2、向量组A.B等价(应Xi A.B 写相互线性额) 充额件:RA=RB,

用效证计算量大, 故本题只需证 RA=RB.

为扩展和Ro. 需用初等行政换化为行的特形对行最简彩对A.B同时初等变换即

$$(A,B) = (\alpha_{1},\alpha_{2},b_{1},b_{2},b_{3})$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{K_{1}-Y_{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{Y_{1}-Y_{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$R_{A} = R\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = 2. \text{ This solution is } 44$$

这里判断RB有很多物!

公司、存在2B介非更子中 | 1 | = 240 ,且 KB < 2.

152: RB < 2. RJ. RB = 0, 1, 2.

B \$ 0 to Ke \$ 0.

12. 121; 13 K=(X1,~~Xr)

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13. bi=(21,~~3s) Xi (Xi为bi在21,~~ds 不分5生4年)

大色降電後き:

13. bi→ br 线付生不夫

14. kibi+~~kv·br=0 R有更新

14. B[ki]=0

 $= (a_1 \cdots a_5) \times (a_1 \cdots a_5) \times r$ $= (a_1 \cdots a_5) \left(k_1 \times k_1 + \cdots + k_r \times r \right) = 0$

·'a,…ds 线性减

<=> X,··· XY线性形,

PP K 31/34株 R(K)=Y.

大色路径度: B列海鉄 (中) B(kr)=D 只有動詞 (中) AK(kr)=O 知動前。 (中) AS (kr)=O 不動的。 (中) K列海鉄 甲川かた

[国学们的作业也有用负证的,每个等于方环,为了很好!]

16, 1671: (Rc=3 =) RA=2, RA=2条件纷乳)

RA=2. 数 a., a. 料性天葵

RB-2, to a,, a, a, 1/4 top.

36 Q3 可由q, Q1 唯一线性感流设计 as= k, a, + k2 az.

RC=3, to a, a, . 94 58 48 78

171) x101 + 1/2 1 + 1/3 (291 - 394)

 $\begin{array}{lll}
x_{1}a_{1} + 3a_{1} + 3a_{2} + 3a_{4} & & & \\
x_{1}a_{1} + 3a_{1} + 3a_{2} + 3a_{4} & & & \\
&= x_{1}a_{1} + x_{1}a_{2} + x_{3} & (2(k_{1}a_{1} + k_{1}a_{1}) - 3a_{4}) \\
&= (x_{1} + 2k_{1}x_{3})a_{1} + (x_{2} + 2k_{1}x_{3})a_{2} - 3x_{3}a_{4} = 0 \\
&= (x_{1} + 2k_{1}x_{3})a_{1} + (x_{2} + 2k_{1}x_{3})a_{2} - 3x_{3}a_{4} = 0 \\
&= (a_{1}, a_{2}, a_{4}) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2k_{1} \\ 0 & 1 & 2k_{2} \\ 0 & 0 & -3 \end{pmatrix} \\
&= (x_{1} + 2k_{1}x_{3})a_{1} + (x_{2} + 2k_{1}x_{3})a_{2} - 3x_{3}a_{4} = 0 \\
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&= (x_{1} + 2k_{1}x_{3})a_{2} + (x_{2} + 2k_{1}x_{3})a_{3} + (x_{2} +$

$$\begin{cases} x_1 + 2k_1 x_3 = 0 \\ x_2 + 2k_1 x_3 = 0 \end{cases} \begin{cases} x_3 = 0 \\ x_4 = 0 \\ x_5 = 0 \end{cases}$$

、 何是QD 後性开系. Ko=3.

$$\begin{cases}
a_1, a_2, 2a_3 - 3a_4 \\
a_1, a_2, 2a_3 - 3a_4
\end{cases}
\xrightarrow{C_3 - \frac{k_1}{2}C_1 - \frac{k_2}{2}C_2} \left(a_1, a_2, -3a_4\right)$$

$$\xrightarrow{C_{\delta} \times (-\frac{1}{3})} \left(a_{1}, a_{2}, a_{4}\right)$$

Ro= R(a, a, 9+) = 3.

$$(a_1, a_2, 2a_3 - 3a_4)$$

$$= (a_1, a_2, a_4) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1/k_1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2/k_2 \\ 2 & 0 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$$