◎ 证明:如果[k(xì xì)]mxm 矩阵半正定,则 k(xì yì) 四用来表示(φ(xì, φ(yì))

 $f(\cdot) = \sum_{i=1}^{m} a_i k(\cdot, \vec{x}_i)$   $f(\cdot)$  也是「无家雅向量。 $f(\cdot)$  可以构成向量空间.

 $f(\cdot) = \sum_{i=1}^{m} \partial_i k(\cdot, \vec{x}_i)$   $g(\cdot) = \sum_{j=1}^{m} \beta_j k(\cdot, \vec{y}_j)$   $f(\cdot) * g(\cdot) = \sum_{i=1}^{m} \sum_{j=1}^{l} \partial_i \beta_j k(\vec{x}_i, \vec{y}_j)$ 

证明\* 满足以下1.2.3

1.  $f(\cdot) * g(\cdot) = g(\cdot) * f(\cdot)$ 

 $2 \cdot (\alpha f(\cdot)) * g(\cdot) = \alpha (f(\cdot) * g(\cdot)) (f(\cdot) + g(\cdot)) * h(\cdot) = f(\cdot) * h(\cdot) + g(\cdot) * h(\cdot)$ 

3. f(·)\*f(·) ≥0 A f(·) \*f(·) = 0 (=> f(·) = 0

1和2话明晓.

似下证明3.

记f()为f g()为g