

Package ‘DVDtest’

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Type Package

Title Difference between Varying Distributions Test (DVDtest)

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Description See DVDtest.

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Imports gamlss, mgcv, parallel, gamlss.dist, ggplot2, reshape2

R topics documented:

DVDtest-package	1
DVDplot	2
DVDtest	3
Index	6

DVDtest-package	<i>Difference between Varying Distributions Test (DVDtest)</i>
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Description

This package contains a series of internal and external functions of Difference between Varying Distributions Test (DVDtest), which tests the pointwise group differences between two varying distributions.

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See Also

[DVDtest](#)

DVDplot

Plotting DVDtest

Description

Plot a list of the DVDtest-related figures via ggplot2

Usage

```
DVDplot(tobj, kxlab = NULL, kylab = NULL, kname = NULL,  
        thhd = 0.05)
```

Arguments

tobj	a return test object of DVDtest
kxlab	a title for the x axis, <code>.index</code>
kylab	a title for the y axis, <code>.value</code>
kname	a name for k, e.g. ROI in the references
thhd	a number to mark out the zone of the p-value of interest. Defaults to 0.05

Details

Fig pfig illustrates a collection of the p value curves among all k. Fig kfig illustrates a collection list of the figures with varying distributions among all k, highlighted the zones of small p values in dark, where ydata1 and ydata2 mark as red and blue, respectively. The dashed and dotted lines denote the smooth mean function and ± 2 sigma, respectively.

Value

a list of ggplot objects on p value curves and varying distributions

Note

Please contact the maintainer if need more details.

Author(s)

Meng Xu

References

reiss-EMR18.pdf

See Also

Examples in [DVDtest](#)

DVDtest

*Difference between Varying Distributions Test (DVDtest)***Description**

Testing the difference of two varying distributions.

Usage

```
DVDtest(ydata1, ydata2, nperm, grid, dist.method = "wass",
        mgcv.gam = TRUE, ..., exclude = NULL, permadj = FALSE,
        mc.cores = c(1, 1), seeds = NULL)
```

Arguments

ydata1	a data.frame or a list of data.frame, containing at least 3 columns called .obs, .index and .value which specify which curve the point belongs to (.obs) at which (.index) it was observed and the observed value (.value). See details in the package refund. Other columns are available as well for modelling the varying distributions.
ydata2	same as ydata1.
nperm	a scalar, number of permutation
grid	a vector, evaluation grids of .index
dist.method	the distance measure to be used. This must be one of Wasserstein distance ('wass'), 'L2' distance, 'L1' distance and 'Hellinger'. Defaults to 'wass'.
mgcv.gam	a logical variable, whether to apply mgcv::gam for estimating distributions, whose parameters are a smooth function of a continuous variable. If FALSE, gamlss::gamlss is adopted, which could cover a wider range of varying distributions.
...	passed to arguments of gam or gamlss. If mgcv.gam = TRUE, ... should include formula, family (=gamlss()) and other optional arguments in mgcv::gam. Otherwise, ... passed to arguments inside of gamlss::gamlss.
exclude	passed to exclude inside of predict.gam in case mgcv.gam = TRUE.
permadj	a logical variable, whether to adjust the permuted data to cover the entire range, esp. in case of sparsity. Defaults to FALSE.
mc.cores	passed to mc.cores inside of mclapply (not available on Windows unless mc.cores = 1). The first element of mc.cores passed to dealing with the permutation process, the other passed to dealing with the long length of the data frame. Defaults to c(1, 1).
seeds	set the seed for the permutation via set.seed()

Details

This is the Details section

Value

.index	a vector, evaluation grids.
pval	a vector or matrix of (corrected) p values.
vdparam	a list of parameters of varying distributions.

Note

- If `ydata1` and `ydata2` are lists of `data.frames`, the lengths of two lists must be the same.
- If `mgcv.gam` is `TRUE`, ... and `exclude` are `NULL` (default settings), then defaults to `formula <- list(.value ~ s(.index) + s(.obs, bs = "re"), ~ s(.index))` and `exclude <- "s(.obs)"`, respectively.
- Normal distribution in `mgcv::gam` and `gamlss.family` are currently supported by `DVDtest` for fitting a GAMLSS-type varying distributions.

Author(s)

Meng Xu, Philip Reiss

References

reiss-EMR18.pdf

Wood, S. N., Pya, N., & Säfken, B. (2016). Smoothing parameter and model selection for general smooth models. *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, 111(516), 1548-1563.

Rigby, R. A., & Stasinopoulos, D. M. (2005). Generalized additive models for location, scale and shape. *Journal of the Royal Statistical Society: Series C (Applied Statistics)*, 54(3), 507-554.

Examples

```
## Data Generation ##
p <- 6
mu1 <- function(t) 0.2*(p-1)*sin(pi*t)+t+1
mu2 <- function(t) -0.2*(p-1)*sin(pi*t)+t+1
sig1 <- function(t) t+1
sig2 <- sig1
nperson <- 10
fun1 <- function(t) rnorm(nperson, mu1(t), sig1(t))
fun2 <- function(t) rnorm(nperson, mu2(t), sig2(t))
tp <- seq(0,1,,10)
data1 <- sapply(tp,fun1)
data2 <- sapply(tp,fun2)

library(reshape2)
colnames(data2) <- colnames(data1) <- tp
rownames(data2) <- 1:nperson+2*nperson
dg1 <- melt(data1)
dg2 <- melt(data2)
colnames(dg1) <- colnames(dg2) <- c('.obs', '.index', '.value')
dg1$.obs <- as.factor(dg1$.obs)
dg2$.obs <- as.factor(dg2$.obs)
# library(ggplot2)
# ggplot() + geom_line(data = dg1, aes(x = .index, y = .value, col = factor(.obs)))
# + geom_line(data = dg2, aes(x = .index, y = .value, col = factor(.obs)))

ngrid <- 50
ev.grid <- seq(0, 1, , ngrid)
nperm. <- 30

####Estimated with mgcv::gam
library(mgcv)
```

```

simu.test1 <- DVDtest(dg1, dg2, nperm., ev.grid)
####Estimated with gamlss::gamlss
library(gamlss)
simu.test2 <- DVDtest(dg1, dg2, nperm., ev.grid, formula = .value ~ pb(.index),
                      sigma.formula = ~pb(.index), random = ~1|.obs, family = NO, mgcv.gam=FALSE)
####Plot
simu.figs <- DVDplot(simu.test1)
simu.figs$pfig
simu.figs$kfing[[1]]
####Not Run!
####Non-normal case
# p <- 6
# mu1 <- function(t) 0.2*(p-1)*sin(pi*t)+t+1
# mu2 <- function(t) -0.2*(p-1)*sin(pi*t)+t+1
# sig1 <- function(t) t+1
# sig2 <- sig1
# nu1 <- function(t) t+1
# nu2 <- nu1
# nperson <- 10
# library(gamlss)
# fun1 <- function(t) rGIG(nperson, mu1(t), sig1(t), nu1(t))
# fun2 <- function(t) rGIG(nperson, mu2(t), sig2(t), nu2(t))
# tp <- seq(0,1,,10)
# data1 <- sapply(tp, fun1)
# data2 <- sapply(tp, fun2)

# library(reshape2)
# colnames(data2) <- colnames(data1) <- tp
# rownames(data2) <- 1:nperson+2*nperson
# dg1 <- melt(data1)
# dg2 <- melt(data2)
# colnames(dg1) <- colnames(dg2) <- c('.obs', '.index', '.value')
# dg1$.obs <- as.factor(dg1$.obs)
# dg2$.obs <- as.factor(dg2$.obs)
# ngrid <- 50
# ev.grid <- seq(0, 1, , ngrid)
# nperm. <- 30
# simu.test3 <- DVDtest(dg1, dg2, nperm., ev.grid, formula = .value ~ pb(.index),
#                       sigma.formula = ~pb(.index),
#                       nu.formula = ~pb(.index),
#                       random = ~1|.obs, family = GIG, mgcv.gam = FALSE))

```

Index

*Topic **ggplot**
DVDplot, [2](#)
*Topic **permutation**,
DVDtest, [3](#)
*Topic **pointwise**
DVDtest, [3](#)

DVDplot, [2](#)
DVDtest, [1](#), [2](#), [3](#)
DVDtest-package, [1](#)