

Title Page Dummy

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Abstract Dummy Page.

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1. Introduction

Might move below to abstract.

At CERN, a new electron cooler is being commissioned for the AD experiment. This cooler shoots electrons into ion-beam path. These electrons then collide with the beam particles, and momentum is transferred from the beam particles to the electrons. The electrons are then steered away from the beam path, into an electron collector.

In the beam path drift of the cooler, a solenoid magnet is used to orient the electron path. This magnet comes with strict requirements on field quality, in the order of $\vec{B}_\perp/\vec{B}_\parallel < 10\text{E}-10$. A new measurement system for solenoids has been proposed, using coils wound on a pcb. This pcb is then translated through the solenoid aperture, to obtain maps of the magnetic field. In this thesis, the metrological characterization of this system is presented, along with some post processing methods.

1.1 Project Purpose and Goal

1.2 Previous Work

2. Background

2.1 Electromagnetic Fields

2.1.1 The magnetic field and induction

2.1.2 Series decompositions of the magnetic field

Cylindrical Coordinates

Bessel Functions

Bessel-Fourier-Fourier Series

2.2 Signal Processing

2.2.1 Filters

2.2.2 Least Squares Fitting

3. The Translating Coil Magnetometer

3.1 PCB printed coils

3.2 Positional Encoder

3.3 Geometric Lidar Measurements

3.4 Fast Digital Integrators

3.5 The Measurement Assembly

4. Measurements

4.1 Solenoidal Field Maps

4.2 The Magnet-Magnetometer Yaw Angle Peak Shift

5. Post Processing

5.1 Lidar Scans

5.2 Coil Induction Analysis

5.3 Bessel-Fourier-Fourier Series Fitting

5.4 Estimating the Magnet-Magnetometer Yaw Angle

6. Discussion

6.1 Metrological Characterization

6.2 Future Design Considerations

References