

网络安全

实验报告

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实验二 Packtes Sniffing and Spoofing

一、实验目的

通过实验了解包嗅探以及包哄骗的过程,加深对包嗅探以及哄骗的原理的理解,增强动手实验能力。

二、实验内容

在 SEED Project 网站的指导下,通过查询资料,独立完成包嗅探以及哄骗攻击实验。

三、实验原理

- 1.包嗅探:将网卡设置为"混杂模式"就可以进行利用嗅探器嗅探,可以窃听网络上流经的数据包,捕获数据包后,对数据包中的信息进行分析。
- 2. 包欺骗: 当攻击者嗅探到关键信息时,通常会使用 spoofing 技术来构造数据包来劫持会话或者去获取更多信息,通常会造成很大的危害。Spoofing 技术就是攻击者自己构造数据包的 ip/tcp 数据包帧头部数据来达到自己的目的。

四、实验环境

Oracle VM VirtualBox

Ubuntu12.04

Wireshark 等常用捕包工具

五、实验过程

1. 编写嗅探程序

嗅探程序可以很容易地使用 pcap 库。利用 PCAP,嗅探器的任务变得在 pcap 库调用一系列简单的程序。在序列结束时,数据包将被放置在缓冲区中,以进一步处理,只要它们被捕获。所有的数据包捕获的细节由 pcap 库处理。Tim Carstens 写了一个教程如何使用 pcap 库写的嗅探程序。

捕获的数据包如下图:

```
[sudo] password for seed:
sniffex - Sniffer example using libpcap
Copyright (c) 2005 The Tcpdump Group
THERE IS ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY FOR THIS PROGRAM.
Device: eth0
Number of packets: 10
Filter expression: ip
Packet number 1:
       From: 192.168.129.132
         To: 128.230.208.76
   Protocol: TCP
   Src port: 40021
   Dst port: 80
Packet number 2:
       From: 192.168.129.132
         To: 128.230.208.76
   Protocol: TCP
   Src port: 40022
```

```
Packet number 5:
              From: 192.168.129.132
To: 128.230.208.76
      Protocol: TCP
      Src port: 40021
Dst port: 80
      Payload (369 bytes):
100 47 45 54 20 2f 7e 77 65
116 6c 61 62 5f 65 6e 76 2e
132 50 2f 31 2e 31 0d 0a 48
148 2e 63 69 73 2e 73 79 72
                                                                  64 75 2f 73 65 65 64 2f
68 74 6d 6c 20 48 54 54
6f 73 74 3a 20 77 77 77
00000
                                                                                                                         GET /~wedu/seed/
                                                                                                                        lab_env.html HTT
P/1.1..Host: www
00016
00032
00048
                                                                  2e 65 64
                                                                                                                         .cis.syr.edu..Us
                                                                                                                        er-Agent: Mozill
a/5.0 (X11; Ubun
tu; Linux i686;
rv:23.0) Gecko/2
0100101 Firefox/
               65 72 2d 41 67 65 6e 74
61 2f 35 2e 30 20 28 58
                                                                  3a 20 4d 6f 7a 69 6c 6c
31 31 3b 20 55 62 75 6e
00064
00080
00096
                     75 3b 20 4c 69 6e 75
                                                                  78 20 69 36 38 36 3b 20
               74 75 36 26 4C 69 66 75
72 76 3a 32 33 2e 30 29
30 31 30 30 31 30 31 20
32 33 2e 30 0d 0a 41 63
78 74 2f 68 74 6d 6c 2c
69 6f 6e 2f 78 68 74 6d
70 6c 69 63 61 74 69 6f
00112
00128
                                                                  20 47 65 63 6b 6f 2f 32
46 69 72 65 66 6f 78 2f
63 65 70 74 3a 20 74 65
                                                                                                                        23.0..Accept: te
xt/html,applicat
ion/xhtml+xml,ap
plication/xml;q=
00144
                                                                  61 70 70 6c 69
6c 2b 78 6d 6c
6e 2f 78 6d 6c
00160
                                                                                                 63 61 74
00176
00192
                                                                                                2c
3b
                                                                                                      61 70
71 3d
                                                                                                                         0.9,*/*;q=0.8..A
ccept-Language:
00208
                30 2e 39 2c 2a 2f 2a
                                                          36
                                                                  71 3d 30 2e
00224
               63 63 65 70 74 2d 4c 61
                                                                  6e 67 75 61 67 65 3a 20
00240
           65 6e 2d 55 53 2c 65 6e 3b 71 3d 30 2e 35 0d 0a
                                                                                                                         en-US, en; q=0.5..
```

2. 包欺骗

在正常的情况下,当一个用户发送一个数据包时,操作系统通常不允许用户设置所有的在协议头字段(如 TCP,UDP,和 IP 报头)。操作系统将大部分的领域,而只允许用户设置几个字段,如目标 IP 地址、目标端口号等。但是当用户有有 root 权限,他们可以在数据包标头设置为任意字段。这就是所谓的包欺骗,它可以通过原始套接字完成。实验过程如下图:

```
[2016年12月11日 09:31] seed@ubuntu:~$ sudo ./proof 127.1.1.1 234 193.123.123.11 80
[sudo] password for seed:
socket() - Using SOCK_RAW socket and UDP protocol is OK.
setsockopt() is OK.
Trying...
Using raw socket and UDP protocol
Using Source IP: 127.1.1.1 port: 234, Target IP: 193.123.123.11 port: 80.
Count #1 - sendto() is OK.
Count #2 - sendto() is OK.
Count #3 - sendto() is OK.
Count #4 - sendto() is OK.
Count #5 - sendto() is OK.
Count #6 - sendto() is OK.
```

3. 综合使用

在这个任务中,你将嗅探和欺骗技术实现连接,并实现程序。你需要在同一局域网两虚拟机。从 VMA ping 另一个 VM 的 IP,这将产生一个 ICMP 回送请求报文。如果 X 是活着的,ping 程序将收到一个回音答复,并打印出响应。你嗅探到数据包然后伪造程序运行在虚拟机 B、监控网络数据包嗅探。每当它看到 ICMP 回送请求,不管目标 IP 地址是什么,你的程序应该立即发出回声应答数据包欺骗技术的使用。因此,考虑到机器 X 是否是活的,这个程序将总是收到一个回复,这表明 X 是活的。你要写这样一个程序,包括在你显示你的程序的工作报告 screendumps。代码如附录所示。

六、实验感想

在这次的网上实验当中,我觉得我学到了很多的东西,尤其是对包窃听和哄骗的原理知识方面,虽然这个实验对于我来说有很大的难度,但是在我一直问着同学,得到了很多同学的帮助,从而让我完成了这个实验。古人云,磨刀不误砍柴工。前期的知识储备、文献储备、材料准备、方法准备可以避免手忙脚乱,充分的预实验使你充满信心。一步一个脚印,就不必"从头再来"。最不能容忍的是在开始的几步偷懒,造成后面总有一些无法排除的障碍。在这次的网上实验当中,我觉得我学到了很多的东西,尤其是对包窃听和哄骗的原理知识方面虽然这个实验对于我来说有很大的难度,但是在我一直问着同学,得到了很多同学的帮助,从而让我完成了这个实验。我对于我们专业的知识还是掌握的不是很到位,我翻阅了很多的资料,也有参考着文献,也参考着实验指导,做出了一大部分。我对

于这个是满足的,至少我在这个实验当中学到了很多知识,这个对于我的以后来 说有很大的帮助。所以,对于我来说,我应该好好的掌握这些基础的知识,来好 好的为以后做准备。

```
附录 (任务3的代码):
    #include <pcap.h>
    #include <stdio.h>
    #include <string.h>
    #include <stdlib.h>
    #include <ctype.h>
    #include <errno.h>
    #include <sys/types.h>
    #include <sys/socket.h>
    #include <netinet/in.h>
    #include <arpa/inet.h>/* default snap length (maximum bytes per packet to
capture) */
    #include <unistd.h>
    #include <netinet/ip.h>
    #include <netinet/udp.h>
    #include <netdb.h>
    #include <netinet/in systm.h>
    #include <netinet/ip.h>
    #include <netinet/ip icmp.h>
    #include <arpa/inet.h>
    #define APP NAME "sniffex"
    #define APP DESC
                           "Sniffer example using libpcap"
    #define APP_COPYRIGHT "Copyright (c) 2005 The Tcpdump Group"
    #define APP DISCLAIMER "THERE IS ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY
FOR THIS PROGRAM."
    #define SNAP LEN 1518/* ethernet headers are always exactly 14 bytes [1]
*/#define SIZE_ETHERNET 14/* Ethernet addresses are 6 bytes */
    #define ETHER ADDR LEN 6/* Ethernet header */
    char* dstip;
    char* srcip;
    struct sniff ethernet {
    u char ether dhost[ETHER ADDR LEN]; /* destination host address */
                                                 /* source host address */
    u char ether shost[ETHER ADDR LEN];
                                              /* IP? ARP? RARP? etc */
     u short ether type;
```

```
};/* IP header */
    struct sniff ip {
                                       /* version << 4 | header length >> 2 */
    u char ip vhl;
                                       /* type of service */
    u char ip tos;
                                      /* total length */
    u_short ip_len;
    u short ip id;
                                      /* identification */
                                      /* fragment offset field */
    u short ip off;
                                       /* reserved fragment flag */
    #define IP RF 0x8000
                                       /* dont fragment flag */
    #define IP DF 0x4000
                                        /* more fragments flag */
    #define IP MF 0x2000
    #define IP_OFFMASK 0x1fff
                                        /* mask for fragmenting bits */
                                      /* time to live */
    u_char ip_ttl;
    u_char ip_p;
                                        /* protocol */
                                       /* checksum */
    u short ip sum;
    struct in addr ip src,ip dst; /* source and dest address */
    };
    #define IP_HL(ip)
                                       (((ip)->ip\ vhl) \& 0x0f)
                                       (((ip)->ip vhl) >> 4)/* TCP header */
    #define IP V(ip)
    typedef u int tcp seq;
    struct sniff tcp {
                                      /* source port */
    u short th sport;
                                      /* destination port */
    u short th dport;
                                      /* sequence number */
    tcp_seq th_seq;
                                       /* acknowledgement number */
    tcp seq th ack;
                                       /* data offset, rsvd */
    u char th offx2;
    #define TH OFF(th)
                               (((th)->th offx2 & 0xf0) >> 4)
    u char th flags;
    #define TH FIN
                      0x01
    #define TH SYN 0x02
    #define TH RST 0x04
    #define TH PUSH 0x08
    #define TH ACK 0x10
    #define TH URG
                       0x20
    #define TH ECE 0x40
    #define TH CWR 0x80
    #define
                                                                     TH_FLAGS
(TH FIN|TH SYN|TH RST|TH ACK|TH URG|TH ECE|TH CWR)
```

```
u short th win;
                                        /* window */
                                         /* checksum */
    u short th sum;
                                        /* urgent pointer */
    u short th urp;
    };
    void got packet(u char *args, const struct pcap pkthdr *header,
    const u char *packet);
    void print payload(const u char *payload, int len);
    void print hex ascii line(const u char *payload, int len, int offset);
    void print app banner(void);
    void print_app_usage(void);/* * app name/banner */
    void print app banner(void){
    printf("%s - %s\n", APP NAME, APP DESC);
    printf("%s\n", APP COPYRIGHT);
    printf("%s\n", APP DISCLAIMER);
    printf("\n");
    return;
    }/* * print help text */
    void print app usage(void){
    printf("Usage: %s [interface]\n", APP NAME);
    printf("\n");
    printf("Options:\n");
                              Listen on <interface> for packets.\n");
    printf("
                interface
    printf("\n");
    return;
    }/* * print data in rows of 16 bytes: offset
                                                 hex
                                                         ascii * * 00000
                                                                            47 45 54
                                           GET / HTTP/1.1.. */
20 2f 20 48 54 54 50 2f 31 2e 31 0d 0a
    void print hex ascii line(const u char *payload, int len, int offset){
    int i;
    int gap;
    const u char *ch; /* offset */
                                 /* hex */
    printf("%05d
                     ", offset);
    ch = payload;
    for(i = 0; i < len; i++) {
    printf("%02x ", *ch);
                /* print extra space after 8th byte for visual aid */ if (i == 7)
    ch++:
         printf(" ");
```

```
/* print space to handle line less than 8 bytes */
if (len < 8)
                 /* fill hex gap with spaces if not full line */
printf(" ");
if (len < 16) {
                      gap = 16 - len;
for (i = 0; i < gap; i++) {
        printf("
printf("
                     /* ascii (if printable) */
           ");
ch = payload;
for(i = 0; i < len; i++) {
if (isprint(*ch))
printf("%c", *ch);
else
printf(".");
ch++; }
printf("\n");
return;
}/* * print packet payload data (avoid printing binary data) */
void print payload(const u char *payload, int len){
int len rem = len;
                              /* number of bytes per line */
int line width = 16;
int line len;
                                   /* zero-based offset counter */
int offset = 0;
const u char *ch = payload;
if (len \le 0)
        return; /* data fits on one line */
if (len <= line width) {
print hex ascii line(ch, len, offset);
return; } /* data spans multiple lines */
                 /* compute current line length */
for (;;) {
                                    /* print line */
line len = line width % len rem;
                                                 /* compute total remaining */
print hex ascii line(ch, line len, offset);
                                  /* shift pointer to remaining bytes to print */
len rem = len rem - line len;
                          /* add offset */
ch = ch + line len;
offset = offset + line width;
                                   /* check if we have line width chars or less */
```

```
if (len rem <= line width) {
                                           /* print last line and get out */
     print hex ascii line(ch, len rem, offset);
    break;
                      }return;}/* * dissect/print packet */
     void got packet(u char *args, const struct pcap pkthdr *header, const u char
*packet){
     static int count = 1;
                                                /* packet counter */
                                                                                declare
pointers to packet headers */
     const struct sniff ethernet *ethernet; /* The ethernet header [1] */
                                               /* The IP header */
     const struct sniff ip *ip;
                                              /* The TCP header */
     const struct sniff tcp *tcp;
                                                   /* Packet payload */
     const char *payload;
     int size ip;
     int size tcp;
     int size payload;
     printf("\nPacket number %d:\n", count);
                     /* define ethernet header */
     count++;
     ethernet = (struct sniff ethernet*)(packet);
                                                         define/compute ip header
offset */
     ip = (struct sniff ip*)(packet + 14);
     size ip = IP HL(ip)*4;
     if (size ip < 20) {
                printf("
                           * Invalid IP header length: %u bytes\n", size ip);
     return; \rightarrow /* print source and destination IP addresses */
                     From: %s\n", inet ntoa(ip->ip src));
     printf("
     dstip=inet ntoa(ip->ip src);
     //printf(" desip %s",dstip);
     printf("
                       To: %s\n'', inet ntoa(ip->ip dst));
                                       /* determine protocol */
     srcip=inet ntoa(ip->ip dst);
     switch(ip->ip p) {
                case IPPROTO TCP:
                                                printf("
                                                           Protocol: TCP\n");
    break;
                case IPPROTO UDP:
                                                printf("
                                                           Protocol: UDP\n");
    return;
                case IPPROTO ICMP:
                                                    printf("
                                                                  Protocol: ICMP\n");
             return:
                                                           Protocol: IP\n");
                case IPPROTO IP:
                                                printf("
                                           default:
                                                             printf("
                                                                              Protocol:
    return;
```

```
unknown\n");
                         return;
                  * OK, this packet is TCP.
                                                        /* define/compute tcp header
                                                */
offset */
    tcp = (struct sniff tcp*)(packet + 14 + size ip);
    size tcp = TH_OFF(tcp)*4;
    if (size tcp < 20) {
                        * Invalid TCP header length: %u bytes\n", size tcp);
             printf("
    return; }
               Src port: %d\n", ntohs(tcp->th_sport));
    printf("
               Dst port: %d\n", ntohs(tcp->th dport));
    printf("
                                                                 define/compute tcp
payload (segment) offset */
    payload = (u_char *)(packet + 14 + size_ip + size_tcp);
                                                                      compute
                                                                                  tcp
payload (segment) size */
    size payload = ntohs(ip->ip len) - (size ip + size tcp);
                                                                                 Print
payload data; it might be binary, so don't just
                                                * treat it as a string.
    if (size payload > 0) {
                       Payload (%d bytes):\n", size payload);
            printf("
            print payload(payload, size payload); }
    return;}
    int main(int argc, char **argv){
             char *dev = NULL;
                                           /* capture device name */
             char errbuf[PCAP ERRBUF SIZE];
                                                        /* error buffer */
             pcap t *handle;
                                           /* packet capture handle */
             char filter exp[] = "icmp";
                                               /* filter expression
                                                                    */
             struct bpf program fp;
                                                      compiled
                                                                   filter
                                                                             program
(expression) */
                                           /* subnet mask */
             bpf u int32 mask;
                                      /* ip */
             bpf u int32 net;
             int num_packets = 1;
                                          /* number of packets to capture */
             print app banner(); /* check for capture device name on command-line
*/
         if (argc == 2) {
              dev = argv[1]; }
         else if (argc > 2) {
               fprintf(stderr, "error: unrecognized command-line options\n\n");
              print app usage();
```

```
exit(EXIT FAILURE); }
                     /* find a capture device if not specified on command-line */
         else {
             dev = pcap lookupdev(errbuf);
             if (dev == NULL) {
             fprintf(stderr, "Couldn't find default device: %s\n", errbuf);
             exit(EXIT FAILURE);
                     /* get network number and mask associated with capture device
*/
         if (pcap lookupnet(dev, &net, &mask, errbuf) == -1) {
           fprintf(stderr, "Couldn't get netmask for device %s: %s\n",
                                                                               dev,
errbuf);
          net = 0:
                         mask = 0:
             } /* print capture info */
         printf("Device: %s\n", dev);
         printf("Number of packets: %d\n", num packets);
         printf("Filter expression: %s\n", filter exp);
         handle=pcap open live(dev,1518,1,1000,errbuf);
         if (handle == NULL) {
               fprintf(stderr, "Couldn't open device %s: %s\n",dev, errbuf);
             exit(EXIT FAILURE);
             /* make sure we're capturing on an Ethernet device [2] */
        if (pcap datalink(handle) != DLT EN10MB) {
                                                           fprintf(stderr, "%s is not
an Ethernet\n", dev);
            exit(EXIT_FAILURE); /* compile the filter expression */
        if (pcap compile(handle, &fp, filter exp, 0, net) == -1) {
              fprintf(stderr,
                              "Couldn't
                                                    filter
                                                            %s:
                                                                   %s\n",filter exp,
                                           parse
pcap geterr(handle));
                                          } /* apply the compiled filter */
               exit(EXIT FAILURE);
        if (pcap setfilter(handle, &fp) == -1) {
              fprintf(stderr, "Couldn't install filter %s: %s\n",
                                                                          filter exp,
pcap geterr(handle));
                                                 now we can set our callback
               exit(EXIT FAILURE);
                                          }
function */
         pcap loop(handle, num packets, got packet, NULL); /* cleanup */
         pcap freecode(&fp);
```

```
pcap close(handle);
  printf("\nCapture complete.\n");
 int s, i;
 char buf[400];
 struct ip *ip = (struct ip *)buf;
 struct icmphdr *icmp = (struct icmphdr *)(ip + 1);
 struct hostent *hp, *hp2;
 struct sockaddr in dst;
int offset;
int on;
int num = 100;
if(argc < 3)
   printf("\nUsage: %s <saddress> <dstaddress> [number]\n", argv[0]);
   printf("- saddress is the spoofed source address\n");
   printf("- dstaddress is the target\n");
   printf("- number is the number of packets to send, 100 is the default\n");
   exit(1);
 }
      /* Create RAW socket */
      if((s = socket(AF INET, SOCK RAW, IPPROTO RAW)) < 0)
       perror("socket() error");
       /* If something wrong, just exit */
      exit(1);
      }
      if(setsockopt(s, IPPROTO IP, IP HDRINCL, &on, sizeof(on)) < 0)
      { perror("setsockopt() for IP HDRINCL error");
    exit(1);
       if((hp = gethostbyname(dstip)) == NULL)
    if((ip->ip_dst.s_addr = inet_addr(dstip)) == -1)
     {
       fprintf(stderr, "%s: Can't resolve, unknown host.\n", argv[2]);
            exit(1);
  }
   }
```

```
else
              bcopy(hp->h addr list[0], &ip->ip dst.s addr, hp->h length);
          if((hp2 = gethostbyname(srcip)) == NULL)
              {
               if((ip->ip src.s addr = inet addr(srcip)) == -1)
                {
                     fprintf(stderr, "%s: Can't resolve, unknown host\n", dstip);
                     exit(1);
                }
              }
              else
                   bcopy(hp2->h addr list[0], &ip->ip src.s addr, hp->h length);
              printf("Sending to %s from spoofed %s\n", inet ntoa(ip->ip dst),
srcip);
              ip->ip v = 4;
              ip->ip hl = sizeof*ip >> 2;
              ip->ip tos = 0;
              ip->ip len = htons(sizeof(buf));
              ip->ip id = htons(4321);
              ip->ip off = htons(0);
              ip->ip ttl = 255;
              ip->ip p = 1;
              ip->ip sum = 0; /* Let kernel fills in */
              dst.sin addr = ip->ip dst;
              dst.sin family = AF INET;
              icmp->type = 0;
              icmp->code = 0;
              icmp->checksum = htons(~(ICMP ECHO << 8));
              ip->ip off = htons(offset >> 3);
              if(offset < 65120)
               ip->ip off \mid= htons(0x2000);
              else
                 ip->ip len = htons(418); /* make total 65538 */
              if(sendto(s, buf, sizeof(buf), 0, (struct sockaddr *)&dst, sizeof(dst)) <
```