MZTIO 发布 0.0

Hongyi Wu(吴鸿毅)

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README

If you need firmware, please contact Hongyi Wu(wuhongyi@qq.com)

如果你需要固件,请联系吴鸿毅 (wuhongyi@qq.com)

If you want to know how PKU uses MZTIO, please click on the link below: http://wuhongyi.cn/MZTIO/

XIA SUPPORT: https://support.xia.com/default.asp?W372

The Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO is designed to route signals from the backplane (rear connectors) to the front panel (front connectors) and make logical combinations between them in FPGA fabric. It has the following features and capabilities:

- Ethernet programmable trigger/coincidence control module for the Pixie-16
- 48+ Pixie-16 backplane trigger connections to local Zynq processor
- 48 front panel LVDS connections to local Zynq processor
- MicroZed Zynq processor with embedded Linux, acting as a standalone PC with built-in SD card drive, USB host, 10/100 Ethernet, webserver, etc
- 1588 PTP and SyncE clock synchronization
- Open source user access to software and firmware
- Use as standalone desktop unit or in 6U PXI chassis
- Custom I/O standards via daughtercards

Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO 设计用于将信号从背板(后连接器)连接到前面板(前连接器),并在 FPGA 架构中实现逻辑组合。它具有以下功能和特性:

- 用于 Pixie-16 的以太网可编程触发/符合控制模块
- 48+ Pixie-16 背板触发连接到本地 Zynq 处理器
- 48 个前面板 LVDS 连接到本地 Zynq 处理器
- 带嵌入式 Linux 的 MicroZed Zynq 处理器,作为独立 PC,内置 SD 卡驱动器,USB 主机,10/100 以太网,网络服务器等
- 1588 PTP 和 SyncE 时钟同步
- 开源用户访问软件和固件

- 用作独立桌面设备或 6U PXI 机箱
- 通过子卡自定义 I/O 标准

1.1 Safety

Please take a moment to review these safety precautions. They are provided both for your protection and to prevent damage to the Pixie module and connected equipment. This safety information applies to all operators and service personnel.

- Power Source
 - The Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO module is powered through an AC/DC wall adapter or a PXI backplane. The
 default adapter has a variety of AC plug attachments for different localities.
 - Please remember to shut down the Linux OS before removing the power plug from the Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO or powering down the PXI chassis.
- User Adjustments/Disassembly
 - To avoid personal injury, and/or damage, always disconnect power before accessing the module's interior.
 There are a few jumpers related to clocking on the board that experienced users may want to use.
- Voltage Ratings
 - Signals on the inputs and outputs must not exceed \pm 3.3V. Please review the pinout in the appendix before making any connections.
- · Daughtercards
 - Daughtercards can be used as alternatives to front panel and rear inputs, which requires caution to avoid conflicts from FPGA outputs and standard connector inputs.
- Servicing and Cleaning
 - To avoid personal injury, and/or damage to the Pixie module or connected equipment, do not attempt to repair or clean the inside of these units.
- · Linux Passwords
 - The Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO Linux OS comes with default user IDs and passwords for 1) SSH login, 2) SMB file sharing, and 3) Web Operations as described below. Users should immediately change these passwords, especially when the Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO is connected to external networks. Don't let hackers take over your Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO!
- · Linux Backup
 - The Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO Linux OS is stored on a removable SD card. SD cards' file systems can become
 corrupted, which would crash the Linux system and make the Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO unable to operate.
 Therefore periodic backup of the SD card is recommended, for example using Win32DiskImager. (Byte
 for byte copy is required).
 - Note that all Linux passwords are stored on the SD card.

请花点时间查看这些安全预防措施。它们既可以保护您,也可以防止损坏 Pixie 模块和连接的设备。此安全信息适用于所有操作员和维修人员。

- 电源
 - Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO 模块通过 AC/DC 适配器或 PXI 背板供电。默认适配器具有适用于不同地区的各种 AC 插头附件。
 - 在从 Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO 拔下电源插头或关闭 PXI 机箱电源之前,请记得关闭 Linux 操作系统。
- 用户调整/反汇编

- 为避免人身伤害和/或损坏,在进入模块内部之前,请务必断开电源。有一些与有经验的用户可能想要使用的电路板上的时钟相关的跳线。
- 电压额定值
 - 输入和输出信号不得超过 ±3.3V。在进行任何连接之前,请查看附录中的引脚分配。
- 子卡
 - 子卡可用作前面板和背面输入的替代品,这需要小心避免 FPGA 输出和标准连接器输入的冲突。
- 维修和清洁
 - 为避免人身伤害和/或损坏 Pixie 模块或连接的设备,请勿尝试修理或清洁这些设备的内部。
- Linux 密码
 - Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO Linux 操作系统附带默认用户 ID 和密码,用于 1) SSH 登录, 2) SMB 文件共享,以及 3) Web 操作,如下所述。用户应立即更改这些密码,尤其是当 Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO 连接到外部网络时。不要让黑客接管你的 Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO!
- Linux 备份
 - Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO Linux OS 存储在可移动 SD 卡上。SD 卡的文件系统可能会损坏,这会使 Linux 系统崩溃并使 Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO 无法运行。因此,建议定期备份 SD 卡,例如使用 Win32DiskImager。(需要一个字节一个字节的复制)。
 - 请注意, 所有 Linux 密码都存储在 SD 卡上。

1.2 Logic programming

In order to meet the needs of medium and low energy experimental nuclear physics, we have developed the following basic functions.

- · signal delay
- · signal extend
- · coincidence
- multiplicity
- · scaler/counter
- down scale
- · remote parameter adjustment
-

为了适应中低能实验核物理的需求,我们发展了以下基本功能:

- 信号延迟
- 信号展宽
- 符合
- 多重性选择
- scaler 计数器
- down scale 分除
- 远程参数调节
-

WEB Control GUI

	settings.ini - Hongyi Wu @ Peking University (于 PixieNet) _ ロ ×							
File	e Edit	Options Buffer	s Tools	Conf	Help			
1	0x000	0			CSR[15:0]	(R)		
	0x001	0			VERSION	(R)		
3	0x002	0			D18[2:0]	(W/R)		
4	0x003	0			outblock[1:0]	(W/R)		
5	0x00A 0x00B	0 0			numtrig	(R) (R)		
7	0x00C	0			numtrig runticks	(R)		
8	0x00C	0			runticks	(R)		
9	0x100	0x6666			FrontIO Aena	(W/R)		
	0x105	0x6666			LVDSIO Āena	(W/R)		
	0x101	0x6666			FrontIO Bena	(W/R)		
	0x106	0x6666			LVDSIO Bena	(W/R)		
13	0x102	0x6600			FrontIO Cena	(W/R)		
14	0x107	0x6666			LVDSIO_Cena	(W/R)		
	0x103	0×00000000			TriggerAllena	(W/R)		
16	0x104	0×0000			EB_Dataena	(W/R)		
	0x108	0xFFFF			frontA_coincidence_mask	(W/R)		
18	0x109	0xFFFF			frontB_coincidence_mask	(W/R)		
19	0×10A	0xFFFF			frontC_coincidence_mask	(W/R)		
	0x10B	0xFFFFFFF			TriggerAll_coincidence_mask	(W/R)		
	0x10C 0x110	0xFFFF			<pre>EB_Data_coincidence_mask frontA multiplicity mask</pre>	(W/R)		
	0x110	0xFFFF 0xFFFF			frontA_muttipticity_mask frontB_multiplicity_mask	(W/R) (W/R)		
24	0x111	0xFFFF			frontC_multiplicity_mask	(W/R)		
25	0x112	0xFFFFFFF			TriggerAll multiplicity mask	(W/R)		
	0x114	0xFFFF			EB Data multiplicity mask	(W/R)		
27	0x118	0×0000			frontA coincidence pattern	(W/R)		
28	0x119	0×0000			frontB_coincidence_pattern	(W/R)		
29 30	0x11A	0×0000			frontC_coincidence_pattern	(W/R)		
	0x11B	0×00000000			TriggerAll_coincidence_pattern	(W/R)		
	0x11C	0×0000			<pre>EB_Data_coincidence_pattern</pre>	(W/R)		
32	0x120	2			frontA_multiplicity_threshold	(W/R)		
	0x121	2			frontB_multiplicity_threshold	(W/R)		
	0x122	2			frontC_multiplicity_threshold	(W/R)		
	0x123	2			TriggerAll_multiplicity_threshold	(W/R)		
36 37	0x124	2 0			EB_Data_multiplicity_threshold	(W/R)		
3 N	0x128 0x129	0			frontA_output_select frontB_output_select	(W/R) (W/R)		
	0x129 0x12A	0			frontC_output_select	(W/R)		
	0x12B	0			TriggerAll output select	(W/R)		
	0x12C	0			EB Data output select	(W/R)		
	0x030	0x00320028			DelayAndExtend1	(W/R)		
43	0x031	0×000A			DownScale1	(W/R)		

Ē_E

不安全 | 222.29.111.225/index.html



Pixie-16 MZ Trigger IO



Thank you for using PKUXIADAQ

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- PGA father. It has the following reatures and capabilities:

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 48+ Pixie-16 backplane trigger connections to local Zyng processor

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 1588 PTP and SyncE clock synchronization

 Open source user access to software and firmware

 Use as standalone desktop unit or in 6U PXI chassis

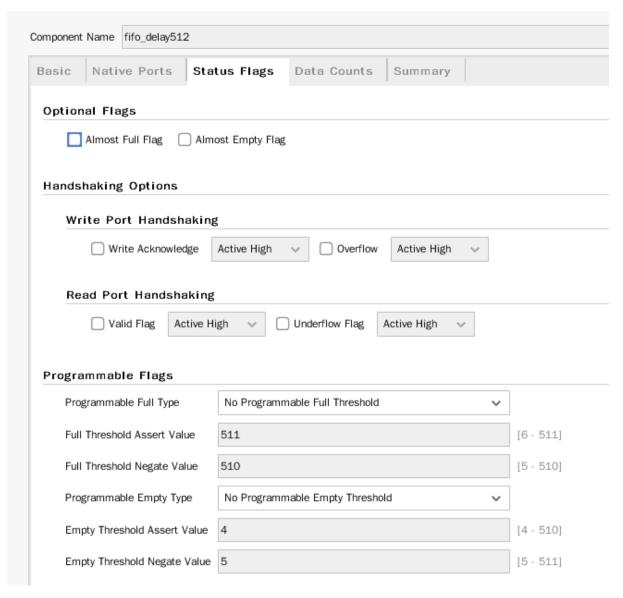
 Custom I/O standards via daughtercards

Do not visit the Status page while execute other tasks.

When you access the Status page, the page will automatically refresh every 5 seconds.

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由于受到 FIFO IP 核的限制,延迟最小设置为 4个时钟

remote control

3.1 minicom

Connect the USB cable to your computer to get the IP

将 USB 线连接电脑, 获取系统 IP

Serial communication software(minicom) can be used in Linux OS

在 linux 中可以采用串口通讯软件 minicom

```
minicom -s
```

- Enter Serial port setup, modify Serial Device to /dev/ttyUSB0. Bps/Par/Bits change to 115200 8N1, the bottom two options are NO
- \bullet Enter Modem and dialing , delete A, B, and K items
- Then select Save setup as dfl to save the settings
- Finally, select Exit to exit the configuration mode and enter the control mode

```
user: root
password: xia17pxn

The password is the default, so users can log in.
密码采用默认的,方便使用者都能登陆
```

Assuming the IP address is 222.29.111.80, you can log in with the following command.

```
ssh -Y root@222.29.111.80
```

3.2 static IP setting

Because Ubuntu 18.04 uses netplan to manage the network. So you can create a file ending in yaml in the /etc/netplan/directory. For example, the 01-netplan.yaml file.

因为 Ubuntu18.04 采用的是 netplan 来管理 network。所以可以在 /etc/netplan/ 目录下创建一个以 yaml 结尾的文件。比如 01-netplan.yaml 文件。

Then write the following configuration under this file(You need to modify the IP address and gateway):

然后在此文件下写入以下配置(你需要修改 IP 地址及网关):

```
network:
    version: 2
    renderer: networkd
    ethernets:
        enp3s0:
        dhcp4: no
        addresses: [192.168.1.110/24]
        gateway4: 192.168.1.1
        nameservers:
        addresses: [8.8.8.8, 114.114.114]
```

It is important to note that the spaces in each line must be there, otherwise the error will be reported and the setting will fail!

特别要注意的是这里的每一行的空格一定要有的,否则会报错误而设置失败!

```
network:
  version: 2
  renderer: networkd
  ethernets:
   eth0:
     addresses: [10.10.6.33/24]
     gateway4: 10.10.6.10
     dhcp4: no
```

The above parameters are the configurations used by the CIAE experiment.

以上参数为CIAE实验使用的配置。

Finally, use sudo netplan apply to restart the network service. Use ip a to see if your static IP is set up successfully!

最后使用 sudo netplan apply 来重启网络服务就可以了。使用 ip a 查看你的静态 IP 是否设置成功了!

ubuntu

4.1 basic configuration

4.1.1 ubuntu 18

If the operating system is the latest version, no additional source configuration is required.

如果操作系统是当前最新版本,则不需要进行额外的源配置。

If you want to install CERN ROOT, add the following line to /etc/apt/sources.list

如果要安装 CERN ROOT,则在 /etc/apt/sources.list 中添加以下行

deb http://ports.ubuntu.com/ xenial main universe multiverse

4.1.2 ubuntu 12

If the operating system version is the previous version, you need to modify the source configuration as follows. 如果操作系统版本是之前的老版本,则需要按照以下进行源的修改配置。

Edit source list file

编辑源列表文件

vim /etc/apt/sources.list

change into:

(下页继续)

(续上页)

```
deb-src http://old-releases.ubuntu.com/ubuntu vivid main restricted universe_
deb-src http://old-releases.ubuntu.com/ubuntu vivid-security main restricted_
universe multiverse
deb-src http://old-releases.ubuntu.com/ubuntu vivid-updates main restricted_
universe multiverse
deb-src http://old-releases.ubuntu.com/ubuntu vivid-proposed main restricted_
universe multiverse
deb-src http://old-releases.ubuntu.com/ubuntu vivid-backports main restricted_
universe multiverse
deb-src http://old-releases.ubuntu.com/ubuntu vivid-backports main restricted_
universe multiverse
deb http://mirrors.ustc.edu.cn/ubuntu/ vivid main universe
deb-src http://mirrors.ustc.edu.cn/ubuntu/ vivid main universe
```

4.1.3 software upgrade

```
apt-get update
```

```
#install firefox
apt-get install firefox
# install emacs
apt-get install emacs
# ROOT dependent library
apt-get install cmake
apt-get install libx11-dev
apt-get install libxpm-dev
apt-get install libxft-dev
apt-get install libxext-dev
apt-get install gfortran
apt-get install libssl-dev
apt-get install xlibmesa-glu-dev
apt-get install libglew1.5-dev
apt-get install libftgl-dev
apt-get install libmysqlclient-dev
apt-get install libfftw3-dev
apt-get install libcfitsio-dev
apt-get install graphviz-dev
apt-get install libavahi-compat-libdnssd-dev
apt-get install libxml2-dev
apt-get install libkrb5-dev
apt-get install libgs10-dev
apt-get install libqt4-dev
```

```
apt-get install root-system-bin
```

Ubuntu color configuration, place the color configuration file .dircolors in the personal directory, the file name is .dir_colors in the readhat system.

ubuntu 颜色配置,个人目录下放置颜色配置文件.dircolors,该文件在 readhat 系统中文件名为.dir_colors

4.2 恢复 SD 卡原始空间

为了加快镜像装载速度,实际上只格式化了 8/16G 左右的 SD 卡空间,我 16/32G 的 SD 卡还有 8/16G 多的空间都没用到,为了能够进行使用进行如下操作

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fdisk /dev/mmcblk0 然后分别输入: d [ENTER],2 [ENTER],n[ENTER] [ENTER],[ENTER],[ENTER],w[ENTER],若中间出现问题详细参考 Getting started with Xillinux for Zynq-7000 EPP,然后重启 linux 开机后

resize2fs /dev/mmcblk0p2 并使用

df-h查看最后追加的结果

4.3 update the boot files

To mount the SD card boot partition to a folder /mnt/sd, execute

mount /dev/mmcblk0p1 /mnt/sd

this is useful to update the boot files without removing the SD card. The Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO has to be rebooted before the new boot files become effective.

So the precedure would be

- generate FW files on a desktop PC
- copy to shared Linux folder on the SD card (/var/www)
- mount boot partition mount /dev/mmcblk0p1 /mnt/sd (create /mnt/sd if not already there)
- copy files e.g. cp /var/www/xillydemo.bit /mnt/sd
- reboot or power cycle (reboot)

scp xillydemo.bit root@222.29.111.157:~

4.4 /dev/mmcblk0p1

boot.bin devicetree.dtb uImage xillydemo.bit

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Vivado

When you open it for the first time, you need to clear the P16_MZTIO_FW_0p01/build folder.

首次打开时,需要清空P16_MZTIO_FW_0p01/build文件夹

- Open Vivado. Use Tools > Run Tcl Script to run project generating script ···/verilog/xillydemo-vivado.tcl. The resulting project file is in ···\verilog\vivado
- There have been cases where the script crashes Vivado, and then the compile has ~100 pin property critical warnings. In such cases, start over.
- Compile demo project (generate bitstream). Ignore warnings and critical warnings.
- $\bullet \ \ Check\ build/xilly demo.runs/impl_1/xilly demo.bit$

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experiment

About multiplicity output in RJ45 in PKU firmware

- when setting multiplicity==0, output high level
- when setting multiplicity>=1, the default output is low level, and it is high when triggered.

When the MSRB bit 6 is 1

- the synchronization indication signal can be obtained
- have the DPMFULL output information
- have back plane FT, VT information
- MSRB bit6 为 1 时,才能有同步指示信号,才能 DPM 的输出信息,才有 FT, VT 信息

6.1 online monitor

After modifying the parameter configuration file settings.ini, you need to run the following program to modify the register settings.

./progfippi

It should be noted that the program is not allowed to be executed when DAQ running

You can view the parameters settings in the web page, and the scaler counter and so on.

6.2 experiment mode

We will provide a common combination of firmware and software for the following four types of experiments.

6.3 in beam gamma

designing...

6.4 beta decay

 $\mathbf{designing}\cdots$

6.5 nuclear reaction

designing...

6.6 Super heavy nucleus

designing...

Code

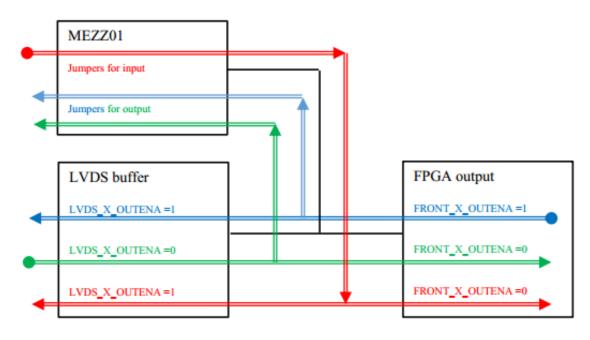
7.1 PS code

```
docs
static
webops
Pixie16_MZTrigIO_Manual.pdf
MZTIOCommon.c
MZTIOCommon.h
MZTIODefs.h
clockprog.c
progfippi.cc
settings.ini
status.c
status.cgi
test.cc
makefile
pkulogo100.jpg
webopspasswords
why.jpg
index.html
log.html
status.html
support.html
```

7.2 PL code

About firmware

7.3 xillydemo



// The configuration of the FrontIO_A/B/C is completely flexible. For example, \Box →if you connect the RJ-45 of a Pixie-16 to FrontI/O A 0-3 (the upper RJ-45 on the →trigger board), signals will connect // FO1 - Front I/O A 0 FrontIO_Aena==0 // FI5 - Front I/O A 1 FrontIO_Aena==1 // FI1 - Front I/O A 2 FrontIO_Aena==1 // F0 5p/5n synchronization status / multiplicity result channel 0(pku. →firmware) // FO 1p/1n not used / multiplicity result channel 1(pku firmware) // FI 5p/5n external fast trigger // FI 1p/1n external validation trigger // FrontIO_Aout [3] [0] [7] [4] [11] [8] [15] [12] // FrontIO_Ain [1] [2] [5] [6] [9] [10] [13] [14]

DB

• FRONT_X_OUTENA

- == 1 表示从 MZ 往前面板驱动输出,代码里面操作 out
- == 0 表示从前面板往 MZ 驱动输入,代码里面操作 in

• LVDS_X_OUTTENA

- == 1 表示驱动网口向外输出
- == 0 表示驱动网口向里输入

如果 MEZZ01 开启输入模式,则必须设置 FRONT_X_OUTENA==0 && LVDS_X_OUTTENA==1,其余模式下,MEZZ01 跳针全部设置成输出模式,此时网口可用于输入或者输出模式。

当前,在前面板 C 口配置一个 MEZZ01 模块,其中前四通道设置为信号输入,分别连接 [1]/[2]/[6],后四个通道设置为信号输出,分别连接 [9]/[10]/[13]/[14]。该配置模式下,C 口对应的四个网口仍然可用于多重性的输出,此时参数 FrontIO = 0x6600, LVDSIO = 0x6666。如果不使用 MEZZ01 模块,只连接网口与 P16 模块,则参数 FrontIO/LVDSIO 均设置为 0x6666。

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