## Honor's Assignment 2

## November 23, 2020

- 1. (Exercise 7.13) Show that the composite Trapezium rule always give accurate answer to  $\int_0^{2\pi} \sin(x) dx$ .
- 2. (Exercise 10.7) Let [a,b] = [-1,1], let  $p_{n-1}$  be the degree n-1 Legendre polynomial, and let  $I_n$  be the quadrature rule where the quadrature points are roots of  $(x^2-1)p_{n-1}(x)$ .
  - Show that if q is a polynomial of degree no more than 2n-1, then  $\int_{-1}^{1} q dx = I_n(q)$ .
  - Show that all quadrature weights are positive.
  - ullet Suppose f is smooth, find a constant C such that

$$\left| \int_{-1}^{1} f dx - I_n(f) \right| \le C \max_{x \in [-1,1]} |f^{(2n)}(x)|$$

3. Suppose f is smooth and periodic with period 1,  $|f^{(4)}| \leq 1$ . Let  $I_n$  be the result of composite trapezium rule for  $\int_0^1 f dx$  using n subintervals. Find the largest integer d, and a number C, such that

$$\left| \int_{0}^{1} f dx - I_{n}(f) \right| \leq \frac{C}{n^{d}}$$

Hint: You can do it using Hermit cubic spline. The integral of the linear spline is the result from composite trapezium rule, show that this integral is the same as the integral of the

## Hermit cubic spline.

- 4. Consider the initial value problem  $y' = \sin(y)$ , y(0) = 1.
- Write down the formula for two step Adams-Bashforth.
- Show that the two step Adams-Bashforth has order of accuracy 2 for this problem.
- Suppose we use starting points z(0) = 1, z(h) = 1 + h to carry out Adams-Bashforth till time t = nh = 1. Find number C such that

$$|z(1) - y(1)| \le Ch^2$$