```
week 9 code along and challenge
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2023-10-18
  1. tidy the data
  2. any grouping/new columns, separate [new: reshaping and reverse]
  3. summary statistics, frequency etc.
  4. plotting graph from reshaped data
  5. scraping data from website's (?)
  6. API: Application Program Interface (?)
#1. tidy the data [slide 8]
 library(tidyverse)
                                                                   tidyverse 2.0.0 —
 ## — Attaching core tidyverse packages —
 ## ✓ dplyr
                1.1.2
                          ✓ readr
                                      2.1.4
 ## ✓ forcats 1.0.0
                          ✓ stringr 1.5.0
 ## ✓ ggplot2 3.4.3
                         ✓ tibble 3.2.1

✓ tidyr 1.3.0

 ## ✓ lubridate 1.9.2
 ## ✓ purrr
                1.0.2
 ## — Conflicts —
                                                      tidyverse_conflicts() —
 ## * dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
 ## * dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
 ## i Use the conflicted package (<a href="http://conflicted.r-lib.org/">http://conflicted.r-lib.org/</a>) to force all conflicts to become errors
 tidydata <- tribble(</pre>
   ~country,
                  ~year, ~cases, ~population,
 "Afghanistan", 1999, 745, 19987071,
  "Afghanistan", 2000, 2666, 20595360,
 "Brazil",
                1999, 37737, 172006362,
 "Brazil",
             2000, 80488, 174504898,
            1999, 212258, 1272915272,
 "China",
 "China",
                2000, 213766, 1280428583)
 tidydata
 ## # A tibble: 6 × 4
                   year cases population
      country
      <chr>
                  <dbl> <dbl>
                                     <dbl>
 ## 1 Afghanistan 1999
                               19987071
                           745
 ## 2 Afghanistan 2000
                                 20595360
                          2666
                   1999 37737 172006362
 ## 3 Brazil
 ## 4 Brazil
                   2000 80488 174504898
 ## 5 China
                   1999 212258 1272915272
 ## 6 China
                   2000 213766 1280428583
 nontidydata <- tribble(</pre>
   ~country, ~year, ~rate,
   "Afghanistan", 1999, "745/19987071",
   "Afghanistan", 2000, "2666/20595360",
   "Brazil", 1999, "37737/172006362",
   "Brazil", 2000, "80488/174504898",
   "China", 1999, "212258/1272915272",
   "China", 2000, "213766/1280428583"
 nontidydata
 ## # A tibble: 6 × 3
      country
                   year rate
      <chr>
                  <dbl> <chr>
 ## 1 Afghanistan 1999 745/19987071
 ## 2 Afghanistan 2000 2666/20595360
 ## 3 Brazil
                   1999 37737/172006362
 ## 4 Brazil
                   2000 80488/174504898
 ## 5 China 1999 212258/1272915272
## 6 China 2000 213766/1280428583
 ## 6 China
                   2000 213766/1280428583
 tidydata %>%
   group_by(year) %>%
   summarize(total_cases = sum(cases))
 ## # A tibble: 2 × 2
       year total_cases
      <dbl>
                  <dbl>
 ## 1 1999
                 250740
 ## 2 2000
                 296920
#separate the data into different columns [slide 11]
 tidieddata <- nontidydata %>%
   separate(rate, into = c("cases", "population"),
            sep = "/")
 tidieddata
 ## # A tibble: 6 × 4
      country
                   year cases population
      <chr>
                  <dbl> <chr> <chr>
 ## 1 Afghanistan 1999 745
                               19987071
 ## 2 Afghanistan 2000 2666 20595360
 ## 3 Brazil
                   1999 37737 172006362
 ## 4 Brazil
                   2000 80488 174504898
 ## 5 China
                   1999 212258 1272915272
 ## 6 China
                   2000 213766 1280428583
#reorganizing the variable [slide 12]
 newtidieddata <- tidieddata %>%
   pivot longer(
     cols = cases:population,
     names_to = "measurement",
     values to = "value"
 newtidieddata
 ## # A tibble: 12 × 4
       country
                    year measurement value
       <chr>
                   <dbl> <chr>
                                      <chr>
    1 Afghanistan 1999 cases
                                     745
     2 Afghanistan 1999 population 19987071
     3 Afghanistan 2000 cases
                                     2666
    4 Afghanistan 2000 population 20595360
    5 Brazil
                    1999 cases
                                     37737
    6 Brazil
                    1999 population 172006362
    7 Brazil
                    2000 cases
                                     80488
    8 Brazil
                    2000 population 174504898
                    1999 cases
 ## 9 China
                                     212258
 ## 10 China
                    1999 population 1272915272
 ## 11 China
                    2000 cases
                                     213766
                    2000 population 1280428583
 ## 12 China
#ploting graphs from data facet_wrap: 1 dimensional grid regrouping data can help to plot specific graphs
 ggplot(newtidieddata) +
   aes(x=year,y=value, colour=country) +
   geom_point() +
   geom_line(aes(group = country))+
   facet_wrap(~measurement) +
   theme_bw()
                                                     population
                         cases
       80488
         745 -
       37737
        2666
      213766 -
                                                                         country
      212258 -
                                                                         Afghanistan
                                                                                       #tribble vs. tibble [slide 14] tribble:
                                                                         Brazil
     20595360
                                                                         -- China
     19987071
    174504898
    172006362
   1280428583
   1272915272 -
           1999.00 1999.25 1999.50 1999.75 2000.00099.00 1999.25 1999.50 1999.75 2000.00
                                       year
feed data row wise
 df <- tribble(</pre>
 ~id, ~bp1, ~bp2,
 "A", 100, 120,
 "B", 140, 115,
 "C", 120, 125
 df
 ## # A tibble: 3 × 3
     id
              bp1 bp2
    <chr> <dbl> <dbl>
 ## 1 A
              100 120
 ## 2 B
              140 115
 ## 3 C
              120 125
#[slide 18]
 newtidieddata
 ## # A tibble: 12 × 4
       country
                    year measurement value
       <chr>
                   <dbl> <chr>
                                     <chr>
    1 Afghanistan 1999 cases
                                     745
    2 Afghanistan 1999 population 19987071
    3 Afghanistan 2000 cases
                                     2666
    4 Afghanistan 2000 population 20595360
    5 Brazil
                                     37737
                    1999 cases
    6 Brazil
                    1999 population 172006362
    7 Brazil
                    2000 cases
                                     80488
    8 Brazil
                    2000 population 174504898
    9 China
                                     212258
                    1999 cases
                    1999 population 1272915272
 ## 10 China
 ## 11 China
                                     213766
                    2000 cases
 ## 12 China
                    2000 population 1280428583
 newtidieddata %>%
 pivot_wider(names_from = "measurement",
               values_from ="value")
 ## # A tibble: 6 × 4
      country
                   year cases population
      <chr>
                  <dbl> <chr> <chr>
 ## 1 Afghanistan 1999 745
                              19987071
 ## 2 Afghanistan 2000 2666 20595360
 ## 3 Brazil
                   1999 37737 172006362
 ## 4 Brazil
                   2000 80488 174504898
 ## 5 China
                   1999 212258 1272915272
 ## 6 China
                   2000 213766 1280428583
another example of reshaping data
 df %>%
 pivot longer(
   cols = bp1:bp2,
   names_to = "measurement",
   values_to = "value"
 ## # A tibble: 6 × 3
      id
            measurement value
      <chr> <chr>
                        <dbl>
 ## 1 A
            bp1
                          100
 ## 2 A
            bp2
                          120
 ## 3 B
                          140
            bp1
 ## 4 B
                          115
            bp2
 ## 5 C
                          120
            bp1
 ## 6 C
                          125
            bp2
#reverse the reshaping [slide 19]
 df <- tribble(</pre>
 ~id, ~measurement, ~value,
 "A", "bp1", 100,
  'B", "bp1", 140,
 "B", "bp2", 115,
 "A", "bp2", 120,
 "A", "bp3", 105
 df
 ## # A tibble: 5 × 3
            measurement value
      <chr> <chr>
                        <dbl>
 ## 1 A
            bp1
                          100
 ## 2 B
            bp1
                          140
                          115
 ## 3 B
            bp2
                          120
 ## 4 A
            bp2
 ## 5 A
            bp3
                          105
 df %>%
 pivot_wider(
   names_from = measurement,
   values_from = value
 ## # A tibble: 2 × 4
              bp1 bp2 bp3
     <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
 ## 1 A
              100 120 105
 ## 2 B
              140 115 NA
#scraping data from website
 library(rvest)
 ## Attaching package: 'rvest'
 ## The following object is masked from 'package:readr':
 ##
        guess_encoding
 webpage <- read_html("https://books.toscrape.com/")</pre>
 table <-html_elements(webpage, "body")</pre>
#API: Application Program Interface
 library(httr)
 library(jsonlite)
 # current data
 current_county_data_url <- "https://api.covidactnow.org/v2/counties.csv?apiKey=33382de96fd8441fb6c1eca82b3bd4ec"</pre>
 # historic data
 historic_county_data_url <-
 "https://api.covidactnow.org/v2/counties.timeseries.csv?apiKey=33382de96fd8441fb6c1eca82b3bd4ec"
 # individual location data
 individual_loc_data_url <-</pre>
 "https://api.covidactnow.org/v2/county/{state}.csv?apiKey=33382de96fd8441fb6c1eca82b3bd4ec"
#calling an API
 # historic data
 historic_county_data_url <-
 "https://api.covidactnow.org/v2/counties.timeseries.csv?apiKey=33382de96fd8441fb6c1eca82b3bd4ec"
 raw_data <- GET(historic_county_data_url)</pre>
 raw_data$status
 raw_data$content
 # individual location data
 individual_loc_data_url <-</pre>
 "https://api.covidactnow.org/v2/county/{49}.csv?apiKey=33382de96fd8441fb6c1eca82b3bd4ec"
 raw_data <- GET(individual_loc_data_url)</pre>
 raw_data$status
 raw_data$content
#challenge
 week <- billboard %>%
   pivot_longer(
     cols = starts_with("wk"),
     names_to = "wk",
     values_to = "value",
     values_drop_na = TRUE) %>%
     mutate(wk = parse_number(wk))
 week
 ## # A tibble: 5,307 × 5
                                       date.entered
       artist track
                                                       wk value
                                                     <dbl> <dbl>
       <chr>
               <chr>
                                       <date>
 ## 1 2 Pac Baby Don't Cry (Keep... 2000-02-26 1 87
               Baby Don't Cry (Keep... 2000-02-26 2 82
    2 2 Pac
 ## 3 2 Pac
              Baby Don't Cry (Keep... 2000-02-26 3 72
    4 2 Pac
               Baby Don't Cry (Keep... 2000-02-26 4 77
 ## 5 2 Pac Baby Don't Cry (Keep... 2000-02-26 5
                                                             87
    6 2 Pac Baby Don't Cry (Keep... 2000-02-26
                                                             94
 ## 7 2 Pac Baby Don't Cry (Keep... 2000-02-26
    8 2Ge+her The Hardest Part Of ... 2000-09-02
    9 2Ge+her The Hardest Part Of ... 2000-09-02
                                                             87
 ## 10 2Ge+her The Hardest Part Of ... 2000-09-02
                                                             92
 ## # i 5,297 more rows
 ggplot(week) +
   aes(x=wk,y=value, group = track) +
   geom_line() +
   theme_minimal()
   100
   75
   25
                              20
                                                                            60
                                             wk
 cms patient experience
 ## # A tibble: 500 × 5
       org_pac_id org_nm
                                                    measure_cd measure_title prf_rate
       <chr>
                  <chr>
                                                    <chr>
                                                               <chr>
                                                                                <dbl>
     1 0446157747 USC CARE MEDICAL GROUP INC
                                                    CAHPS_GRP... CAHPS for MI...
                                                                                   63
     2 0446157747 USC CARE MEDICAL GROUP INC
                                                    CAHPS_GRP... CAHPS for MI...
                                                                                   87
     3 0446157747 USC CARE MEDICAL GROUP INC
                                                                                   86
                                                    CAHPS_GRP... CAHPS for MI...
                                                                                   57
    4 0446157747 USC CARE MEDICAL GROUP INC
                                                    CAHPS_GRP... CAHPS for MI...
                                                    CAHPS_GRP... CAHPS for MI...
    5 0446157747 USC CARE MEDICAL GROUP INC
 ## 6 0446157747 USC CARE MEDICAL GROUP INC
                                                   CAHPS_GRP... CAHPS for MI...
                                                                                   24
    7 0446162697 ASSOCIATION OF UNIVERSITY PHYSI... CAHPS_GRP... CAHPS for MI...
                                                                                   59
 ## 8 0446162697 ASSOCIATION OF UNIVERSITY PHYSI... CAHPS_GRP... CAHPS for MI...
                                                                                   85
 ## 9 0446162697 ASSOCIATION OF UNIVERSITY PHYSI... CAHPS_GRP... CAHPS for MI...
                                                                                   83
 ## 10 0446162697 ASSOCIATION OF UNIVERSITY PHYSI... CAHPS_GRP... CAHPS for MI...
                                                                                   63
 ## # i 490 more rows
 cms_patient_experience %>%
 pivot_wider(names_from = "measure_cd",
               values_from ="prf_rate",
             id_cols = starts_with("org"))
 ## # A tibble: 95 × 8
       org_pac_id org_nm CAHPS_GRP_1 CAHPS_GRP_2 CAHPS_GRP_3 CAHPS_GRP_5 CAHPS_GRP_8
                                            <dbl>
                                                                    <dbl>
       <chr>
                  <chr>
                               <dbl>
                                                        <dbl>
                                                                                <dbl>
    1 0446157747 USC C...
                                              87
                                                                       57
                                                                                   85
    2 0446162697 ASSOC...
                                                                       63
                                                                                   88
    3 0547164295 BEAVE...
                                              NA
                                                                                   73
```

## 4 0749333730 CAPE ...

## 6 0840109864 REX H...

## 8 0941545784 GRITM...

## 10 1254237779 OUR L...

## # i 85 more rows

5 0840104360 ALLIA...

7 0840513552 SCL H...

9 1052612785 COMMU...

## # i 1 more variable: CAHPS\_GRP\_12 <dbl>

82

91

78

NA

65

64

67