
MZTIO

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If you need firmware, please contact Hongyi Wu(wuhongyi@qq.com)

如果你需要固件，请联系吴鸿毅 (wuhongyi@qq.com)

We will gradually improve the Chinese part of the this manual.

If you want to know how PKU uses MZTIO, please click on the link below: [PKUMZTIO](#)

XIA SUPPORT: [XIA Blog](#)

The Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO is designed to route signals from the backplane (rear connectors) to the front panel (front connectors) and make logical combinations between them in FPGA fabric. It has the following features and capabilities:

- Ethernet programmable trigger/coincidence control module for the Pixie-16
- 48+ Pixie-16 backplane trigger connections to local Zynq processor
- 48 front panel LVDS connections to local Zynq processor
- MicroZed Zynq processor with embedded Linux, acting as a standalone PC with built-in SD card drive, USB host, 10/100 Ethernet, webserver, etc
- 1588 PTP and SyncE clock synchronization
- Open source user access to software and firmware
- Use as standalone desktop unit or in 6U PXI chassis
- Custom I/O standards via daughtercards

Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO 设计用于将信号从背板（后连接器）连接到前面板（前连接器），并在 FPGA 架构中实现逻辑组合。它具有以下功能和特性：

- 用于 Pixie-16 的以太网可编程触发/符合控制模块
- 48+ Pixie-16 背板触发连接到本地 Zynq 处理器
- 48 个前面板 LVDS 连接到本地 Zynq 处理器
- 带嵌入式 Linux 的 MicroZed Zynq 处理器，作为独立 PC，内置 SD 卡驱动器，USB 主机，10/100 以太网，网络服务器等
- 1588 PTP 和 SyncE 时钟同步

- 开源用户访问软件和固件
 - 用作独立桌面设备或 6U PXI 机箱
 - 通过子卡自定义 I/O 标准
-

1.1 Safety

Please take a moment to review these safety precautions. They are provided both for your protection and to prevent damage to the Pixie module and connected equipment. This safety information applies to all operators and service personnel.

- Power Source
 - The Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO module is powered through an AC/DC wall adapter or a PXI backplane. The default adapter has a variety of AC plug attachments for different localities.
 - Please remember to shut down the Linux OS before removing the power plug from the Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO or powering down the PXI chassis.
- User Adjustments/Disassembly
 - To avoid personal injury, and/or damage, always disconnect power before accessing the module's interior. There are a few jumpers related to clocking on the board that experienced users may want to use.
- Voltage Ratings
 - Signals on the inputs and outputs must not exceed $\pm 3.3V$. Please review the pinout in the appendix before making any connections.
- Daughtercards
 - Daughtercards can be used as alternatives to front panel and rear inputs, which requires caution to avoid conflicts from FPGA outputs and standard connector inputs.
- Servicing and Cleaning
 - To avoid personal injury, and/or damage to the Pixie module or connected equipment, do not attempt to repair or clean the inside of these units.
- Linux Passwords
 - The Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO Linux OS comes with default user IDs and passwords for 1) SSH login, 2) SMB file sharing, and 3) Web Operations as described below. Users should immediately change these passwords, especially when the Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO is connected to external networks. Don't let hackers take over your Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO!
- Linux Backup
 - The Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO Linux OS is stored on a removable SD card. SD cards' file systems can become corrupted, which would crash the Linux system and make the Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO unable to operate. Therefore periodic backup of the SD card is recommended, for example using Win32DiskImager. (Byte for byte copy is required).
 - Note that all Linux passwords are stored on the SD card.

请花点时间查看这些安全预防措施。它们既可以保护您，也可以防止损坏 Pixie 模块和连接的设备。此安全信息适用于所有操作员和维修人员。

- 电源
 - Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO 模块通过 AC/DC 适配器或 PXI 背板供电。默认适配器具有适用于不同地区的各种 AC 插头附件。
 - 在从 Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO 拔下电源插头或关闭 PXI 机箱电源之前，请记得关闭 Linux 操作系统。

- 用户调整/反汇编
 - 为避免人身伤害和/或损坏，在进入模块内部之前，请务必断开电源。有一些与有经验的用户可能想要使用的电路板上的时钟相关的跳线。
- 电压额定值
 - 输入和输出信号不得超过 $\pm 3.3\text{V}$ 。在进行任何连接之前，请查看附录中的引脚分配。
- 子卡
 - 子卡可用作前面板和背面输入的替代品，这需要小心避免 FPGA 输出和标准连接器输入的冲突。
- 维修和清洁
 - 为避免人身伤害和/或损坏 Pixie 模块或连接的设备，请勿尝试修理或清洁这些设备的内部。
- Linux 密码
 - Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO Linux 操作系统附带默认用户 ID 和密码，用于 1) SSH 登录，2) SMB 文件共享，以及 3) Web 操作，如下所述。用户应立即更改这些密码，尤其是当 Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO 连接到外部网络时。不要让黑客接管你的 Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO！
- Linux 备份
 - Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO Linux OS 存储在可移动 SD 卡上。SD 卡的文件系统可能会损坏，这会使 Linux 系统崩溃并使 Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO 无法运行。因此，建议定期备份 SD 卡，例如使用 Win32DiskImager。（需要一个字节一个字节的复制）。
 - 请注意，所有 Linux 密码都存储在 SD 卡上。

1.2 Logic programming

In order to meet the needs of medium and low energy experimental nuclear physics, we have developed the following basic functions.

- signal delay
- signal extend
- coincidence
- multiplicity
- scaler/counter
- down scale
- remote parameter adjustment
-

为了适应中低能实验核物理的需求，我们发展了以下基本功能：

- 信号延迟
- 信号展宽
- 符合
- 多重性选择
- scaler 计数器
- down scale 分除
- 远程参数调节
-

2.1 register

The user can easily adjust the experimental logic by modifying the control registers in the settings.ini file.

Of course, for different types of experiments, we have specialized software, please refer to the manual of the experiment for the specific register control method.

```

settings.ini - Hongyi Wu @ Peking University (于 PixieNet)
File Edit Options Buffers Tools Conf Help
1 0x000 0 CSR[15:0] (R)
2 0x001 0 VERSION (R)
3 0x002 0 D18[2:0] (W/R)
4 0x003 0 outblock[1:0] (W/R)
5 0x00A 0 numtrig (R)
6 0x00B 0 numtrig (R)
7 0x00C 0 runticks (R)
8 0x00D 0 runticks (R)
9 0x100 0x6666 FrontIO_Aena (W/R)
10 0x105 0x6666 LVDSIO_Aena (W/R)
11 0x101 0x6666 FrontIO_Bena (W/R)
12 0x106 0x6666 LVDSIO_Bena (W/R)
13 0x102 0x6600 FrontIO_Cena (W/R)
14 0x107 0x6666 LVDSIO_Cena (W/R)
15 0x103 0x00000000 TriggerAllena (W/R)
16 0x104 0x0000 EB_Dataena (W/R)
17 0x108 0xFFFF frontA_coincidence_mask (W/R)
18 0x109 0xFFFF frontB_coincidence_mask (W/R)
19 0x10A 0xFFFF frontC_coincidence_mask (W/R)
20 0x10B 0xFFFFFFFF TriggerAll_coincidence_mask (W/R)
21 0x10C 0xFFFF EB_Data_coincidence_mask (W/R)
22 0x110 0xFFFF frontA_multiplicity_mask (W/R)
23 0x111 0xFFFF frontB_multiplicity_mask (W/R)
24 0x112 0xFFFF frontC_multiplicity_mask (W/R)
25 0x113 0xFFFFFFFF TriggerAll_multiplicity_mask (W/R)
26 0x114 0xFFFF EB_Data_multiplicity_mask (W/R)
27 0x118 0x0000 frontA_coincidence_pattern (W/R)
28 0x119 0x0000 frontB_coincidence_pattern (W/R)
29 0x11A 0x0000 frontC_coincidence_pattern (W/R)
30 0x11B 0x00000000 TriggerAll_coincidence_pattern (W/R)
31 0x11C 0x0000 EB_Data_coincidence_pattern (W/R)
32 0x120 2 frontA_multiplicity_threshold (W/R)
33 0x121 2 frontB_multiplicity_threshold (W/R)
34 0x122 2 frontC_multiplicity_threshold (W/R)
35 0x123 2 TriggerAll_multiplicity_threshold (W/R)
36 0x124 2 EB_Data_multiplicity_threshold (W/R)
37 0x128 0 frontA_output_select (W/R)
38 0x129 0 frontB_output_select (W/R)
39 0x12A 0 frontC_output_select (W/R)
40 0x12B 0 TriggerAll_output_select (W/R)
41 0x12C 0 EB_Data_output_select (W/R)
42 0x030 0x00320028 DelayAndExtend1 (W/R)
43 0x031 0x000A DownScale1 (W/R)
44 0x040 0 LEMO output mode (W/R)
1 -:- settings.ini All (1,0) (Conf[Space]) 07:49 0.20
Package assoc is obsolete!


```

2.2 web pages

2.2.1 main page


The main page of the web, it will provide basic information and precautions for the module.

不安全 | 222.29.111.225/index.html



Pixie-16 MZ Trigger IO

Thank you for using PKUXIADAQ



Main

Status

Log

Support

The Pixie-16 MZ-TriggerIO is designed to route signals from the backplane (rear connectors) to the front panel (front connectors) and make logical combinations between them in FPGA fabric. It has the following features and capabilities:

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Do not visit the Status page while execute other tasks.

When you access the Status page, the page will automatically refresh every 5 seconds.

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2.2.2 status page


When you aaccess the status page, the page will automatically refresh every 5 second.

There are currently five columns of monitorable parameters on this page.

- The fourth row of the first column indicates the date the solid is allowed to be used.
- The fifteenth line of the first column indicates the running time of the current round of DAQ.
- The first column, line 16, represents the percentage of DPMFULL and total runtime.


The parameters of the third column, the fourth column and the fifth column are determined by the settings of each experiment. For details, please refer to the manual of the specific experiment settings.

← → 不安全 | 222.29.111.225/status.cgi



Pixie-16 MZ Trigger IO

Thank you for using PKUXIADAQ



Main

Status

Log

Support

Parameter	Local Logic	Parameter	Trigger I/O Status	Parameter	Exp Logic	Parameter	Scaler	Parameter	Scaler
CSROUT	0x4	IN_FRONTA	0x6666	DelayAndExtend1	0x320028	BackPlaneFT	1000	reserved	0
FW_VERSION	0x20190720	LVDSIO_A	0x6666	DownScale1	0xA	BackPlaneVT	0	reserved	0
SW_VERSION	0x20190720	IN_FRONTB	0x6666	reserved	0x0	A1_1	1000	reserved	0
DataOfExpiry	0x20991231	LVDSIO_B	0x6666	reserved	0x0	A2_1	1000	reserved	0
reserved	0x0	IN_FRONTC	0x6600	reserved	0x0	A3_1	1000	reserved	0
COINTEST	0x1F00	LVDSIO_C	0x6666	reserved	0x0	A4_1	1004	reserved	0
DPMFULL	393	IN_TRIGGERALL	0x0	reserved	0x0	B1_1	0	reserved	0
DPMFULL	0	IN_EBDATA	0x0	reserved	0x0	B2_1	0	reserved	0
NUMVTRIGS	0	CMASK_FRONTA	0xEEEE	reserved	0x0	B3_1	0	reserved	0
NUMVTRIGS	0	CMASK_FRONTB	0x9999	reserved	0x0	B4_1	0	reserved	0
NUMFTRIGS	30684	CMASK_FRONTC	0x9999	reserved	0x0	C1_1	0	reserved	0
NUMFTRIGS	0	CMASK_TRIGGERALL	0x80424	reserved	0x0	C2_1	0	reserved	0
RUNTICKS	3068373922	CMASK_EBDATA	0x40C	reserved	0x0	C3_1	0	reserved	0
RUNTICKS	0	MMSUM_FRONTA	12	reserved	0x0	C4_1	0	reserved	0
RUNTIME[s]	30	MMSUM_FRONTB	8	reserved	0x0	reserved	0	reserved	0
DPM[%]	0	MMSUM_FRONTC	9	reserved	0x0	reserved	0	reserved	0
T_ZYNQ	49	MMSUM_TRIGGERALL	4	LEMO mode	0x2	Front Trigger	1000	reserved	0
T_BOARD	28	MMSUM_EBDATA	3	reserved	0x0	Back Trigger	1004	reserved	0
SNUM	1	reserved	0x0	reserved	0x0	Front Back	1004	reserved	0
UNIQUE_ID	0x197B7679	reserved	0x0	reserved	0x0	Front && Back	1000	reserved	0
UNIQUE_ID	0x92EB0001	reserved	0x0	reserved	0x0	DS10	100	reserved	0

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2.2.3 log page

In development, this page will save the status parameters and read the historical parameters.

2.2.4 support page

This page provides some basic instructions, including XIA instructions, PKU instructions, and more.

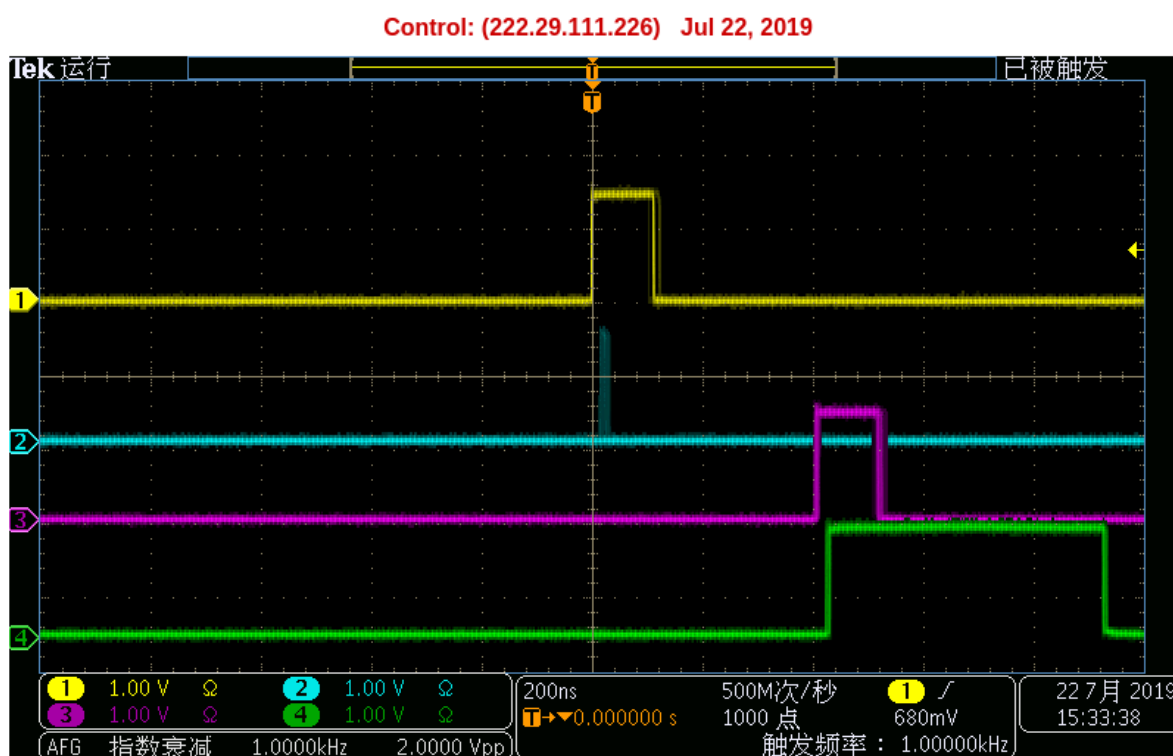
2.3 Oscilloscope

Output signals to the oscilloscope through the MZTIO daughter board.

Most oscilloscopes have only 4 channels, so our monitor settings are set by default for 4 channels. If you want to monitor 8 channels at the same time, you can do it with 2 oscilloscopes.

Of course, the monitored signal can be switched by modifying the control register. For instructions on how to monitor different signals, please read the instructions for the specific experiment.

The following figure is an example of oscilloscope monitoring. Line 1 represents the trigger signal, line 2 is the down scale 10, line 3 represents the signal after line 1 is delayed by 400 ns, and line 4 represents line 3 is extend to 500 ns.



2.4 FIFO IP code limits

The figure below shows the settable range of the FIFO IP core parameters.

Component Name

fifo_delay512

Basic

Native Ports

Status Flags

Data Counts

Summary

Optional Flags

☐ Almost Full Flag

☐ Almost Empty Flag

Handshaking Options

Write Port Handshaking

☐ Write Acknowledge

Active High

☐ Overflow

Active High

Read Port Handshaking

☐ Valid Flag

Active High

☐ Underflow Flag

Active High

Programmable Flags

Programmable Full Type

No Programmable Full Threshold

Full Threshold Assert Value

511

[6 - 511]

Full Threshold Negate Value

510

[5 - 510]

Programmable Empty Type

No Programmable Empty Threshold

Empty Threshold Assert Value

4

[4 - 510]

Empty Threshold Negate Value

5

[5 - 511]

Due to the limitation of the FIFO IP core, the delay is set to a minimum of 4 clocks.

3.1 minicom

Connect the USB cable to your computer to get the IP

将 USB 线连接电脑，获取系统 IP

Serial communication software(minicom) can be used in Linux OS

在 linux 中可以采用串口通讯软件 minicom

```
minicom -s
```

```
+-----[configuration]-----+
| Filenames and paths          |
| File transfer protocols      |
| Serial port setup            |
| Modem and dialing            |
| Screen and keyboard          |
| Save setup as dfl             |
| Save setup as..              |
| Exit                         |
| Exit from Minicom            |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```

- Enter Serial port setup, modify Serial Device to /dev/ttyUSB0。Bps/Par/Bits change to 115200 8N1, the bottom two options are NO
- Enter Modem and dialing, delete A, B, and K items
- Then select Save setup as dfl to save the settings
- Finally, select Exit to exit the configuration mode and enter the control mode

```
user: root
password: xia17pxn
```

The password is the default, so users can log in.
密码采用默认的，方便使用者都能登陆

Assuming the IP address is 222.29.111.80, you can log in with the following command.

```
ssh -Y root@222.29.111.80
```

3.2 static IP setting

Because Ubuntu 18.04 uses netplan to manage the network. So you can create a file ending in yaml in the /etc/netplan/ directory. For example, the 01-netplan.yaml file.

因为 Ubuntu18.04 采用的是 netplan 来管理 network。所以可以在 /etc/netplan/ 目录下创建一个以 yaml 结尾的文件。比如 01-netplan.yaml 文件。

Then write the following configuration under this file(**You need to modify the IP address and gateway**):

然后在此文件下写入以下配置 (你需要修改 IP 地址及网关):

```
network:
  version: 2
  renderer: networkd
  ethernets:
    enp3s0:
      dhcp4: no
      addresses: [192.168.1.110/24]
      gateway4: 192.168.1.1
      nameservers:
        addresses: [8.8.8.8, 114.114.114.114]
```

It is important to note that the spaces in each line must be there, otherwise the error will be reported and the setting will fail!

特别要注意的是这里的每一行的空格一定要有的，否则会报错误而设置失败！

```
network:
  version: 2
  renderer: networkd
  ethernets:
    eth0:
      addresses: [10.10.6.33/24]
      gateway4: 10.10.6.10
      dhcp4: no
```

The above parameters are the configurations used by the CIAE experiment.

以上参数为 CIAE 实验使用的配置。

Finally, use `sudo netplan apply` to restart the network service. Use `ip a` to see if your static IP is set up successfully!

最后使用 `sudo netplan apply` 来重启网络服务就可以了。使用 `ip a` 查看你的静态 IP 是否设置成功了！

4.1 basic configuration

4.1.1 ubuntu 18

If the operating system is the latest version, no additional source configuration is required.

如果操作系统是当前最新版本，则不需要进行额外的源配置。

If you want to install CERN ROOT, add the following line to `/etc/apt/sources.list`

如果要安装 CERN ROOT，则在 `/etc/apt/sources.list` 中添加以下行

```
deb http://ports.ubuntu.com/ xenial main universe multiverse
```

4.1.2 ubuntu 12

If the operating system version is the previous version, you need to modify the source configuration as follows.

如果操作系统版本是之前的老版本，则需要按照以下进行源的修改配置。

Edit source list file

编辑源列表文件

```
vim /etc/apt/sources.list
```

change into:

```
deb http://old-releases.ubuntu.com/ubuntu vivid main restricted universe multiverse
deb http://old-releases.ubuntu.com/ubuntu vivid-security main restricted universe↵
↵multiverse
deb http://old-releases.ubuntu.com/ubuntu vivid-updates main restricted universe↵
↵multiverse
deb http://old-releases.ubuntu.com/ubuntu vivid-proposed main restricted universe↵
↵multiverse
deb http://old-releases.ubuntu.com/ubuntu vivid-backports main restricted universe↵
↵multiverse
```

(下页继续)

(续上页)

```

deb-src http://old-releases.ubuntu.com/ubuntu vivid main restricted universe_
↳multiverse
deb-src http://old-releases.ubuntu.com/ubuntu vivid-security main restricted_
↳universe multiverse
deb-src http://old-releases.ubuntu.com/ubuntu vivid-updates main restricted_
↳universe multiverse
deb-src http://old-releases.ubuntu.com/ubuntu vivid-proposed main restricted_
↳universe multiverse
deb-src http://old-releases.ubuntu.com/ubuntu vivid-backports main restricted_
↳universe multiverse

deb http://mirrors.ustc.edu.cn/ubuntu/ vivid main universe
deb-src http://mirrors.ustc.edu.cn/ubuntu/ vivid main universe

```

4.1.3 software upgrade

```
apt-get update
```

```

#install firefox
apt-get install firefox
# install emacs
apt-get install emacs

# ROOT dependent library
apt-get install cmake
apt-get install libx11-dev
apt-get install libxpm-dev
apt-get install libxft-dev
apt-get install libxext-dev
apt-get install gfortran
apt-get install libssl-dev
apt-get install xlibmesa-glu-dev
apt-get install libglew1.5-dev
apt-get install libftgl-dev
apt-get install libmysqlclient-dev
apt-get install libfftw3-dev
apt-get install libcfitsio-dev
apt-get install graphviz-dev
apt-get install libavahi-compat-libdnssd-dev
apt-get install libxml2-dev
apt-get install libkrb5-dev
apt-get install libgsl0-dev
apt-get install libqt4-dev

```

```
apt-get install root-system-bin
```

Ubuntu color configuration, place the color configuration file .dircolors in the personal directory, the file name is .dir_colors in the readhat system.

ubuntu 颜色配置, 个人目录下放置颜色配置文件.dircolors, 该文件在 readhat 系统中文件名为.dir_colors

4.2 恢复 SD 卡原始空间

为了加快镜像装载速度, 实际上只格式化了 8/16G 左右的 SD 卡空间, 我 16/32G 的 SD 卡还有 8/16G 多的空间都没用到, 为了能够进行使用进行如下操作

fdisk /dev/mmcblk0 然后分别输入: d [ENTER],2 [ENTER],n[ENTER] [ENTER],[ENTER],[ENTER],[ENTER],w[ENTER], 若中间出现问题详细参考 Getting started with Xilinx for Zynq-7000 EPP , 然后重启 linux 开机后

resize2fs /dev/mmcblk0p2 并使用

df -h 查看最后追加的结果

4.3 update the boot files

To mount the SD card boot partition to a folder /mnt/sd, execute

```
mount /dev/mmcblk0p1 /mnt/sd
```

this is useful to update the boot files without removing the SD card. The Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO has to be rebooted before the new boot files become effective.

So the procedure would be

- generate FW files on a desktop PC
- copy to shared Linux folder on the SD card (/var/www)
- mount boot partition mount /dev/mmcblk0p1 /mnt/sd (create /mnt/sd if not already there)
- copy files e.g. cp /var/www/xillydemo.bit /mnt/sd
- reboot or power cycle (reboot)

```
scp xillydemo.bit root@222.29.111.157:~
```

4.4 /dev/mmcblk0p1

```
boot.bin devicetree.dtb uImage xillydemo.bit
```


5.1 Compile

When you open it for the first time, you need to clear the `P16_MZTIO_FW_0p01/build` folder.

首次打开时，需要清空 `P16_MZTIO_FW_0p01/build` 文件夹

- Open Vivado. Use Tools > Run Tcl Script to run project generating script `.../verilog/xillydemo-vivado.tcl`. The resulting project file is in `.../verilog/vivado`
- There have been cases where the script crashes Vivado, and then the compile has ~100 pin property critical warnings. In such cases, start over.
- Compile demo project (generate bitstream). Ignore warnings and critical warnings.
- Check `build/xillydemo.runs/impl_1/xillydemo.bit`

5.2 In system debug

Is possible???

About multiplicity output in RJ45 in PKU firmware

- when setting multiplicity==0, output high level
- when setting multiplicity>=1, the default output is low level, and it is high when triggered.

When the MSRB bit 6 is 1

- the synchronization indication signal can be obtained
- have the DPMFULL output information
- have back plane FT, VT information
- MSRB bit6 为 1 时，才能有同步指示信号，才能 DPM 的输出信息，才有 FT，VT 信息

6.1 online monitor

After modifying the parameter configuration file `settings.ini`, you need to run the following program to modify the register settings.

```
./progfippi
```

It should be noted that the program is not allowed to be executed when DAQ running

You can view the parameters settings in the web page, and the scaler counter and so on.

6.2 experiment mode

We will provide a common combination of firmware and software for the following four types of experiments.

6.3 in beam gamma

designing...

6.4 beta decay

designing...

6.5 nuclear reaction

designing...

6.6 Super heavy nucleus

designing...

7.1 PS code

```
docs      #PKU MZTIO GUIDES
static    # css js
webops

Pixie16_MZTrigIO_Manual.pdf

MZTIOCommon.c
MZTIOCommon.h
MZTIODefs.h
clockprog.c
progfippi.cc
settings.ini
status.c
status.cgi
makefile

pkulogo100.jpg
why.jpg
webopspasswords
index.html
log.html
status.html
support.html
```

7.2 PL code

7.2.1 downscale

```
module downscale
(
```

(下页继续)

(续上页)

```
din,
dout,
down,
clk
);

parameter DATA_W = 16;
input [DATA_W-1:0] down;
input din;
output dout;
reg          dout;
input clk;
endmodule
```

7.2.2 scaler

```
module scaler
(
    din,
    dout ,
    endcount,
    clk
);

parameter DATA_W = 32;
output [DATA_W-1:0] dout;
reg    [DATA_W-1:0] dout;

input din;
input endcount;
input clk;
endmodule
```

7.2.3 signaldelay512

```
module signaldelay512
(
    din,
    dout,
    delay,
    clk
);

output dout;
reg     dout;
input [9:0] delay;
input      din;
input      clk;
endmodule
```

7.2.4 signalextend512

```
module signalextend512
(
    din,
```

(下页继续)

(续上页)

```

dout,
extend,
clk
);

input din;
output dout;
reg      dout;
input [9:0] extend;
input clk;
endmodule

```

7.2.5 IP core

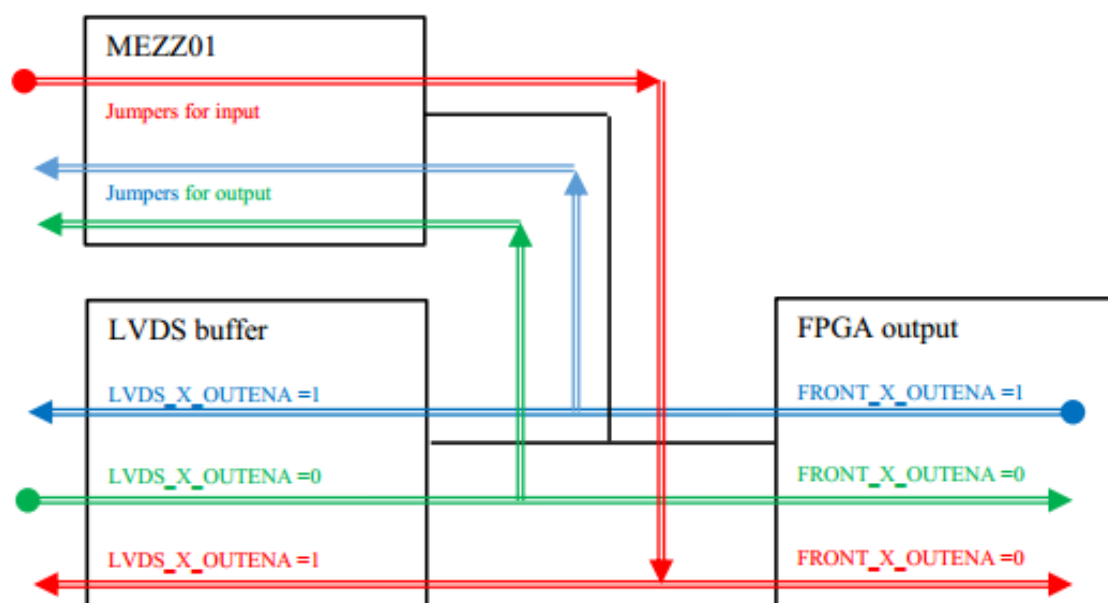
FIFO

```

module fifo_delay512(clk, srst, din, wr_en, rd_en, dout, full, empty,
data_count)
/* synthesis syn_black_box black_box_pad_pin="clk,srst,din[0:0],wr_en,rd_en,
↪dout[0:0],full,empty,data_count[9:0]" */;
input clk;
input srst;
input [0:0]din;
input wr_en;
input rd_en;
output [0:0]dout;
output full;
output empty;
output [9:0]data_count;
endmodule

```

7.3 xillydemo



DB

```

// The configuration of the FrontIO_A/B/C is completely flexible. For example,
↪if you connect the RJ-45 of a Pixie-16 to FrontI/O A 0-3 (the upper RJ-45 on the
↪trigger board), signals will connect
// F05 - Front I/O A 3      FrontIO_Aena==0
// F01 - Front I/O A 0      FrontIO_Aena==0
// FI5 - Front I/O A 1      FrontIO_Aena==1
// FI1 - Front I/O A 2      FrontIO_Aena==1

// F0 5p/5n synchronization status / multiplicity result channel 0 (pku
↪firmware)
// F0 1p/1n not used / multiplicity result channel 1 (pku firmware)
// FI 5p/5n external fast trigger
// FI 1p/1n external validation trigger

// FrontIO_Aout [3] [0] [7] [4] [11] [8] [15] [12]
// FrontIO_Ain [1] [2] [5] [6] [9] [10] [13] [14]

```

- FRONT_X_OUTENA

- == 1 表示从 MZ 往前面板驱动输出，代码里面操作 out
- == 0 表示从前面板往 MZ 驱动输入，代码里面操作 in

- LVDS_X_OUTTENA

- == 1 表示驱动网口向外输出
- == 0 表示驱动网口向里输入

如果 MEZZ01 开启输入模式，则必须设置 FRONT_X_OUTENA==0 && LVDS_X_OUTTENA==1，其余模式下，MEZZ01 跳针全部设置成输出模式，此时网口可用于输入或者输出模式。

当前，在前面板 C 口配置一个 MEZZ01 模块，其中前四通道设置为信号输入，分别连接 [1]/[2]/[5]/[6]，后四个通道设置为信号输出，分别连接 [9]/[10]/[13]/[14]。该配置模式下，C 口对应的四个网口仍然可用于多重性的输出，此时参数 FrontIO = 0x6600, LVDSIO = 0x6666。如果不使用 MEZZ01 模块，只连接网口与 P16 模块，则参数 FrontIO/LVDSIO 均设置为 0x6666。