

#### Abstract

MLmed is a computational macro for SPSS that simplifies the fitting of multilevel mediation and moderated mediation models, including models containing more than one mediator. After the model specification, the macro automatically performs all of the tedious data management necessary prior to fitting the model. This includes within-group centering of lower-level predictor variables, creating new variables containing the group means of lower-level predictor variables, and stacking the data as outlined in Bauer, Preacher, and Gil (2006) and their supplementary material to allow for the simultaneous estimation of all parameters in the model.

The output is conveniently separated by equation, which includes a further separation of between-group and within-group effects. Further, indirect effects, including Monte Carlo confidence intervals around these effects, are automatically provided. The index of moderated mediation (Hayes, 2015) is also provided for models involving level-2 moderators of the indirect effect(s).

## **Scope of MLmed**

In its current form, MLmed can accommodate up to three continuous, parallel mediators and one continuous dependent variable. Up to three level-1 and three level-2 covariates can be included. Finally, one level-2 moderator of the a path  $(X \to M)$  and one level-2 moderator of the b path  $(M \to Y)$  can be included. The same variable may moderate both paths. In models containing more than one mediator, only the a and b paths for the first mediator may be moderated. Further, the direct effect for any model cannot be moderated. For those familiar with PROCESS (Hayes, 2013), MLmed can handle multilevel models similar to Models 4, 7, 14, 21, and 58. A special multilevel type of Model 74 can also be fit.

Within-group and between-group indirect effects can be estimated when X, M, and Y all have variability at the within-group and between-group levels. MLmed estimates within-group effects by within-group centering variables prior to the analysis, and between-group effects are estimated using group means. The details of this approach can be found in Zhang, Zyphur, and Preacher (2009).

In connection to the multilevel mediation literature, MLmed can handle 1-1-1 and 2-1-1 data designs, where the three numbers refer to the lowest level in which X, M, and Y vary.

# MLmed: An SPSS Macro for Multilevel Mediation and Conditional Process Analysis

# Nicholas J. Rockwood & Andrew F. Hayes

# The Ohio State University, Department of Psychology

rockwood.19@osu.edu

hayes.338@osu.edu

### **Basic Model**

The lower level equations for the 1-1-1 multilevel mediation model using within-group centering are:

$$M_{ij} = d_{Mj} + a_j (X_{ij} - \overline{X}_{.j}) + e_{ij}$$

$$Y_{ij} = d_{Yj} + c'_j (X_{ij} - \overline{X}_{.j}) + b_j (M_{ij} - \overline{M}_{.j}) + e_{ij}$$

where  $\overline{X}_{.j}$  and  $\overline{M}_{.j}$  represent the observed group means of X and M, respectively. The upper level equations are:

$$d_{Mj} = d_M + a_B \overline{X}_{.j} + u_{Mj}$$

$$d_{Yj} = d_Y + c'_B \overline{X}_{.j} + b_B \overline{M}_{.j} + u_{Yj}$$

$$a_j = a_W + u_{aj}$$

$$b_j = b_W + u_{bj}$$

$$c'_j = c'_W + u_{c'j}$$

which disentangles the within-group effects from the between-group effects, denoted with the subscripts W and B, respectively.

The average within-group indirect effect is (Kenny, Korchmaros, & Bolger, 2003; Bauer et al., 2006):

$$E(a_j b_j) = ab + \sigma_{a_i, b_i}$$

where  $\sigma_{a_j,b_j}$  is the covariance between  $a_j$  and  $b_j$ . The between-group indirect effect is (Tofighi, West, & MacKinnon, 2013):

$$E(a_B b_B) = a_B b_B$$

# **Multiple Mediators**

The lower level equations for a 1-1-1 parallel mediation model with k mediators is:

$$M_{pij} = d_{Mpj} + a_{pj}(X_{ij} - \overline{X}_{.j}) + e_{ij}$$

for p = 1, ..., k.

$$Y_{ij} = d_{Yj} + c'_{j}(X_{ij} - \overline{X}_{.j}) + \sum_{p=1}^{k} b_{pj}(M_{pij} - \overline{M}_{p.j}) + e_{ij}$$

The upper level equations, with no level-2 predictors except observed group means are:

$$d_{Mpj} = d_{Mp} + a_{Bp}\overline{X}_{.j} + u_{Mpj}$$

for p = 1, ..., k.

$$d_{Yj} = d_Y + c'_B \overline{X}_{.j} + \sum_{p=1}^k b_{Bp} \overline{M}_{p.j} + u_{Yj}$$

$$a_{pj} = a_{Wp} + u_{apj}$$

$$b_{pj} = b_{Wp} + u_{bpj}$$

$$c'_{j} = c'_{W} + u_{c'j}$$

for p = 1, ..., k. With k mediators, there are k specific within-group and between-group indirect effects.

The average specific within-group indirect effect that quantifies the within-group indirect effect of X on Y through  $M_h$  is :

$$E(a_{Wh}b_{Wh}) = a_{Wh}b_{Wh} + \sigma_{a_{hi},b_{hi}} \tag{1}$$

and the corresponding specific between-group indirect effect is:

$$E(a_{Bh}b_{Bh}) = a_{Bh}b_{Bh} \tag{2}$$

#### **Moderated Mediation**

A level-2 variable can moderate both the within-group and between-group indirect effect. For example, consider a level-2 moderator, Q, of the b path. The equations from the basic model remain the same with the exception that:

$$b_j = b_W + g_{b1}Q_j + u_{bj}$$

$$d_{Yj} = d_Y + c'_B \overline{X}_{.j} + b_B \overline{M}_{.j} + g_{Y3}Q_j + g_{Y4} \overline{M}_{.j}Q_j + u_{Yj}$$

The within-group effect of  $X_{ij}$  on  $M_{ij}$  is  $a_j = a_W + u_{aj}$ , and the within-group effect of  $M_{ij}$  on  $Y_{ij}$  controlling for  $X_{ij}$  is  $b_j = b_W + g_{b1}Q_j + u_{bj}$ , so the average within-group indirect effect of  $X_{ij}$  on  $Y_{ij}$  is:

$$E(a_{j}b_{j}) = a_{W}b_{W} + a_{W}g_{b1}Q_{j} + \sigma_{a_{j},b_{j}}$$
 (3)

where  $\sigma_{a_j,b_j}$  is the residual covariance between  $a_j$  and  $b_j$  after removing the variance explained by  $Q_j$ .

The within-group index of moderated mediation is  $a_W g_{b1}$ , as this determines how the indirect effect changes systematically as a function of  $Q_j$ .

The between-group effect of  $M_{ij}$  on  $Y_{ij}$  is  $b_B + g_{Y4}Q_j$ , so the between-group indirect effect of  $X_{ij}$  on  $Y_{ij}$  is  $a_B(b_B + g_{Y4}Q_j) = a_Bb_B + a_Bg_{Y4}Q_j$  and the between-group index of moderated mediation is  $a_Bg_{Y4}$ .

#### **Syntax**

#### **Basic Model**

# **Examples**

#### **Random Slopes**

```
MLmed data = DataSet1

/x = Xvar

/randx = 11 \ random \ X \rightarrow Y \ and \ X \rightarrow M_1

/m1 = Mvar

/randm = 1 \ random \ M_1 \rightarrow Y

/y = Yvar

/covmat = UN \ estimate \ slope \ covariances

/cluster = group

/folder = /Users/username/Desktop/.
```

#### **Parallel Mediators with Covariates**

```
MLmed data = DataSet1

/x = Xvar

/randx = 010 \ random \ X \rightarrow M_1

/cov1 = Covvar \ level-1 \ covariate

/L2cov1 = L2Covvar \ level-2 \ covariate

/m1 = Mvar1

/m2 = Mvar2

/randm = 10 \ random \ M_1 \rightarrow Y

/mcovmat = UN \ covariance \ between \ M_1, \ M_2 \ intercepts

/y = Yvar

/cluster = group

/folder = C:\Users\username\Desktop\.
```

## **Moderated Mediation**

```
MLmed data = DataSet1

/x = Xvar

/randx = 01 random X \rightarrow M_1

/m1 = Mvar

/modM = Modvar L2 moderator of X \rightarrow M_1

/modMB = 0 Omit between-group moderation

/modMcent = 2.3 Center Modvar around

2.3

/y = Yvar

/cluster = group

/folder = /Users/username/Desktop/.
```

#### **2-1-1 Design**

```
MLmed data = DataSet1
  /x = Xvar
  /xW = 0 Omit within-group effects of X
  /m1 = Mvar
  /y = Yvar
  /cluster = group
  /folder = /Users/username/Desktop/.
```

#### 1-1-1 Design with No Between Effects

```
MLmed data = DataSet1

/x = Xvar

/xB = 0 Omit between-group effects of X

/m1 = Mvar

/mB = 0 Omit between-group effect of M

/y = Yvar

/cluster = group

/folder = /Users/username/Desktop/.
```

# **Example Output\***

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## References

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To download MLmed and its user guide, please visit njrockwood.com/mlmed or scan this QR code.

