## HW5

Please type or photograph your solution and turn it into a pdf before submitting it to Canvas. The first two problems will be graded for correctness.

- 1. Show that the map  $f: \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  defined as  $(t,x) \mapsto xe^t$  is a left  $(\mathbb{R},+)$  action on  $\mathbb{R}$ . Write down the corresponding permutation representation. Is the action effective? Is the action transitive? Is the action free?
- 2. Let G be a group, X and Y be two left G sets.
  - (a) Show that  $\cdot: G \times (X \times Y) \to X \times Y$  defined as (g, (x, y)) = (gx, gy) is a left G action on  $X \times Y$ .
  - (b) If  $f: X \to Y$  is a map, show that f is G equivariant if and only if  $\{(x, f(x)) : x \in X\}$  is a G invariant subset of the left G set  $(X \times Y, \cdot)$ .
- 3. Let G be a group with more than one elements, X be a non empty left G set. Show that  $\cdot: G \times P(X) \to P(X)$  defined as  $(g,A) \mapsto \{ga: a \in A\}$  is a left G action on P(A). Can this action be free? Can this action be transitive?
- 4. Any non empty set X is a left  $S_X$  set via the action  $\cdot: S_X \times X \to X$ ,  $(\sigma, x) \mapsto \sigma(x)$ . Show that the only  $S_X$  equivariant map from X to X is the identity.
- 5. Write down a group G, two left G sets X and Y, such that there are no G equivariant map from X to Y.