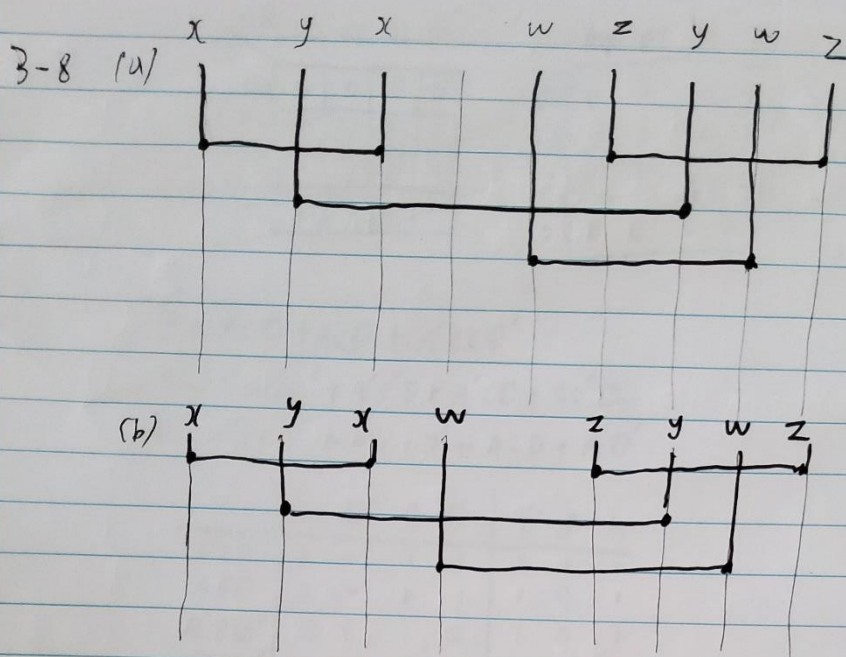


디지털시스템설계 과제

2016310936 우승민

3-7

- (a) FPGA는 사용자가 프로그램 할 수 있다.
- (b) symmetrical array, row based, hierarchical PLP, sea of gates
- (c) antifuse, EEPROM, EPROM, SRAM
- (d) ~~유연함~~ ^(flexibility), 다시 프로그래밍 할 수 있음
- (e) 빠르다, 작다, 비휘발성
- (f) programmable logic blocks, programmable interconnect, programmable I/O blocks
- (g) 느린, 휘발성, area overhead가 큼
- (h) 프로그램을 다시 못함, ~~이름~~ ^(flexibility) 다양함
- (i) 6가
- (j) Mask Programmable Gate Array - custom gate array (공강 배열)
- (k) FPGA는 CPLD보다 더 크고 복잡하다.
- (l) 타이밍이 예측가능하고 원가가 낮다
- (m) flexibility
- (n) Xilinx, CoolRunner, XC9500
- (o) Xilinx, Altera, Lattice



- 3-10 (a) Input (A 8 bit, B 8 bit, C 16 bit)
Output (Sum 8 bit, Cout 16 bit) $\therefore 2^{16} \times 9$
- (b) Input (2 16 bit BCD \rightarrow 8 bit)
Output (997314 \rightarrow 16 bit) $\therefore 2^8 \times 7$
- (c) Input (Select 2 bit, Input 4 bit)
Output (1 bit) $\therefore 2^6 \times 1$
- (d) Input (32 bit $\times 2$)
Output (33 bit) $\therefore 2^{64} \times 33$
- (e) $2^3 \times 8$
- (f) $2^{64} \times 32$
- (g) $2^{16+16} \times (16+16) = 2^{32} \times 32$
- (h) $2^{16+16+1} \times (16+1) = 2^{33} \times 17$
- (i) $2^8 \times (3+1) = 2^8 \times 4$
- (j) $2^{10} \times (4+1) = 2^{10} \times 5$
- (k) $2^{2+8} \times 1 = 2^{11}$

3-1/ (a)

AB \ CD	00	01	11	10
00	0	0	0	0
01	0	0	0	0
11	1	1	1	1
10	0	1	0	0

AB \ CD	00	01	11	10
00	0	1	0	0
01	1	0	1	1
11	1	1	0	0
10	0	0	0	0

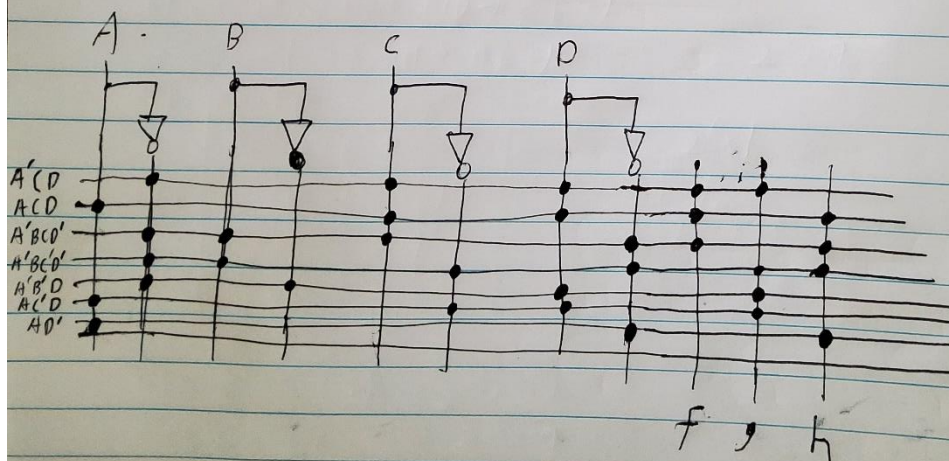
AB \ CD	00	01	11	10
00	0	1	1	1
01	0	0	0	0
11	0	0	1	1
10	0	1	1	1

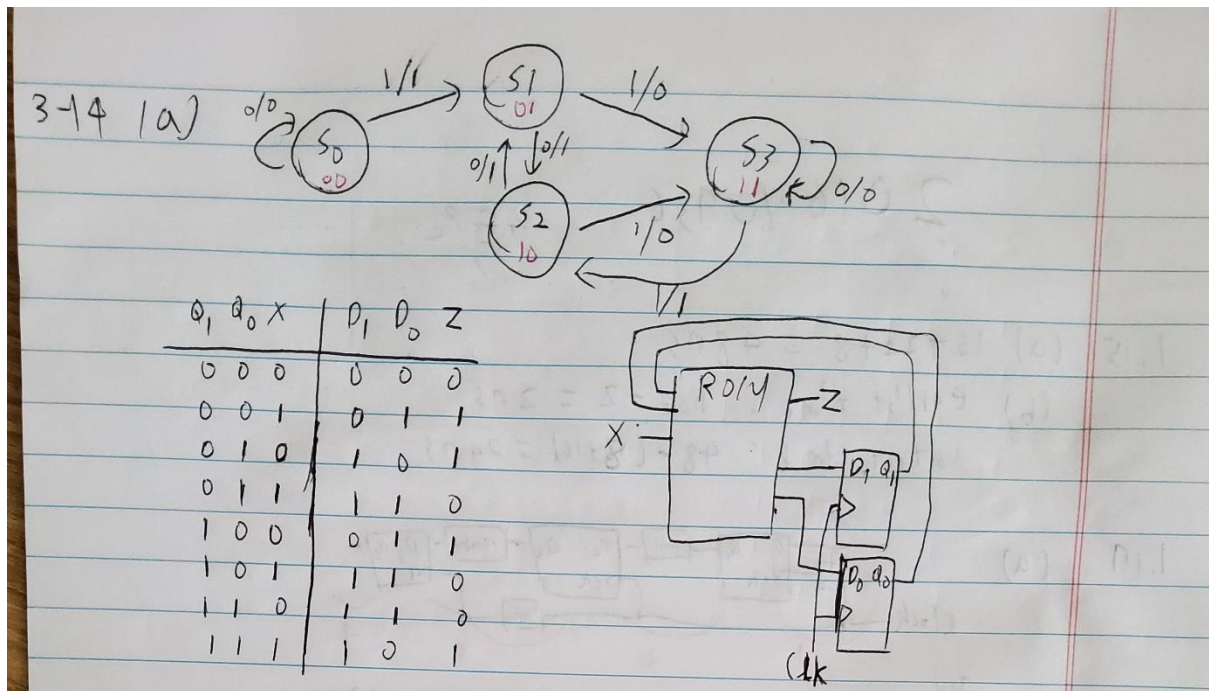
$$f = A'CD + ACD + A'BCD'$$

$$g = A'BC'D' + A'B'D + A'C'D + AC'D$$

$$h = A'BC'D' + A'BCD' + ACD + AD'$$

	A	B	C	D	f	g	h
A'CD	0	-	1	1	1	1	0
ACD	1	-	1	1	1	0	1
A'BCD'	0	1	1	0	1	0	1
A'BC'D'	0	1	0	0	0	1	1
A'B'D	0	0	-	1	0	1	0
A'C'D	1	-	0	1	0	1	0
AD'	1	-	-	0	0	0	1



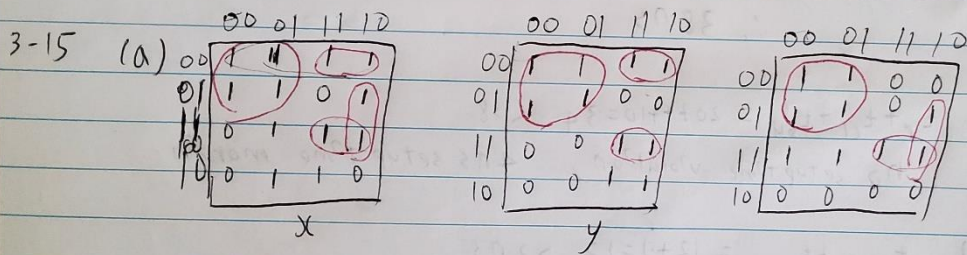


(b)

```

1  module HOM5(X, Clk, Z);
2      input X, Clk;
3      output reg Z;
4      reg [1:0] Q, Qplus;
5      reg [2:0] ROM;
6      reg [2:0] index;
7
8      initial begin
9          Q = 1'b0;
10         Qplus = 1'b0;
11     end
12
13     always @(Q, X)
14     begin
15         index = {Q, X};
16         case(index)
17             3'b000 : ROM = 3'b000;
18             3'b001 : ROM = 3'b011;
19             3'b010 : ROM = 3'b101;
20             3'b011 : ROM = 3'b110;
21             3'b100 : ROM = 3'b011;
22             3'b101 : ROM = 3'b110;
23             3'b110 : ROM = 3'b110;
24             3'b111 : ROM = 3'b101;
25         endcase
26         Qplus = ROM[2:1];
27         Z = ROM[0];
28     end
29
30     always @(negedge Clk)
31     begin
32         Q <= Qplus;
33     end
34 endmodule

```



$$x = A'C' + C'D' + AB'D + BC$$

$$y = A'C' + C'D' + AC$$

$$z = A'C' + CD + AB'D$$

	A	B	C	D	x	y	z
A'C'	0	-	0	-	1	1	1
C'D'	-	-	0	0	1	1	0
AB'D	1	0	-	1	1	0	1
BC	-	1	1	-	1	0	0
AC	1	-	1	-	0	1	0
CD	-	-	1	1	0	0	1

