

CIS9760_Project2_Yaheng Wu(Phoebe)

Analysis of Yelp Business Intelligence Data

Big Idea:

In this project, I analyzed a subset of the Yelp's business, reviews and user data.

Data Source:

The three datasets originally come from [Kaggle](#) and they have been uploaded into an S3 bucket for the use of this project.

s3://yelpreviewdataset/yelp_academic_dataset_business.json\

s3://yelpreviewdataset/yelp_academic_dataset_review.json\

s3://yelpreviewdataset/yelp_academic_dataset_user.json

Part I: Installation and Initial Setup

1. Install Packages

```
In [1]: from pyspark.sql import SparkSession
my_spark = SparkSession.builder.getOrCreate()
sc.install_pypi_package("pandas==1.0.3")
sc.install_pypi_package("matplotlib==3.2.1")
sc.install_pypi_package("seaborn==0.10.0")
sc.list_packages()
```

Starting Spark application

ID	YARN Application ID	Kind	State	Spark UI	Driver log	Current session?
1	application_1606276836552_0002	pyspark	idle	Link	Link	✓

SparkSession available as 'spark'.

Collecting pandas==1.0.3

Using cached https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/4a/6a/94b219b8ea0f2d580169e85ed1edc0163743f55aaeca8a44c2e8fc1e344e/pandas-1.0.3-cp37-cp37m-manylinux1_x86_64.whl

Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2017.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from pandas==1.0.3)

Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.13.3 in /usr/local/lib64/python3.7/site-packages (from pandas==1.0.3)

Collecting python-dateutil>=2.6.1 (from pandas==1.0.3)

Using cached https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/d4/70/d60450c3dd48ef87586924207ae8907090de0b306af2bce5d134d78615cb/python_dateutil-2.8.1-py2.py3-none-any.whl

Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.6.1->pandas==1.0.3)

Installing collected packages: python-dateutil, pandas

Successfully installed pandas-1.0.3 python-dateutil-2.8.1

Collecting matplotlib==3.2.1

Using cached https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/b2/c2/71fcf957710f3ba1f09088b35776a799ba7dd95f7c2b195ec800933b276b/matplotlib-3.2.1-cp37-cp37m-manylinux1_x86_64.whl

Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.1 in /mnt/tmp/1606280528823-0/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from matplotlib==3.2.1)

Collecting pyparsing!=2.0.4,!=2.1.2,!=2.1.6,>=2.0.1 (from matplotlib==3.2.1)

Using cached <https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/8a/bb/488841f56197b13700afd5658fc279a2025a39e22449b7cf29864669b15d/pyparsing-2.4.7-py2.py3-none-any.whl>

```

Collecting cycler>=0.10 (from matplotlib==3.2.1)
  Using cached https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/f7/d2/e07d3ebbb2bd7af696440ce7e754c59dd546ffe1bbe732c8ab68b9c834e61/cycler-0.10.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.11 in /usr/local/lib64/python3.7/site-packages (from matplotlib==3.2.1)
Collecting kiwisolver>=1.0.1 (from matplotlib==3.2.1)
  Using cached https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/d2/46/231de802ade4225b76b96cffe419cf3ce52bbe92e3b092cf12db7d11c207/kiwisolver-1.3.1-cp37-cp37m-manylinux1_x86_64.whl
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.1->matplotlib==3.2.1)
Installing collected packages: pyparsing, cycler, kiwisolver, matplotlib
Successfully installed cycler-0.10.0 kiwisolver-1.3.1 matplotlib-3.2.1 pyparsing-2.4.7

Collecting seaborn==0.10.0
  Using cached https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/70/bd/5e6bf595fe6ee0f257ae49336dd180768c1ed3d7c7155b2fdf894c1c808a/seaborn-0.10.0-py3-none-any.whl
Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=0.22.0 in /mnt/tmp/1606280528823-0/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from seaborn==0.10.0)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.13.3 in /usr/local/lib64/python3.7/site-packages (from seaborn==0.10.0)
Collecting scipy>=1.0.1 (from seaborn==0.10.0)
  Using cached https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/dc/7e/8f6a79b102ca1ea928bae8998b05bf5dc24a90571db13cd119f275ba6252/scipy-1.5.4-cp37-cp37m-manylinux1_x86_64.whl
Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib>=2.1.2 in /mnt/tmp/1606280528823-0/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from seaborn==0.10.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2017.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from pandas>=0.22.0->seaborn==0.10.0)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.6.1 in /mnt/tmp/1606280528823-0/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from pandas>=0.22.0->seaborn==0.10.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing!=2.0.4,!=2.1.2,!=2.1.6,>=2.0.1 in /mnt/tmp/1606280528823-0/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from matplotlib>=2.1.2->seaborn==0.10.0)
Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in /mnt/tmp/1606280528823-0/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from matplotlib>=2.1.2->seaborn==0.10.0)
Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.0.1 in /mnt/tmp/1606280528823-0/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from matplotlib>=2.1.2->seaborn==0.10.0)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.6.1->pandas>=0.22.0->seaborn==0.10.0)
Installing collected packages: scipy, seaborn
Successfully installed scipy-1.5.4 seaborn-0.10.0

```

Package	Version
-----	-----
beautifulsoup4	4.9.1
boto	2.49.0
click	7.1.2
cycler	0.10.0
jmespath	0.10.0
joblib	0.16.0
kiwisolver	1.3.1
lxml	4.5.2
matplotlib	3.2.1
mysqlclient	1.4.2
nlTK	3.5
nose	1.3.4
numpy	1.16.5
pandas	1.0.3
pip	9.0.1
py-dateutil	2.2
pyparsing	2.4.7
python-dateutil	2.8.1
python37-sagemaker-pyspark	1.4.0
pytz	2020.1
PyYAML	5.3.1
regex	2020.7.14
scipy	1.5.4

seaborn	0.10.0
setuptools	28.8.0
six	1.13.0
soupsieve	1.9.5
tqdm	4.48.2
wheel	0.29.0
windmill	1.6

2. Importing

```
In [2]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import pyspark.sql.functions as F
from pyspark.sql.functions import explode, split, desc, col, avg, udf, when
from pyspark.sql.types import IntegerType, StringType, DoubleType
```

3. Loading Data

```
In [3]: business_df = spark.read.json('s3://yelpreviewdataset/yelp_academic_dataset_business.js
```

4. Overview of Data

```
In [4]: print(f'Columns: {len(business_df.columns)} | Rows: {business_df.count():,}')
```

Columns: 14 | Rows: 209,393

```
In [5]: business_df.printSchema()
```

```
root
|-- address: string (nullable = true)
|-- attributes: struct (nullable = true)
|   |-- AcceptsInsurance: string (nullable = true)
|   |-- AgesAllowed: string (nullable = true)
|   |-- Alcohol: string (nullable = true)
|   |-- Ambience: string (nullable = true)
|   |-- BYOB: string (nullable = true)
|   |-- BYOBCorkage: string (nullable = true)
|   |-- BestNights: string (nullable = true)
|   |-- BikeParking: string (nullable = true)
|   |-- BusinessAcceptsBitcoin: string (nullable = true)
|   |-- BusinessAcceptsCreditCards: string (nullable = true)
|   |-- BusinessParking: string (nullable = true)
|   |-- ByAppointmentOnly: string (nullable = true)
|   |-- Caters: string (nullable = true)
|   |-- CoatCheck: string (nullable = true)
|   |-- Corkage: string (nullable = true)
|   |-- DietaryRestrictions: string (nullable = true)
|   |-- DogsAllowed: string (nullable = true)
|   |-- DriveThru: string (nullable = true)
|   |-- GoodForDancing: string (nullable = true)
|   |-- GoodForKids: string (nullable = true)
|   |-- GoodForMeal: string (nullable = true)
```

```

|      | -- HairSpecializesIn: string (nullable = true)
|      | -- HappyHour: string (nullable = true)
|      | -- HasTV: string (nullable = true)
|      | -- Music: string (nullable = true)
|      | -- NoiseLevel: string (nullable = true)
|      | -- Open24Hours: string (nullable = true)
|      | -- OutdoorSeating: string (nullable = true)
|      | -- RestaurantsAttire: string (nullable = true)
|      | -- RestaurantsCounterService: string (nullable = true)
|      | -- RestaurantsDelivery: string (nullable = true)
|      | -- RestaurantsGoodForGroups: string (nullable = true)
|      | -- RestaurantsPriceRange2: string (nullable = true)
|      | -- RestaurantsReservations: string (nullable = true)
|      | -- RestaurantsTableService: string (nullable = true)
|      | -- RestaurantsTakeOut: string (nullable = true)
|      | -- Smoking: string (nullable = true)
|      | -- WheelchairAccessible: string (nullable = true)
|      | -- WiFi: string (nullable = true)
|      | -- business_id: string (nullable = true)
|      | -- categories: string (nullable = true)
|      | -- city: string (nullable = true)
|      | -- hours: struct (nullable = true)
|      | | -- Friday: string (nullable = true)
|      | | -- Monday: string (nullable = true)
|      | | -- Saturday: string (nullable = true)
|      | | -- Sunday: string (nullable = true)
|      | | -- Thursday: string (nullable = true)
|      | | -- Tuesday: string (nullable = true)
|      | | -- Wednesday: string (nullable = true)
|      | -- is_open: long (nullable = true)
|      | -- latitude: double (nullable = true)
|      | -- longitude: double (nullable = true)
|      | -- name: string (nullable = true)
|      | -- postal_code: string (nullable = true)
|      | -- review_count: long (nullable = true)
|      | -- stars: double (nullable = true)
|      | -- state: string (nullable = true)

```

Display the first 5 rows with the following columns:

- business_id
- name
- city
- state
- categories

```
In [6]: busi_df = business_df.select('business_id', 'name', 'city', 'state', 'stars', 'categories')
        busi_df.show(5)
```

```

+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
---+
|      business_id|      name|      city|state|stars|      categories|
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
---+
|f9NumwFMBDn751xgF...|The Range At Lake...|    Cornelius|    NC|    3.5|Active Life, Gu
n/...|
|YzvJg0SayhoZgCljU...|    Carlos Santo, NMD|    Scottsdale|    AZ|    5.0|Health & Medica
1,...|
|XNoUzKckATkOD1hP6...|      Felinus|    Montreal|    QC|    5.0|Pets, Pet Servic
e...|

```

```
|60AZjbxqM5o129BuH...|Nevada House of Hose|North Las Vegas|    NV|    2.5|Hardware Stores,
...|
|51M2Kk903DFYI6gnB...|USE MY GUY SERVIC...|          Mesa|    AZ|    4.5|Home Services, P
1...|
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
---+
only showing top 5 rows
```

Part II: Analyzing Categories

Let's now answer: **How many unique categories are represented in this dataset?**

Essentially, we have the categories per business as a list - this is useful to quickly see what each business might be represented as but it is difficult to easily answer the following questions such as:

- How many businesses are categorized as Active Life?
- What are the top 20 most popular categories available?

1. Association Table

We need to "break out" these categories from the business ids? One common approach to take is to build an association table mapping a single business id multiple times to each distinct category.

For instance, given the following:

business_id	categories
abcd123	a,b,c

We would like to derive something like:

business_id	category
abcd123	a
abcd123	b
abcd123	c

What this does is allow us to then perform a myriad of rollups and other analysis on this association table which can aid us in answering the questions asked above.

Display the first 5 rows of the association table below

```
In [7]: associ_table_one = business_df.select('business_id', explode(split(business_df.categories, ',')))
associ_table_one.show(5)
```

```
+-----+-----+
|      business_id|      category|
+-----+-----+
|f9NumwFMBDn751xgF...|    Active Life|
|f9NumwFMBDn751xgF...|Gun/Rifle Ranges|
|f9NumwFMBDn751xgF...|    Guns & Ammo|
|f9NumwFMBDn751xgF...|    Shopping|
|Yzvvg0SayhoZgCljU...|Health & Medical|
```

```
+-----+-----+
only showing top 5 rows
```

2. Total Unique Categories

Finally, we are ready to answer the question: **what is the total number of unique categories available?**

```
In [8]: associ_table_one.select('category').distinct().count()
```

```
1336
```

3. Top Categories By Business

Now let's find the top categories in this dataset by rolling up categories.

Counts of Businesses / Category

```
In [9]: category_count = associ_table_one.select('category').groupby(associ_table_one.category)
category_count.show()
```

```
+-----+-----+
|          category|count|
+-----+-----+
|   Dermatologists|   341|
| Paddleboarding  |    36|
|   Aerial Tours  |    28|
|   Hobby Shops   |   828|
|   Bubble Tea    |   720|
|     Embassy     |    13|
|   Handyman      |   682|
|     Tanning     |   938|
| Aerial Fitness  |    29|
|     Tempura     |     1|
|     Falafel     |   159|
|   Outlet Stores |   399|
|   Summer Camps |   318|
| Clothing Rental |    55|
| Sporting Goods  |  2311|
|   Cooking Schools|   118|
| College Counseling|   15|
| Lactation Services|   50|
| Ski & Snowboard S...|   50|
|     Museums     |   359|
+-----+-----+
only showing top 20 rows
```

Bar Chart of Top Categories

With this data available, let us now build a barchart of the top 20 categories

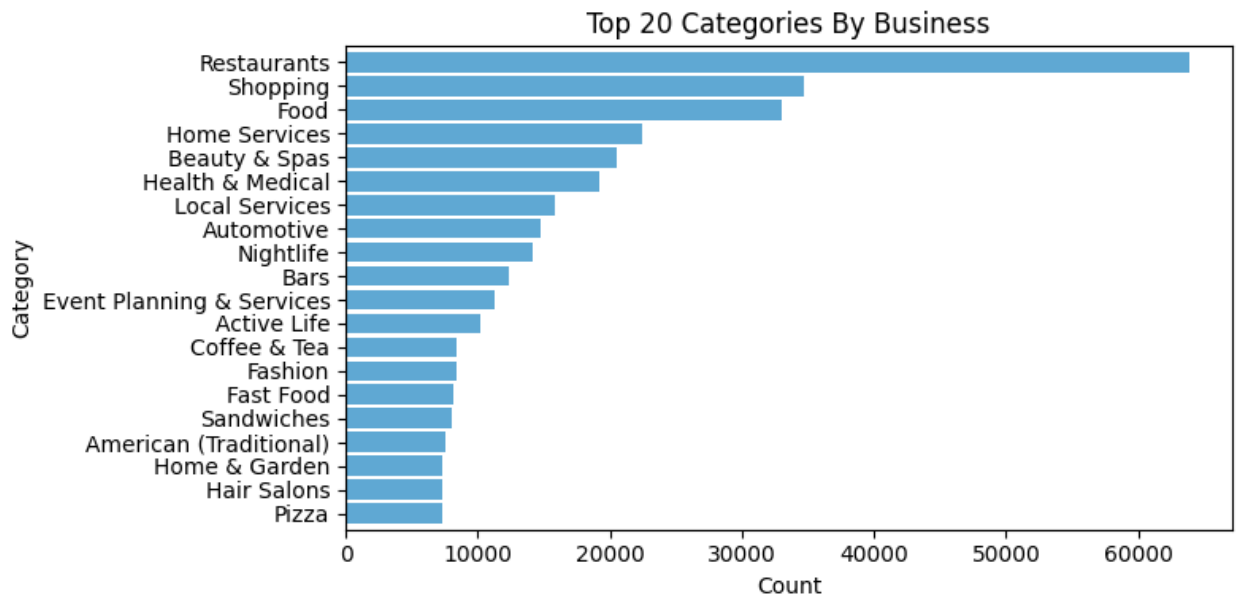
```
In [10]: top_20 = category_count.sort(desc('count')).limit(20).toPandas()

ax = top_20.plot(kind='barh', x='category', y='count',
                  figsize=(8, 4), color='#5fa8d3', zorder=2, width=0.85)

ax.invert_yaxis()
```

```
ax.set_xlabel("Count")
ax.set_ylabel("Category")
ax.set_title("Top 20 Categories By Business")
ax.get_legend().remove()

plt.tight_layout()
%matplotlib plt
```



Clears the entire current figure with all its axes

```
In [11]: plt.clf()
plt.cla()
plt.close()
```

Part III. Do Yelp Reviews Skew Negative?

Oftentimes, it is said that the only people who write a written review are those who are extremely dissatisfied or extremely satisfied with the service received.

How true is this really? Let's try and answer this question.

1. Loading Review Data

Begin by loading the review data set from S3 and printing schema to determine what data is available

```
In [12]: review_df = spark.read.json('s3://yelpreviewdataset/yelp_academic_dataset_review.json')
review_df.printSchema()
```

```
root
|-- business_id: string (nullable = true)
|-- cool: long (nullable = true)
|-- date: string (nullable = true)
```

```
-- funny: long (nullable = true)
-- review_id: string (nullable = true)
-- stars: double (nullable = true)
-- text: string (nullable = true)
-- useful: long (nullable = true)
-- user_id: string (nullable = true)
```

Let's begin by listing the business_id and stars columns together for the user reviews data

```
In [13]: business_stars = review_df.select('business_id', 'stars')
business_stars.show(5)
```

```
+-----+-----+
|      business_id|stars|
+-----+-----+
|-MhfebM0QIsKt87iD...| 2.0|
|lbrU8StCq3yDfr-QM...| 1.0|
|HQ128KMwrEKHqhFrr...| 5.0|
|5Jx1ZaqCnk1MnbgRi...| 1.0|
|IS4cv902ykd8wj1TR...| 4.0|
+-----+-----+
only showing top 5 rows
```

Now, let's aggregate along the stars column to get a resultant dataframe that displays average stars per business as accumulated by users who **took the time to submit a written review**

```
In [14]: written_review = review_df.where(col("text").isNotNull()).groupby(review_df.business_id)
written_review.show(5)
```

```
+-----+-----+
|      business_id|      avg(stars)|
+-----+-----+
|VHsNB3pdGVcRgs6C3...| 3.411764705882353|
|RMjCnixEY5i12Ciqn...| 3.5316455696202533|
|ipFreSFhjClfNETuM...| 2.6|
|dLDMU8b0LnkDTmPUr...| 4.942857142857143|
|Qm2datcYBPXrPATVG...| 4.352941176470588|
+-----+-----+
only showing top 5 rows
```

Now the fun part - let's join our two dataframes (reviews and business data) by business_id

```
In [15]: user_review = review_df.groupby(review_df.business_id).agg(avg(col("stars")))
# inner join
joined_written_review = business_df.join(written_review, on=['business_id'])
joined_user_review = business_df.join(user_review, on=['business_id'])
```

Let's see a few of these:

```
In [16]: joined_written_review.select("""avg(stars)""", "stars", "name", "city", "state").sort(desc(
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|avg(stars)|stars|      name|      city|state|
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|      5.0|  5.0|Clark Bodywork Th...|  Cave Creek|  AZ|
|      5.0|  5.0|Compass Wealth Pl...|  Scottsdale|  AZ|
|      5.0|  5.0|    Colossus Tattoo|    Tempe|  AZ|
```


	avg(stars)	stars	name	city	state	skew
2.3333333333333335	1.0	Mikado Sushi Robata	Toronto	ON	1.3333333333333335	
3.3333333333333335	1.5	Black Brook Golf ...	Mentor	OH	1.2222222222222223	
2.0	1.0	Torrey Pines Reha...	Las Vegas	NV	1.0	
2.0	1.0	DollarPlus Discou...	Las Vegas	NV	1.0	
2.0	1.0	StorageOne	Las Vegas	NV	1.0	
2.0	1.0	Foothills Primary...	Chandler	AZ	1.0	
2.0	1.0	H&R Block	Calgary	AB	1.0	
2.0	1.0	Children's Campus...	Phoenix	AZ	1.0	
2.0	1.0	Affordable Decks ...	Bethel Park	PA	1.0	
2.0	1.0	Convenient Food M...	Elyria	OH	1.0	
2.0	1.0	Golden West Pool ...	Las Vegas	NV	1.0	
2.0	1.0	Water Dr	Calgary	AB	1.0	
2.8	1.5	RideNow Powerspor...	Phoenix	AZ	0.8666666666666666	
1.8333333333333333	1.0	Tri-County Snow P...	Medina	OH	0.8333333333333333	
1.8	1.0	Colangelo's no Fr...	Oakville	ON	0.8	
1.8	1.0	Mr. Transmission/...	Matthews	NC	0.8	
1.8	1.0	Mathis Towing and...	Charlotte	NC	0.8	
1.8	1.0	1-2-3 Automotive	Henderson	NV	0.8	
1.8	1.0	Euro Gyro	Akron	OH	0.8	
1.8	1.0	The Continental A...	Phoenix	AZ	0.8	

only showing top 5 rows

Compute a new dataframe that calculates what we will call the skew (for lack of a better word) between the avg stars accumulated from written reviews and the actual star rating of a business (ie: the average of stars given by reviewers who wrote an actual review and reviewers who just provided a star rating).

The formula you can use is something like:

$(\text{row}['\text{avg}(\text{stars})'] - \text{row}['\text{stars}']) / \text{row}['\text{stars}']$

If the **skew** is negative, we can interpret that to be: reviewers who left a written response were more dissatisfied than normal. If **skew** is positive, we can interpret that to be: reviewers who left a written response were more satisfied than normal.

```
In [17]: fv_joined_written_review = joined_written_review.select("avg(stars)", "stars", "name", "ci
          .sort("avg(stars)", ascending=False)

fv_joined_user_review = joined_user_review.select("avg(stars)", "stars", "name", "city", "s
          .sort("avg(stars)", ascending=False)

fv_df = fv_joined_written_review.withColumn("skew", \
          ((fv_joined_written_review["avg(stars)"] -
           /fv_joined_written_review["stars"])))

fv_df.sort("skew", ascending=False).show()
```

avg(stars)	stars	name	city	state	skew
2.3333333333333335	1.0	Mikado Sushi Robata	Toronto	ON	1.3333333333333335
3.3333333333333335	1.5	Black Brook Golf ...	Mentor	OH	1.2222222222222223
2.0	1.0	Torrey Pines Reha...	Las Vegas	NV	1.0
2.0	1.0	DollarPlus Discou...	Las Vegas	NV	1.0
2.0	1.0	StorageOne	Las Vegas	NV	1.0
2.0	1.0	Foothills Primary...	Chandler	AZ	1.0
2.0	1.0	H&R Block	Calgary	AB	1.0
2.0	1.0	Children's Campus...	Phoenix	AZ	1.0
2.0	1.0	Affordable Decks ...	Bethel Park	PA	1.0
2.0	1.0	Convenient Food M...	Elyria	OH	1.0
2.0	1.0	Golden West Pool ...	Las Vegas	NV	1.0
2.0	1.0	Water Dr	Calgary	AB	1.0
2.8	1.5	RideNow Powerspor...	Phoenix	AZ	0.8666666666666666
1.8333333333333333	1.0	Tri-County Snow P...	Medina	OH	0.8333333333333333
1.8	1.0	Colangelo's no Fr...	Oakville	ON	0.8
1.8	1.0	Mr. Transmission/...	Matthews	NC	0.8
1.8	1.0	Mathis Towing and...	Charlotte	NC	0.8
1.8	1.0	1-2-3 Automotive	Henderson	NV	0.8
1.8	1.0	Euro Gyro	Akron	OH	0.8
1.8	1.0	The Continental A...	Phoenix	AZ	0.8

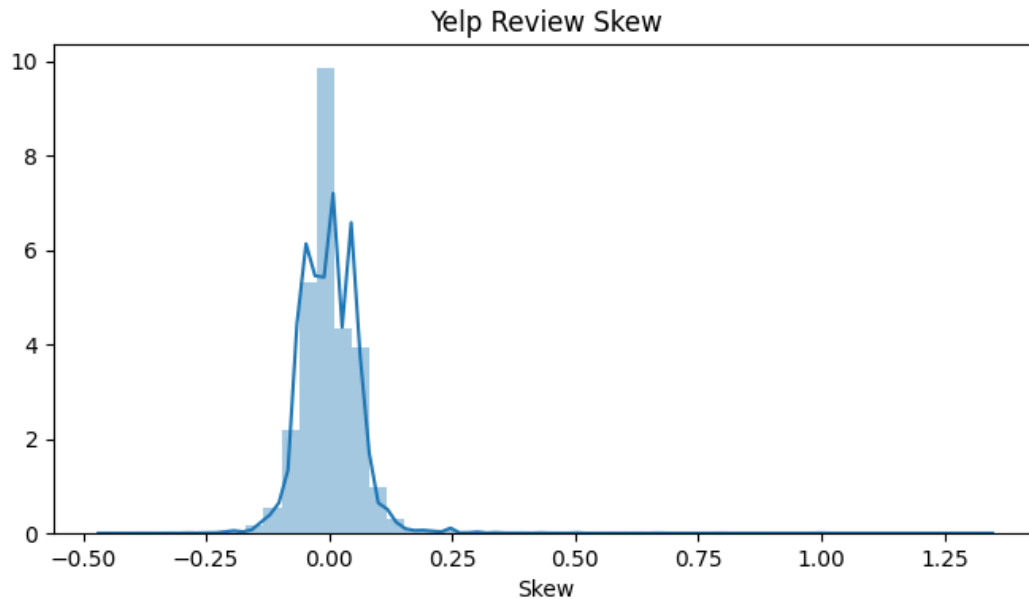
only showing top 20 rows

```
In [18]: fv_df = fv_df.toPandas()
```

And finally, graph it!

```
In [19]: plt.figure(figsize=(8,4))
ax = sns.distplot(fv_df["skew"])
ax.set_xlabel('Skew')
plt.title("Yelp Review Skew")

%matplotlib plt
```



Clears the entire current figure with all its axes

```
In [20]: plt.clf()
plt.cla()
plt.close()
```

So, do Yelp (written) Reviews skew negative? Does this analysis actually prove anything? Expound on implications / interpretations of this graph.

The distribution of skew appears to be normal, but skewed a little bit to the right. The implications of the above graph are that the satisfaction level of reviewers who left positively skewed reviews is greater than the dissatisfaction level of reviewers who left negatively skewed reviews.

Part IV. Should the Elite be Trusted?

How accurate or close are the ratings of an "elite" user (check Users table schema) vs the actual business rating

It takes a special Yelper to become an Elite. Frequent, quality reviews and photos are important in the application of the elite status on Yelp. Elite candidates need to meet the criteria below for the consideration.

To become Elite, Yelpers agree that they

- Are using their real name on Yelp.
- Have a clear photo of themselves on their profile page.
- Are of legal drinking age where they live.

They also agree that they are NOT

- A business owner.
- Closely affiliated with a business owner.
- Managing a Yelp Business Account.
- Working for one of Yelp's competitors.

It's important to know that accepting compensation or freebies in exchange for reviews or leveraging the Elite Squad for personal or commercial gain will result in Elite status being revoked or account closure.

1. Loading User Data

```
In [21]: user_df = spark.read.json('s3://yelppreviewdataset/yelp_academic_dataset_user.json')
```

2. Overview of Data

```
In [22]: user_df.printSchema()
print(f'User Dataset Columns: {len(user_df.columns)} | Rows: {user_df.count():,}')
review_df.printSchema()
print(f'Review Dataset Columns: {len(review_df.columns)} | Rows: {review_df.count():,}')
```

```
root
|-- average_stars: double (nullable = true)
|-- compliment_cool: long (nullable = true)
|-- compliment_cute: long (nullable = true)
|-- compliment_funny: long (nullable = true)
|-- compliment_hot: long (nullable = true)
|-- compliment_list: long (nullable = true)
|-- compliment_more: long (nullable = true)
|-- compliment_note: long (nullable = true)
|-- compliment_photos: long (nullable = true)
|-- compliment_plain: long (nullable = true)
|-- compliment_profile: long (nullable = true)
|-- compliment_writer: long (nullable = true)
|-- cool: long (nullable = true)
|-- elite: string (nullable = true)
|-- fans: long (nullable = true)
|-- friends: string (nullable = true)
|-- funny: long (nullable = true)
|-- name: string (nullable = true)
|-- review_count: long (nullable = true)
|-- useful: long (nullable = true)
|-- user_id: string (nullable = true)
|-- yelping_since: string (nullable = true)
```

```
User Dataset Columns: 22 | Rows: 1,968,703
```

```
root
|-- business_id: string (nullable = true)
|-- cool: long (nullable = true)
```

```
-- date: string (nullable = true)
-- funny: long (nullable = true)
-- review_id: string (nullable = true)
-- stars: double (nullable = true)
-- text: string (nullable = true)
-- useful: long (nullable = true)
-- user_id: string (nullable = true)
```

Review Dataset Columns: 9 | Rows: 8,021,122

```
In [23]: user_df.select('user_id', 'elite').show(5)
```

```
+-----+-----+
|          user_id|          elite|
+-----+-----+
| ntlvfPzc8eglqv92...|          |
| FOBRP1BHa3WPHFB5q...| 2008,2009,2010,20...|
| zZUnPeh2hEp0WydbA...|          2010|
| QaELAmRcDc5TfJEyl...|          2009|
| xvU8G900tezTzbbfq...| 2009,2010,2011,20...|
+-----+-----+
only showing top 5 rows
```

3. Split Elite column

```
In [24]: user_elite_split = user_df.select('user_id', explode(split(user_df.elite, ',')).alias('
user_elite_split = user_elite_split.withColumn('elite', user_elite_split.elite.cast(Int
user_elite_split.show(5)
print(f'User Elite Split Dataset Columns: {len(user_elite_split.columns)} | Rows: {user
```

```
+-----+-----+
|          user_id|elite|
+-----+-----+
| ntlvfPzc8eglqv92...| null|
| FOBRP1BHa3WPHFB5q...| 2008|
| FOBRP1BHa3WPHFB5q...| 2009|
| FOBRP1BHa3WPHFB5q...| 2010|
| FOBRP1BHa3WPHFB5q...| 2011|
+-----+-----+
only showing top 5 rows
```

User Elite Split Dataset Columns: 2 | Rows: 2,125,315

```
In [25]: user_elite_split.select("elite").distinct().sort('elite', ascending=False).show()
```

```
+-----+
|elite|
+-----+
| 2018|
| 2017|
| 2016|
| 2015|
| 2014|
| 2013|
| 2012|
| 2011|
| 2010|
| 2009|
| 2008|
```

```
| 2007|
| 2006|
| null|
+-----+
```

```
In [26]: Elite_or_Not = user_elite_split.select('user_id',
        when(user_elite_split.elite.isNull(), "Not Elite").otherwise("Elite").alias(
        Elite_or_Not.show()
```

```
+-----+-----+
|          user_id|Elite or Not|
+-----+-----+
|ntlvfPzc8eglqvk92...|    Not Elite|
|FOBRP1BHa3WPHFB5q...|      Elite|
|FOBRP1BHa3WPHFB5q...|      Elite|
|FOBRP1BHa3WPHFB5q...|      Elite|
|FOBRP1BHa3WPHFB5q...|      Elite|
|FOBRP1BHa3WPHFB5q...|      Elite|
|FOBRP1BHa3WPHFB5q...|      Elite|
|zZUnPeh2hEp0WydbA...|      Elite|
|QaELAmRcDc5TfJEy1...|      Elite|
|xvu8G900tezTzbbfq...|      Elite|
|xvu8G900tezTzbbfq...|      Elite|
|xvu8G900tezTzbbfq...|      Elite|
|xvu8G900tezTzbbfq...|      Elite|
|xvu8G900tezTzbbfq...|      Elite|
|xvu8G900tezTzbbfq...|      Elite|
|xvu8G900tezTzbbfq...|      Elite|
|xvu8G900tezTzbbfq...|      Elite|
|xvu8G900tezTzbbfq...|      Elite|
|z5_82komKV3mI4ASG...|      Elite|
|ttumcu6hWshk_EJW...|    Not Elite|
+-----+-----+
only showing top 20 rows
```

```
In [27]: unique_user_df = Elite_or_Not.dropDuplicates(['user_id'])
        unique_user_df.show()
```

```
+-----+-----+
|          user_id|Elite or Not|
+-----+-----+
|---RfKzBwQ8t3wu-L...|    Not Elite|
|--1UpCuUDJQbqiuFX...|    Not Elite|
|--AGAPpP1pgp1afbq...|    Not Elite|
|--C-42rr7hPSsUR0J...|    Not Elite|
|--ChzqcPs4YFWlw1j...|    Not Elite|
|--ET3paBtrThD95dk...|    Not Elite|
|--GLTFzU93A40YB56...|    Not Elite|
|--I4wRDhmM2J2VLzK...|    Not Elite|
|--RquisWmBzcezXZr...|    Not Elite|
|--UizzbnQ1Zg7bEv2...|    Not Elite|
|--cd_gA-9Q8gM9P2c...|    Not Elite|
|--dhSVoOFDBiMCCwD...|    Not Elite|
|--fpTdHQOGWGbAjk9...|    Not Elite|
|--ju6XpRd0dY1Swmf...|    Not Elite|
|--oVdTxD7QVr8Y0U...|    Not Elite|
|--pWqE-KOWDwo5ADG...|    Not Elite|
|--t6w1JHbStaCp5RO...|    Not Elite|
|--tmwndDOZJwFRvvt...|    Not Elite|
|--yrdC1dIR6VYsW6k...|    Not Elite|
|-06viLTmt1RTHxxDg...|    Not Elite|
```

```
+-----+
only showing top 20 rows
```

4. Join "Unique User" Dataset with Review Dataset

```
In [28]: user_join_review = review_df.join(unique_user_df, on = "user_id", how='left')
print(f'User Join Review Dataset Columns: {len(user_join_review.columns)} | Rows: {user
```

User Join Review Dataset Columns: 10 | Rows: 8,021,122

5. Clean Data

Combined Datasets which includes elite and non-elite

```
In [29]: combine_df = user_join_review.select('review_id', 'business_id', 'stars', 'user_id', 'Elite')
combine_df.show()
```

```
+-----+
| review_id | business_id | stars | user_id | Elite or Not |
+-----+
| rv2EaVEP_cs0Yzc-z... | Z3ZSar8IVAR2qIupq... | 5.0 | ---RfKzBwQ8t3wu-L... | Not Elite |
| HVR4EWzZMlyPrdbzE... | kJhQq1BFz7l0YLve7... | 1.0 | --1UpCuUDJQbqiuFX... | Not Elite |
| uy83M2YEnInksqsKX... | EpPOZAG0u7qHP-jv5... | 5.0 | --1UpCuUDJQbqiuFX... | Not Elite |
| EHsBHPADGf1l02Zm5... | OLmcIJ7VBCxaYhZSN... | 5.0 | --AGAPpP1pgp1afbq... | Not Elite |
| xtHcnw0x-27sunclu... | WoiOpMEcbAf0qNYXq... | 5.0 | --AGAPpP1pgp1afbq... | Not Elite |
| pFq8ijDeB-Gz1HXsS... | L_-9JNAb6UDyq7wa... | 4.0 | --C-42rr7hPSsUROJ... | Not Elite |
| V4nVpftxljW4sFOg0... | 6pG7n8Rx_7ZXeQQk6... | 2.0 | --ChzqcPs4YFWlw1j... | Not Elite |
| SI_ONkbwzN_i38Gvg... | 4KmrrhtfnngTVFa2d... | 4.0 | --ChzqcPs4YFWlw1j... | Not Elite |
| fhQayF58eC6vC4_BP... | AMTNJbYbu0OMMAkx4... | 4.0 | --ChzqcPs4YFWlw1j... | Not Elite |
| bQkvjkpLZmtFYaYd0... | KVsv8wRgNLX8QWoNZ... | 3.0 | --ChzqcPs4YFWlw1j... | Not Elite |
| YSW-S2XUyCKR3jUtw... | F9CcIFltPDXiOkCCF... | 4.0 | --ChzqcPs4YFWlw1j... | Not Elite |
| mfqVYzvoeiZREW8bs... | QZV9hW3WP9o9SmmV2... | 5.0 | --ET3paBtrThD95dk... | Not Elite |
| 99Vpr7r8dGR0txvL3... | pT6baSMzC6rZfwhp... | 5.0 | --GLTFzU93A40YB56... | Not Elite |
| YQN6mfSAX12LFsn6r... | JmI9nslLD7KZqRr... | 2.0 | --I4wRDhmM2J2VLzK... | Not Elite |
| cqrmoHebDTzgc5hj0... | XNFA-aJFX8IQjol8D... | 4.0 | --RquisWmBzcezXZr... | Not Elite |
| ubpg7b5NJUiH_A_2d... | W2Vis19kUa7kP6GkS... | 5.0 | --RquisWmBzcezXZr... | Not Elite |
| X2sbxAYTM9KYjyP0e... | HW7JPZBImm3tyEpDg... | 5.0 | --RquisWmBzcezXZr... | Not Elite |
| Bz_KEvFEyKL1QtbfFe... | hDD6-yk1yuuRiVfdt... | 2.0 | --UizzbnQlZg7bEv2... | Not Elite |
| PR0lxlQ0srxmQ8TIu... | 9Eghhu_LzEJgDKNgi... | 4.0 | --cd_gA-9Q8gM9P2c... | Not Elite |
| Ct03r0f40jz05T1jm... | fQwB9Z98YEhkJit7c... | 3.0 | --cd_gA-9Q8gM9P2c... | Not Elite |
+-----+
```

only showing top 20 rows

Combined (Elite and Non-Elite) Average Ratings Grouped by Business ID

```
In [30]: combine_stars_df = combine_df.groupBy("business_id").agg(F.mean('stars').alias('Stars'))
combine_stars_df.show()
```

```
+-----+
| business_id | Stars |
+-----+
| RtUvSW0_UZ8V3Wpj0... | 4.133498145859085 |
| oFsufzhFo0QUlgkXd... | 3.0 |
| uC3qwxas0kdJzp0c0... | 3.368948247078464 |
| VmSrPP02WxmOKjUW7... | 3.227906976744186 |
| --9e10NYQuAa-CB_R... | 4.11784140969163 |
| eKznX8VTfcQrjCqXp... | 4.3584905660377355 |
| 13V86Z6oAzpnwe1VY... | 3.1710526315789473 |
| 35X1ZV9tSEqB__yJE... | 3.0316742081447963 |
```

```
|jfdUtdkXogP2kjK5K...|3.6323529411764706|
|1lCxryWr8j1S39tus...|4.43839541547278|
|cz5vz-893D3LNH3TM...|3.803514376996805|
|iOhHDavGdswJQlPW5...|2.0508474576271185|
|xusE_x84QOEDaRZ8r...|3.7096774193548385|
|oVTvVdJiaRAwBly6H...|4.159090909090909|
|G58YATMKnn-M-RUDW...|3.5725806451612905|
|_iHxdOWFP3iShbAB4...|4.066666666666666|
|3lFUdYf2zfFxm8LI...|1.7096774193548387|
|N3J76CRP2H52NUo4V...|4.24|
|umwULmdsxx8aTsoRQ...|2.388888888888889|
|VHsNB3pdGVcRgs6C3...|3.411764705882353|
+-----+
```

only showing top 20 rows

Elite Only Dataset

```
In [31]: elite_df = combine_df.filter(col("Elite or Not") == "Elite")
         elite_df.show()
```

```
+-----+
|review_id|business_id|stars|user_id|Elite or Not|
+-----+
|TJDpUewi8F1E9eUgi...|qalkZ4AQDwzYrFvQV...|5.0|-1_RJoRLeoDK3h_gN...|Elite|
|ygb-2RWSKtI3jVC3...|0gXYLVPNWz0WT8wXQ...|4.0|-1_RJoRLeoDK3h_gN...|Elite|
|84GE9SrQCw-Yv-qpM...|W2CzAePJakvARgoQu...|3.0|-1_RJoRLeoDK3h_gN...|Elite|
|3QvS6Ued-M_5Wjln...|fE9SP84G6TZrv36FL...|3.0|-1_RJoRLeoDK3h_gN...|Elite|
|ITIUKGvnRE3u6RLns...|7FvDsYqtij_BbaGVt...|3.0|-1_RJoRLeoDK3h_gN...|Elite|
|W4FCaD23_CzAoC28j...|A4zLP5AyKEEHQr_dw...|4.0|-1_RJoRLeoDK3h_gN...|Elite|
|6aNCf2uoLiLz27pWS...|90bL34o2KEes9pUnC...|4.0|-1_RJoRLeoDK3h_gN...|Elite|
|tyTkxTaNh1sL8t9XK...|iCQpiavjjPzJ5_3gP...|4.0|-1_RJoRLeoDK3h_gN...|Elite|
|bAd_-cPCZnSVfhFgN...|_w5hBpkjHs5_Hv3pL...|4.0|-1_RJoRLeoDK3h_gN...|Elite|
|kKuzCM7kpGqCue3iD...|Yl05MqCs9xRzrJfK...|5.0|-1_RJoRLeoDK3h_gN...|Elite|
|EIKPUavToyh-dz2eE...|WYw3Uf56DT5IwpaLN...|5.0|-1_RJoRLeoDK3h_gN...|Elite|
|yUWEX8m3DnwI3YnNW...|MBekdd_f7S1ezEzZb...|5.0|-1xh431AhmrByuMzc...|Elite|
|X_JpVPD3EoPF8YRpb...|LYNKKnl4jAiU1-U-9...|4.0|-1xh431AhmrByuMzc...|Elite|
|qIhEdr18_bLGuaiRL...|TqUVH70x_3qEkCxCC...|4.0|-1xh431AhmrByuMzc...|Elite|
|ch2NQpJo0LxVwc5IJ...|XVjTeFc18ihrT06SU...|2.0|-1xh431AhmrByuMzc...|Elite|
|0fwB1f-2BK9fmgYTA...|M4vh_kzppP1nsxo7h...|3.0|-1xh431AhmrByuMzc...|Elite|
|my4UdVCrQ9dITswRO...|mz9ltimeAIy2c2qf5...|5.0|-1xh431AhmrByuMzc...|Elite|
|23fDyVgPz7-gHvNvx...|deL9fV4Jw3XhS0WqG...|4.0|-1xh431AhmrByuMzc...|Elite|
|wF-_nw2kg_vQ0079N...|deL9fV4Jw3XhS0WqG...|4.0|-1xh431AhmrByuMzc...|Elite|
|gJeVSSm1CQ6X0Lh0v...|KdQM64AQ5_ppgs6Ro...|4.0|-1xh431AhmrByuMzc...|Elite|
+-----+
```

only showing top 20 rows

Elite Average Rating Grouped by Business ID

```
In [32]: elite_stars_df = elite_df.groupBy("business_id").agg(F.mean('stars').alias('Stars rated
         elite_stars_df.show()
```

```
+-----+
|business_id|Stars rated by elite|
+-----+
|eKznX8VTfcQrjCqXp...|4.268817204301075|
|RtUvSWO_UZ8V3Wpj0...|4.156193895870736|
|rtwojGcYuhbLbQ9D1...|3.3636363636363638|
|--9e10NYQuAa-CB_R...|4.1916058394160585|
|X6jKcN5FoRiJ1t7y4...|4.5|
|SjgeuBlgKER9yegpo...|3.8938775510204082|
|jfdUtdkXogP2kjK5K...|3.3846153846153846|
|uC3qwxssOkdJzpOc0...|3.6745562130177514|
```

yJGr280XuMk2bCKY1...	3.125
f4mh1Y0rnnbJRfQ3j...	3.875
cz5vz-893D3LNH3TM...	3.8587570621468927
MEoDTsA3Af6TLzB7Z...	3.2142857142857144
qtsrM6Xxh1LqxG0X6...	4.5
OjuzFQpprqmuapKh6...	3.6
VmSrPP02WxmOKjUW7...	3.423076923076923
Rxb7oKtKyDUwuFNc2...	3.4285714285714284
4iY_gyKX2ogbem7ra...	4.444444444444445
mx0Pjm0erpv1CqsRI...	3.8
VHsNB3pdGVcRgs6C3...	4.0
LCRdP3m826-Df52-x...	1.0

only showing top 20 rows

Non-Elite Dataset

```
In [33]: non_elite_df = combine_df.filter(col("Elite or Not") == "Not Elite")
non_elite_df.show()
```

review_id	business_id	stars	user_id	Elite or Not
rv2EaVEP_cs0Yzc-z...	Z3ZSar8IVAR2qIupq...	5.0	---RfKzBwQ8t3wu-L...	Not Elite
uy83M2YEnInksqsKX...	EpPOZAG0u7qHP-jv5...	5.0	--1UpCuUDJQbqiuFX...	Not Elite
HVR4EWzZMlyPrdbzE...	kJhQq1BFz7l0YLve7...	1.0	--1UpCuUDJQbqiuFX...	Not Elite
EHsBHPADGfl102Zm5...	OLmcIJ7VBCxaYhZSN...	5.0	--AGAPpP1pgp1afbq...	Not Elite
xtHcnwOx-27sunclu...	WoiOpMEcbAf0qNYXq...	5.0	--AGAPpP1pgp1afbq...	Not Elite
pFq8ijDeB-Gz1HXsS...	L_-9JNAb6UDyq7wa...	4.0	--C-42rr7hPSsUROJ...	Not Elite
fHqAyF58eC6vC4_BP...	AMTNJbYbu0OMMAkx4...	4.0	--ChzqcPs4YFWlw1j...	Not Elite
bQkvjklZmtFYaYd0...	KVsv8wRgnLX8QWoNZ...	3.0	--ChzqcPs4YFWlw1j...	Not Elite
YSW-S2XUyCKR3jUtW...	F9CcIFltPDxi0kCCF...	4.0	--ChzqcPs4YFWlw1j...	Not Elite
V4nVpftxljW4sF0g0...	6pG7n8Rx_7ZXeQQk6...	2.0	--ChzqcPs4YFWlw1j...	Not Elite
SI_ONkbwzN_i38Gvg...	4KmrrhtfnngTVFa2d...	4.0	--ChzqcPs4YFWlw1j...	Not Elite
mfqVYzvoeiZREW8bs...	QZV9hW3WP9o9SmmV2...	5.0	--ET3paBtrThD95dk...	Not Elite
99Vpr7r8dGR0txvL3...	pT6baSMzC6rZfwhp...	5.0	--GLTFzU93A40YB56...	Not Elite
YQN6mfSAX12LFsn6r...	JmI9nslLD7KZqRr...	2.0	--I4wRDhmM2J2VLzK...	Not Elite
X2sbxAYTM9KYjyP0e...	HW7JPZBImm3tyEpDg...	5.0	--RquisWmBzcezXZr...	Not Elite
ubpg7b5NJUiH_A_2d...	W2Vis19kUa7kP6GkS...	5.0	--RquisWmBzcezXZr...	Not Elite
cqrm0HebDTzgc5hj0...	XNFA-aJFX8IQjol8D...	4.0	--RquisWmBzcezXZr...	Not Elite
Bz_KEvFEyKL1QtbfFe...	hDD6-yk1yuuRIvfdt...	2.0	--UizzbnQ1Zg7bEv2...	Not Elite
sZR9FQeM1c07UKhTD...	eNFubUPJR7yIQah-N...	4.0	--cd_gA-9Q8gM9P2c...	Not Elite
yhgrUG0ctQ0aEaaIi...	uPa5hrWmHm0n1l4MS...	4.0	--cd_gA-9Q8gM9P2c...	Not Elite

only showing top 20 rows

Non-Elite Average Rating Grouped by Business ID

```
In [34]: non_elite_stars_df = non_elite_df.groupBy("business_id").agg(F.mean('stars').alias('Sta
non_elite_stars_df.show()
```

business_id	Stars rated by non elite
oFsufzhFo0QUlgkXd...	3.0
uC3qwxasOkdJzp0c0...	3.2488372093023257
VmSrPP02WxmOKjUW7...	3.201058201058201
--9e10NYQuAa-CB_R...	4.08596214511041
eKznX8VTfcQrjCqXp...	4.406976744186046
RtUvSWO_UZ8V3Wpj0...	4.121583411875589
l3V86Z6oAzpnwe1VY...	3.018181818181818
35X1ZV9tSEqB__yJE...	3.0080645161290325

jfdUtdkXogP2kjK5K...	3.9655172413793105
iOhHDavGdswJQlPW5...	1.9545454545454546
xusE_x84QOEaRZ8r...	3.7142857142857144
G58YATMKnn-M-RUDW...	3.492063492063492
_iHxdOWFP3iSHbAB4...	4.090909090909091
3lFudYf2zfFxm8LI...	1.721311475409836
N3J76CRP2H52NUo4V...	4.348837209302325
umwULmdsxx8aTsoRQ...	2.25
VHsNB3pdGVcRgs6C3...	3.279279279279279
RMjCnixEY5i12Ciqn...	3.6226415094339623
1lCxryWr8jiS39tus...	4.4627831715210355
ovEkkMjdJJSqzckb...	3.9478260869565216

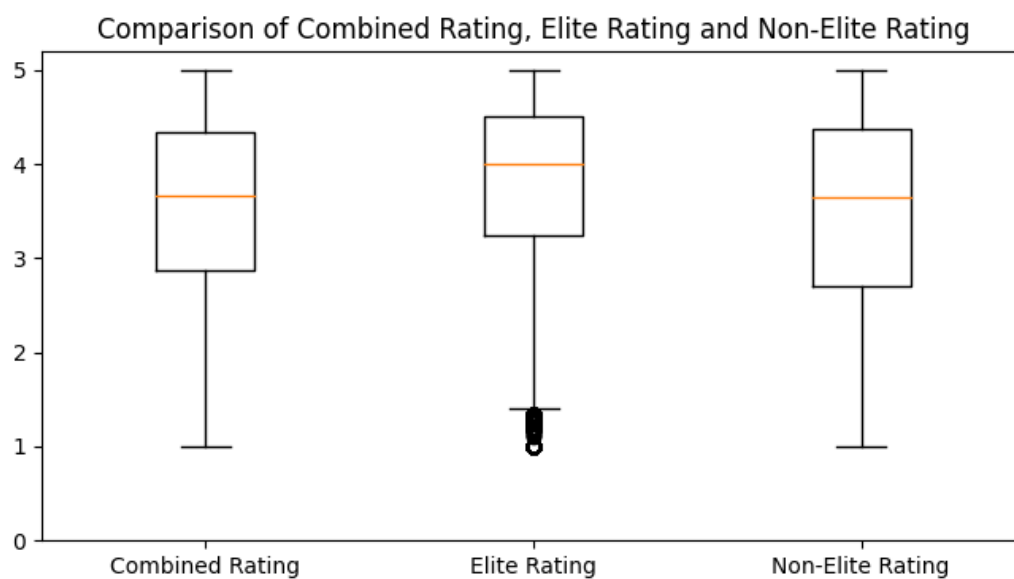
+-----+
only showing top 20 rows

Prepare data for plotting

```
In [35]: combined_data = combine_stars_df.toPandas()["Stars"].values.tolist()
         elite_data = elite_stars_df.toPandas()["Stars rated by elite"].values.tolist()
         non_elite_data = non_elite_stars_df.toPandas()["Stars rated by non elite"].values.tolist()
         data = [combined_data, elite_data, non_elite_data]
```

And finally, graph it!

```
In [36]: fig = plt.figure(figsize =(8, 4))
         plt.boxplot(data)
         plt.xticks([1, 2, 3], ['Combined Rating', 'Elite Rating', 'Non-Elite Rating'])
         plt.title("Comparison of Combined Rating, Elite Rating and Non-Elite Rating")
         y_ticks = np.arange(0, 6, 1)
         plt.yticks(y_ticks)
         %matplotlib plt
```



Clears the entire current figure with all its axes

```
In [37]: plt.clf()
         plt.cla()
         plt.close()
```

As we can see from the above boxplot, elite data has more outliers. Additionally, the first, third quantiles and the median of the elite ratings are also higher than the non-elites' ratings. From my point of view, I would say elite should not be trusted.

Part V. Which city has the most 5 star rated restaurants and which restaurants do you recommend?

1. Filter business data to collect 5 star rated restaurants

```
In [45]: five_strs_resta_df = business_df.select('business_id', 'name', 'city', 'stars', 'review')
        .where(col('categories').like("%Restaurants%"))
        .filter(col("stars") == 5)
```

2. Check which city has the largest number of 5 star rated restaurants

```
In [47]: city_count = five_strs_resta_df.select('city').groupby(five_strs_resta_df.city).count()
        city_count.show()
```

```
+-----+-----+
|      city|count|
+-----+-----+
|  Las Vegas|  225|
|  Montréal|  171|
|   Toronto|  165|
|   Phoenix|  132|
|Pittsburgh|   82|
|   Calgary|   79|
|  Cleveland|   61|
|   Charlotte|   55|
| Scottsdale|   43|
|      Mesa|   36|
|   Madison|   34|
|Mississauga|   27|
|  Henderson|   22|
|      Tempe|   19|
|   Gilbert|   18|
|   Chandler|   18|
|  Glendale|   16|
|      Laval|   15|
|  Brampton|   13|
|  Matthews|    9|
+-----+-----+
only showing top 20 rows
```

3. Plot the top 10 cities that have the largest number of 5 star rated restaurants

```
In [57]: top_10 = city_count.sort(desc('count')).limit(10).toPandas()

ax = top_10.plot(kind='barh', x='city', y='count',
                  figsize=(8, 4), zorder=2, width=0.85, \
                  color=['coral', 'silver', 'silver', 'silver', 'silver', 'silver', 'silver', 'silver', 'silver', 'silver'])

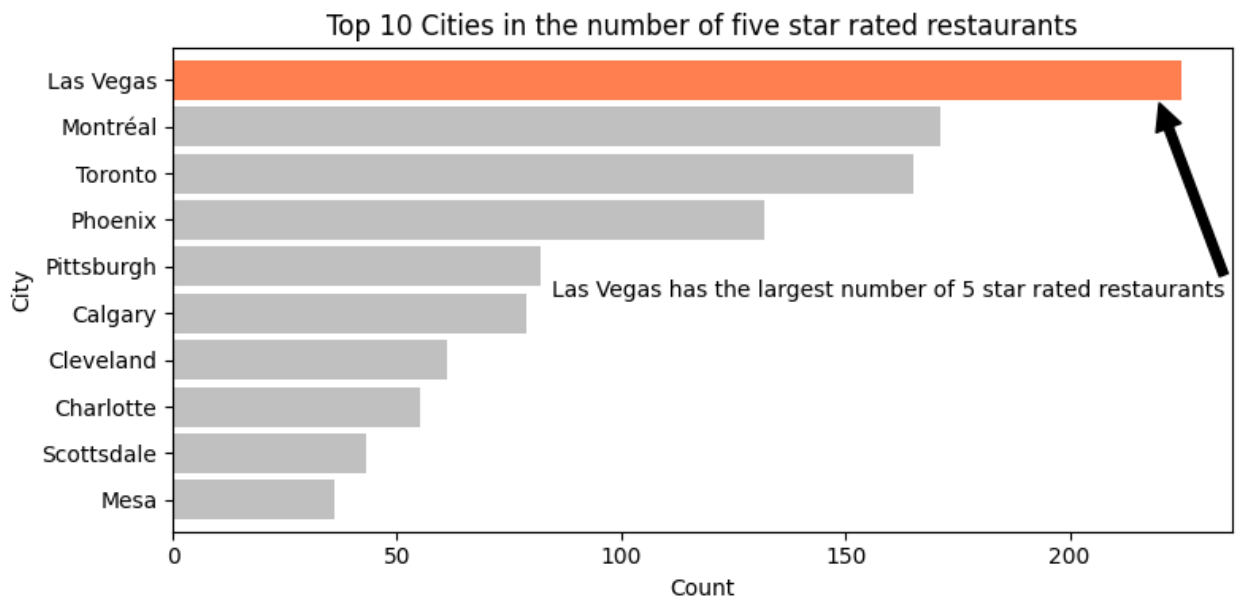
ax.invert_yaxis()
ax.set_xlabel("Count")
ax.set_ylabel("City")
```

```

ax.set_title("Top 10 Cities in the number of five star rated restaurants")
ax.annotate('Las Vegas has the largest number of 5 star rated restaurants',
            xy=(220, 0.5), xycoords='data',
            xytext=(30, -90), textcoords='offset points',
            arrowprops=dict(facecolor='black'),
            horizontalalignment='right', verticalalignment='bottom')
ax.get_legend().remove()

plt.tight_layout()
%matplotlib plt

```



Clears the entire current figure with all its axes

```

In [58]: plt.clf()
plt.cla()
plt.close()

```

4. Deep dive into Las Vegas and check which restaurants has the most reviews

```

In [50]: Las_Vegas_five_strs_resta = five_strs_resta_df.filter(col("city") == "Las Vegas")
Las_Vegas_top_10_most_reviews_resta = Las_Vegas_five_strs_resta.select('name', 'category')
                                                .sort("review_count")
Las_Vegas_top_10_most_reviews_resta.show()

```

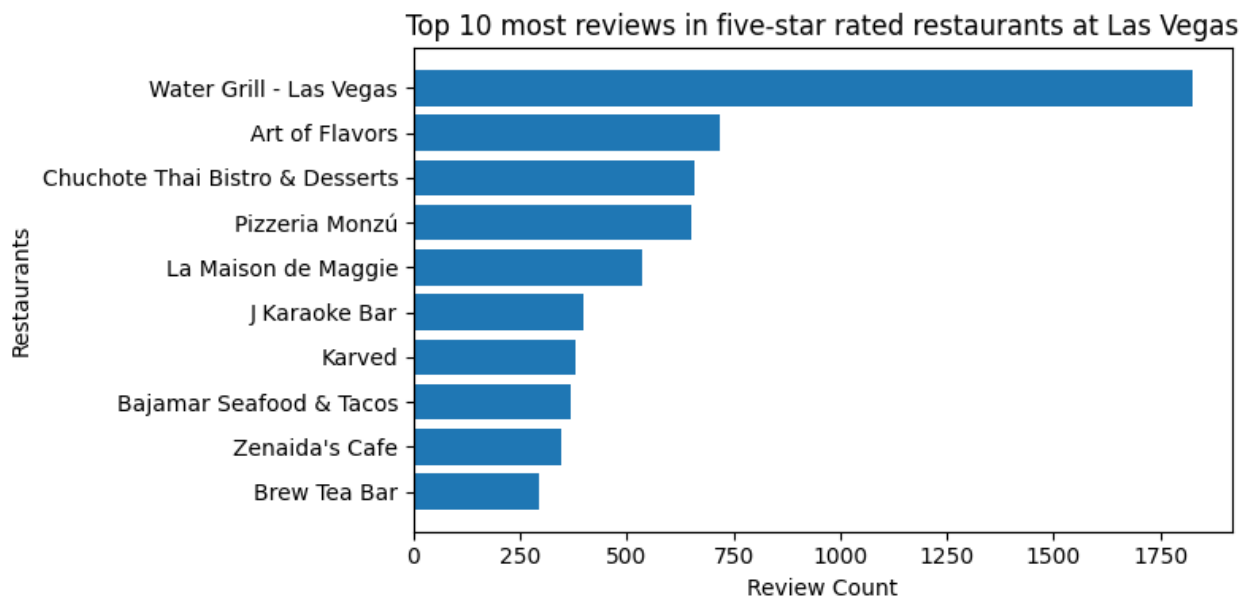
name	categories	review_count
Brew Tea Bar	Restaurants, Food...	1827
Zenaida's Cafe	Cafes, Breakfast ...	717
Bajamar Seafood &...	Fast Food, Dive B...	658
Karved	Restaurants, Sand...	651
J Karaoke Bar	Nightlife, Bars, ...	534
La Maison de Maggie	Cafes, Creperies,...	397
Pizzeria Monzú	Italian, Pizza, B...	381
Chuchote Thai Bis...	Comfort Food, Res...	370
Art of Flavors	American (New), I...	345

```
|Water Grill - Las...|Restaurants, Seafood| 294|
+-----+-----+-----+
```

5. Plot the top 10 five-star rated restaurants at Las Vegas in the number of reviews

```
In [76]: fig = plt.figure(figsize =(8, 4))
restaurants_name = Las_Vegas_top_10_most_reviews_resta.toPandas()["name"].values.tolist
review_count = Las_Vegas_top_10_most_reviews_resta.sort('review_count').toPandas()["rev
plt.barh(restaurants_name, review_count)
plt.xlabel("Review Count")
plt.ylabel("Restaurants")
plt.title("Top 10 most reviews in five-star rated restaurants at Las Vegas")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

%matplotlib plt
```



6. A glance of what type of restaurants are those top 10

```
In [77]: Las_Vegas_top_10_most_reviews_resta.select('name', 'categories').show(truncate = False)
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+
|name|categories|
+-----+-----+-----+
|Brew Tea Bar|Restaurants, Food, Cafes, Tea Rooms, Bubble Tea, Desserts|
|Zenaida's Cafe|Cafes, Breakfast & Brunch, Restaurants|
|Bajamar Seafood & Tacos|Fast Food, Dive Bars, Bars, Tacos, Seafood, Nightlife, Mexican, Restaurants|
|Karved|Restaurants, Sandwiches, Fast Food, Salad, American (New), American (Traditional), Barbeque|
|J Karaoke Bar|Nightlife, Bars, Restaurants, Asian Fusion, Cocktail Bars, Karaoke, American (New), Korean|
```

La Maison de Maggie	Cafes, Creperies, Restaurants, French, Gluten-Free
Pizzeria Monzú	Italian, Pizza, Breakfast & Brunch, Restaurants
Chuchote Thai Bistro & Desserts	Comfort Food, Restaurants, Thai, Beer, Wine & Spirits,
Desserts, Food	
Art of Flavors	American (New), Ice Cream & Frozen Yogurt, Restaurants,
Gelato, Desserts, Food	
Water Grill - Las Vegas	Restaurants, Seafood
+-----+	-----
-----	-----+