作业

• 下载 elasticsearch kibana logstash 安装包,并修改其中的配置文件

```
#elasticsearch.yml 添加下面几项
node.name: node-1
network.host: 0.0.0.0
http.port: 9200
cluster.initial_master_nodes: ["node-1"]
#jvm.options 修改下面几项
8-13:-XX:+UseConcMarkSweepGC 修改为 8-13:-XX:+UseG1GC
#kibana.yml 添加下面几项
server.port: 5601
server.host: "0.0.0.0"
elasticsearch.hosts: ["http://localhost:9200"]
#logstash-7.6.1/config中添加文件log_syslog
input{
   syslog{
   type => "system-syslog"
   port => "514"
   }
}
output{
   elasticsearch{
        hosts => "http://10.182.79.36:9200"
        user => es
         password => hillstone
        codec => "rubydebug"
        index => "yushun-%{+YYYY-MM-dd}"
   }
}
```

• 压缩安装包,并移动到dockerfile所在目录

```
tar -zcvf elk.tar.gz elk
mv elk.tar.gz dockerfile所在目录
```

• 进入到dockerfile所在目录,并创建镜像

```
docker build -t elk . -f ./dockerfile

#dockerfile
from centos:7
ENV TZ=Asia/Shanghai
# 开放端口
expose 9200
expose 5601
expose 9300
expose 514
# 安装jdk
```

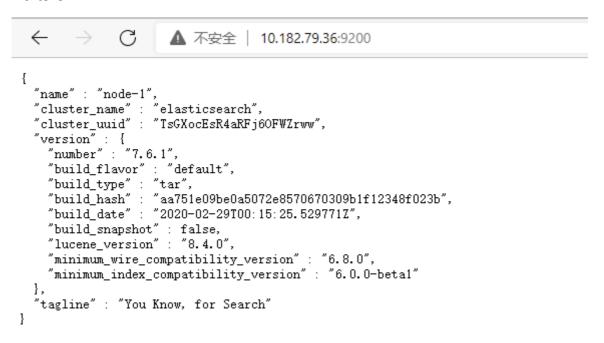
```
run yum update -y && yum install -y java-1.8.0-openjdk-devel.x86_64
run mkdir /home/elk
run useradd -d /home/elk elk
workdir /home/elk
add elk.tar.gz /home/elk
add run.sh /home/elk
run chmod +x /home/elk/run.sh
run chown -R elk:elk /home/elk
workdir /home/elk/elk
cmd ../run.sh

#run.sh
su elk -c "nohup elasticsearch-7.6.1/bin/elasticsearch &"
su elk -c "nohup kibana-7.6.1-linux-x86_64/bin/kibana &"
nohup logstash-7.6.1/bin/logstash -f logstash-7.6.1/config/log_syslog
```

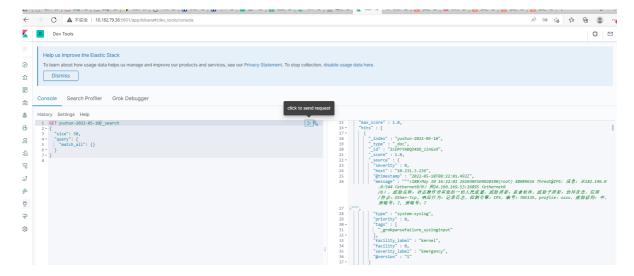
• 启动容器

```
docker run --name elk -d -p 9200:9200 -p 5601:5601 -p 515:514/udp elk
```

es截图



kibana截图



logstash发送到es的截图

