

ANTLR 4

tutorial + PA#1

Introduction

- ▶ ANTLR(Another Tool for Language Recognition)
 - ▶ A powerful parser generator
 - ▶ Parser for reading, processing, executing, or translating structured text or binary files.
 - ▶ Widely used to build languages, tools, and frameworks.
- ▶ ANTLR
 - ▶ Input: a grammar file (*e.g.*, Hello.g4)
 - ▶ Output: parser code in Java (*e.g.*, Hello*.java)

Install ANTLR (version 4.8) – Java tools

▶ ANTLR (www.antlr.org)

▶ <https://www.antlr.org/download/antlr-4.8-complete.jar>

▶ Installation JRE/JDK & ANTLR

```
$ sudo apt update
$ sudo apt upgrade
$ sudo apt install default-jre
$ sudo apt install default-jdk
$ sudo apt install curl
```

```
$ cd /usr/local/lib
$ sudo curl -O https://www.antlr.org/download/antlr-4.8-complete.jar -o
antlr-4.8-complete.jar
```

```
$ vi ~/.bashrc
export CLASSPATH=".:usr/local/lib/antlr-4.8-complete.jar:$CLASSPATH"
alias antlr4='java -jar /usr/local/lib/antlr-4.8-complete.jar'
alias grun='java org.antlr.v4.gui.TestRig'
```

→ Add 3 lines at the end of ~/.bashrc

```
$ source ~/.bashrc → Reflect the effect to the current shell
```

Download (ANTLR version 4.8) – C++ runtime

- ▶ ANTLR download page (<https://www.antlr.org/download.html>)
 - ▶ Under **C++ Target**, download source for Linux
 - ▶ <https://www.antlr.org/download/antlr4-cpp-runtime-4.8-source.zip>
- ▶ Compile from the source and install to /usr/local

```
$ sudo apt install build-essential zip cmake uuid-dev pkg-config
$ unzip antlr4-cpp-runtime-4.8-source.zip -d ANTLR4
$ cd ANTLR4
$ mkdir build && mkdir run && cd build
$ cmake ..
$ DESTDIR=../run make install
```

```
$ cd ../run/usr/local/include
$ sudo cp -r antlr4-runtime /usr/local/include
$ cd ../lib
$ sudo cp * /usr/local/lib
$ sudo ldconfig
```

```
$ vi ~/.bashrc
```

```
LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$LD_LIBRARY_PATH:/usr/local/lib/
```

```
$ source ~/.bashrc
```

Add this line at the end of ~/.bashrc

Reflect the effect to the current shell

Example Grammar File (*.g4)

```
/* Example grammar for Expr.g4 */
grammar Expr;                                // name of grammar

//parser rules - start with lowercase letters
prog: (expr NEWLINE)* ;
expr: expr ('*' | '/') expr
      | expr ('+' | '-') expr
      | INT
      | '(' expr ')';

//lexer rules - start with uppercase letters
NEWLINE : [\r\n]+ ;
INT      : [0-9]+ ;
WS       : [ \t\r\n]+ -> skip;
```

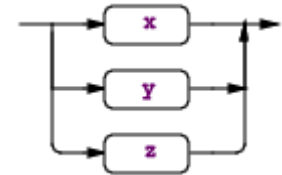
Regular Expressions

- ▶ . matches any single character
- ▶ * matches zero or more copies of preceding expression
- ▶ + matches one or more copies of preceding expression
- ▶ ? matches zero or one copy of preceding expression
 - ▶ -?[0-9]+ : signed numbers including optional minus sign
- ▶ [] matches any character within the brackets
 - ▶ [AbcI], [A-Z], [A-Za-z], [^I23A-Z] ← exclude [I23A-Z]
- ▶ ^ matches the beginning of line
- ▶ \$ matches the end of line
- ▶ \ escape metacharacter e.g. * matches with *
- ▶ | matches either the preceding expression or the following
 - ▶ abc|ABC
- ▶ () groups a series of regular expression
 - ▶ (I23)(I23)*

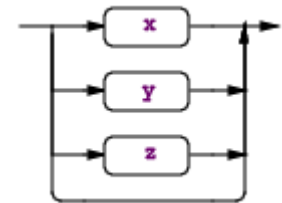


Regular expression (subrules)

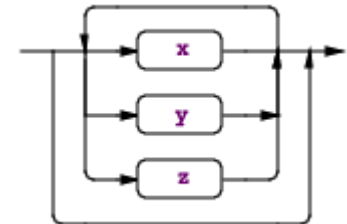
- ▶ $(x|y|z)$: match any alternative within the subrule exactly



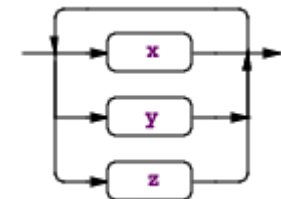
- ▶ $(x|y|z)?$: match nothing or any alternative within subrule



- ▶ $(x|y|z)^*$: match an alternative within subrule zero or more times



- ▶ $(x|y|z)^+$: match an alternative within subrule one or more times.



Running ANTLR Parser Generator

- ▶ Writing a grammar file

- ▶ E.g., `Expr.g4` (slide 5)

- ▶ Process with ANTLR for C++

- ▶ `$ antlr4 -Dlanguage=Cpp Expr.g4`

- ▶ `$ ls *.cpp *.h`

`ExprBaseListener.cpp` `ExprBaseListener.h`

`ExprListener.cpp` `ExprListener.h`

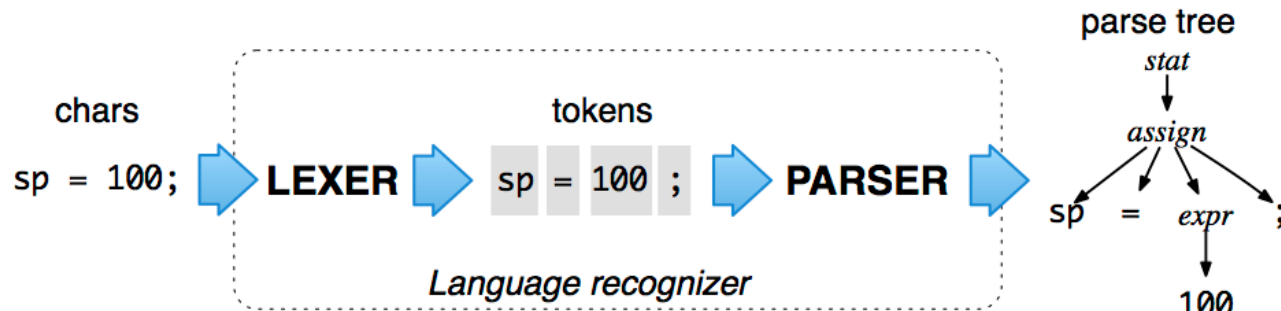
`ExprLexer.cpp` `ExprLexer.h`

`ExprParser.cpp` `ExprParser.h`

- ▶ Now we are ready to write main program

Parse Tree

- ▶ ANTLR-generated parser builds a data structure
 - ▶ Parse tree (or syntax tree)
 - ▶ “organization of input” according to grammar



Parse Tree Manipulation

- ▶ Now, you have a parse tree.
 - ▶ Walk a parse tree with ANTLR tools – Listener or Visitor
- ▶ Listener
 - ▶ Walk all parse tree with DFS from the first root node
 - ▶ Make functions triggered at entering/exit of nodes
 - ▶ *e.g.*, `ExprBaseListener.cpp/h` is generated from `antlr4`
- ▶ Visitor
 - ▶ Make functions triggered at entering/exit of nodes.
 - ▶ Unlike listener, user explicitly call visitor on child nodes
 - ▶ To generate visitor class, use `-visitor` option for `antlr4`

```
$ antlr4 -Dlanguage=C++ -no-listener -visitor Expr.g4
```

ExprBaseListener.cpp/h

```
// Generated from Expr.g4 by ANTLR 4.8
#pragma once
#include "antlr4-runtime.h"
#include "ExprListener.h"

/**
 * This class provides an empty implementation of ExprListener,
 * which can be extended to create a listener which only needs to handle
 * a subset of the available methods.
 */
class ExprBaseListener : public ExprListener {
public:
    virtual void enterProg(ExprParser::ProgContext * /*ctx*/) override { }
    virtual void exitProg(ExprParser::ProgContext * /*ctx*/) override { }
    virtual void enterExpr(ExprParser::ExprContext * /*ctx*/) override { }
    virtual void exitExpr(ExprParser::ExprContext * /*ctx*/) override { }

    virtual void enterEveryRule(antlr4::ParserRuleContext * /*ctx*/) override { }
    virtual void exitEveryRule(antlr4::ParserRuleContext * /*ctx*/) override { }
    virtual void visitTerminal(antlr4::tree::TerminalNode * /*node*/) override { }
    virtual void visitErrorNode(antlr4::tree::ErrorNode * /*node*/) override { }
};
```

```
/* Expr.g4 */
grammar Expr;

// parser rules
prog : (expr NEWLINE)*;
expr : expr ('*' | '/') expr
      | expr ('+' | '-' ) expr
      | INT
      | '(' expr ')';

// lexer rules
NEWLINE: [\r\n]+;
INT: [0-9]+;
WS: [ \t\r\n]+ -> skip;
```

ExprBaseListener.cpp/h: generated by ANTLR4 along with multiple cpp/h files and others

ExprMain.cpp (user code)

```
#include <iostream>
#include "ExprBaseListener.h"
#include "ExprLexer.h"
#include "ExprParser.h"

using namespace std;
using namespace antlr4;
using namespace antlr4::tree;

class EvalListener : public ExprBaseListener {
    // C++ STL map for variables' integer value for assignment
    map<string, int> vars;
    // C++ STL stack for expression tree evaluation
    stack<int> evalStack;

    // add more fields you need ...

public:
    virtual exitProg(ExprParser::ProgContext *ctx) {
        cout << "exitProg: " << endl;
    }

    virtual exitExpr(ExprParser::ExprContext *ctx) {
        cout << "exitExpr: " << endl;
    }

    virtual visitTerminal(tree::TerminalNode node) {
        cout << "Terminal: " << node->getText() << endl;

        //if (node->getSymbol()->getType() == ExprLexer::INT) {
        //    int v = atoi(node->getText().c_str());
        //    evalStack.push(v);
        //}

        // add more methods you need ...
    };
};
```

← example class for expression evaluation

skeleton code for listener based application



```
int main() {
    cout << "*** Expression Eval with ANTLR listener ***";

    ANTLRInputStream input(cin);          // set up input
    ExprLexer lexer(&input);              // Get lexer
    CommonTokenStream tokens(&lexer);      // Get a list of tokens
    ExprParser parser(&tokens);            // Pass tokens to parser
    ParseTree *tree = parser.prog();       // Get parse tree

    // Print tree in Lisp style
    cout << tree->toStringTree(&parser) << endl;

    // Walk parse-tree and attach our listener
    ParseTreeWalker walker;
    EvalListener listener;

    // walk from the root of parse tree
    walker.walk(&listener, tree);
}
```

Programming Assignment #1 (Calculator)

- ▶ Build a C++ program using ANTLR **Listener** class
 - ▶ Expand Expr.g4
 - ▶ accept multiple assignments and expressions terminated with ';'
 - ▶ calculate the resulting values of expressions
 - ▶ Add grammar to accept assignments of values to variables (e.g., a = 100)

```
prog : (assn ';' NEWLINE?| expr ';' NEWLINE?)*  
assn : ID '=' num ;  
ID : [a-zA-Z]+ ;
```

PA#1 (cont'd)

- ▶ **Modify** *ExprMain.cpp* & *Expr.g4* to do the following
 - ▶ accept input from *file-path* at command line
 - ▶ perform expression-tree evaluation by using shunting-yard algorithm and converting to postfix notation
 - ▶ **Should use ONLY listener, NOT visitor**
 - ▶ For assn, use `std::map` class
 - ▶ print out resulting value
 - calculation should be in *double*
 - $5 / 2 \Rightarrow 2.5$ not 2
- Run your app with `input.txt`

```
$ cat input.txt
a = -100;
a + -2.1 * 34;
10 * (+5.0/2);
$ ./expr.exe input.txt
-171.4
25.0
$
```

```
/* Expr.g4 extended - Modify this for PA#1 */
grammar Expr;

// parser rules
prog : (assn ';' NEWLINE? | expr ';' NEWLINE?)*;
expr : expr ('*' | '/') expr
      | expr ('+' | '-') expr
      | num
      | ID
      | '(' expr ')'
      ;
assn : ID '=' num
      ;
num : INT
     | REAL
     ;

// lexer rules
NEWLINE: [\r\n]+ ;
INT: [0-9]+ ;
REAL: [0-9]+\.[0-9]* ; // should handle negatives
ID: [a-zA-Z]+ ;
WS: [ \t\r\n]+ -> skip ;
```

Grading Policy

- ▶ Discussion is allowed, but plagiarism is not allowed
 - ▶ If any of the codes is **copied from elsewhere** (e.g. your friends or internet),
you'll get absolutely **0 points** (no mercy, no exception).
- ▶ This matter applies equally to all the projects afterwards.

Reference

- ▶ The Definitive ANTLR 4 Reference - Terence Parr
- ▶ <http://antlr.org> > Dev Tools > Resources
 - ▶ Documentation
 - ▶ <https://github.com/antlr/antlr4/blob/master/doc/index.md>
 - ▶ Runtime API (look into "Java Runtime" for ANTLR4 APIs)
 - ▶ <http://www.antlr.org/api/>
- ▶ Java util package
 - ▶ www.tutorialspoint.com/java/util/index.htm
- ▶ Other resource (C++ target)
 - ▶ <https://tomassetti.me/getting-started-antlr-cpp/>
 - ▶ <http://www.cs.sjsu.edu/~mak/tutorials/InstallANTLR4Cpp.pdf>
- ▶ C++ STL tutorials
 - ▶ <https://www.studytonight.com/cpp/stl/>
 - ▶ https://www.cppreference.com/Cpp_STL_ReferenceManual.pdf