
MZTIO

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<https://support.xia.com/default.asp?W372>

The Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO is designed to route signals from the backplane (rear connectors) to the front panel (front connectors) and make logical combinations between them in FPGA fabric. It has the following features and capabilities:

- Ethernet programmable trigger/coincidence control module for the Pixie-16
- 48+ Pixie-16 backplane trigger connections to local Zynq processor
- 48 front panel LVDS connections to local Zynq processor
- MicroZed Zynq processor with embedded Linux, acting as a standalone PC with built-in SD card drive, USB host, 10/100 Ethernet, webserver, etc
- 1588 PTP and SyncE clock synchronization
- Open source user access to software and firmware
- Use as standalone desktop unit or in 6U PXI chassis
- Custom I/O standards via daughtercards

1.1 Safety

Please take a moment to review these safety precautions. They are provided both for your protection and to prevent damage to the Pixie module and connected equipment. This safety information applies to all operators and service personnel.

- Power Source
 - The Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO module is powered through an AC/DC wall adapter or a PXI backplane. The default adapter has a variety of AC plug attachments for different localities.
 - Please remember to shut down the Linux OS before removing the power plug from the Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO or powering down the PXI chassis.
- User Adjustments/Disassembly

- To avoid personal injury, and/or damage, always disconnect power before accessing the module's interior. There are a few jumpers related to clocking on the board that experienced users may want to use.
- Voltage Ratings
 - Signals on the inputs and outputs must not exceed $\pm 3.3V$. Please review the pinout in the appendix before making any connections.
- Daughtercards
 - Daughtercards can be used as alternatives to front panel and rear inputs, which requires caution to avoid conflicts from FPGA outputs and standard connector inputs.
- Servicing and Cleaning
 - To avoid personal injury, and/or damage to the Pixie module or connected equipment, do not attempt to repair or clean the inside of these units.
- Linux Passwords
 - The Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO Linux OS comes with default user IDs and passwords for 1) SSH login, 2) SMB file sharing, and 3) Web Operations as described below. Users should immediately change these passwords, especially when the Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO is connected to external networks. Don't let hackers take over your Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO!
- Linux Backup
 - The Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO Linux OS is stored on a removable SD card. SD cards' file systems can become corrupted, which would crash the Linux system and make the Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO unable to operate. Therefore periodic backup of the SD card is recommended, for example using Win32DiskImager. (Byte for byte copy is required).
 - Note that all Linux passwords are stored on the SD card.

CHAPTER 2

remote control

将 USB 线连接电脑，获取系统 IP

在 linux 中可以采用串口通讯软件 minicom

```
minicom -s
```

```
+-----[configuration]-----+
| Filenames and paths         |
| File transfer protocols     |
| Serial port setup           |
| Modem and dialing           |
| Screen and keyboard         |
| Save setup as dfl            |
| Save setup as ..            |
| Exit                         |
| Exit from Minicom           |
+-----+
```

- 进入 Serial port setup，修改 Serial Device 为 /dev/ttyUSB0。Bps/Par/Bits 采用默认的 115200 8N1，底部两个选项均为 NO
- 进入 Modem and dialing，将 A、B、K 项内容删除
- 然后选择 Save setup as dfl 保存设置
- 最后选择 Exit 退出配置模式，进入控制模式

user: root password: xia17pxn

密码采用默认的，方便使用者都能登陆

```
ssh -Y root@222.29.111.80
```


3.1 基本配置

3.1.1 ubuntu 18

如果操作系统是当前最新版本，则不需要进行额外的源配置。

如果要安装 CERN ROOT，则在 `/etc/apt/sources.list` 中添加以下行

```
deb http://ports.ubuntu.com/ xenial main universe multiverse
```

3.1.2 ubuntu 12

如果操作系统版本是之前的老版本，则需要按照以下进行源的修改配置。

编辑源列表文件

```
vim /etc/apt/sources.list
```

修改为

```
deb http://old-releases.ubuntu.com/ubuntu vivid main restricted universe multiverse
deb http://old-releases.ubuntu.com/ubuntu vivid-security main restricted universe↵
↵multiverse
deb http://old-releases.ubuntu.com/ubuntu vivid-updates main restricted universe↵
↵multiverse
deb http://old-releases.ubuntu.com/ubuntu vivid-proposed main restricted universe↵
↵multiverse
deb http://old-releases.ubuntu.com/ubuntu vivid-backports main restricted universe↵
↵multiverse
deb-src http://old-releases.ubuntu.com/ubuntu vivid main restricted universe↵
↵multiverse
deb-src http://old-releases.ubuntu.com/ubuntu vivid-security main restricted↵
↵universe multiverse
deb-src http://old-releases.ubuntu.com/ubuntu vivid-updates main restricted↵
↵universe multiverse
deb-src http://old-releases.ubuntu.com/ubuntu vivid-proposed main restricted↵
↵universe multiverse
```

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```
deb-src http://old-releases.ubuntu.com/ubuntu vivid-backports main restricted_  
↪universe multiverse  
  
deb http://mirrors.ustc.edu.cn/ubuntu/ vivid main universe  
deb-src http://mirrors.ustc.edu.cn/ubuntu/ vivid main universe
```

3.1.3 软件升级

运行

```
apt-get update
```

```
# 安装 firefox  
apt-get install firefox  
# 安装 emacs  
apt-get install emacs  
  
# ROOT 依赖库文件  
apt-get install cmake  
apt-get install libx11-dev  
apt-get install libxpm-dev  
apt-get install libxft-dev  
apt-get install libxext-dev  
apt-get install gfortran  
apt-get install libssl-dev  
apt-get install xlibmesa-glu-dev  
apt-get install libglew1.5-dev  
apt-get install libftgl-dev  
apt-get install libmysqlclient-dev  
apt-get install libfftw3-dev  
apt-get install libcfitsio-dev  
apt-get install graphviz-dev  
apt-get install libavahi-compat-libdnssd-dev  
apt-get install libxml2-dev  
apt-get install libkrb5-dev  
apt-get install libgsl0-dev  
apt-get install libqt4-dev
```

```
apt-get install root-system-bin
```

ubuntu 颜色配置, 个人目录下放置颜色配置文件.dircolors, 该文件在 readhat 系统中文件名为.dir_colors

3.2 恢复 SD 卡原始空间

为了加快镜像装载速度, 实际上只格式化了 8/16G 左右的 SD 卡空间, 我 16/32G 的 SD 卡还有 8/16G 多的空间都没用到, 为了能够进行使用进行如下操作

fdisk /dev/mmcblk0 然后分别输入: d [ENTER],2 [ENTER],n[ENTER] [ENTER],[ENTER],[ENTER],[ENTER],w[ENTER], 若中间出现问题详细参考 Getting started with Xilinx for Zynq-7000 EPP, 然后重启 linux 开机后

resize2fs /dev/mmcblk0p2 并使用

df -h 查看最后追加的结果

3.3 update the boot files

To mount the SD card boot partition to a folder /mnt/sd, execute

```
mount /dev/mmcblk0p1 /mnt/sd
```

this is useful to update the boot files without removing the SD card. The Pixie-16 MZ-TrigIO has to be rebooted before the new boot files become effective.

So the procedure would be

- generate FW files on a desktop PC
- copy to shared Linux folder on the SD card (/var/www)
- mount boot partition `mount /dev/mmcblk0p1 /mnt/sd` (create /mnt/sd if not already there)
- copy files e.g. `cp /var/www/xillydemo.bit /mnt/sd`
- reboot or power cycle (reboot)

```
scp xillydemo.bit root@222.29.111.157:~
```


CHAPTER 4

Vivado

- Open Vivado. Use Tools > Run Tcl Script to run project generating script `../verilog/xillydemo-vivado.tcl`. The resulting project file is in `../verilog/vivado`. There have been cases where the script crashes Vivado, and then the compile has ~100 pin property critical warnings. In such cases, start over.
- Compile demo project (generate bitstream). Ignore warnings and critical warnings.
- Check `build/xillydemo.runs/impl_1/xillydemo.bit`

- 当多重性为 0 时，输出高电平
- 当多重性大于等于 1 时，默认输出低电平，有触发时为高电平

5.1 在线监视

修改好参数配置文件 settings.ini

执行

```
progfippi
```

写入设置参数

需要注意的是，当获取采集时候，不允许执行该程序

在网页中即可查看参数设置情况，scale 计数情况

CHAPTER 6

程序说明

```
PixieNetCommon.c
PixieNetCommon.h
PixieNetConfig.cpp
PixieNetConfig.h
PixieNetDefs.h

makefile
cgistats.c
clockprog.c
monitordaq.c
progfippi.c
runstats.c
writeI2C.c

d3.v3.min.js
defaults.ini
settings.ini

Xia_LLC_web_header.jpg
dygraph-combined.js
index.html
plotly-latest.min.js
rspage.html
webopspasswords 存放网页密码
```