# 登陆：

## 2、在UserDataBaseDao.java文件中增加方法申明：

**public** User queryUser(User user);

## 3、在UserDataBaseMapper.xml文件中增加插入的SQL语句

<select id=*"queryUser"* resultType=*"com.hxzy.entity.User"*

parameterType=*"com.hxzy.entity.User"*>

select `id`,`name`,`password`,`age`,`sex`,`nickname`,`usertype`

from `user`

<where>

<if test=*"name!=null and password!=null"*>

and `name` = #{name}

and `password` = #{password}

</if>

</where>

</select>

## 4、在UserDataBaseService.java文件中增加方法申明

**public** User queryUser(User user);

## 5、在USerDataBaseServiceImpl.java文件中增加实现方法

@Override

**public** User queryUser(User user) {

**return** dao.queryUser(user);

}

## 6、在USerDataBaseController.java文件中增加插入方法

@RequestMapping(value = "/login.do")

**public** String updateUserPassword(HttpSession session, User user, ModelMap map) {

User u = service.queryUser(user);

**if** (u == **null**) {

map.put("name", user.getName());

map.put("message", "用户名或密码错误！");

**return** "book\_db/index";

}

session.setAttribute("loginUser", u);

**return** "redirect:/web/index.jsp";

}

## 登陆跳转：

**return** "forward:index.jsp";

## 前端重定向：

<%@page contentType=*"text/html"*%>

<%@page pageEncoding=*"UTF-8"*%>

<%@page session=*"true"*%>

<%@page import=*"com.hxzy.entity.User"* %>

<%

String path = request.getContextPath();

String basePath = request.getScheme() + "://" + request.getServerName() + ":" + request.getServerPort() + path + "/";

%>

<%

User user= (User)session.getAttribute("loginUser");

**if**(user==**null** || user.getName() == **null**)

{

response.sendRedirect(basePath+"jsp/login.jsp");

**return**;

}

%>