

Midterm project

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```
library(ISLR)
library(caret)
library(tidymodels)
library(pls)
library(earth)
library(ggplot2)
library(patchwork)
library(corrplot)
library(gtsummary)
```

```
load("./recovery.RData")
data <- subset(dat, select = -id)
data$study <- ifelse(data$study == "A", 0, 1)

data <- data |>
  mutate(
    gender = as.factor(gender),
    race = as.factor(race),
    smoking = as.factor(smoking),
    hypertension = as.factor(hypertension),
    diabetes = as.factor(diabetes),
    vaccine = as.factor(vaccine),
    severity = as.factor(severity),
```

```
study = as.factor(study)
)
```

Data Partition

Divide data into training data (80%) and testing data (20%)

```
set.seed(666)
data_split <- initial_split(data, prop = 0.8)

# training data
training_data <- training(data_split)
training_data <- na.omit(training_data)

# testing data
testing_data <- testing(data_split)
testing_data <- na.omit(testing_data)

# matrix of predictors
x <- model.matrix(recovery_time ~ ., training_data) [, -1]
y <- training_data$recovery_time

x2 <- model.matrix(recovery_time ~ ., testing_data) [, -1]
y2 <- testing_data$recovery_time

# 10-fold cross validation
ctrl1 <- trainControl(method = "cv", number = 10)
```

EDA

Summary Statistics

```
summ_dat <- dat %>%
  select(-id) %>%
  mutate(
    gender = factor(case_when(
      gender == "1" ~ "male",
      gender == "0" ~ "female"),
      levels = c("female", "male")
    ),
    race = factor(case_when(
      race == "1" ~ "White",
      race == "2" ~ "Asian",
      race == "3" ~ "Black",
      race == "4" ~ "Hispanic"),
      levels = c("White", "Asian", "Black", "Hispanic")
    ),
    smoking = factor(case_when(
      smoking == "0" ~ "Never smoked",
      smoking == "1" ~ "Former smoker",
      smoking == "2" ~ "Current smoker"),
```

```

    levels = c("Never smoked", "Former smoker", "Current smoker")
  ),
  hypertension=factor(case_when(
    hypertension == "0" ~ "No",
    hypertension == "1" ~ "Yes"),
    levels = c("No", "Yes")
  ),
  diabetes=factor(case_when(
    diabetes == "0" ~ "No",
    diabetes == "1" ~ "Yes"),
    levels = c("No", "Yes")
  ),
  vaccine=factor(case_when(
    vaccine == "0" ~ "Not vaccinated",
    vaccine == "1" ~ "Vaccinated"),
    levels = c("Not vaccinated", "Vaccinated")
  ),
  severity=factor(case_when(
    severity == "0" ~ "Not severe",
    severity == "1" ~ "Severe"),
    levels = c("Not severe", "Severe")
  )
)

summ_dat %>%
  tbl_summary() %>%
  bold_labels()%>%
  as_gt(include = everything()) %>%
  gt::tab_header("Table 1: Summary of Dataset")

```

Table 1: Summary of Dataset

Characteristic	N = 3,000 ¹
age	60.0 (57.0, 63.0)
gender	
female	1,544 (51%)
male	1,456 (49%)
race	
White	1,967 (66%)
Asian	158 (5.3%)
Black	604 (20%)
Hispanic	271 (9.0%)
smoking	
Never smoked	1,822 (61%)
Former smoker	859 (29%)
Current smoker	319 (11%)
height	169.9 (166.0, 173.9)
weight	80 (75, 85)
bmi	27.65 (25.80, 29.50)
hypertension	1,492 (50%)
diabetes	463 (15%)
SBP	130 (125, 136)
LDL	110 (97, 124)

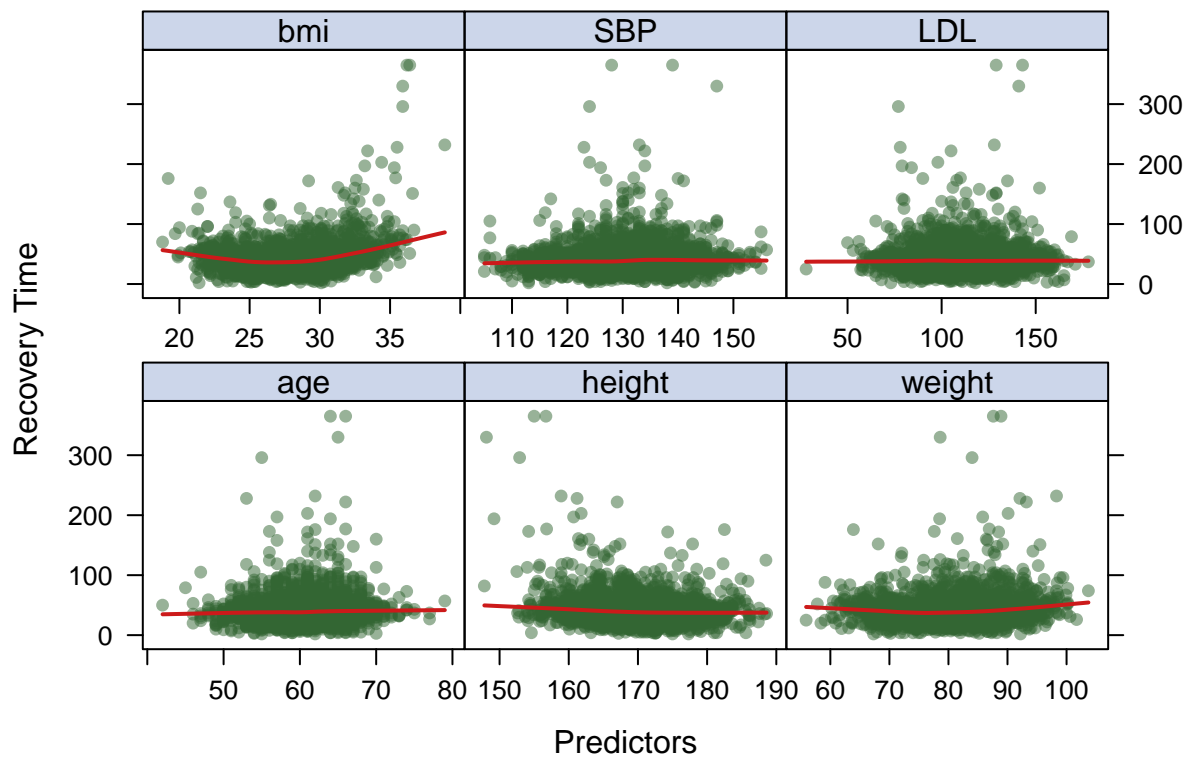
vaccine		
Not vaccinated		1,212 (40%)
Vaccinated		1,788 (60%)
severity		
Not severe		2,679 (89%)
Severe		321 (11%)
study		
A		2,000 (67%)
B		1,000 (33%)
recovery__time		39 (31, 49)

¹Median (IQR); n (%)

Feature plot for continuous variables

```
theme1 <- trellis.par.get()
theme1$plot.symbol$col <- rgb(.2, .4, .2, .5)
theme1$plot.symbol$pch <- 16
theme1$plot.line$col <- rgb(.8, .1, .1, 1)
theme1$plot.line$lwd <- 2
theme1$strip.background$col <- rgb(.0, .2, .6, .2)
trellis.par.set(theme1)

continuousData <- data|>
  dplyr::select('age', 'height', 'weight', 'bmi', 'SBP', 'LDL', 'recovery_time')
featurePlot(x = continuousData[, 1:6],
            y = continuousData[, 7],
            plot = "scatter",
            span = .5,
            labels = c("Predictors", "Recovery Time"),
            main = "Figure 1: Relationship between Continuous Predictors and Recovery Time",
            type = c("p", "smooth"),
            layout = c(3, 2))
```

Figure 1: Relationship between Continuous Predictors and Recovery Time

Correlation plot

```
numerical_data <- summ_dat[, sapply(summ_dat, is.numeric)]
correlation_matrix <- cor(numerical_data)

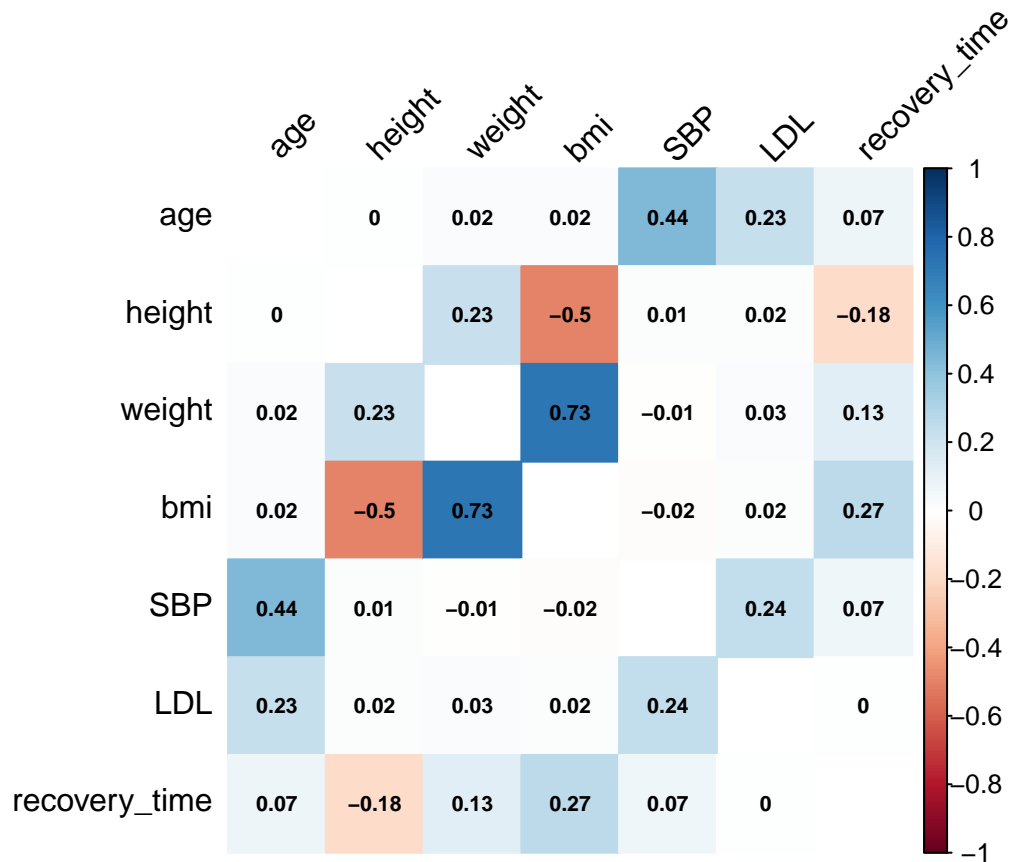
# Set up the plotting device to save the output to a file
png(filename = "./result_files/cor_plot.png", width = 8, height = 8, units = 'in', res = 300)

# Create the correlation plot
corrplot::corrplot(correlation_matrix, method = "color", addCoef.col = "black",
                   tl.col = "black", tl.srt = 45, insig = "blank", number.cex = 0.7, diag = FALSE)

# Turn off the plotting device
dev.off()

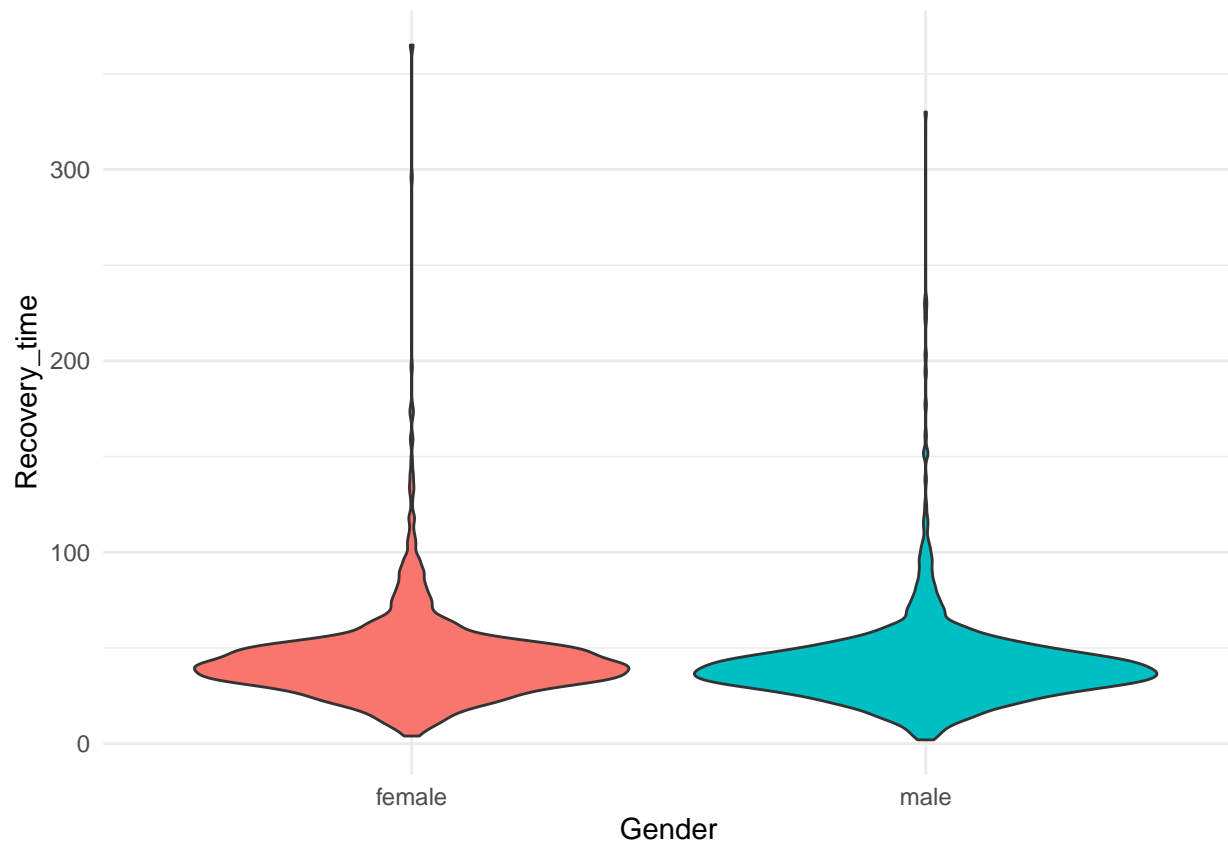
## pdf
## 2

corrplot::corrplot(correlation_matrix, method = "color", addCoef.col = "black",
                   tl.col = "black", tl.srt = 45, insig = "blank", number.cex = 0.7, diag = FALSE)
```

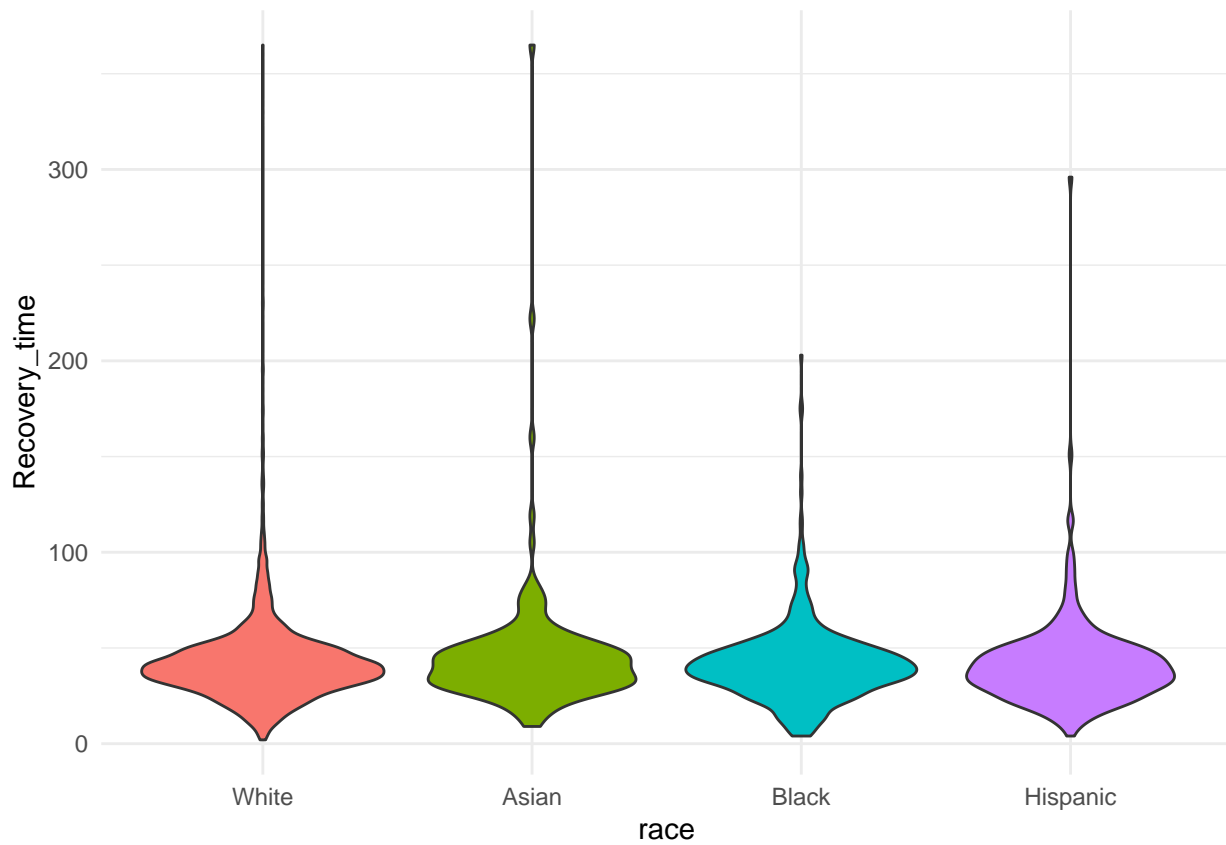


Violin plot for categorical variables

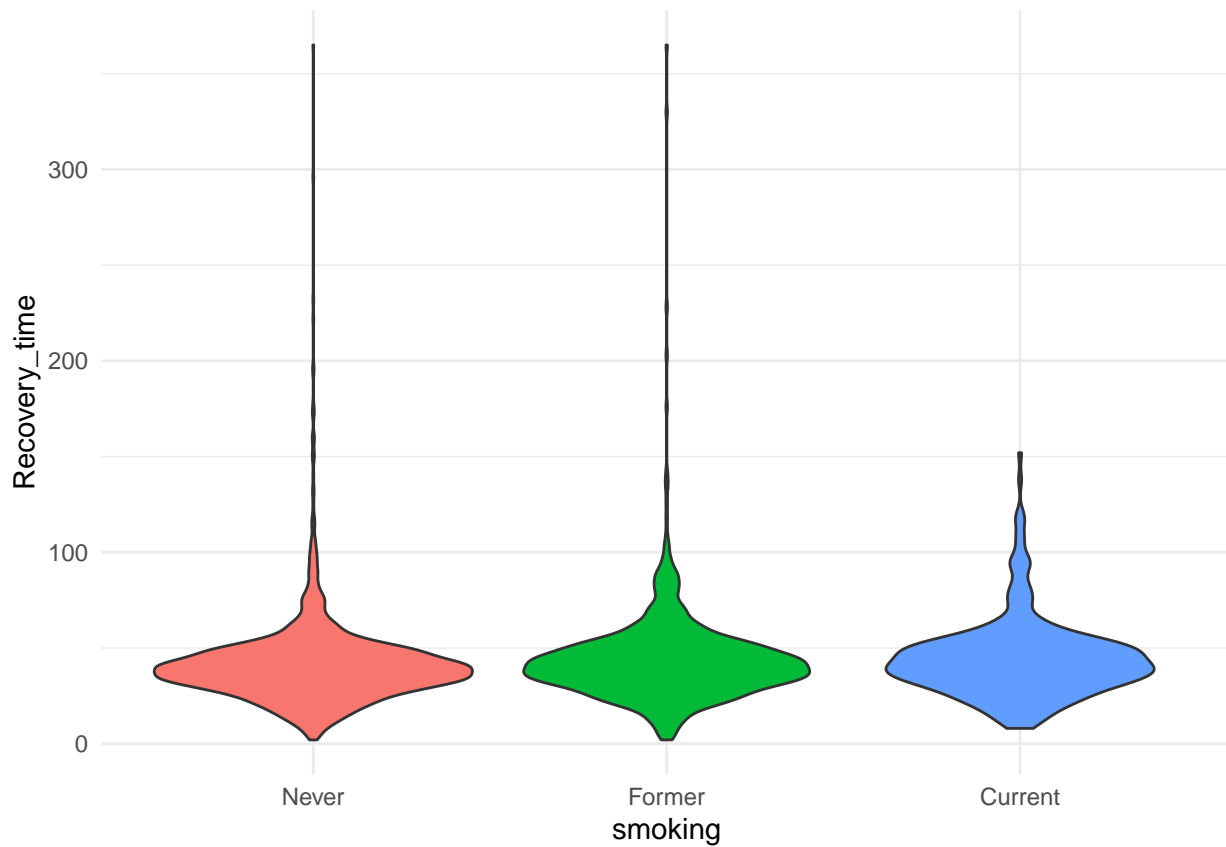
```
gender_plot <- data |>
  ggplot(aes(x = gender, y = recovery_time, fill = gender)) +
  geom_violin() +
  scale_x_discrete(labels = c("female", "male")) +
  labs(
    x = "Gender",
    y = "Recovery_time"
  ) +
  theme_minimal() + theme(legend.position = "none")
gender_plot
```



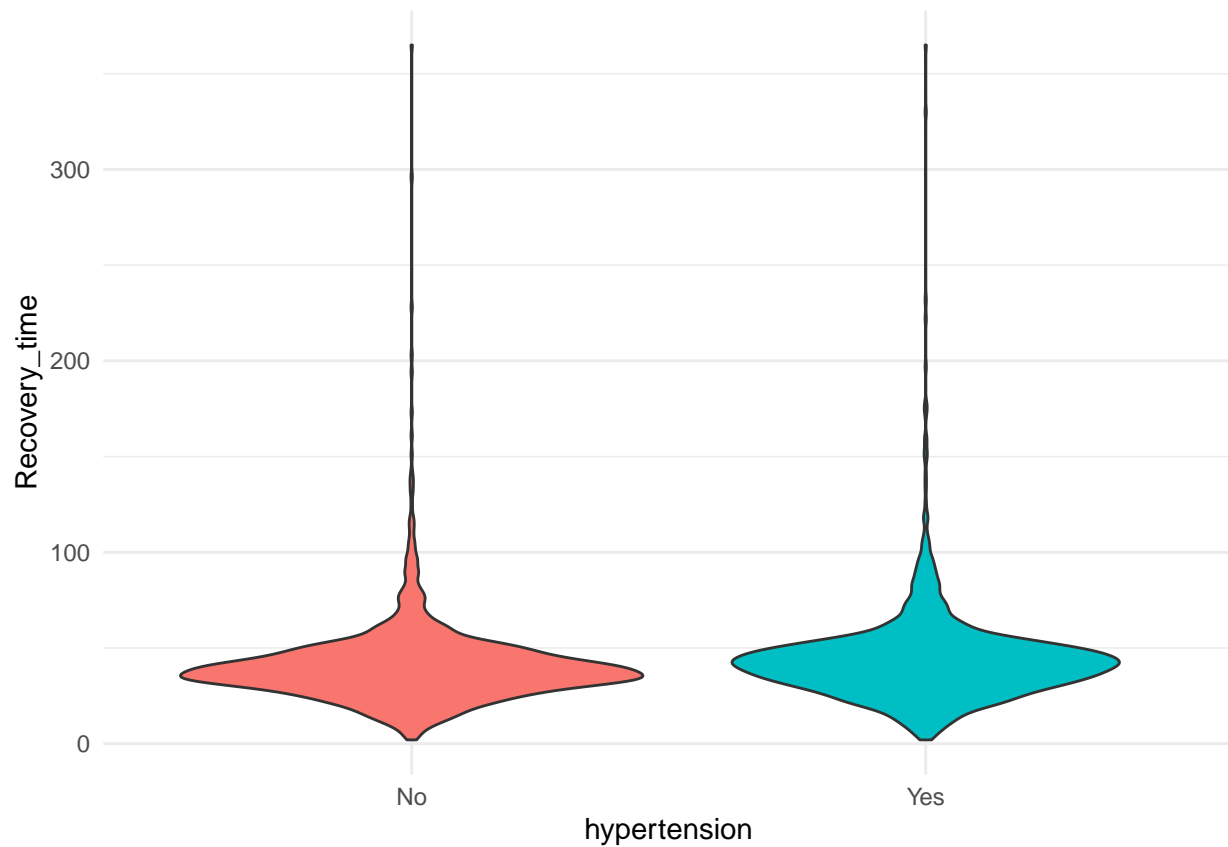
```
race_plot <- data |>
  ggplot(aes(x = race, y = recovery_time, fill = race)) +
  geom_violin() +
  scale_x_discrete(labels = c("White", "Asian", "Black", "Hispanic")) +
  labs(
    x = "race",
    y = "Recovery_time") +
  theme_minimal() + theme(legend.position = "none")
race_plot
```



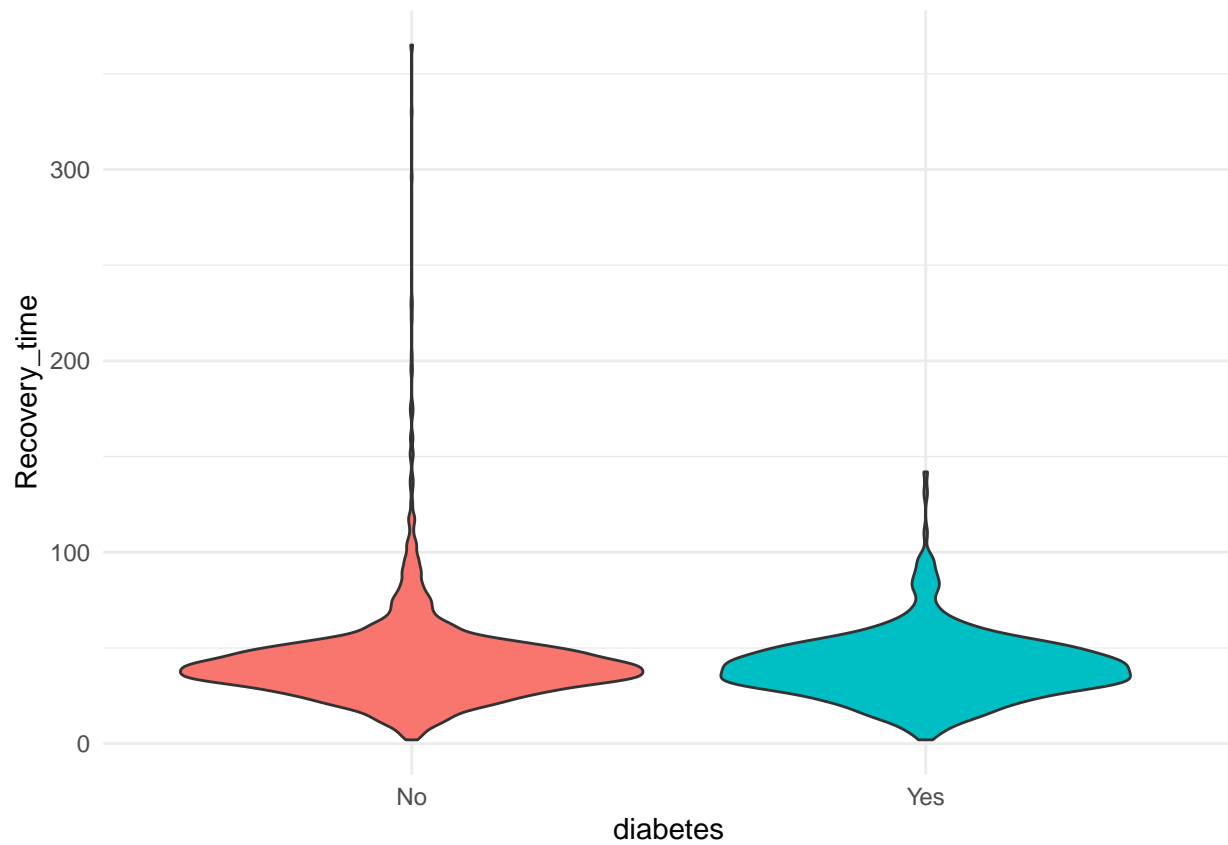
```
smoking_plot <- data |>
  ggplot(aes(x = smoking, y = recovery_time, fill = smoking)) +
  geom_violin() +
  scale_x_discrete(labels = c("Never", "Former", "Current")) +
  labs(
    x = "smoking",
    y = "Recovery_time") +
  theme_minimal() + theme(legend.position = "none")
smoking_plot
```

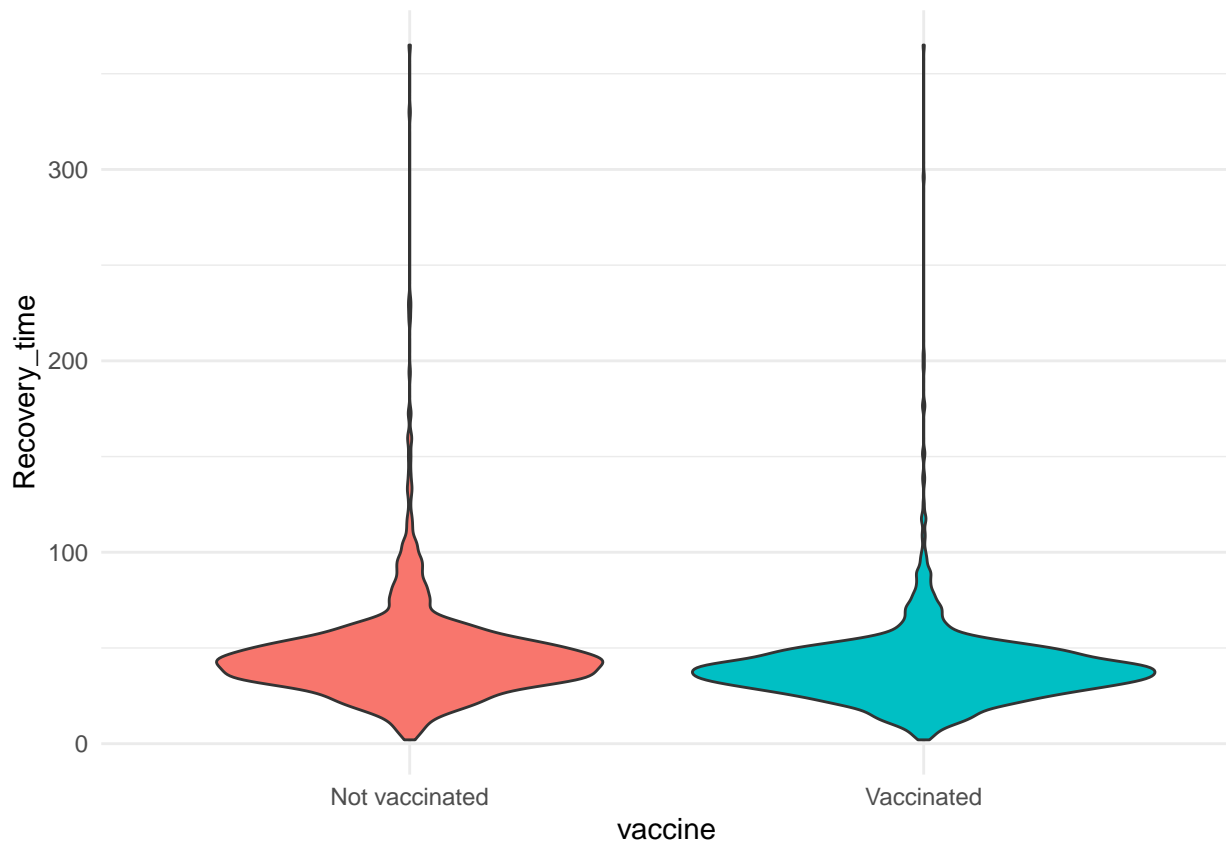
```
hypertension_plot <- data |>  
  ggplot(aes(x = hypertension, y = recovery_time, fill = hypertension)) +  
  geom_violin() +  
  scale_x_discrete(labels = c("No", "Yes")) +  
  labs(  
    x = "hypertension",  
    y = "Recovery_time") +  
  theme_minimal() + theme(legend.position = "none")  
hypertension_plot
```



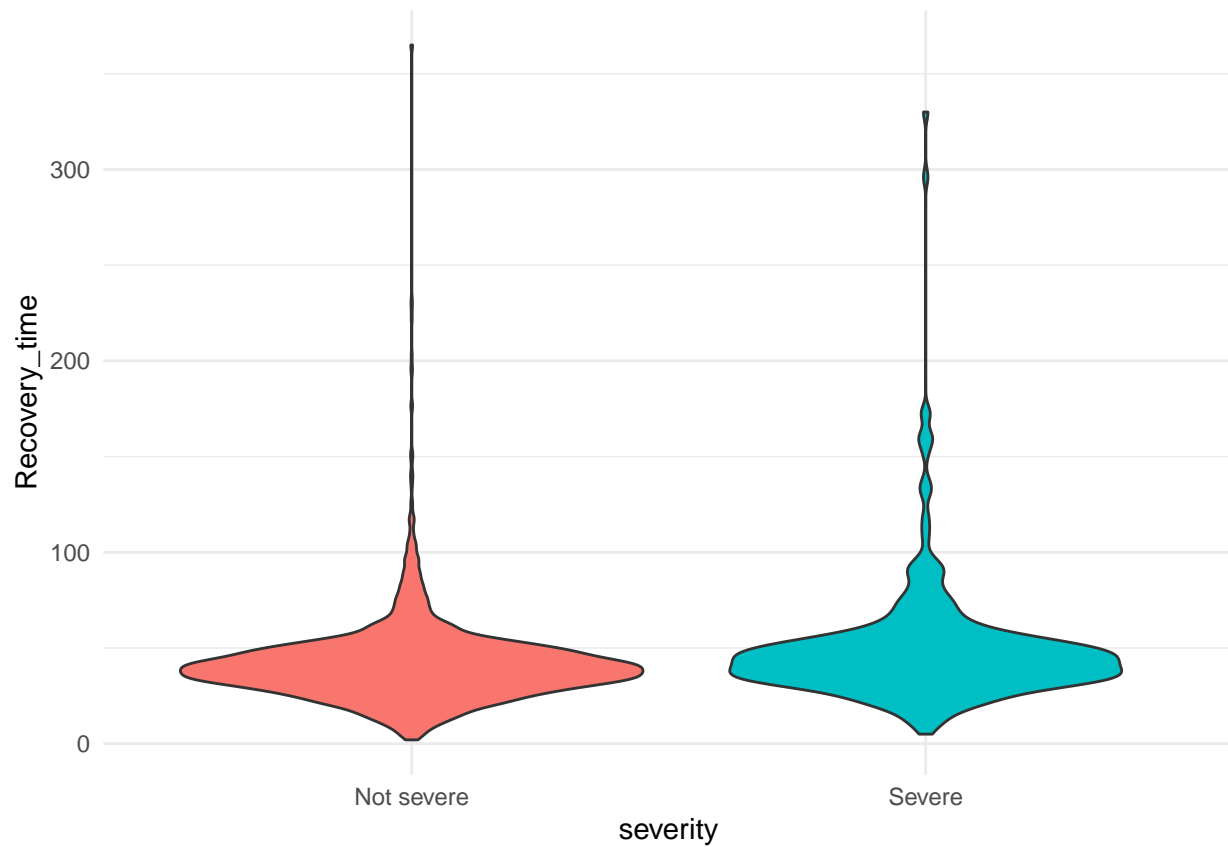
```
diabetes_plot <- data |>
  ggplot(aes(x = diabetes, y = recovery_time, fill = diabetes)) +
  geom_violin() +
  scale_x_discrete(labels = c("No", "Yes")) +
  labs(
    x = "diabetes",
    y = "Recovery_time") +
  theme_minimal() + theme(legend.position = "none")
diabetes_plot
```



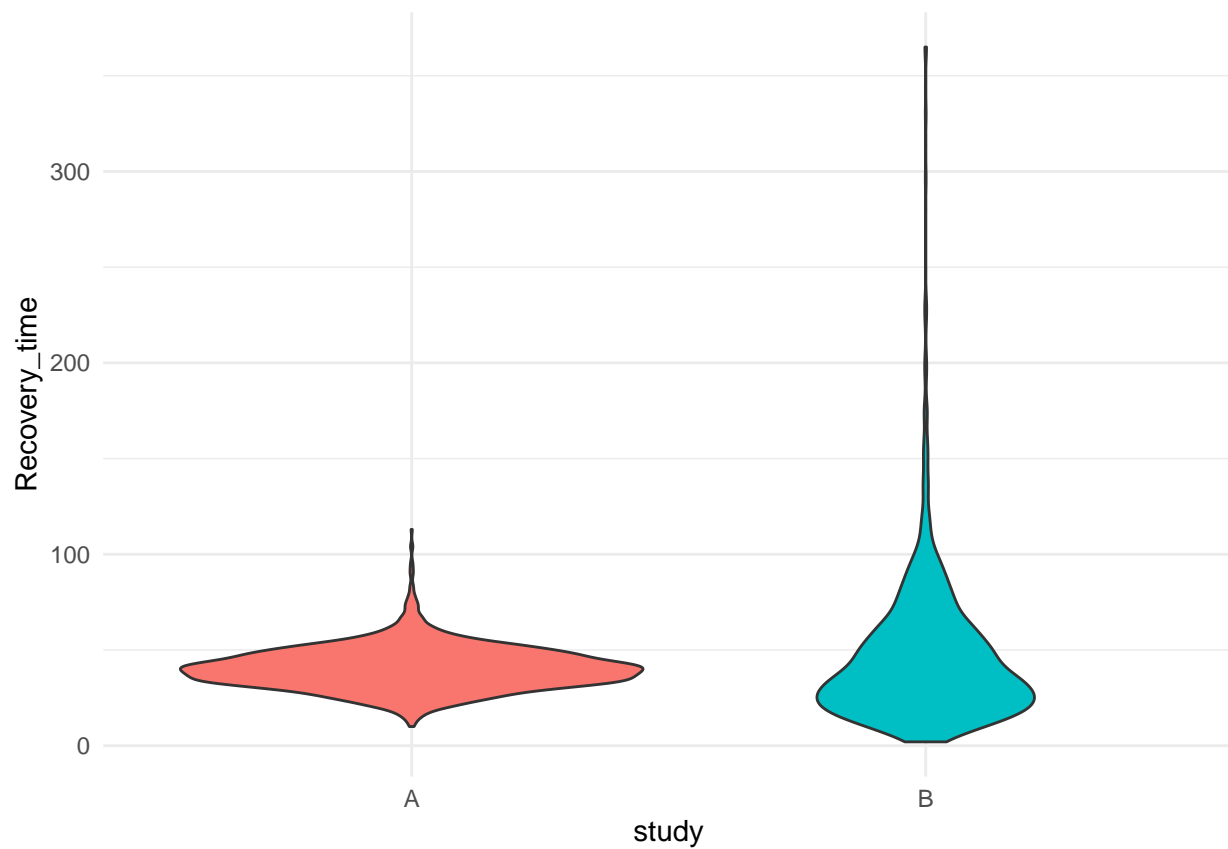
```
vaccine_plot <- data |>
  ggplot(aes(x = vaccine, y = recovery_time, fill = vaccine)) +
  geom_violin() +
  scale_x_discrete(labels = c("Not vaccinated", "Vaccinated")) +
  labs(
    x = "vaccine",
    y = "Recovery_time") +
  theme_minimal() + theme(legend.position = "none")
vaccine_plot
```



```
severity_plot <- data |>
  ggplot(aes(x = severity, y = recovery_time, fill = severity)) +
  geom_violin() +
  scale_x_discrete(labels = c("Not severe", "Severe")) +
  labs(
    x = "severity",
    y = "Recovery_time") +
  theme_minimal() + theme(legend.position = "none")
severity_plot
```

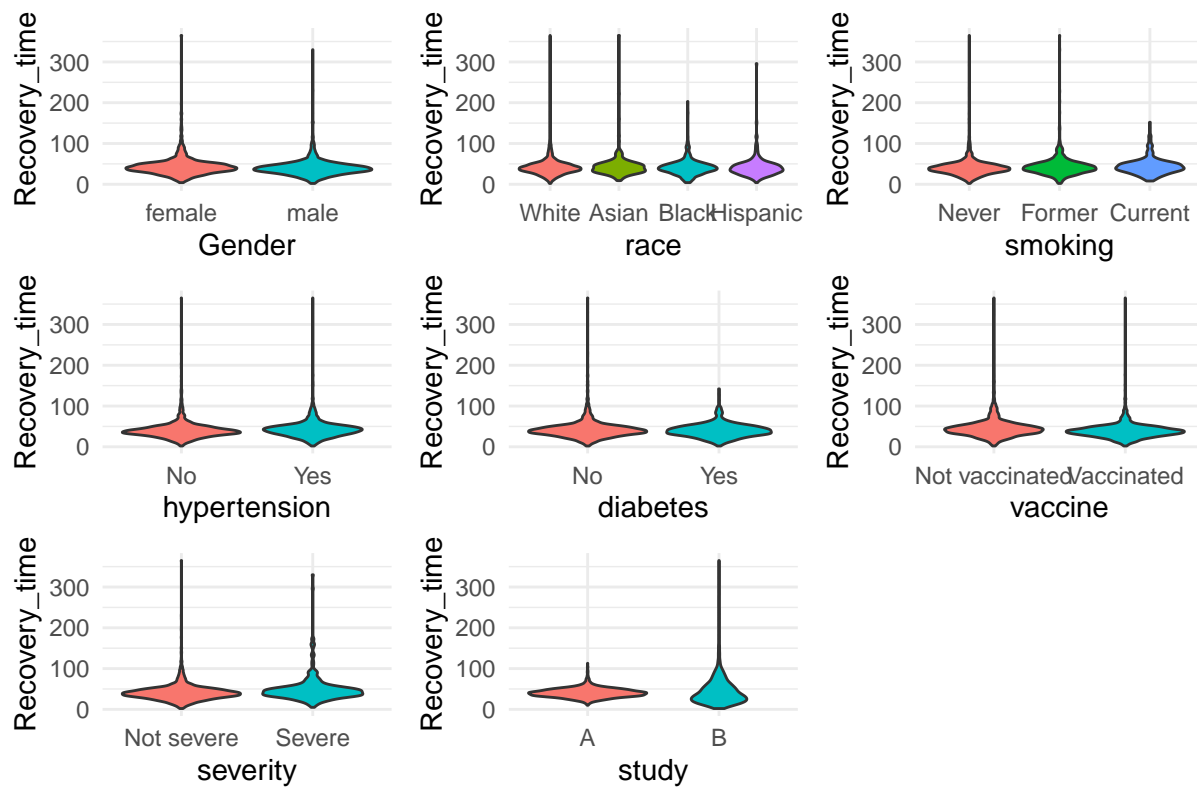


```
study_plot <- data |>
  ggplot(aes(x = study, y = recovery_time, fill = study)) +
  geom_violin() +
  scale_x_discrete(labels = c("A", "B")) +
  labs(
    x = "study",
    y = "Recovery_time") +
  theme_minimal() + theme(legend.position = "none")
study_plot
```



```
combined <- gender_plot + race_plot + smoking_plot + hypertension_plot + diabetes_plot + vaccine_plot +  
combined + plot_annotation(title = "Figure 2: Relationship between Categorical Predictors and Recovery ")
```

Figure 2: Relationship between Categorical Predictors and Recovery Time



Linear models

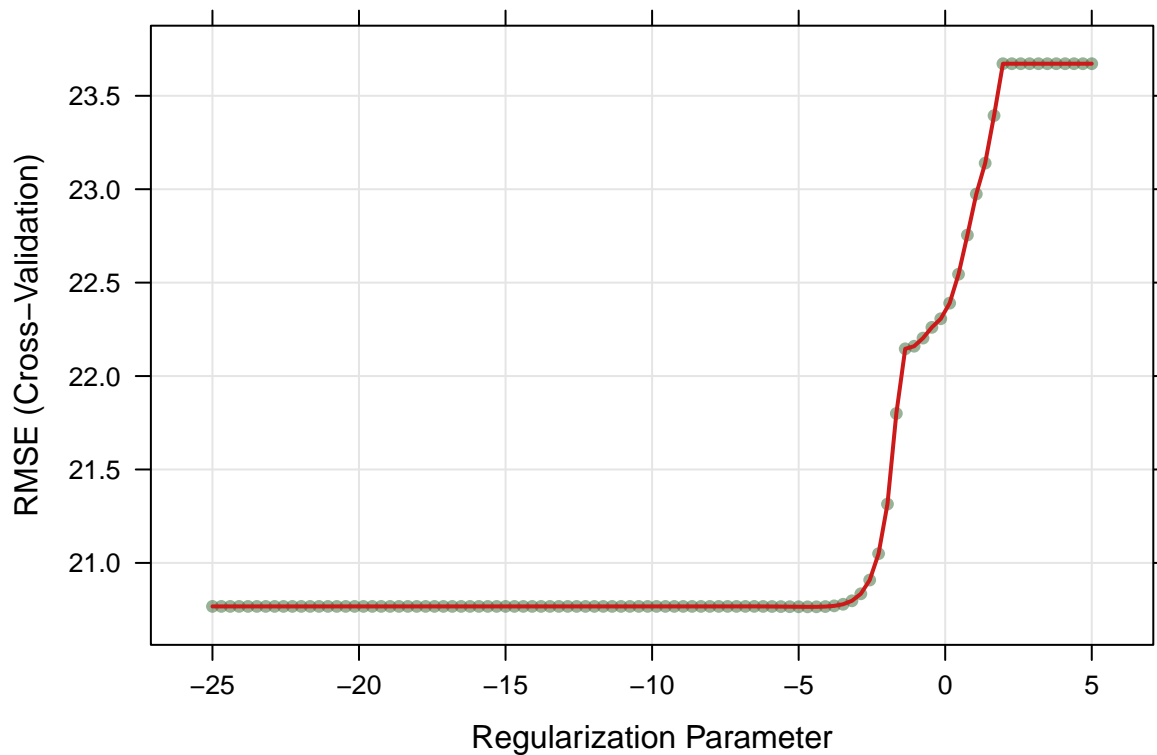
Fit a lasso model

```
set.seed(666)

lasso.fit <- train(recovery_time ~ .,
  data = training_data,
  method = "glmnet",
  tuneGrid = expand.grid(alpha = 1,
    lambda = exp(seq(-25, 5, length = 100))),
  trControl = ctrl1)

## Warning in nominalTrainWorkflow(x = x, y = y, wts = weights, info = trainInfo,
## : There were missing values in resampled performance measures.

plot(lasso.fit, xTrans = log)
```



```
## Select the best tuning parameter
```

```
lasso.fit$bestTune
```

```
##      alpha      lambda
```

```
## 68      1 0.00912288
```

```
# coefficients in the final model
```

```
coef(lasso.fit$finalModel, lasso.fit$bestTune$lambda)
```

```
## 18 x 1 sparse Matrix of class "dgCMatrix"
```

```
##              s1
## (Intercept) -2.229189e+03
## age         2.736904e-01
## gender1     -3.698081e+00
## race2       1.629521e+00
## race3      -7.478838e-01
## race4      -8.493986e-01
## smoking1    2.764637e+00
## smoking2    3.624109e+00
## height     1.302739e+01
## weight     -1.414814e+01
## bmi        4.250183e+01
## hypertension1 3.023576e+00
## diabetes1   -1.066279e+00
## SBP        -1.899186e-02
## LDL        -3.709871e-02
## vaccine1   -6.014455e+00
## severity1   7.390563e+00
## study1     5.298800e+00
```

The selected tuning parameter is 0.00912288.

Test errors

```
set.seed(666)
lasso.pred <- predict(lasso.fit, newdata = testing_data)
mean((lasso.pred - testing_data[, "recovery_time"])^2)
```

```
## [1] 298.3016
```

The test error is 298.3016.

Fit an elastic net model

```
set.seed(666)
enet.fit <- train(recovery_time ~ .,
                  data = training_data,
                  method = "glmnet",
                  tuneGrid = expand.grid(alpha = seq(0, 1, length = 21),
                                         lambda = exp(seq(-25, 5, length = 100))),
                  trControl = ctrl1)
```

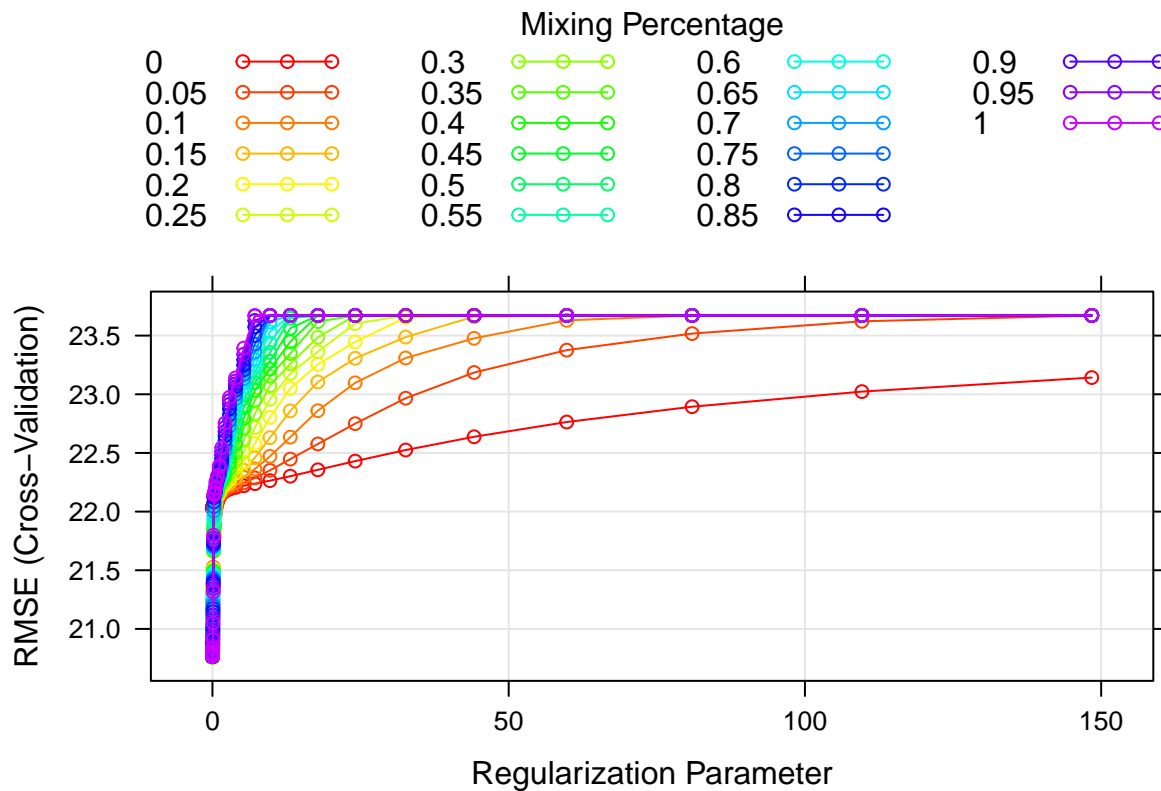
```
## Warning in nominalTrainWorkflow(x = x, y = y, wts = weights, info = trainInfo,
## : There were missing values in resampled performance measures.
```

```
## Select the best tuning parameter
enet.fit$bestTune
```

```
##      alpha      lambda
## 365  0.15 0.00367552
```

```
#Plot
myCol <- rainbow(25)
myPar <- list(superpose.symbol = list(col = myCol),
              superpose.line = list(col = myCol))

plot(enet.fit, par.settings = myPar)
```



```
# coefficients in the final model
coef(enet.fit$finalModel, enet.fit$bestTune$lambda)

## 18 x 1 sparse Matrix of class "dgCMatrix"
##              s1
## (Intercept) -2.157409e+03
## age          2.786152e-01
## gender1      -3.708843e+00
## race2         1.666442e+00
## race3        -7.696907e-01
## race4        -9.113345e-01
## smoking1     2.780175e+00
## smoking2     3.645642e+00
## height       1.260703e+01
## weight       -1.370319e+01
## bmi          4.122283e+01
## hypertension1 3.105223e+00
## diabetes1    -1.101528e+00
## SBP          -2.443694e-02
## LDL          -3.746249e-02
## vaccine1     -6.040658e+00
## severity1     7.430536e+00
## study1       5.315665e+00

# test error
enet.pred <- predict(enet.fit, newdata = testing_data)
mean((enet.pred - testing_data[, "recovery_time"])^2)

## [1] 297.1642
```

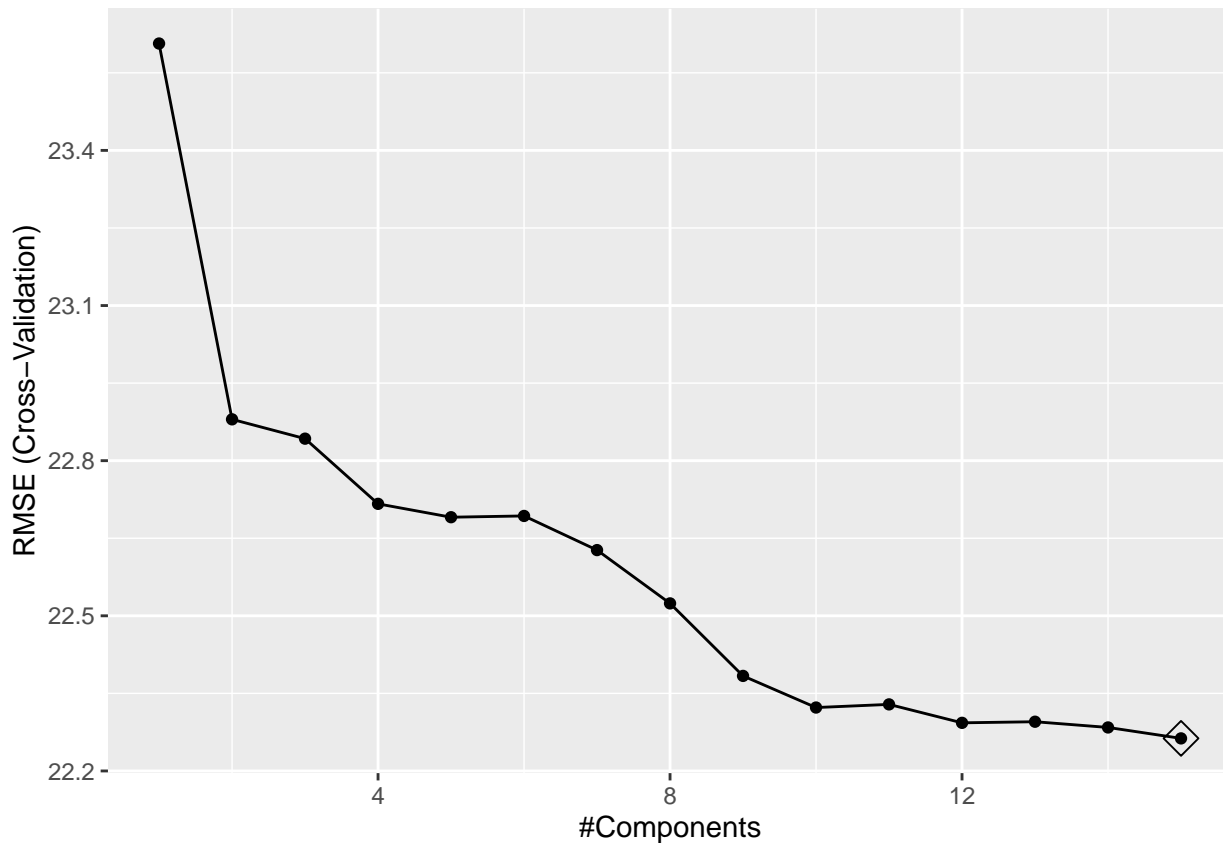
The selected tuning parameter is 0.00367552, and the test error is 297.1642.

Fit a PCR model

```
set.seed(666)
pcr.fit <- train(x, y,
  method = "pcr",
  tuneGrid = data.frame(ncomp = 1:15),
  trControl = ctrl1,
  scale = TRUE)
predy2.pcr2 <- predict(pcr.fit, newdata = x2)
mean((y2 - predy2.pcr2)^2)
```

```
## [1] 323.779
```

```
ggplot(pcr.fit, highlight = TRUE)
```



```
summary(pcr.fit)
```

```
## Data:      X dimension: 2400 17
## Y dimension: 2400 1
## Fit method: svdpc
## Number of components considered: 15
## TRAINING: % variance explained
##           1 comps  2 comps  3 comps  4 comps  5 comps  6 comps  7 comps
## X           13.117  23.728  31.171  38.302  45.266  51.762  57.87
## .outcome     0.602   7.376   7.832   9.341   9.353   9.575  10.59
##           8 comps  9 comps 10 comps 11 comps 12 comps 13 comps 14 comps
```

```
## X          63.91    69.84    75.59    81.01    85.98    90.51    94.88
## .outcome   11.16    12.02    12.51    12.51    12.88    12.98    13.16
##          15 comps
## X          98.82
## .outcome   13.32
```

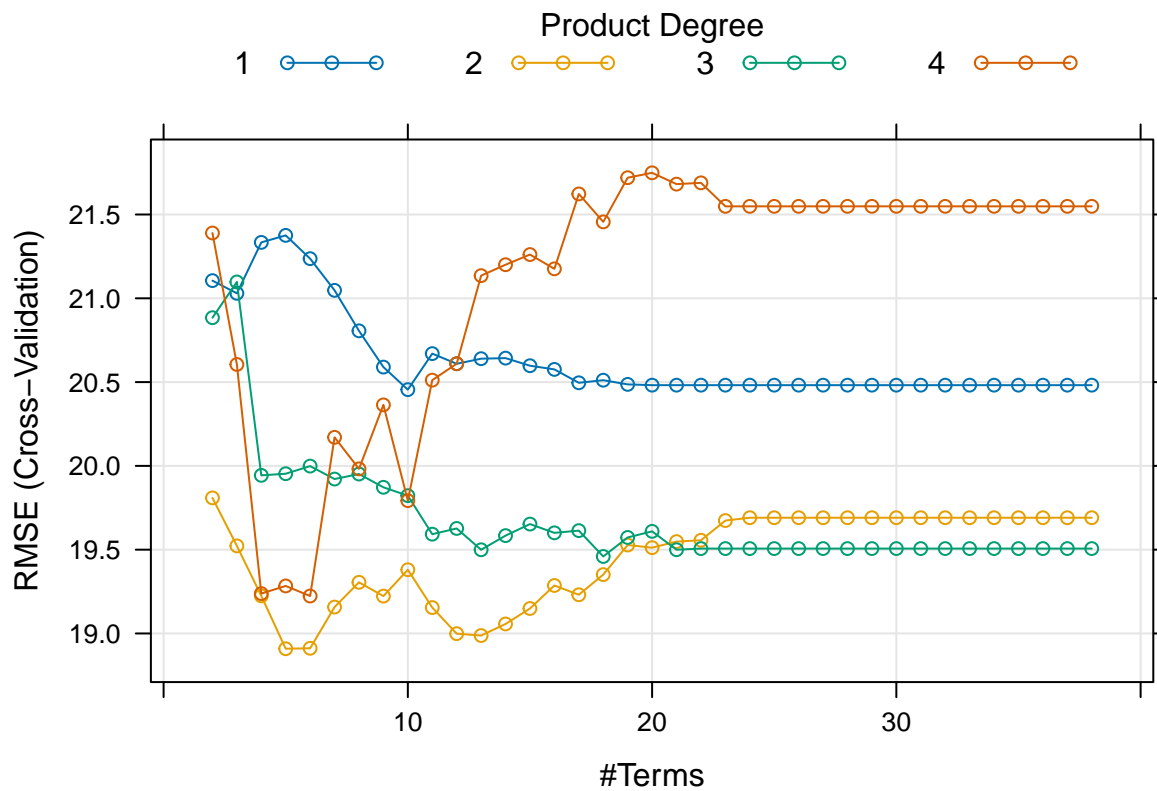
There are 15 components in the model and the test error is 323.779.

Nonlinear models

Multivariate Adaptive Regression Spline (MARS)

```
set.seed(666)
mars.grid <- expand.grid(degree = 1:4,
                        nprune = 2:38)
mars.fit <- train(x, y,
                  method = "earth",
                  tuneGrid = mars.grid,
                  trControl = ctrl1)

plot(mars.fit)
```



```
# best tune
mars.fit$bestTune
```

```
##      nprune degree
## 41         5      2
```

```
coef(mars.fit$finalModel)
```

```
##              (Intercept)                h(31-bmi)
##              -3.1983530                6.3999877
##      h(bmi-31) * study1                h(bmi-25.2)
##              25.6820131                7.9260754
## h(weight-86.4) * h(bmi-31)
##              -0.6277843
```

Test error for MARS

```
mars.pred <- predict(mars.fit, newdata = x2)
mars.test.error <- mean((mars.pred - y2)^2)
mars.test.error
```

```
## [1] 279.0367
```

The regression function should be: $-3.1983530 + 6.3999877 * h(31-bmi) + 25.6820131 * h(bmi-31) * study1 + 7.9260754 * h(bmi-25.2) - 0.6277843 * h(weight-86.4) * h(bmi-31)$

The test error is 279.0367

GAM

```
set.seed(666)

gam.fit <- train(x, y,
  method = "gam",
  tuneGrid = data.frame(method = "GCV.Cp", select = c(TRUE,FALSE)),
  trControl = ctrl1)
```

```
## Loading required package: mgcv
## Loading required package: nlme
##
## Attaching package: 'nlme'
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##      collapse
## This is mgcv 1.9-0. For overview type 'help("mgcv-package")'.
```

```
gam.fit$bestTune
```

```
##      select method
## 1 FALSE GCV.Cp
```

```
gam.fit$finalModel
```

```
##
## Family: gaussian
## Link function: identity
##
## Formula:
## .outcome ~ gender1 + race2 + race3 + race4 + smoking1 + smoking2 +
##      hypertension1 + diabetes1 + vaccine1 + severity1 + study1 +
##      s(age) + s(SBP) + s(LDL) + s(bmi) + s(height) + s(weight)
##
## Estimated degrees of freedom:
## 1.00 1.75 1.00 8.56 7.24 2.81 total = 34.36
```

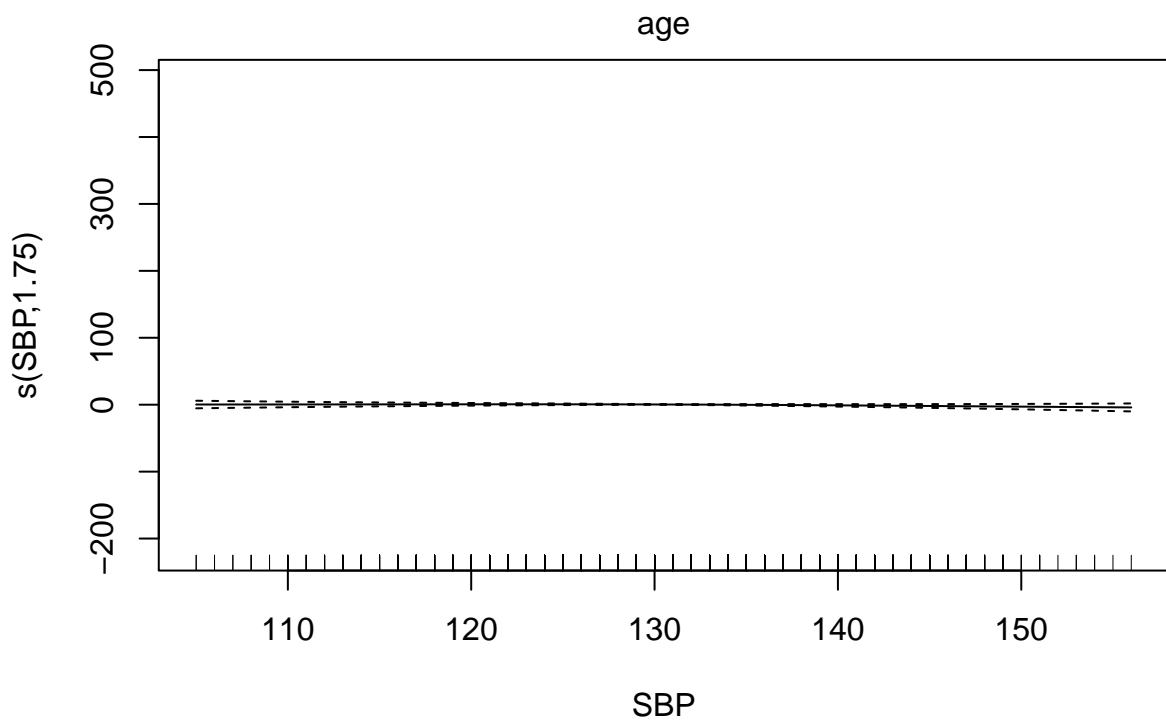
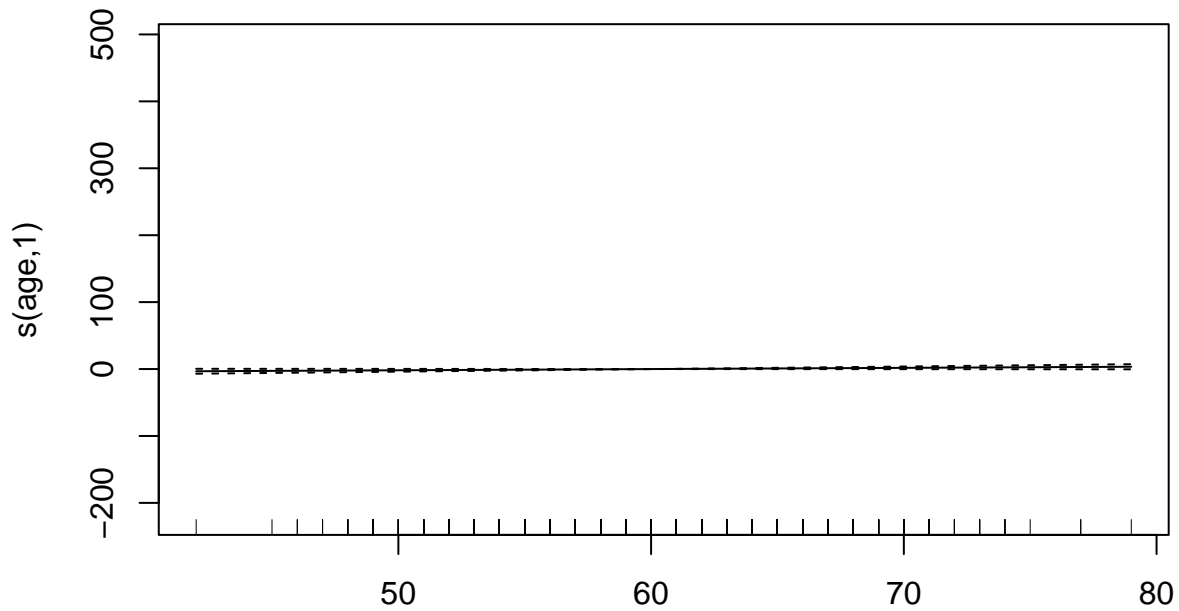
```
##
```

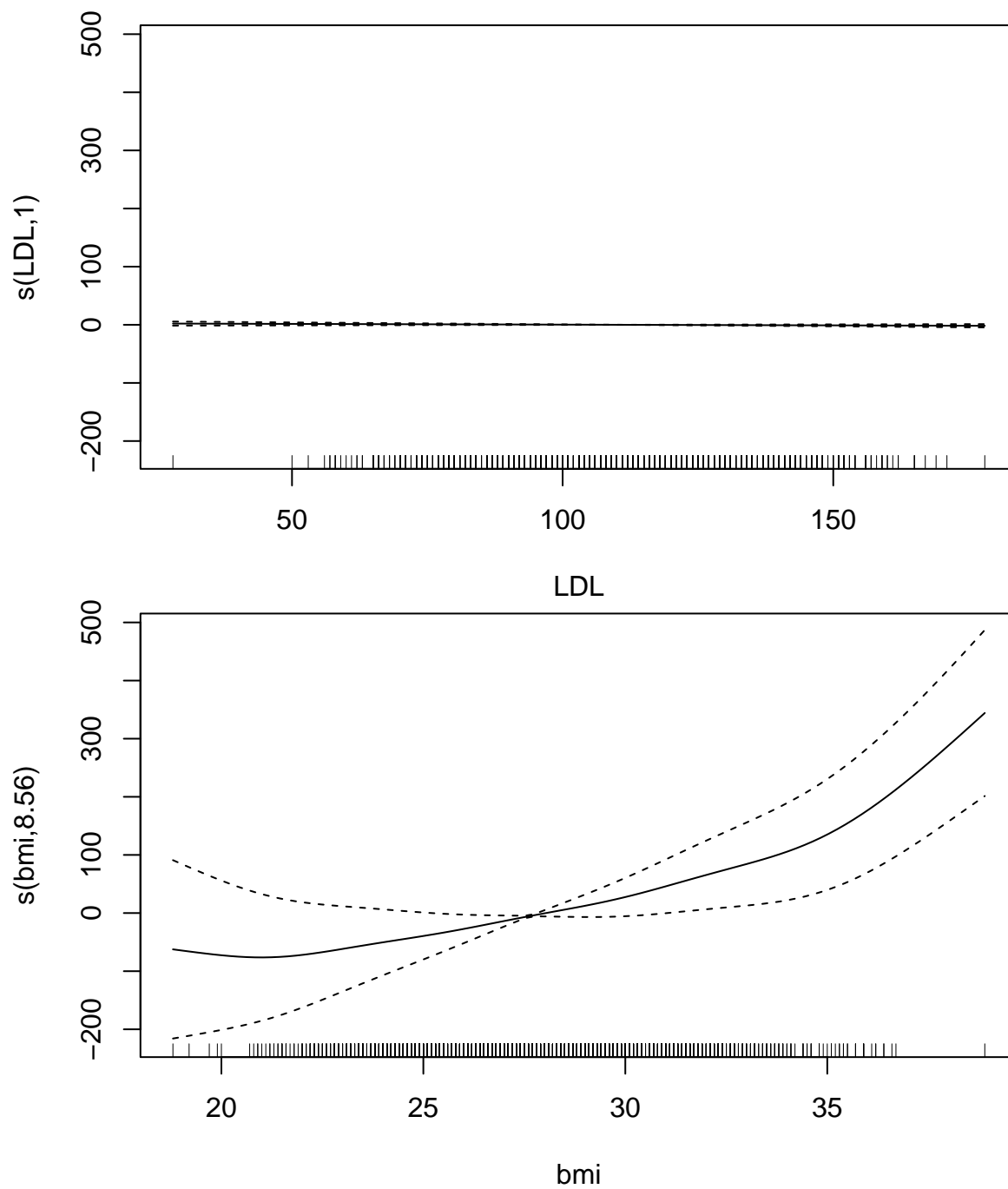
```
## GCV score: 384.8296
```

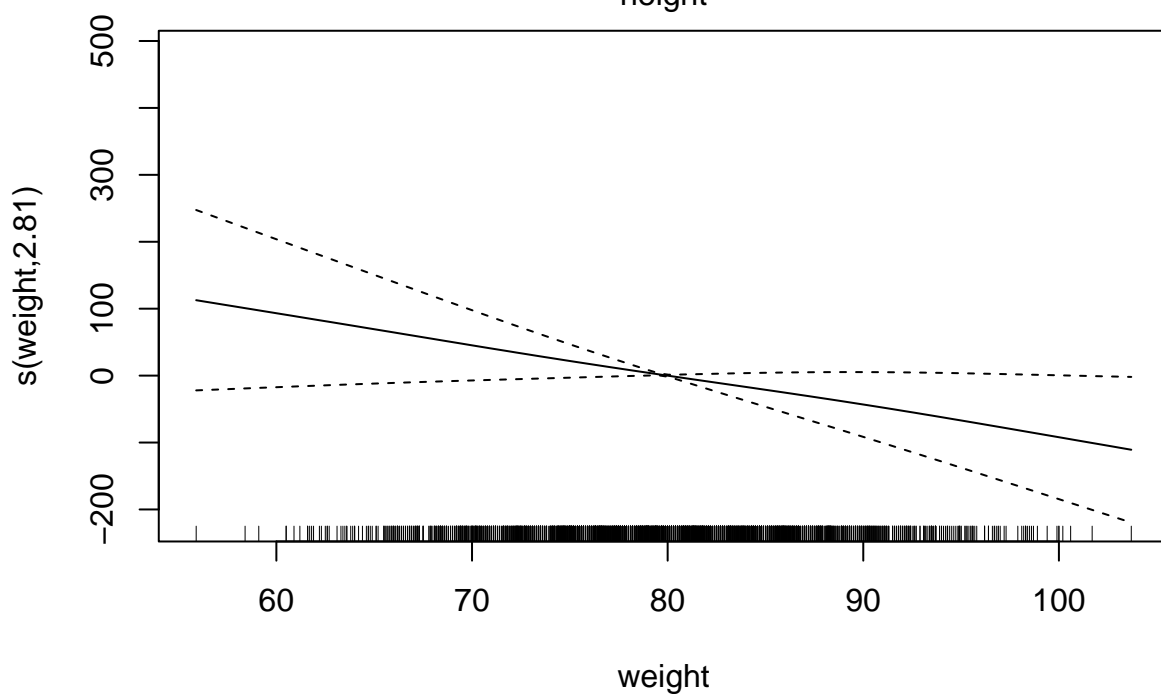
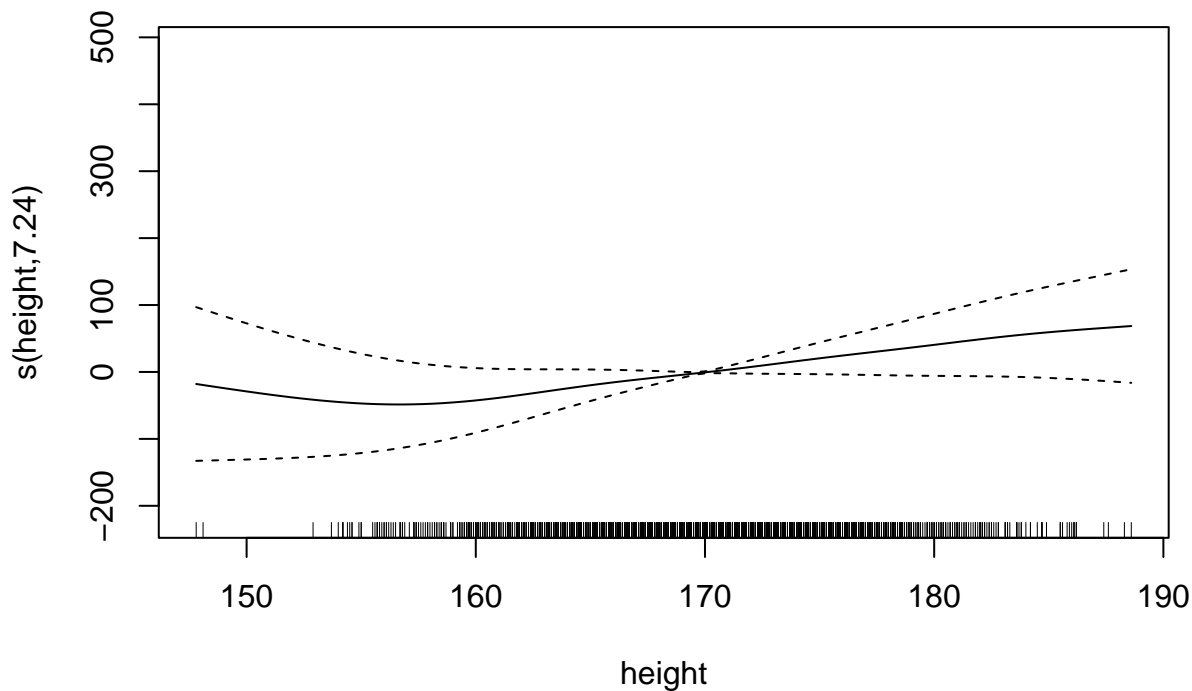
The GAM model includes all the predictors.

Generate plot for GAM

```
plot(gam.fit$finalModel)
```







Test error for GAM

```
gam.pred <- predict(gam.fit, newdata = x2)
gam.test.error <- mean((gam.pred - y2)^2)
gam.test.error
```

```
## [1] 272.0012
```

The test error for GAM is 272.0012.

Model comparison

```
resamp <- resamples(list(lasso = lasso.fit,
                        elastic_net = enet.fit,
                        pcr = pcr.fit,
                        MARS = mars.fit,
                        GAM = gam.fit))

summary(resamp)
```

```
##
## Call:
## summary.resamples(object = resamp)
##
## Models: lasso, elastic_net, pcr, MARS, GAM
## Number of resamples: 10
##
## MAE
##
```

	Min.	1st Qu.	Median	Mean	3rd Qu.	Max.	NA's
lasso	12.43437	13.34989	13.55760	13.60117	13.83628	14.80446	0
elastic_net	12.39330	13.33858	13.50759	13.56655	13.79648	14.79199	0
pcr	12.79843	13.31630	13.65714	13.79429	14.32701	15.26141	0
MARS	11.10656	12.33992	12.52758	12.48434	12.95145	13.22857	0
GAM	11.95625	12.48434	12.90413	13.04720	13.67832	14.43838	0

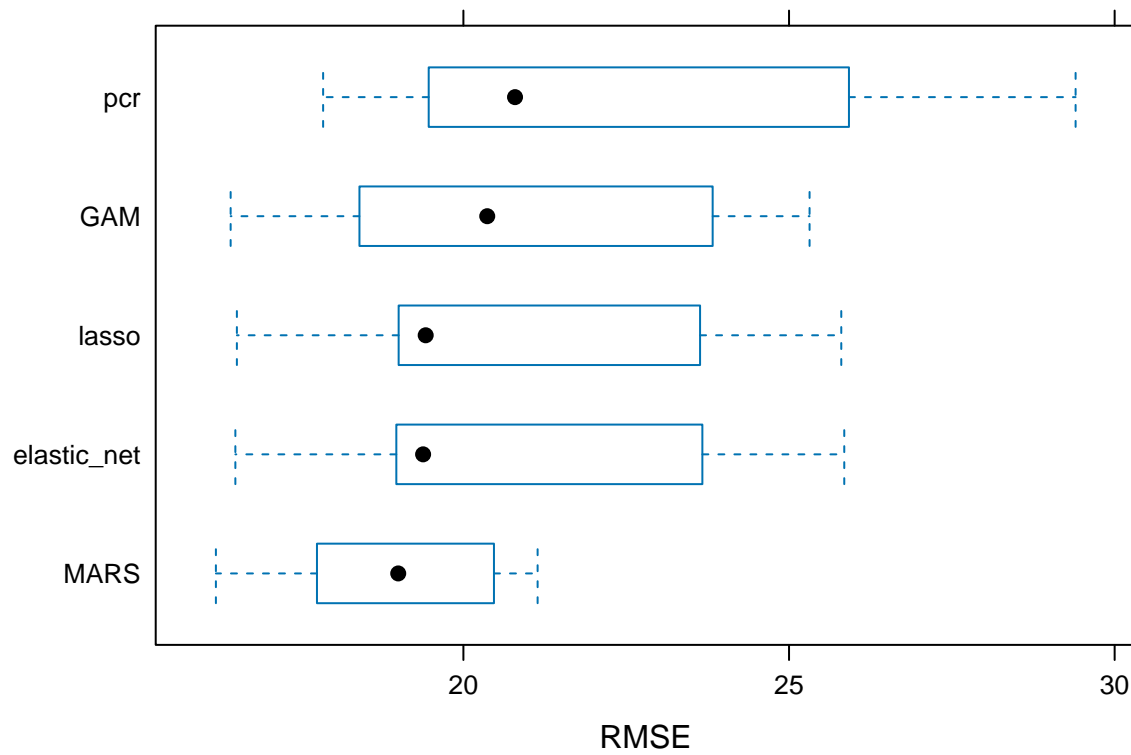
```
##
## RMSE
##
```

	Min.	1st Qu.	Median	Mean	3rd Qu.	Max.	NA's
lasso	16.52182	19.01349	19.42116	20.76489	22.92278	25.80217	0
elastic_net	16.49848	18.99457	19.38126	20.76102	22.93865	25.84810	0
pcr	17.84596	19.61842	20.79266	22.26300	24.74262	29.40059	0
MARS	16.19940	17.79482	18.99934	18.90878	20.37825	21.13959	0
GAM	16.42592	18.51665	20.36608	20.61337	23.26164	25.31540	0

```
##
## Rsquared
##
```

	Min.	1st Qu.	Median	Mean	3rd Qu.	Max.	NA's
lasso	0.12468127	0.17202217	0.2314610	0.2404963	0.2896872	0.3926191	0
elastic_net	0.12572907	0.17252570	0.2295363	0.2401821	0.2906348	0.3898854	0
pcr	0.05140385	0.09539054	0.1072900	0.1273979	0.1285069	0.2390132	0
MARS	0.12610733	0.18362545	0.2804839	0.3515976	0.5442009	0.6258534	0
GAM	0.11451833	0.18716669	0.2610268	0.2888378	0.3891996	0.4926768	0

```
bwplot(resamp, metric = "RMSE")
```



Mars model should be selected as the final model since it has the lowest RMSE value.