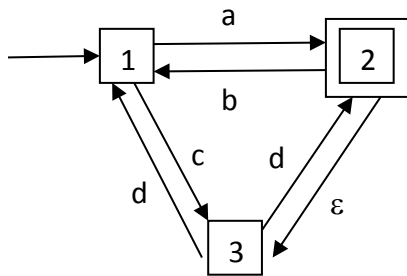


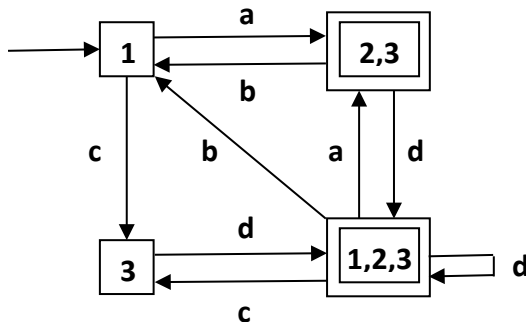
1. Given this non-deterministic finite-state machine:



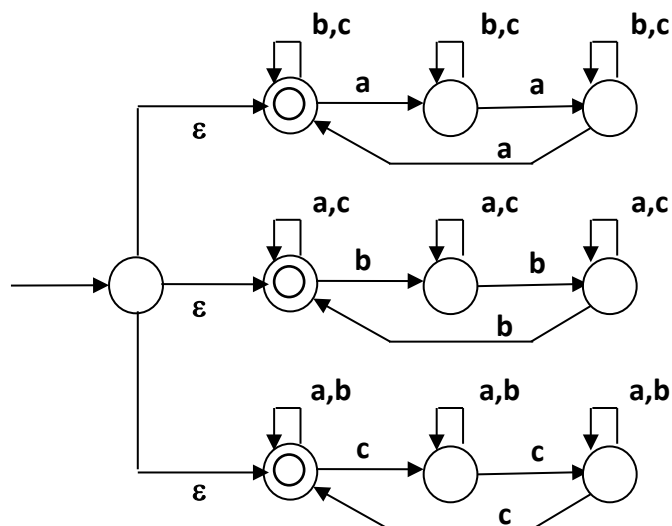
a. Write all the accepted strings that have length 4. [12 points]

abad	adad	adba	adcd	adda	addd
abcd	cdad	cdba	cdcd	cdda	cddd

b. Draw an equivalent deterministic finite-state machine. [15 points]



2. Let  $L$  denote the set of all strings over alphabet  $\{a, b, c\}$  such that the number of  $a$ 's is divisible by 3, or the number of  $b$ 's is divisible by 3, or the number of  $c$ 's is divisible by 3. Draw a non-deterministic finite-state machine with fewest states that accepts  $L$ . [15 points]



3. Again let  $L$  denote the set of all strings over alphabet  $\{a, b, c\}$  such that the number of  $a$ 's is divisible by 3, or the number of  $b$ 's is divisible by 3, or the number of  $c$ 's is divisible by 3.

- a. Consider a deterministic finite-state machine with fewest states that accepts  $L$ . It is not necessary for you to draw this deterministic machine. How many states are needed? Specify a unique label for each state, and explain what each state represents. Which are the start state and final states? Also specify which transitions should exist. **[16 points]**

**27 states with labels  $[x,y,z]$  where  $0 \leq x \leq 2$  and  $0 \leq y \leq 2$  and  $0 \leq z \leq 2$ .**

**Here  $x = (\text{number of } a\text{'s}) \% 3$ ,  $y = (\text{number of } b\text{'s}) \% 3$ , and  $z = (\text{number of } c\text{'s}) \% 3$ .**

**Start state is  $[0,0,0]$ , and final states are  $[x,y,z]$  where  $x=0$  or  $y=0$  or  $z=0$ .**

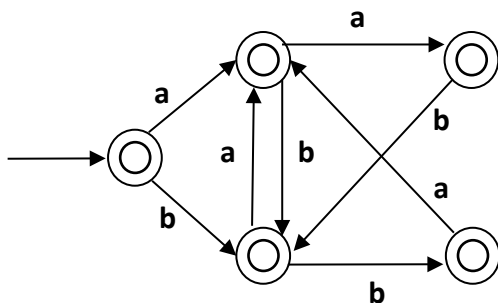
**Transitions  $[x,y,z] \xrightarrow{a} [(x+1)\%3,y,z]$  and  $[x,y,z] \xrightarrow{b} [x,(y+1)\%3,z]$  and  $[x,y,z] \xrightarrow{c} [x,y,(z+1)\%3]$ .**

- b. Write an accepting computation sequence for string  $abcbab$  using this DFSM. **[12 points]**

**$[0,0,0] \xrightarrow{a} [1,0,0] \xrightarrow{b} [1,1,0] \xrightarrow{c} [1,1,1] \xrightarrow{b} [1,2,1] \xrightarrow{a} [2,2,1] \xrightarrow{b} [2,0,1]$ .**

4. Draw deterministic finite-state machines that accept each of these languages.

- a. The set of all strings over alphabet  $\{a, b\}$  that do not contain substring  $aaa$  and also do not contain substring  $bbb$ . **[15 points]**



- b. The set of all strings over alphabet  $\{a, b\}$  that contain exactly one occurrence of the substring  $aa$  and also exactly one occurrence of the substring  $bb$ . **[15 points]**

