

COMP 3311: Database Management Systems

Tutorial 9 Query Optimization

Exercise 1: Sailor(sailorId, sName, rating, age)	6,000 tuples	10 tuples/page
Reserves(sailorId, boatId, rDate)	1,500 tuples	15 tuples/page
Boat(boatId, bName, color)	3,000 tuples	20 tuples/page

There is no index on any relation. 15% of boats are red.

- a) Estimate the size in tuples of $\pi_{\text{boatId}}(\sigma_{\text{color}='red'}\text{Boat})$.
- b) Estimate the size in tuples of (Sailor Join Reserves Join Boat). Briefly explain the reason(s) for your answer.
- c) i. Calculate the result size in tuples of the join order (Sailor Join Boat) Join Reserves
- ii. Calculate the result size in tuples of the join order (Sailor Join Reserves) Join Boat
- iii. Which join order is better and why?

Name: (1) _____ / _____ Student#: (1) _____ Date: _____
Family/Given (PRINT) Given/First (PRINT)

Name: (2) _____ / _____ Student#: (2) _____
Family/Given (PRINT) Given/First (PRINT)

NOTE: You are highly encouraged to do this exercise with a partner.

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Exercise 2: For the query $\pi_{A,B,C,D}(R \bowtie_{A=C} S)$ assume that the projection routine uses external sorting and eliminates all unwanted attributes during the initial sort pass and also removes duplicate tuples on-the-fly during the merge passes. Furthermore, assume the following:

- R is 10 pages and each R tuple is 300 bytes.
- S is 100 pages and each S tuple is 500 bytes.
- The combined size of attributes A, B, C and D is 450 bytes.
- A and B are in R and have combined size 200 bytes; C and D are in S.
- A is a key for R.
- Each S tuple joins with exactly one R tuple.
- The page size is 1024 bytes.
- The main memory buffer size M is 3 pages.
- Only the (optimized) block nested-loop join method is implemented.

- a) What is the cost of processing the query $\pi_{A,B,C,D}(R \bowtie_{A=C} S)$?
- i. join cost (using block nested-loop)

- ii. projection cost (using external sorting and eliminating unwanted attributes during initial sort pass)

- b) What is the cost of processing the query $\pi_{A,B,C,D}(R \bowtie_{A=C} S)$ if merge join is used instead of block nested-loop join with a main memory buffer of 3 pages and unwanted attributes are eliminated during sorting?
- cost to sort R

- cost to sort S

- cost to join

Total cost: