## RealView MDK安裝與使用方法介紹

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## **Declared Version**

Training Only	
Declare	
Document Version	1.00
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Document Title	RealView MDK安裝與使用方法介紹
Exercise Time	
Platform	RealView MDK
Peripheral	GPIO CONTRACTOR CONTRA
Author	WU-YANG Technology Co., Ltd.



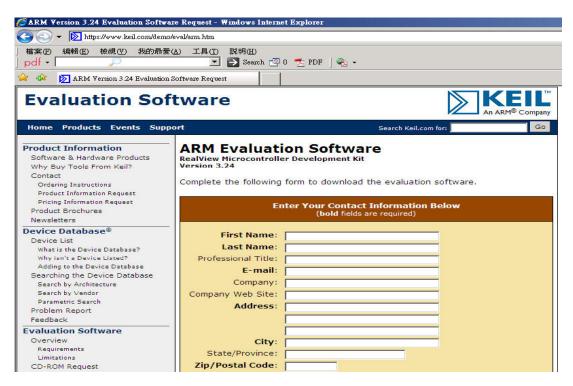
## Outline

- □ MDK下載與安裝
- □ Release Note瀏覽
- □ 範例操作與環境介紹
- □上機實作



## MDK軟體下載

- □ 網址:https://www.keil.com/demo/eval/arm.htm
- □ 填入資料後下載





## MDK軟體安裝

□ 執行MDK324.exe

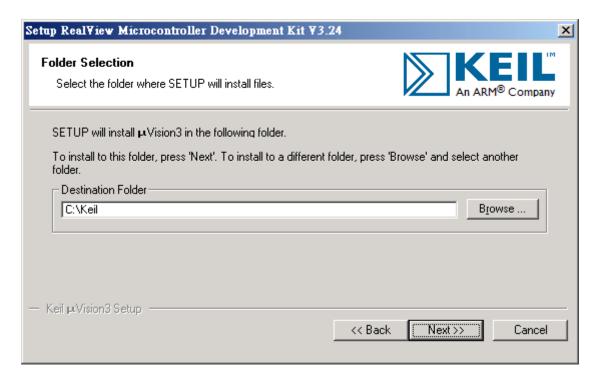


■ 選Next



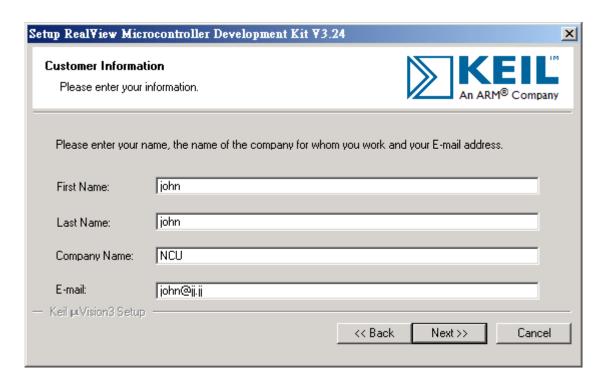


#### □ 選擇開發工具安裝路徑,按Next



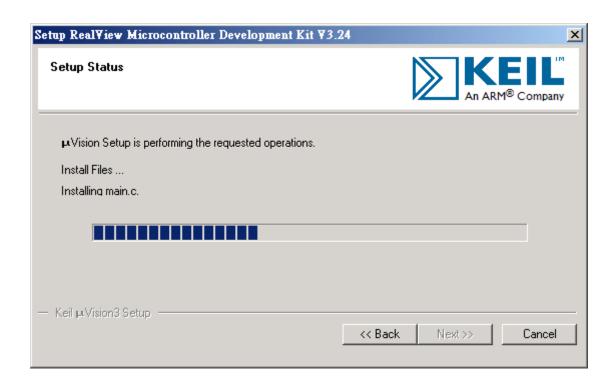


#### □ 填入基本資料,按Next





### □ 開始安裝





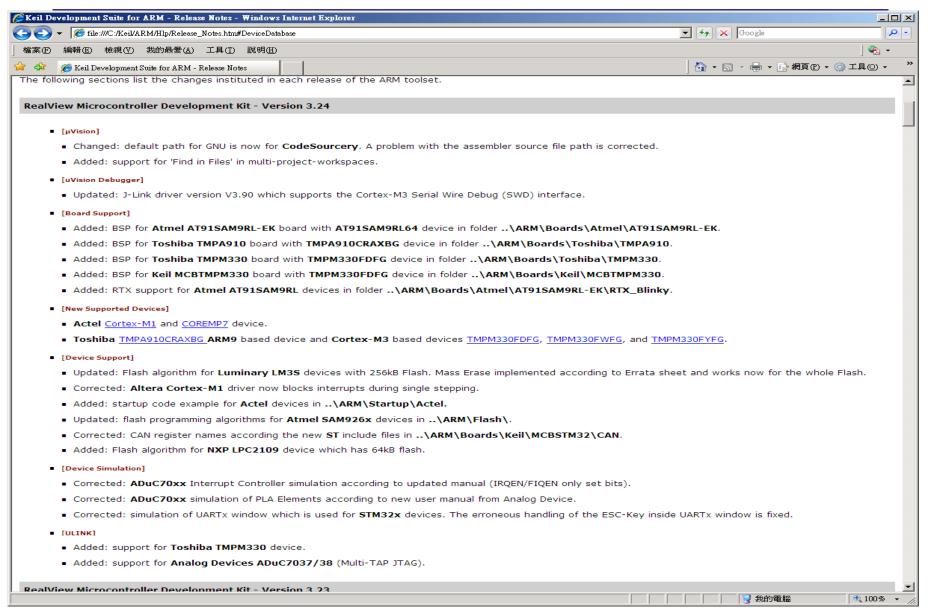
## Release Note瀏覽

□ 重要的Release Note資訊





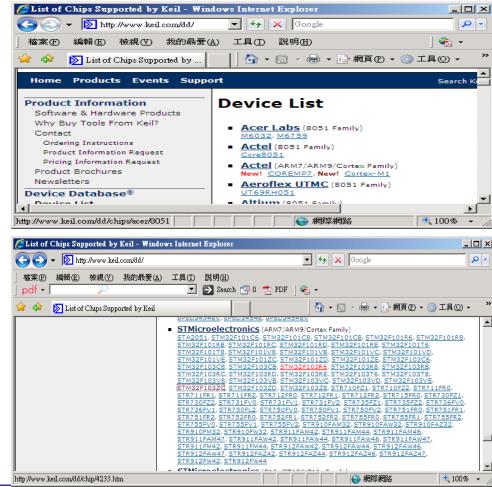
#### Keil MDK3.24版本更新資訊(包含uvision, Device support, ULINK 等等)





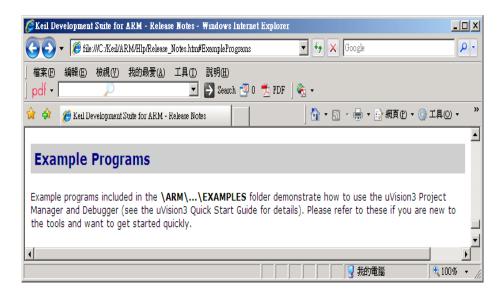
#### □ 檢查支援的Device







#### □ Release Note所指出可參考的範例程式之目錄位置

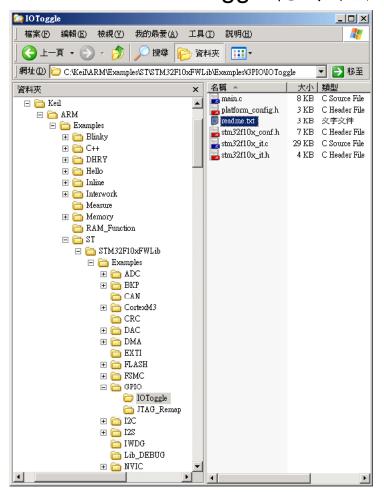


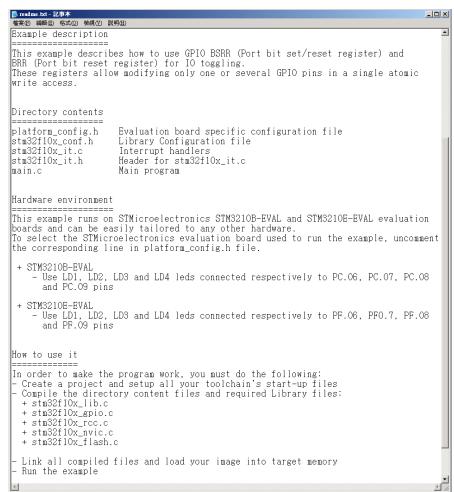




## 範例操作與環境介紹

#### □ 以GPIO\IOToggle範例作介紹







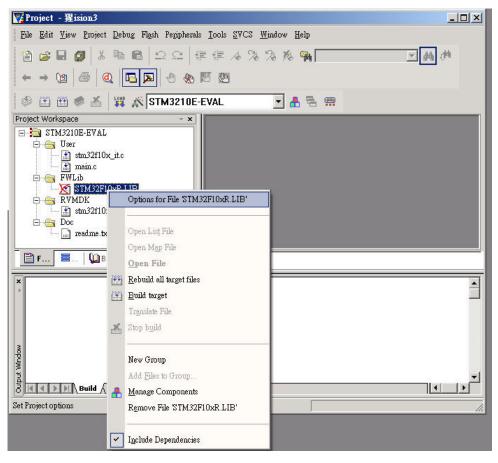
□ 依序分別將C:\Keil\ARM\Examples\ST\...\Project與GPIO\IOToggle 內的檔案copy到新的目錄C:\Projerct,再點選Project.Uv2可開啟開

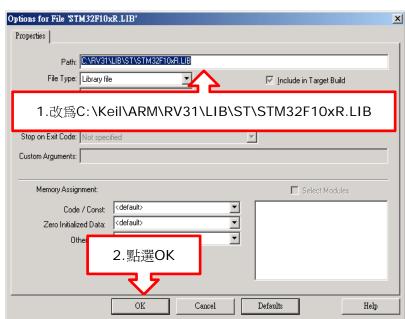
發環境





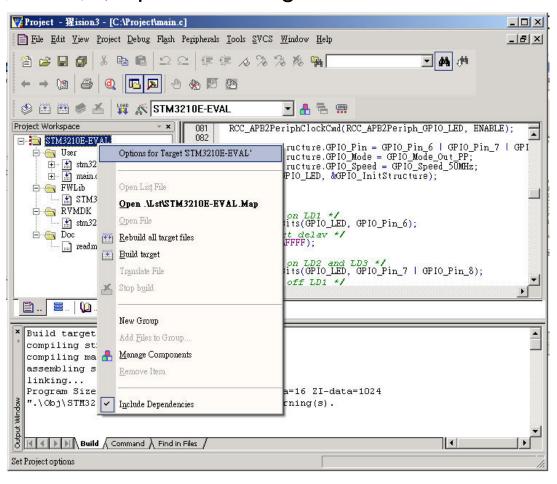
□ 若STM32F10xR.LIB位置有打叉,則修改STM32F10xR.LIB路徑





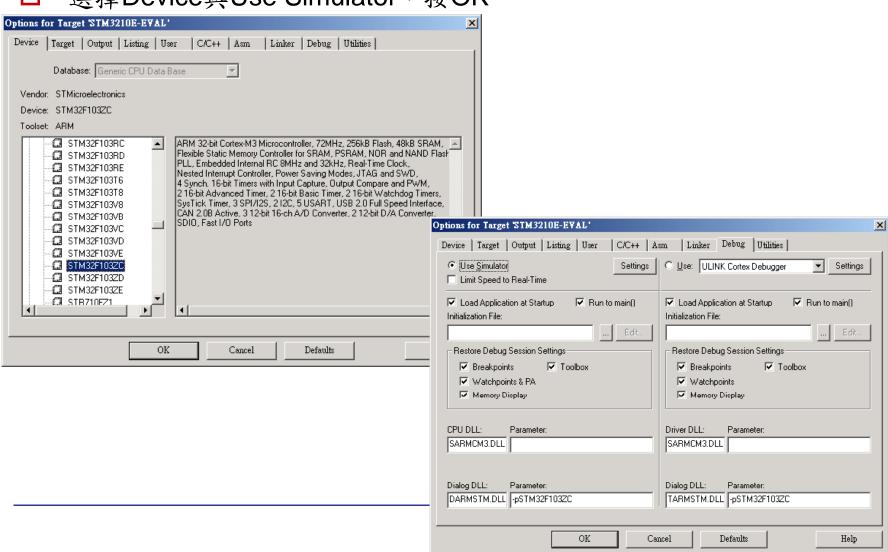


□ 按滑鼠右鍵選擇Option for Target...



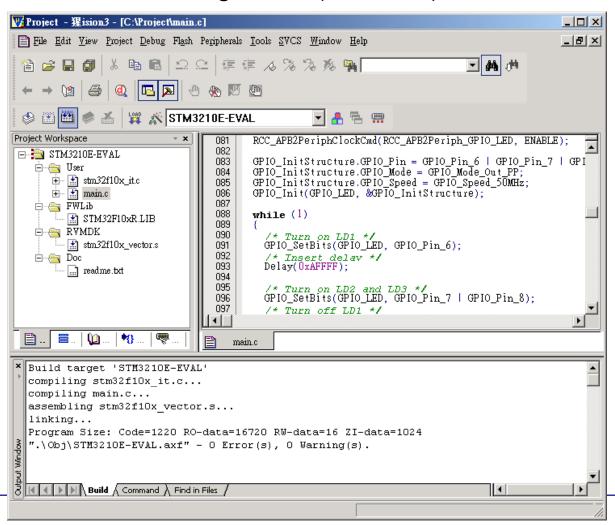


#### □ 選擇Device與Use Simulator,按OK



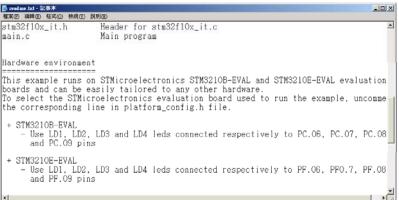


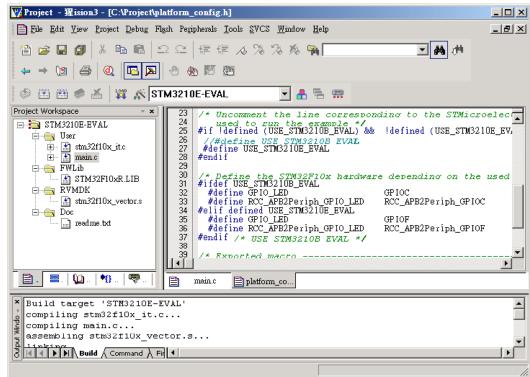
□ Project->Rebuild all target files (執行編譯)





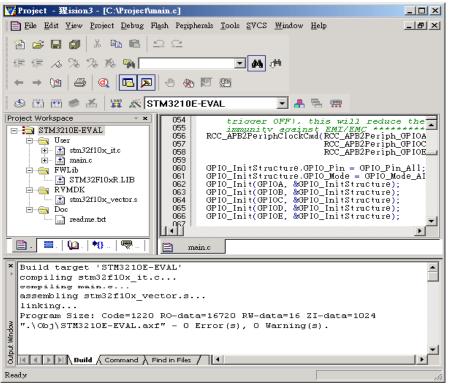
# □ 當Device選擇"STM32F103ZC"時,由Readme.txt與platform\_config.h可知GPIO PF.6~9連接至 LED1~4

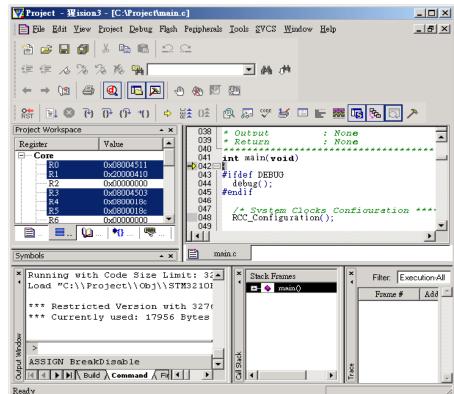






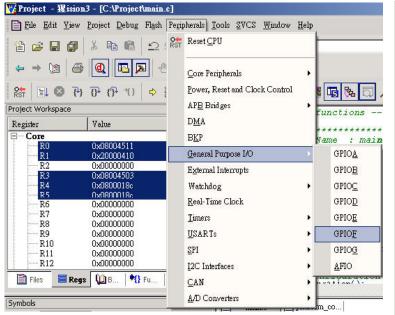
### □ 選 <a>■</a> Start Debug Section

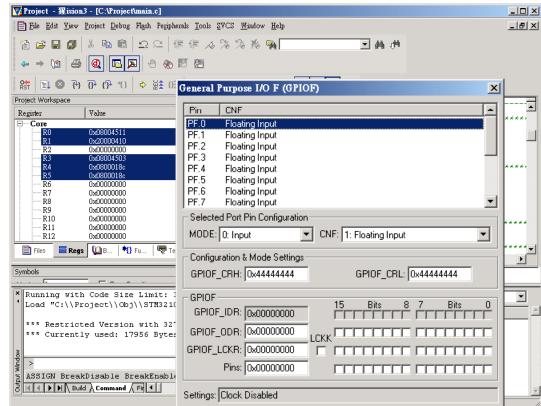






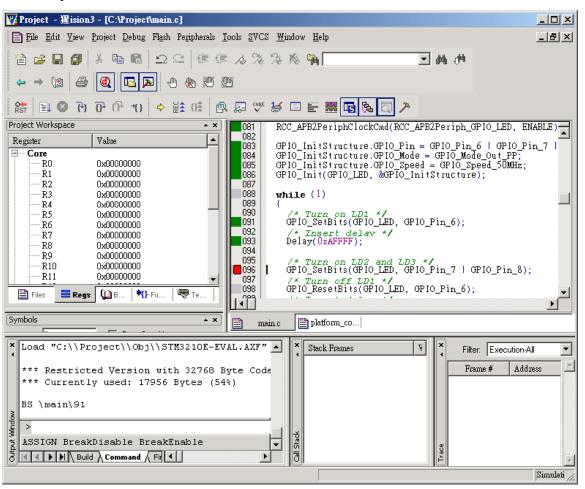
#### □ 開啟GPIO Port F模擬視窗





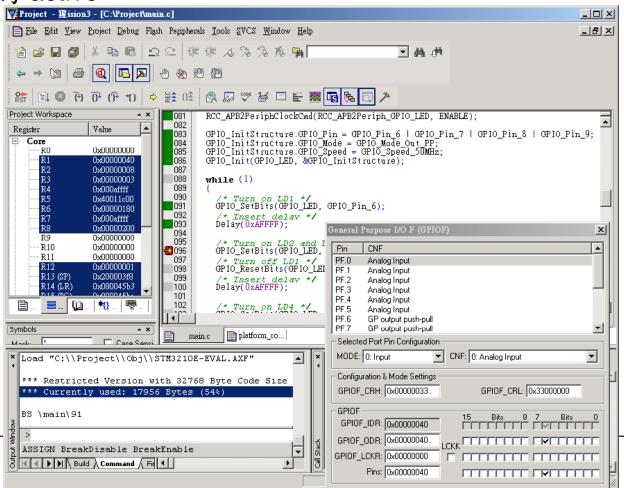


#### □ 設breakpoint





□ 按F10(Step over),觀察一步一步執行的情況,可看出執行過 "GPIO\_SetBits(GPIO\_LED,GPIO\_Pin\_6);", GPIOF.6 之狀態 改變為 active





## 上機實作練習

```
// Configure PB9 (User Button)*************
RCC_APB2PeriphClockCmd(RCC_APB2Periph_GPIOB, ENABLE);
GPIO InitStructure.GPIO Pin = GPIO Pin 9;
GPIO InitStructure.GPIO Mode = GPIO Mode IN FLOATING;
GPIO_InitStructure.GPIO_Speed = GPIO_Speed_50MHz;
GPIO_Init(GPIOB, &GPIO_InitStructure);
// Configure PF11 (User LED)**************
RCC_APB2PeriphClockCmd(RCC_APB2Periph_GPIOF, ENABLE);
GPIO_InitStructure.GPIO_Pin = GPIO_Pin_11;
GPIO_InitStructure.GPIO_Mode = GPIO_Mode_Out_PP;
GPIO_InitStructure.GPIO_Speed = GPIO_Speed_50MHz;
GPIO_Init(GPIOF, &GPIO_InitStructure);
while (1)
 if(GPIO_ReadInputDataBit(GPIOB,GPIO_Pin_9) = = 1)
  // Turn on User LED
  GPIO_SetBits(GPIOF, GPIO_Pin_11);
  // Insert delay
  Delay(0xFFFFF); Delay(0xFFFFF); Delay(0xFFFFF);
  Delay(0xFFFFF); Delay(0xFFFFF);
  // Turn off User LED
  GPIO ResetBits(GPIOF, GPIO Pin 11);
  // Insert delay
  Delay(0xFFFFF); Delay(0xFFFFF); Delay(0xFFFFF);
  Delay(0xFFFFF); Delay(0xFFFFF);
```

## Q & A

