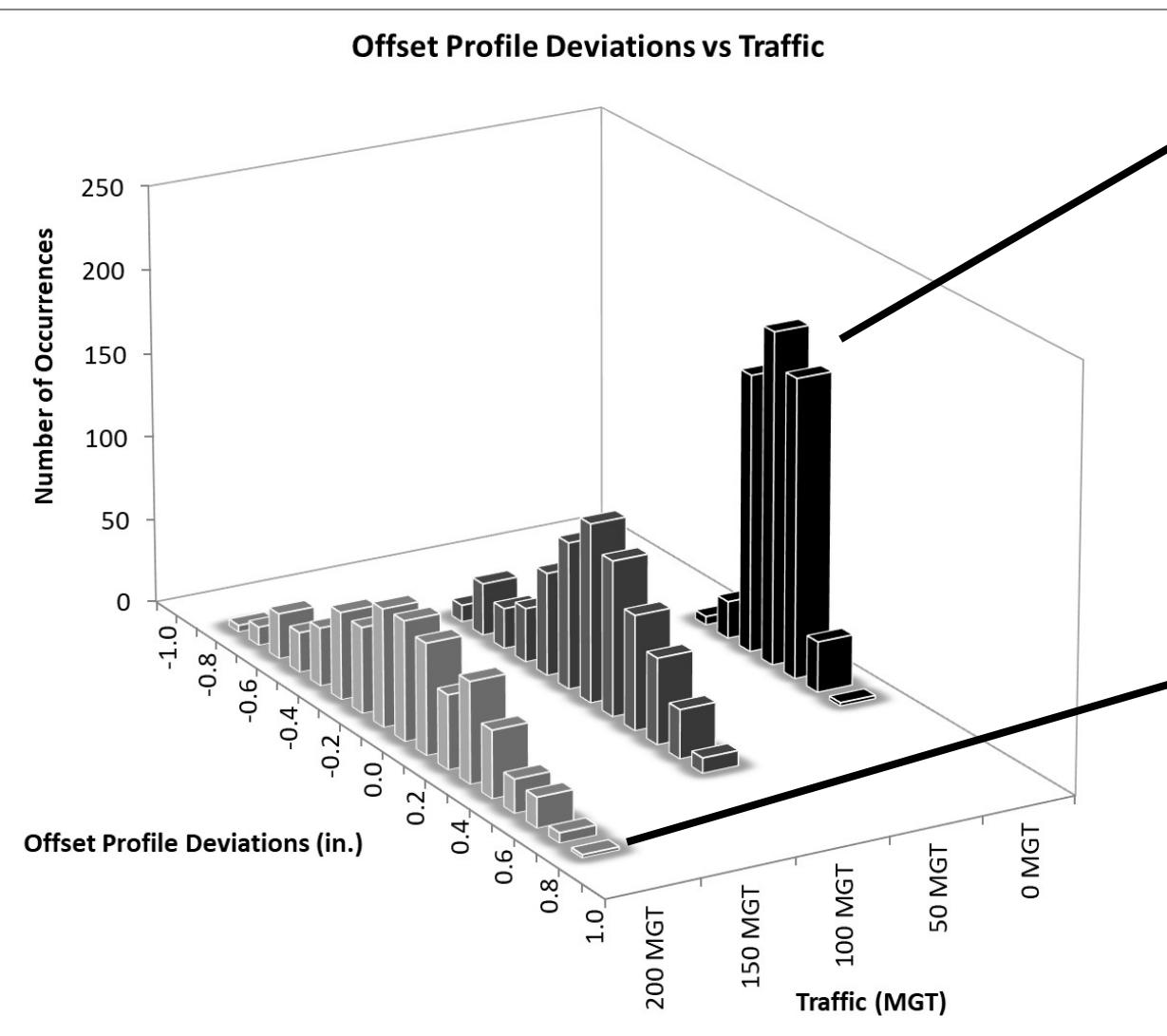
Not tamped

Next tamping Nov. 26 to May 27

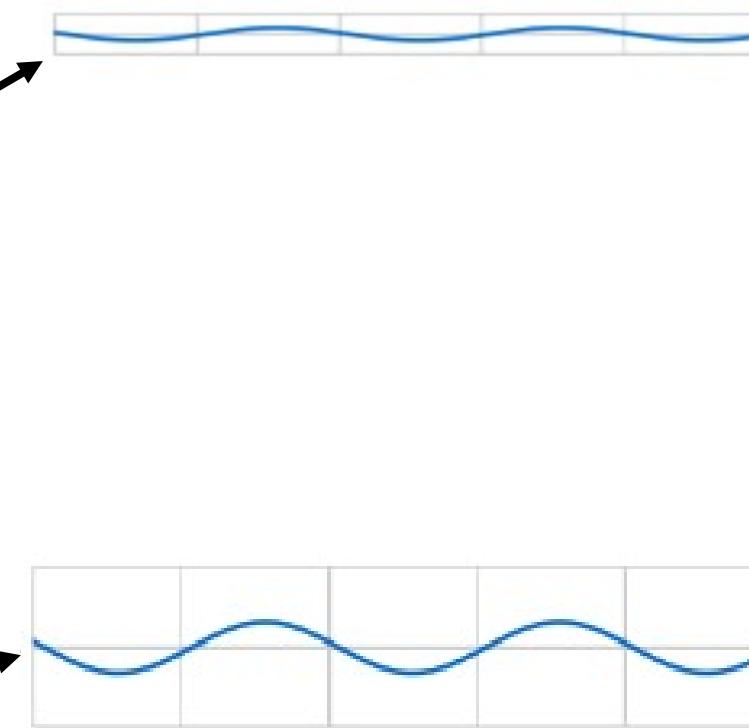


Profile measurements on concrete tracks

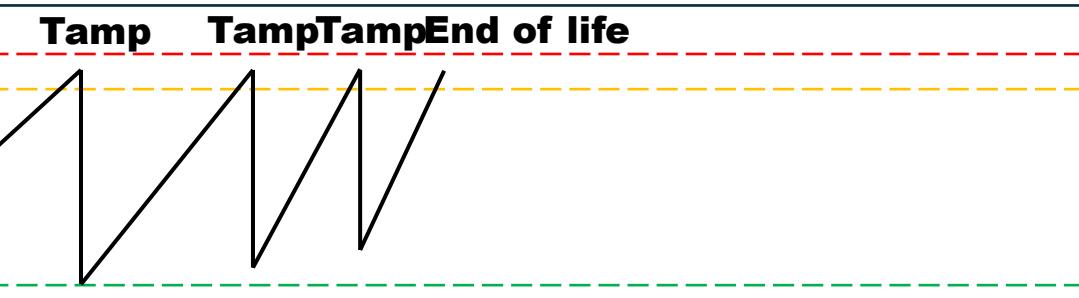
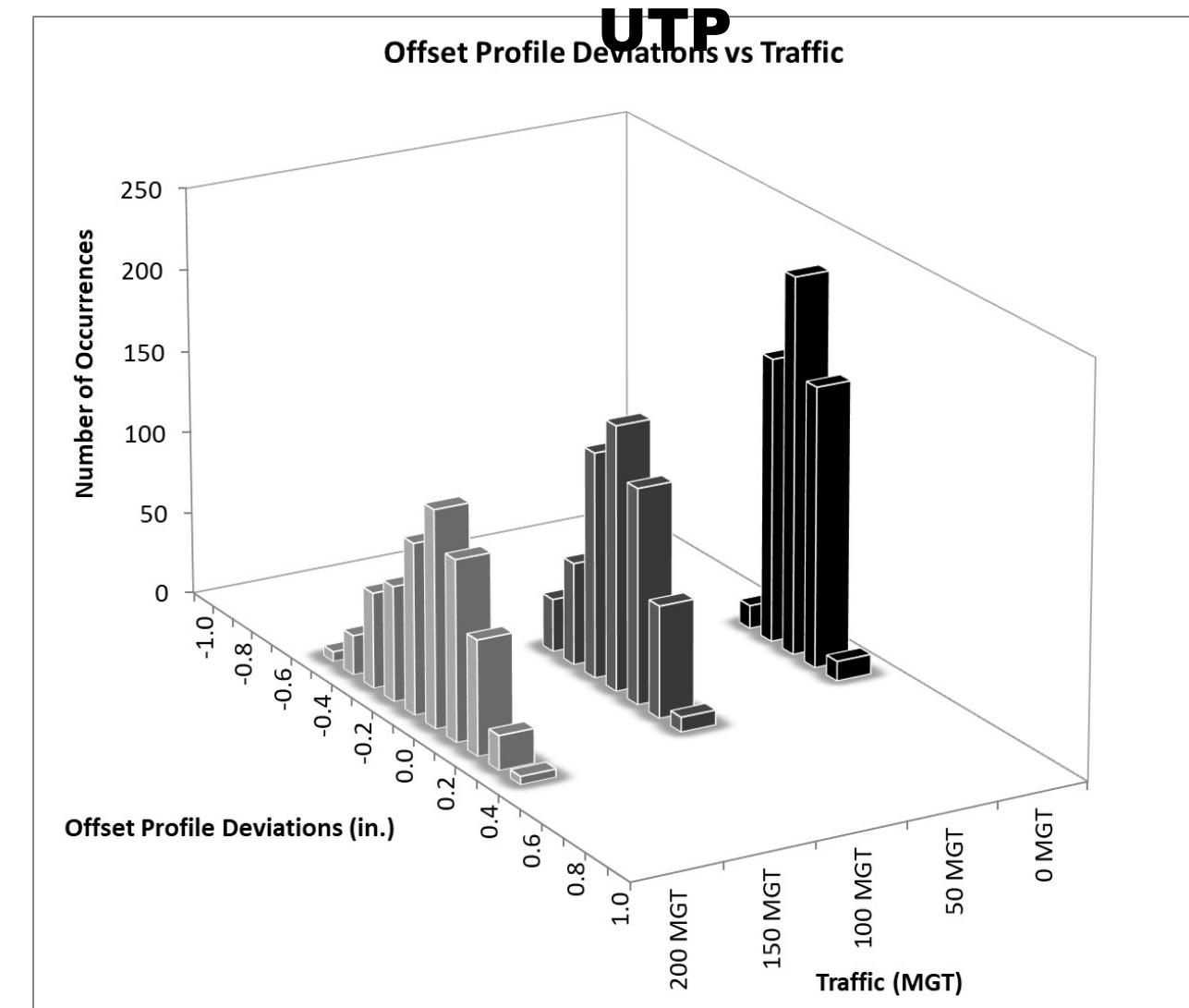
Concrete not equipped



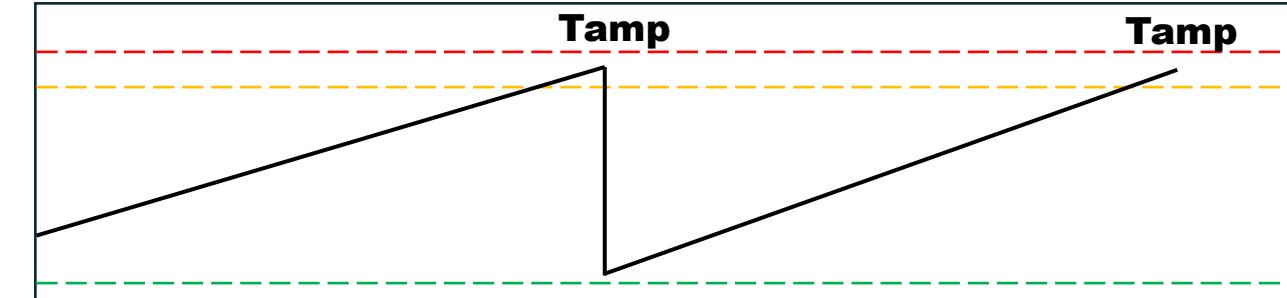
Roughness



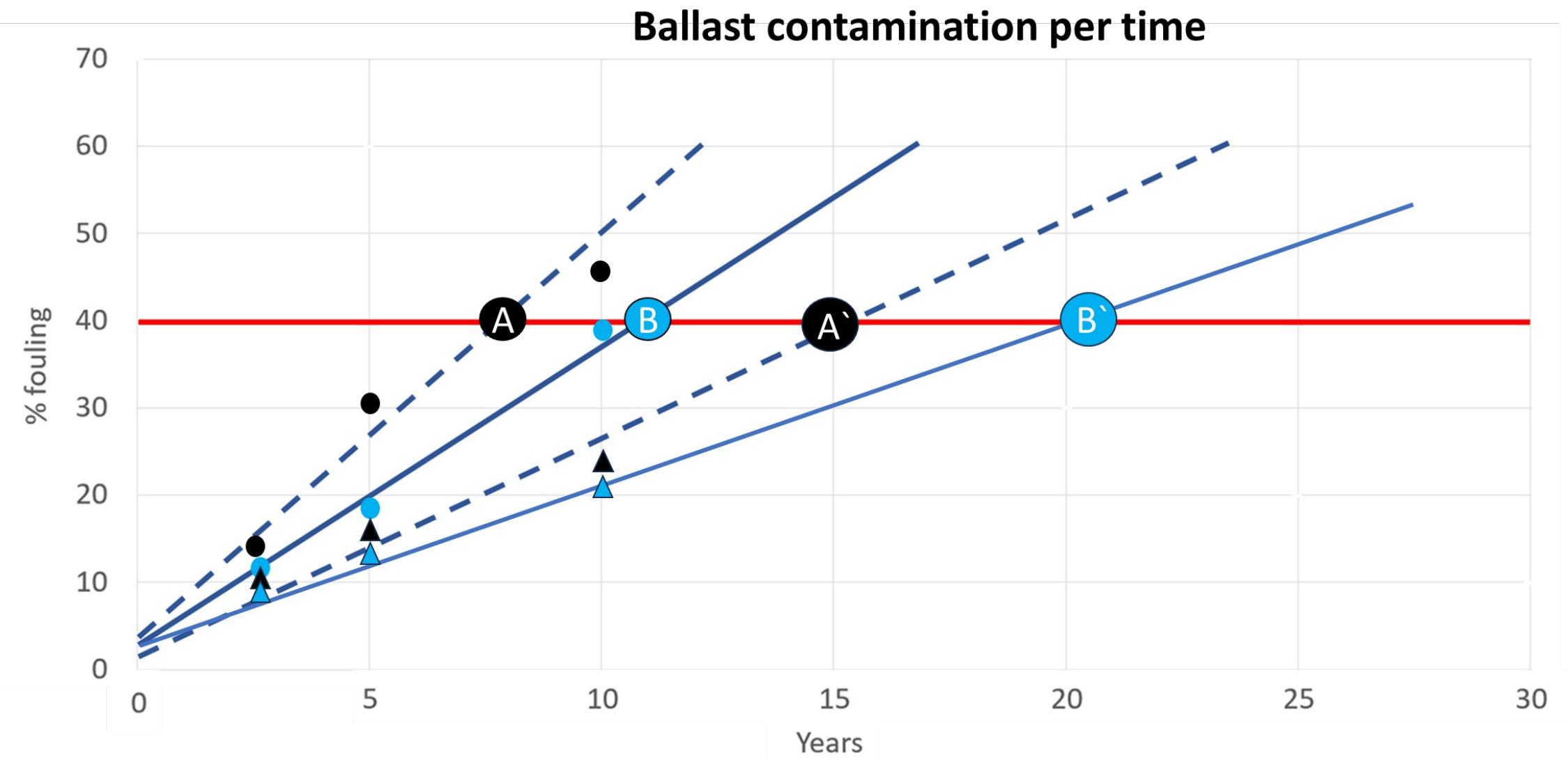
Concrete equipped with UTP



Tamping intervals
extended by a **factor of three**



The use of UTP in MRS - 10 years experience



(A) 180 MGT/year
32 tons/axle
Concrete tie
Granite-gneiss ballast
Weak subgrade

(B) 180 MGT/year
32 tons/axle
Concrete tie
Granite-gneiss ballast
Solid subgrade

(A') 180 MGT/year
32 tons/axle
Concrete tie + UTP
Granite-gneiss ballast
Weak subgrade

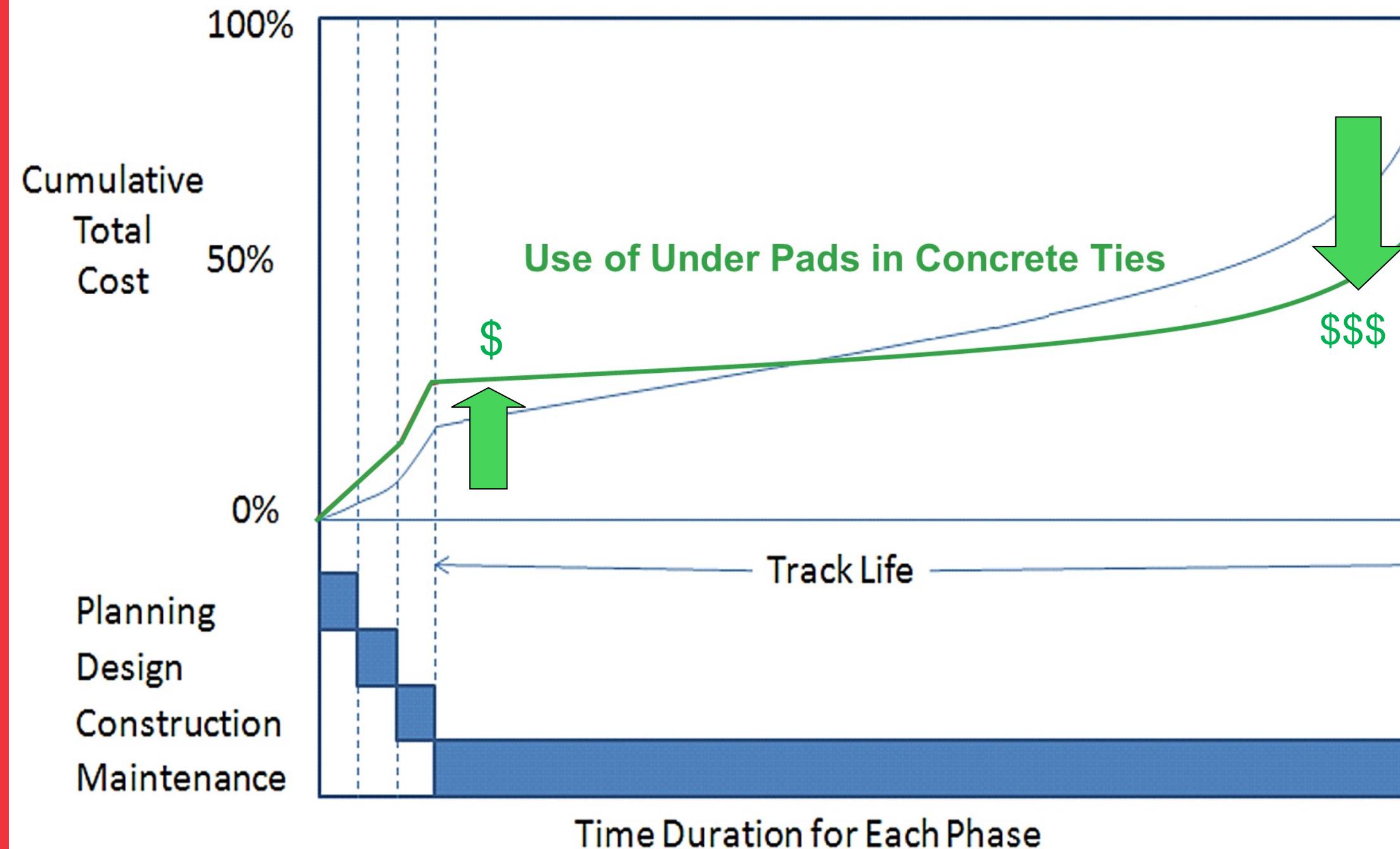
(B') 180 MGT/year
32 tons/axle
Concrete tie + UTP
Granite-gneiss ballast
Solid subgrade

Variables:

- The use of UTP
- Subgrade stiffness



LIFE-CYCLE COST CONSIDERATIONS

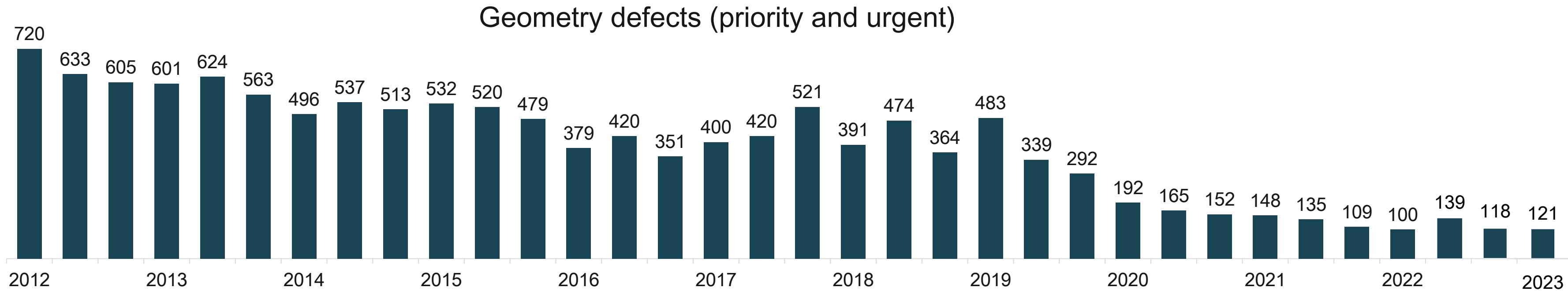


- Consider long-term performance, not just initial costs.
- Reduces track maintenance by up to 3x.
- ROI estimated in 3–8 years, depending on traffic.
- UTPs are most cost-effective on high-traffic sections and tight curves.



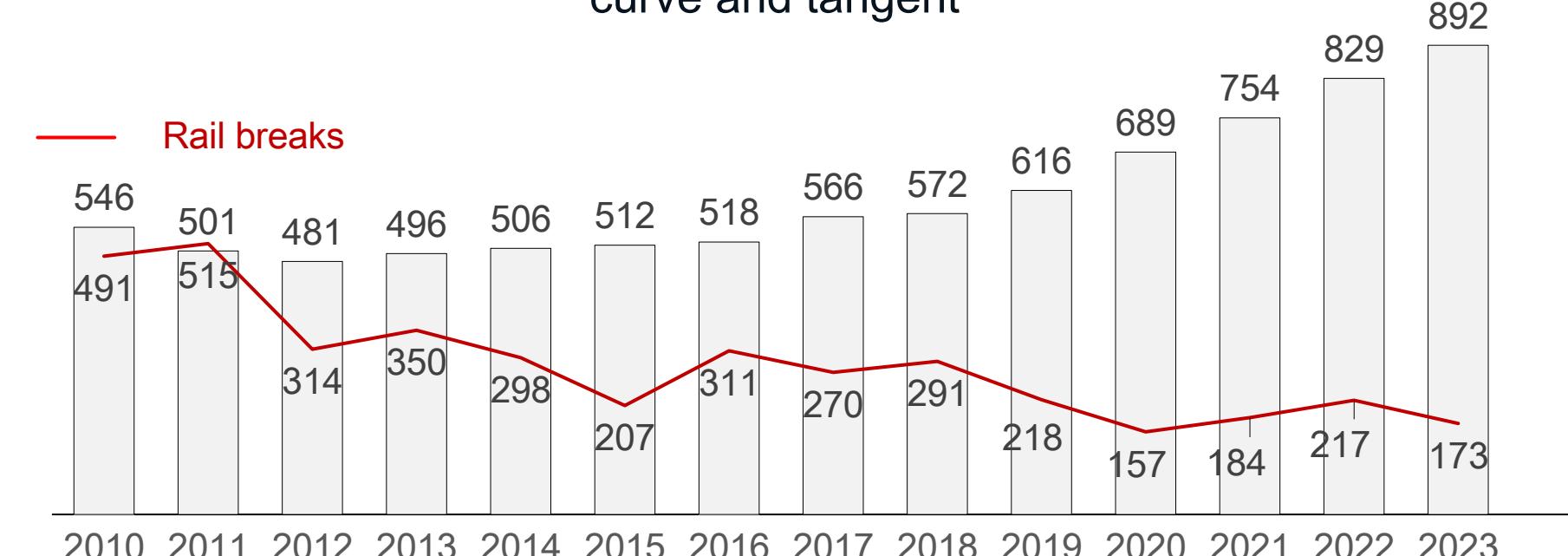
Results of a Successful Maintenance Strategy

H E A V Y H A U L S E M I N A R

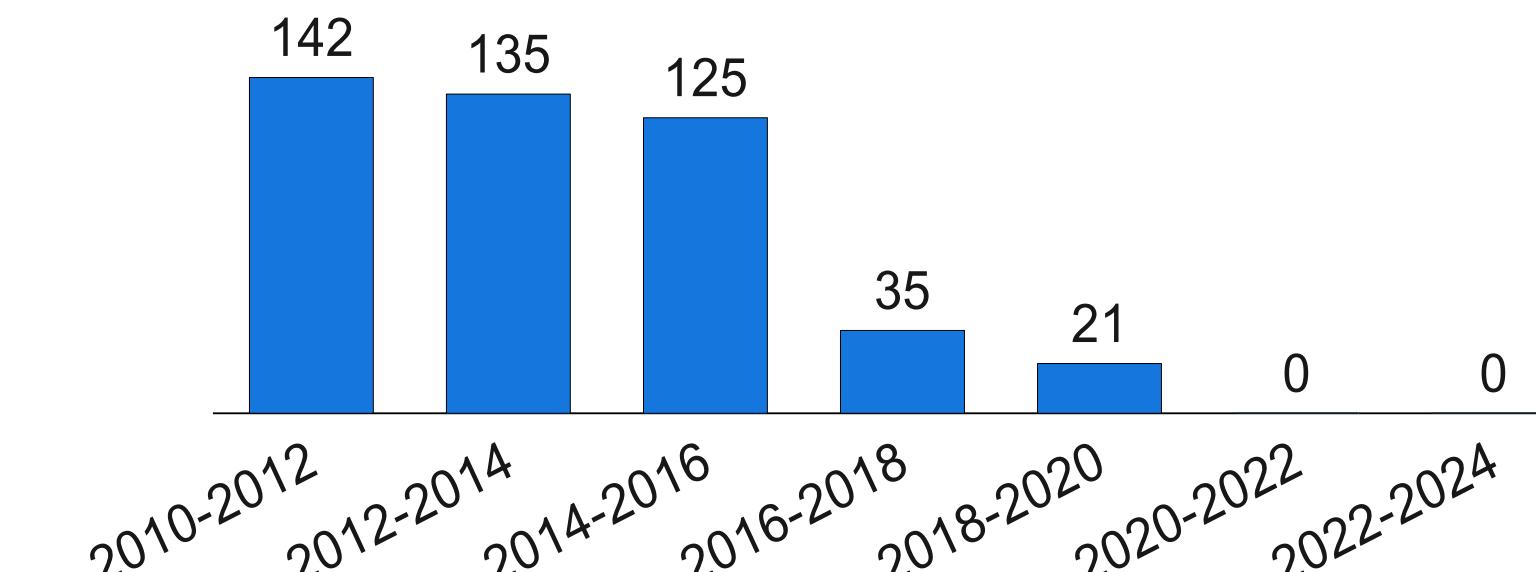


H E A V Y

Avg. rail life (MGT) curve and tangent



Main Line Derailment Track-Related Cause



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Conclusions

Introducing appropriate elasticity into the system reduces degradation of track components.

Resilient pad in steel plates helped reduce rail base fractures on wooden ties, especially in rigid zones and high support variation locations.

Use of resilient rail pads mitigated RSA on concrete ties (over 1,600 MGT accumulated).

UTPs on concrete ties:

- Reduced tamping cycles from 2 to 3x, depending on the asset.
- Potential to delay undercutting by up to 8 years.
- Extends crosstie service life by up to 5 years, reducing early failures.
- Increases the lifespan of system components by up to 20%, depending on section characteristics.

Next Steps:

- Potential reduction of the granular layer thickness



Register today

IHHA/WCRR Rail Research Week
at the Broadmoor, Colorado Springs
Hosted by MxV Rail.



IHHA C WCRR

2025 JOINT CONFERENCE

COLORADO SPRINGS, CO USA | NOVEMBER 17-21, 2025

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Thank you!

