## HW1

Please type or photograph your solution and turn it into a pdf before submitting it to Canvas. The first two problems will be graded for correctness.

- 1. Let A be a set.
  - (a) Let S be a non empty set of equivalence relations on A. Show that  $\bigcap S$  is an equivalence relation on A.
  - (b) Let R be a relation between A and A. Show that there is a unique equivalence relation on A, called  $\sim_R$ , such that any equivalence relation  $\sim$  on A which contains R has  $\sim_R$  as a subset.
- 2. Let A and B be two sets,  $f: A \to B$  a function. Define function  $F: P(B) \to P(A)$  as  $F(C) = f^{-1}(C)$ . Show that F is an injection iff f is a surjection, F is a surjection iff f is an injection.
- 3. Show that  $\sim = \{(x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} : x-y \in \mathbb{Q}\}$  is an equivalence relation on  $\mathbb{R}$ .
- 4. Let A and B be two sets.  $C = \{(x,i) \in (A \cup B) \times \{0,1\} : x \in A \text{ if } i = 0, x \in B \text{ if } i = 1\}$ . Show that there are injections  $k : A \to C, j : B \to C,$  such that C = k(A) + j(B) and  $k(A) \cap j(B) = \emptyset$ .
- 5. Let  $f:A\to B$  be a function. Show that there is a set C, an injection  $g:A\to C$ , and a surjection  $h:C\to B$ , such that  $f=h\circ g$ . (Hint: You may want to use the solution for the previous problem).