

# Master's Thesis Defense

## The Prize-Collecting Steiner Tree Problem and Related Problems

William Jack Lysgaard Sprent

DIKU

31st August 2018

# What's on the menu?

- 1 Introduction

# What's on the menu?

- 1 Introduction
- 2 The Prize-Collecting Steiner Tree Problem

# What's on the menu?

- 1 Introduction
- 2 The Prize-Collecting Steiner Tree Problem
- 3 Other Ways of Collecting Prize

# What's on the menu?

- 1 Introduction
- 2 The Prize-Collecting Steiner Tree Problem
- 3 Other Ways of Collecting Prize
- 4 The Median Tree Problem

# What's on the menu?

- 1 Introduction
- 2 The Prize-Collecting Steiner Tree Problem
- 3 Other Ways of Collecting Prize
- 4 The Median Tree Problem
- 5 Summary

# Overview

What happened in the last six months?

- I read a stack of research papers about the PCSTP.

# Overview

What happened in the last six months?

- I read a stack of research papers about the PCSTP.
  - *Problem: articles are often too short and it's difficult to get an overview.*



# Overview

What happened in the last six months?

- I read a stack of research papers about the PCSTP.
  - *Problem: articles are often too short and it's difficult to get an overview.*
  - *Solution: write a survey.*
- I looked

# Motivation

# Motivation

- NP-Hard problems are worth solving.

# Motivation

- NP-Hard problems are worth solving.
-

# Problem Definition

Given an undirected graph

$$G = (V, E, c, p)$$

where  $c : E \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^+$  defines edge weights, and  $p : V \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^+$  defines vertex prizes, then the solution to the *PCSTP* is a tree

$$T = (V_T, E_T, c, p) \subseteq G$$

which minimizes

$$c(T) = \min_T GW(T) = \sum_{(i,j) \in E_T} c_{ij} + \sum_{v \in (V \setminus V_T)} p_v.$$

# Applications

??

# Solution Traits

# Prize-Collecting Tours

haha



# Median Subgraphs

haha

## Problem Definition

Let  $G = (V, E, c, d)$  be an undirected graph. Denote  $c : E \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^+$  as an *edge cost function* and  $d : V \times V \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^+$  be an *assignment cost function* where we have

$$d_{ii} = 0.$$

Then the *Median Tree Problem* is defined as finding a *connected subgraph*  $T = (V_T, E_T)$  of  $G$  where  $V_T \subseteq V$  and  $E_T \subseteq E$  which minimises the cost function,

$$c(T) = \sum_{ij \in E_T} c_{ij} + \sum_{i \in V} \min_{j \in V_T} d_{ij}.$$

# Why?

haha

# The Solver

# Results

# What did I manage to do?

haha

## Further Work

haha

# Conclusion

haha