The pstool package

Will Robertson and Zebb Prime

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Part I

Documentation

1 Introduction

While pdfLATEX is a great improvement in many ways over the 'old method' of DVI—PS—PDF, it loses the ability to interface with a generic PostScript workflow, used to great effect in numerous packages, most notably PSTricks and psfrag.

Until now, the best way to use these packages while running pdfIATEX has been to use the pst-pdf package, which processes the entire document through a filter, sending the relevant PostScript environments through a single pass of DVI—PS—PDF. The resulting PDF versions of each image are then included into the pdfIATEX document. The auto-pst-pdf package provides a wrapper to perform all of this automatically.

The disadvantage with this method is that for every document compilation, *every* graphic must be re-processed. The pstool package uses a different approach to allow each graphic to be processed only as-needed, speeding up and simplifying the typesetting of the main document.

2 Processing modes

The generic command provided by this package is

```
\pstool[\langle graphicx\ options \rangle] \{\langle filename \rangle\} \{\langle input\ definitions \rangle\}
```

It converts the graphic *\langle filename \rangle*. eps to *\langle filename \rangle*. pdf through a unique DVI—PS—PDF process for each graphic, using the preamble of the main document. The resulting graphic is then inserted into the document, with optional *\langle graphicx options \rangle*. The third argument to \pstool allows arbitrary *\langle input definitions \rangle* (such as \psfrag directives) to be inserted before the figure as it is processed.

By default \pstool can be used in the following modes:

\pstool Process the graphic \(\filename \) if no PDF of the same name exists, or if the source EPS file is \(newer \) than the PDF;

\pstool* Always process this figure; and,

\pstool! Never process this figure.

The package accepts options to override the above:

[process=auto] This is the default as described above;

[process=all] All \pstool graphics are processed regardless of suffix; and, [process=none] No \pstool graphics are processed.

It is useful to define higher-level commands with \pstool for including specific types of EPS graphics that take advantage of psfrag. As an example, this package defines the following commands. These commands all support the * or ! suffices.

- **\epsfig**[\langle opts \rangle] {\langle filename \rangle} Insert a plain EPS figure. It is more convenient than using, for example, the epstopdf package since it will regenerate the PDF if the EPS file changes.
- $\protect\operatorname{psfragfig[\langle opts\rangle]} {\langle filename\rangle} \protect\operatorname{Insert}$ an EPS file with psfrag definitions contained within the file $\langle filename\rangle$ -psfrag.tex. (Accepts an optional braced argument as shown next.)
- \psfragfig[$\langle opts \rangle$]{ $\langle filename \rangle$ }{ $\langle input\ definitions \rangle$ } Insert an EPS file with psfrag definitions contained either/or within the file $\langle filename \rangle$ -psfrag.tex and supplied by the third argument $\langle input\ definitions \rangle$.
- $\label{laprintfig} $$ \left(\frac{opts}{filename}\right)$$ Insert figures that have been produced with Matlab's laprint package.$
- \mathpsfragfig[\langle opts \rangle] \{\langle filename \rangle}\} Insert figures that have been produced with Mathematica's MathPSfrag package. Automatically adds the -psfrag suffix to the \langle filename \rangle.

3 Package options

3.1 Cropping graphics

Graphics are cropped to the appropriate size with the preview package. Sometimes, however, this will not be good enough when an inserted label protrudes from the natural bounding box of the figure. A good way to solve this problem is to use the pdfcrop program (requires a Perl installation under Windows). This can be activated in pstool with the [pdfcrop] package option.

¹If pstool is loaded in a LATEX document in DVI mode, this is the option that is used since no external processing is required for these graphics.

3.2 Temporary files & cleanup

Each figure that is processed spawns an auxiliary LATEX compilation through DVI—PS—PDF. This process is named after the name of the figure with a suffix; the default is [suffix={-process}]. All of these suffixed files are "temporary" in that they may be deleted once they are no longer needed.

As an example, if the figure is called ex.eps, the files that are created are ex-process.tex, ex-process.dvi, The [cleanup] package option declares via a list of extensions which temporary files are to be deleted after processing.

By default, this is [cleanup={tex,dvi,ps,pdf,log,aux}]. Choose [cleanup={}] to delete none of the temporary files (useful for debugging).

4 Todo

- 1. Test \laprint, \psfragfig, \mathbf{mathfig}, \mathfig, especially with figures in a relative path.
- 2. Generalise "process if older" code for multiple files.
- 3. Support optional (input definitions) for all user commands??
- 4. (Maybe) support epstool for cropping the graphics.
- 5. Direct support for \includegraphics with EPS files.
- 6. Check for correct behaviour in shells other than bash.
- 7. More flexible usage (support things like \beginpostscript in pst-pdf).
- 8. mylatex integration.

Part II

Implementation

- 1 \ProvidesPackage{pstool}[2008/08/08_v0.5
- Wrapper_for_processing_PostScript/psfrag_figures]

External packages

- 3 \RequirePackage{%
- catchfile,color,ifpdf,ifplatform,

inversepath,graphicx,suffix,xkeyval}

Initialisations

```
\if@pstool@always@
                          6 \newif\if@pstool@always@
     \if@pstool@never@
                          7 \newif\if@pstool@never@
   \if@pstool@pdfcrop@
                          8 \newif\if@pstool@pdfcrop@
\if@pstool@nopreamble@
                          9 \newif\if@pstool@nopreamble@
     \if@pstool@nofig@
                          newif\if@pstool@nofig@
           \pstool@out

'11 \newwrite\pstool@out

                         Package options
                          12 \DeclareOptionX{pdfcrop}{\@pstool@pdfcrop@true}
               pdfcrop
                          define@choicekey*{pstool.sty}{process}[\@tempa\@tempb]{%
               process
                                  all, none, auto}{%
                              \ifcase\@tempb\relax
                                \@pstool@always@true
                                \@pstool@never@true
                              \or
                              \fi}
                         20 \DeclareOptionX{cleanup}{\def\pstool@rm@files{#1}}
               cleanup
      \pstool@rm@files
                         21 \ExecuteOptionsX{cleanup={%
                                  .tex,.dvi,.ps,.pdf,.log,.aux,-blx.bib,.nav,.out,.snm,.toc}}
                          22 \DeclareOptionX{suffix}{\def\pstool@suffix{#1}}
                suffix
        \pstool@suffix
                         23 \ExecuteOptionsX{suffix={-process}}
                            \ifshellescape\else
                              \ExecuteOptionsX{process=none}
                              \PackageWarning{pstool}{^^J\space\space%
                                Package_option_[process=none]_activated^^J\space\space
                                because \_-shell-escape \_is \_not \_enabled. \^{\ } \rat{$\square$} \rat{$\square$}
                                This_warning_occurred}
                            \fi
                         31 \ProcessOptionsX
```

These are cute:

```
\OnlyIfFileExists \NotIfFileExists
```

- providecommand\OnlyIfFileExists[2]{\IfFileExists{#1}{#2}{}}
- providecommand\NotIfFileExists[2]{\IfFileExists{#1}{}{#2}}

Command line abstractions between platforms:

- 34 \edef\pstool@cmdsep{\ifwindows\string&\else\string;\fi\space}
- 35 \edef\pstool@rm@cmd{\ifwindows_del_\else_rm_--_\fi}

Delete a file if it exists:

\pstool@rm

36 \newcommand\pstool@rm[1]{%
37 \OnlyIfFileExists{\ip@directpath#1}{%
38 \immediate\write18{%
39 cd_"\ip@directpath"\pstool@cmdsep\pstool@rm@cmd_"#1"}}%
40 }

Generic function to execute a command on the shell and pass its exit status back into LATEX. Any number of \pstool@exe statements can be made consecutively followed by \pstool@endprocess, which also takes an argument. If any of the shell calls failed, then the execution immediately skips to the end and expands \pstool@error instead of the argument to \pstool@endprocess.

\pstool@exe

- 41 \def\pstool@exe#1#2{%
- 42 \pstool@writestatus{#1}{#2}%
- 43 \pstool@retrievestatus{#1}{\@tempa}%
- 44 \ifnum\@tempa_>_\z@
- 45 \PackageWarning{pstool}{%

Execution_failed_during_process:^^J__#2^^J}%

- 46 \expandafter\pstool@abort
- 47 \fi}

Edit this definition to print something else when graphic processing fails.

\pstool@error

- 48 \def\pstool@error{\fbox{\parbox{\linewidth}{\color{red}%} \ttfamily\scshape
- An_error_occured_processing_graphic_\upshape'\ip@directpath% \ip@lastelement'}}}

\pstool@abort

- $\label{eq:condition} $$ \def\pstool@abort#1\pstool@endprocess{\pstool@error\@gobble} $$$
- $_{51}$ \let\pstool@endprocess\@firstofone

It is necessary while executing commands on the shell to write the exit status to a temporary file to test for failures in processing. (If all versions of pdflatex supported input pipes, things might be different.)

That's the execution; now we need to flush the write buffer to the status file. This ensures the file is written to disk properly (allowing it to be read by \CatchFileEdef). Not necessary on Windows, whose file writing is evidently more crude/immediate.

```
63 \ifwindows\else
64 \immediate\write18{%
65 touch_#1\pstool@statusfile}%
66 \fi}
67 \def\pstool@statusfile{status-deleteme.txt}
```

Read the exit status from the temporary file and delete it.

#1 is the path

#2 is the command to record the status within.

```
\pstool@retrievestatus
```

\pstool@statusfail

\pstool@statusfile

```
68 \def\pstool@retrievestatus#1#2{%
69  \CatchFileEdef{#2}{#1\pstool@statusfile}{}%
70  \pstool@rm{\pstool@statusfile}%
71  \ifx#2\pstool@statusfail
72  \PackageWarning{pstool}{%
73    Status_of_process_unable_to_be_determined:^^J_#1^^J%
74    Trying_to_proceed..._}%
75  \def#2{0}%
76  \fi}
77  \def\pstool@statusfail{\par_}}
```

4.1 File age detection

Use 1s (or dir) to detect if the EPS is newer than the PDF:

\pstool@datefiles 78 \def\pstool@datefiles{%

```
\edef\pstool@filenames{\ip@lastelement.eps\space_\%
79
           \ip@lastelement.pdf\space}%
     \immediate\write18{%
       cd_"\ip@directpath"\pstool@cmdsep
       \ifwindows
         dir_{\square}/T:W_{\square}/B_{\square}/O-D_{\square}"\ip@lastelement.eps"_"%
               \ip@lastelement.pdf"_>_\pstool@statusfile
       \else
         ls_{-}t_{-}"\ip@lastelement.eps"_"\ip@lastelement.pdf"_>_%
               \pstool@statusfile
       \fi
    }%
     \pstool@retrievestatus{\ip@directpath}{\@tempa}%
     \ifx\@tempa\pstool@filenames
       \@tempswatrue
     \else
       \@tempswafalse
     \fi
  }
```

5 Command parsing

User input is \pstool (with optional * or ! suffix) which turns into one of the following three macros depending on the mode.

```
\pstool@alwaysprocess
                           \newcommand\pstool@alwaysprocess[3][]{%
                             \pstool@inverse{#2}%
                             \pstool@process[#1]{#2}{#3}}
 \pstool@neverprocess
                           \newcommand\pstool@neverprocess[3][]{%
                             \includegraphics[#1]{#2}}
                          \def\pstool@inverse#1{%
      \pstool@inverse
                             \edef\@tempa{\unexpanded{\inversepath*}{#1}}%
                             \@tempa% calculate filename, path & inverse path
                             \ifx\ip@directpath\@empty
       \ip@directpath
                               \def\ip@directpath{./}%
                             \fi
                        106 }
```

For regular operation, which processes the figure only if the command is starred, or the PDF doesn't exist.

```
\newcommand\pstool@maybeprocess[3][]{%
\pstool@maybeprocess
                              \pstool@inverse{#2}%
                        108
                              \IfFileExists{#2.pdf}{%
                        109
                                \pstool@datefiles
                        110
                                \if@tempswa\expandafter\@firstoftwo
                        111
                                  \else\expandafter\@secondoftwo\fi{%
                        112
                                     \pstool@process[#1]{#2}{#3}%
                        113
                                  }{%
                        114
                                    \includegraphics[#1]{#2}}%
                        115
                              }{%
                        116
                                \pstool@process[#1]{#2}{#3}%
                        117
                              }}
                        118
```

5.1 User commands

Finally, define \pstool as appropriate for the mode:

```
\ifpdf
               \if@pstool@always@
                 \let\pstool\pstool@alwaysprocess
\pstool
                 \WithSuffix\def\pstool!{\pstool@alwaysprocess}
                 \WithSuffix\def\pstool*{\pstool@alwaysprocess}
\pstool*
               \else\if@pstool@never@
                 \let\pstool\pstool@neverprocess
\pstool
                 \WithSuffix\def\pstool!{\pstool@neverprocess}
\pstool*
                 \WithSuffix\def\pstool*{\pstool@neverprocess}
               \else
                 \let\pstool\pstool@maybeprocess
\pstool
                 \WithSuffix\def\pstool!{\pstool@neverprocess}
                 \WithSuffix\def\pstool*{\pstool@alwaysprocess}
\pstool*
               \fi\fi
             \else
               \let\pstool\pstool@neverprocess
               \WithSuffix\def\pstool!{\pstool@neverprocess}
\pstool
\pstool*
               \WithSuffix\def\pstool*{\pstool@neverprocess}
            \fi
```

6 The figure processing

\ip@lastelement is the filename of the figure stripped of its path (if any)

```
\pstool@jobname 138 \def\pstool@jobname{\ip@lastelement\pstool@suffix}
```

```
\newcommand{\pstool@process}[3][]{%
\pstool@process
                        \pstool@write@processfile{#1}{#2}{#3}%
                  140
                        \pstool@exe{./}{latex
                  141
                            -shell-escape
                  142
                            -output-format=dvi
                  143
                            -output-directory="\ip@directpath"
                            -interaction=batchmode
                  145
                                "\pstool@jobname.tex"}%
                  146
                       \pstool@exe{\ip@directpath}{%
                  147
                          dvips_"\pstool@jobname.dvi"}%
                  148
                       \if@pstool@pdfcrop@
                  149
                          \pstool@exe{\ip@directpath}{%
                  150
                            ps2pdf_"\pstool@jobname.ps"_"\pstool@jobname.pdf"}%
                  151
                          \pstool@exe{\ip@directpath}{%
                  152
                            pdfcrop_"\pstool@jobname.pdf"_"\ip@lastelement.pdf"}%
                  153
                       \else
                  154
                          \pstool@exe{\ip@directpath}{%
                            ps2pdf_"\pstool@jobname.ps"_"\ip@lastelement.pdf"}%
                       \fi
                  157
                       \pstool@endprocess{%
                  158
                          \pstool@cleanup
                  159
                          \includegraphics[#1]{#2}}}
```

The file that is written for processing is set up to read the preamble of the original document and set the graphic on an empty page (cropping to size is done either here with preview or later with pdfcrop).

stool@write@processfile

```
\def\pstool@write@processfile#1#2#3{\%\
\immediate\openout\pstool@out_\#2\pstool@suffix.tex\relax\
\immediate\write\pstool@out{\%\
\inoexpand\pdfoutput=0\% force DVI mode if not already\
```

Input the main document; redefine the document environment so only the preamble is read:

```
165  \if@pstool@nopreamble@
166  \unexpanded{%
167  \documentclass{minimal}
168  \usepackage{graphicx}}
169  \else
170  \unexpanded{%
171  \let\origdocument\document
```

```
\document 172 \def\document{\endgroup\endinput}}%
173 \noexpand
174 \input{\jobname}%
175 \fi
```

Now the preamble of the process file: (restoring document's original meaning; empty \pagestyle removes the page number)

```
\if@pstool@pdfcrop@\else
\noexpand\usepackage[active,tightpage]{preview}
\if8 \fi
\if@pstool@nopreamble@\else
\unexpanded{%
\let\document\origdocument
\pagestyle{empty}}%
\fi
```

And the document body to place the graphic on a page of its own:

```
\unexpanded{%
                  184
                             \begin{document}
                  185
                             \centering\null\vfill}%
                  186
                           \if@pstool@pdfcrop@\else
                  187
                             \noexpand\begin{preview}%
                           \fi
                           \unexpanded{#3}% this is the "psfrag" material
                           \if@pstool@nofig@\else
                             \noexpand\includegraphics[#1]{\ip@lastelement}%
                           \fi
                  193
                           \if@pstool@pdfcrop@\else
                             \noexpand\end{preview}%
                  195
                           \fi
                           \unexpanded{%
                             \vfill\end{document}}%
                           }%
                         \immediate\closeout\pstool@out}
                     \def\pstool@cleanup{%
\pstool@cleanup
                       \@for\@ii:=\pstool@rm@files\do{%
                         \pstool@rm{\pstool@jobname\@ii}%
                    }}
                  204
```

7 User commands

These all support the suffixes * and !, so each user command is defined as a wrapper to \pstool.

for plain EPS figures (no psfrag):

```
\newcommand\epsfig[2][]{\pstool@epsfig{\pstool}[#1]{#2}}
                     \WithSuffix\newcommand\epsfig*[2][]{\pstool@epsfig{%
         \epsfig*
                           \pstool*}[#1]{#2}}
                  \WithSuffix\newcommand\epsfig![2][]{\pstool@epsfig{%
                           \pstool!}[#1]{#2}}
   \pstool@epsfig
                      \def\pstool@epsfig#1[#2]#3{%
                        \begingroup
                   209
                         \@pstool@nopreamble@true
                   210
                         #1[#2]{#3}{}%
                   211
                        \endgroup
                   213 }
                   for EPS figures with psfrag:
       \psfragfig
                  \newcommand\psfragfig[2][]{\pstool@psfragfig{\pstool}[#1]{#2}}
      \psfragfig*
                   215 \WithSuffix\newcommand\psfragfig*[2][]{\pstool@psfragfig{%
                           \pstool*}[#1]{#2}}
       \pstool!}[#1]{#2}}
\pstool@psfragfig
                      \def\pstool@psfragfig#1[#2]#3{%
                        \@ifnextchar\bgroup{%
                         \pstool@@psfragfig{#1}[#2]{#3}%
                         \pstool@@psfragfig{#1}[#2]{#3}{}%
                       }%
                     }
                      \def\pstool@@psfragfig#1[#2]#3#4{%
\pstool@@psfragfig
                        \IfFileExists{#3.eps}{%
                   225
      \pstool@eps
                         \def\pstool@eps{#3}%
                   226
                         \OnlyIfFileExists{#3-psfrag.eps}{%
                   227
                           \PackageWarning{pstool}{%
                   228
                                 Graphic_"#3-psfrag.eps"_exists_but_"#3.eps"_is_being_used}%
                         }%
                   229
```

```
}{%
                     230
                            \IfFileExists{#3-psfrag.eps}{%
                     231
       \pstool@eps
                              \def\pstool@eps{#3-psfrag}%
                     232
                            }{%
                     233
                              \PackageError{pstool}{%
                     234
                                \label{localization} \verb"No_EPS_file_"#3.eps"_or_"#3-psfrag.eps"_found\%
                     235
                     236
                                Check_the_path_and_whether_the_file_exists.%
                     237
                              }%
                     238
                            }%
                     239
                          }%
                     240
                          #1[#2]{\pstool@eps}{%
                     241
                            \InputIfFileExists{#3-psfrag.tex}{%
                     242
                              \OnlyIfFileExists{#3.tex}{%
                     243
                                \PackageWarning{pstool}{%
                     244
                     245
                                        File_"#3.tex"_exists_that_may_contain_macros_for_"#3.eps"^^J%
                                  But_file_"#3-psfrag.tex"_is_being_used_instead.}%
                     246
                              }%
                     247
                            }{%
                     248
                              \InputIfFileExists{#3.tex}{}{}%
                     249
                            }%
                            #4}%
                     252 }
                     for Matlab's laprint:
       \laprintfig
                    \newcommand\laprintfig[2][]{\pstool@laprintfig{\pstool}[#1]{\%
      \laprintfig*
                     254 \WithSuffix\newcommand\laprintfig*[2][]{\pstool@laprintfig{%
                              \pstool*}[#1]{#2}}
       \laprintfig 255 \WithSuffix\newcommand\laprintfig![2][]{\pstool@laprintfig{%
                              \pstool!}[#1]{#2}}
\pstool@laprintfig
                       \def\pstool@laprintfig#1[#2]#3{%
                          \begingroup
                     257
                            \@pstool@nofig@true
        \resizebox
                            \renewcommand\resizebox[3]{##3}%
                    259
                            \includegraphics
                            \input{#3}%
                          \endgroup
                     262
                    263 }
```

for Mathematica's MathPSfrag: