HW2 requirements Testing

Source code:

https://github.com/wujiahui62/Homework/tree/master/Software_Engineering_Methodologies/HW2_SEM

1-a. Add a feature to the expression parsing code I added a feature to parse the strings into decimals

```
def parse_decimal(s):
    whole, fraction = s.split('.')
    return int(whole) + int(fraction) / (10 ** len(fraction))
```

1-b. Add test case in the test evaluate.py file

```
def test_parse_decimal():
    print("\ntest_parse_decimal\n")
    assert parse_decimal("11.23") == 11.23
    assert parse_decimal("0.23") == 0.23
    assert parse_decimal("999.0000000001") == 999.0000000001
```

We can test the new feature using pytest

Or we call the function directly in the evaluate.py file to see if it can parse the string into decimal, they are the same

```
print(parse_decimal("11.23") == 11.23)
Jiahuis-MacBook-Pro:HW2_SEM jiahuiwu$ python3 evaluate.py
True
```

2. Verify using requests and pytest that some API on this list works correctly: https://github.com/toddmotto/public-apis

I chose two API to test, the first one is called TacoFancy http://taco-randomizer.herokuapp.com/, visiting this page will get users a random taco. I

tested the connection, the headers content-type and keywords in the response text.

The second one is called LinkPreview, this API Get JSON formatted summary with title, description and preview image for any requested URL. I use this API to get the json data from the url https://www.google.com. The connection and header's content-type was tested. The properties of the returned data such as 'title', 'url' are also tested.

```
import requests
import ison
The app randomly pick a recipe, however, there is strict rule that the title of the
webpage should contain some keywords, so I tested if these keywords are there
def test_taco_app_basic():
    response = requests.get("http://taco-randomizer.herokuapp.com/")
    assert response
    assert response.status_code == 200
    assert response.headers['Content-Type'] == 'text/html; charset=utf-8'
    text = response.text
    assert 'taco' in text
    assert 'garnished with' in text
    assert 'topped off with' in text
    assert 'and wrapped in delicious' in text
This API is to Get JSON formatted summary with title, description and preview image
 for any requested URL. I use this API to get data from google.com, I tested if the
 returned format contains these attributes such as title, description, etc.
 def test_myjson_app_basic():
     url = 'https://www.google.com'
     response = requests.get("http://api.linkpreview.net/?key=123456&q=" + url)
     assert response
     assert response.status_code == 200
     assert response.headers['Content-Type'] == 'application/json; charset=utf-8'
     result = json.loads(response.text)
     assert type(result) is dict
     assert 'title' in result
     assert 'Google' in result['title']
     assert 'url' in result
     assert url in result['url']
     assert 'description' in result
     assert 'image' in result
```

Result of the pytest, these two APIs are works correctly.

3. Verify using webdriver and pytest that either "Oster" or "Hamilton Beach" is one of the blenders brands sold on Amazon on the "blender" search page.

```
from selenium import webdriver
from selenium.webdriver.common.keys import Keys
browser = None
def setup_module(module):
    global browser
    browser = webdriver.Chrome()
    browser.get("http://www.amazon.com")
def teardown_module(module):
    if browser:
        browser.close()
def test_go_to_amazon():
    assert "Amazon" in browser.title
def test_is_Oster_a_displayed_blender():
    id1 = "twotabsearchtextbox"
    searchbox = browser.find_element_by_id(id1)
    searchbox.clear()
    searchbox.send keys("blender")
    searchbox.send_keys(Keys.RETURN)
    id2 = "s-results-list-atf"
    result_list = browser.find_element_by_id(id2)
    assert "Oster" in result_list.text
```

Test result shows that "Oster" is in the search result of blender on Amaozn