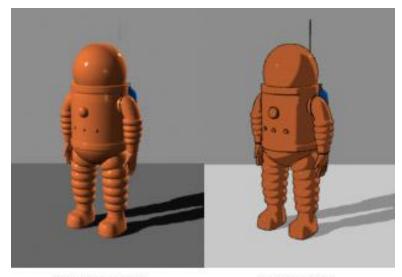
# **CS 114 - Final Project Cel Shading Presentation**

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### **Cel Shading**

- Type of non-photorealistic rendering (NPR) intended to make 3D graphics look flat or have a paper-like texture.
- The technique calculates the light intensity per pixel and then quantizes the pixel color into a small discrete range of colors.



plastic shader

toon shader

## **Last Progress**

- Utilized Program Assignment 1's code structure as a base
- Implemented base version of cel shading
- Currently implementing the sobel operator for edge detection



#### **Current Progress**

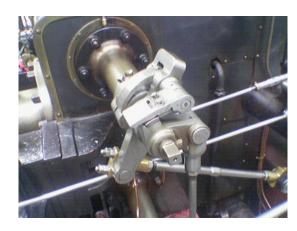
- In Progress: Outlining the Model
  - Sobel Operator & Multi-pass Shaders
  - Outline color can be modified
  - Outline thickness can be modified
- Light Power & Cel Bands
  - Light power now successfully modifies the cel bands
  - Limited cel bands between 3 (default) to 6 (2x default)

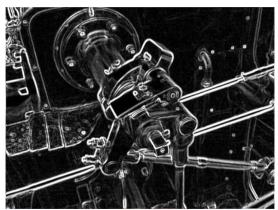
#### **Sobel Operator**

- 2D image filter that detects the edges of an image by calculating the differences in pixel intensity in each region.
- The algorithm looks for sharp changes in the vertical and horizontal directions and then combines them.

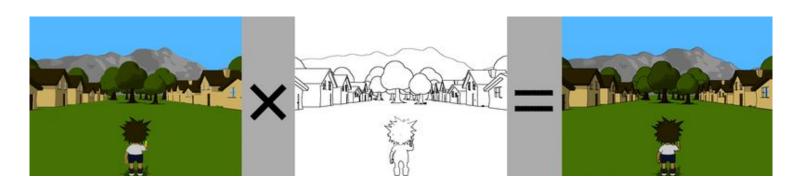
$$\mathbf{G}_x = egin{bmatrix} +1 & 0 & -1 \ +2 & 0 & -2 \ +1 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} * \mathbf{A} \quad ext{and} \quad \mathbf{G}_y = egin{bmatrix} +1 & +2 & +1 \ 0 & 0 & 0 \ -1 & -2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} * \mathbf{A}$$

$$\mathbf{G}=\sqrt{{\mathbf{G}_{x}}^{2}+{\mathbf{G}_{y}}^{2}}$$





#### **The Rendering Process**



1. Cel-shaded scene is rendered.

2. The scene's normal and depth information used to generate outlines.

3. Cel-shaded scene and outlined scene are composited.

#### Final Goals & Obstacles

- Successfully implement an outline for the 3D model
  - Specifically get the two shaders to appear at the same time
- Add a few more basic 3D models
  - Generate a 3D scene rather than standalone objects within the canvas



# Demo