



C++语言基础

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本节主题:

重载流插入运算符和流提取运算符



流插入"<<"和流提取">>"

```
我们已经有:
 #include<iosream>
 int a;
 cin>>a; //由istream类支持
 cout<<a: //由ostream类支持
内幕:作为输入/输出的<<和>>重载了按位移的运算符
本节目标: 通过重载,直接用"<<"和">>"来输出和输入用户自己定义的类型的数据。
 Time t1, t2;
                    Complex c1(2,3), c2(3,-1);
 cin>>t1>>t2:
                    cin>>c1>>c2;
                    cout<<"c1+c2="<<(c1+c2)<<endl;
 cout<<t1<<t2;
```



对"<<"和">>"重载的函数形式

□ 形式

ostream & operator << (ostream & , const 自定义类 &); istream & operator >> (istream & , 自定义类 &);

运算符	第一个参数	第二个参数	函数的类型
<<	ostream&	要进行输出操作的类	ostream&
>>	istream&	要进行输入操作的类	istream&

将重载提取">>"和插入"<<"的函数**作为友元函数或普通的函数**,而**不能**将它们定义为**成员函数**。



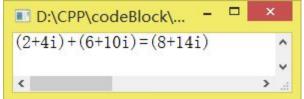
```
重载流插入运算符"<<"
```

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class Complex
public:
  Complex(){real=0;imag=0;}
  Complex(double r,double i){real=r;imag=i;}
  Complex operator + (Complex &c2);
  friend ostream& operator << (ostream&, const Complex&);
private:
                                int main()
  double real;
                                  Complex c1(2,4),c2(6,10),c3;
  double imag;
                                  c3=c1+c2;
};
                                  cout<<c1<'+'<<c2<<'='<<c3<<endl:
```

return 0;

```
Complex Complex::operator + (Complex &c2)
 return Complex(real+c2.real,imag+c2.imag);
ostream& operator << (ostream& output,const Complex& c)
 output<<"("<<c.real<<"+"<<c.imag<<"i)";
 return output;
                cout<<c1<<c2;等同于
                operator<<(operator<<(cout,c1),c2)
```

```
endl;
```

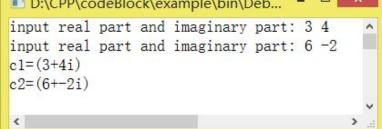




```
重载流提取运算符">>"
```

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
                                                   return output;
class Complex
public:
  friend ostream& operator << (ostream&,const Complex&);
  friend istream& operator >> (istream&,Complex&);
private:
  double real;
  double imag;
};
     istream& operator >> (istream& input,Complex& c)
       cout<<"input real part and imaginary part: ";
        input>>c.real>>c.imag;
        return input;
```

```
ostream& operator << (ostream& output,const Complex& c)
 output<<"("<<c.real<<"+"<<c.imag<<"i)";
                       int main()
                         Complex c1,c2;
                         cin>>c1>>c2;
                         cout<<"c1="<<c1<<endl;
                         cout<<"c2="<<c2<endl:
                         return 0;
             D:\CPP\codeBlock\example\bin\Deb...
```





对复数输入输出的完善

```
D:\CPP\codeBlock\example\bin\...
istream& operator >> (istream& input,Complex& c)
                                                        input a complex number(a+bi或a-bi):3+4t ^
                                                        input a complex number(a+bi或a-bi):2-4i
                                                        c1=(2-4i)
 int a,b;
                                                        c2=(6+10i)
 char sign,i;
                                                        c1+c2=(8+6i)
 do
   cout<<"input a complex number(a+bi或a-bi):";
    input>>a>>sign>>b>>i;
                                           ostream& operator << (ostream& output, const Complex& c)
 while(!((sign=='+'||sign=='-')&&i=='i'))
                                             output<<"("<<c.real;
 c.real=a;
                                             if(c.imag>=0) output<<"+";
 c.imag=(sign=='+')?b:-b;
                                             output<<c.imag<<"i)";
 return input;
                                             return output;
```



体会:运算符重载的重要性与实用意义

- 运算符重载使类的设计更加丰富多彩,扩大了类的功能和使用范围,使程序易于理解, 易于对对象进行操作,它体现了为用户着想、方便用户使用的思想。
- 有了运算符重载,在声明了类之后,人们就可以像使用标准类型一样来使用自己声明的类。
- □ 好的运算符重载能体现面向对象程序设计思想。







THANKS

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