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# Data Visualization for Twitter Sentiment Analysis by Denali

# OUTLINE:

- Background
- Data source
- Denali Introduction
- Experiments Setup and Results
- Conclusion



- **Twitter sentiment analysis on political opinions**
- **3 sentiment polarities**
  - Positive
  - Negative
  - Neutral
- **Feature extraction and sentiment score computation**
- **Represent tweet as a sparse feature vector**
- **3-paralleled DNN architecture**
- **High dimensional data**
  - Feature vectors
  - Parameter space



- **Raw Twitter Data**

- A labeled data set with 1,288 tweets from Kaggle
- Donald Trump

Tweets	Sentiment	Sentiment Confidence
@JGreenDC @realDonaldTrump In all fairness #BillClinton owns that phrase.#GOPDebate	Negative	0.6332
@MsPackyetti: Donald Trump's campaign reveals 1 important thing: Twitter Trolls are real people.	Positive	0.6957

*Table 1 Example for Labeled Data*



- **Representing Feature Vector in Feature Space**
  - Features collection induce a feature space
  - Take the # of occurrence into account
  - Embed text sample as feature vector
  - Sparse feature vector with dimension of 3198

Tweets	“RT@TrumpIssues #GOPDebate #2016Debate elect Trump, elect Trump! Only he and @SarahPalinUSA can save America!”										
Feature	...	america	...	elect	...	gopdebate	...	save	...	trump	...
#Occurrence		1	0	2	0	1	0	1	0	2	0

*Table 2 Example for Feature Vectors*

- **Parameter Space induced from a 3-Parallel-DNN Architecture**
  - Different # epochs give different configurations of the architecture

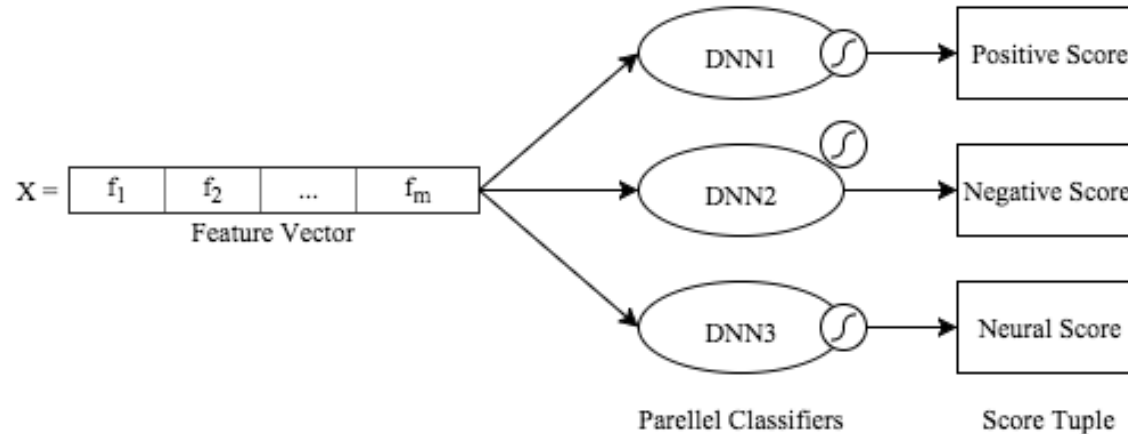
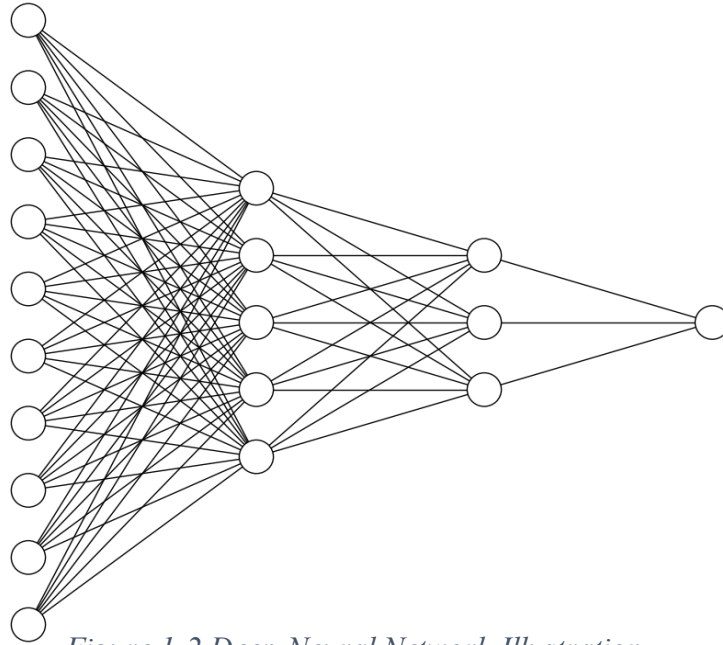


Figure 1-1 3-Parallel-DNN Architecture

- **2 hidden layer DNN: (3198,100), (100, 50)**
- **$3 \times (3199 * 100 + 101 * 50 + 51) = 3 \times 325001 = 975003$**



*Figure 1-2 Deep Neural Network Illustration*



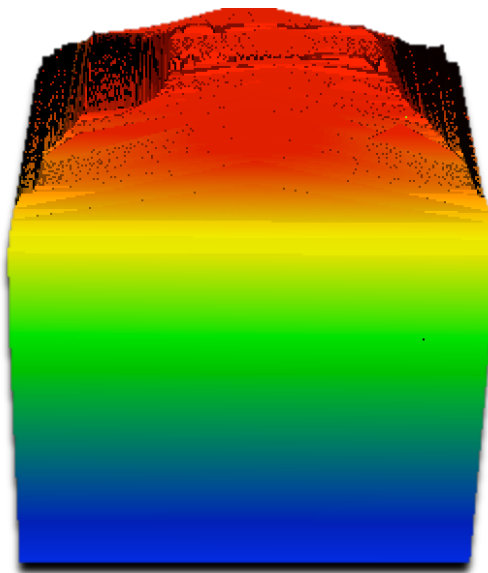
- **A tool for visualizing trees as landscape metaphors**
- **Two requisites for the data**
  - Tree structure extractable, usually hierarchical
  - Scalar function defined on it
- **Two common approaches to extract tree structure**
  - Hierarchical Clustering Tree
  - Contour Tree







- **Visualizing Contour Tree Extracted from Feature Vectors**
  - A topological space  $X$  and function  $f: X \rightarrow R$
  - $X$  is 1,288 feature vectors of dimension 3198
  - $f$  is the variance for the score of 3 sentiment polarities
  - Sentiment score range is  $[0, 1]$
  - Scalar function range is  $[0.0042, 0.2222]$



*Figure 2 Contour Tree Extracted from Feature Vectors*



- **Visualizing Hierarchical Clustering Tree Extracted from Feature Vectors**
  - Applying average linkage clustering algorithm
  - A hierarchical clustering tree is extracted base on the dissimilarity between feature vectors
  - Born with scalar function defined (the distance where merges)

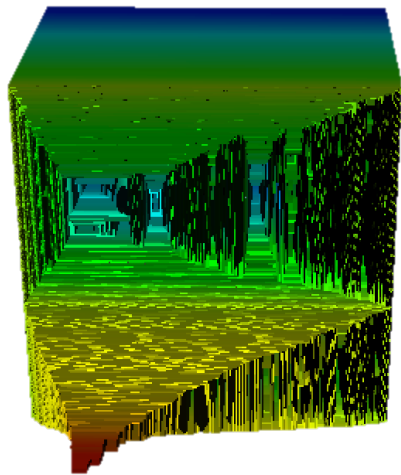


Figure 3 HCT (Euclidean)

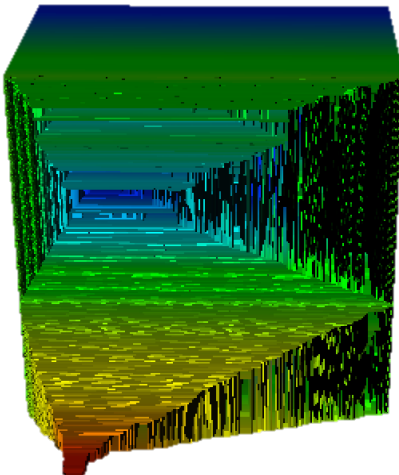


Figure 4 HCT (Manhattan)

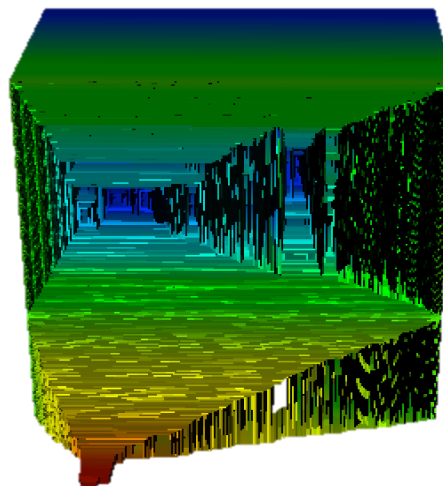


Figure 5 HCT (Hamming)

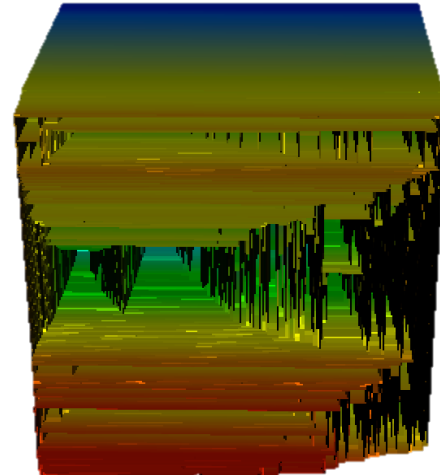


Figure 6 HCT (Cosine)

- **Visualizing the parameter space induced by 3-parallel-DNN Architecture**

- The cost function is defined on the parameter space
- Show overfitting and underfitting
- Testing error as scalar value
- Training error as color map

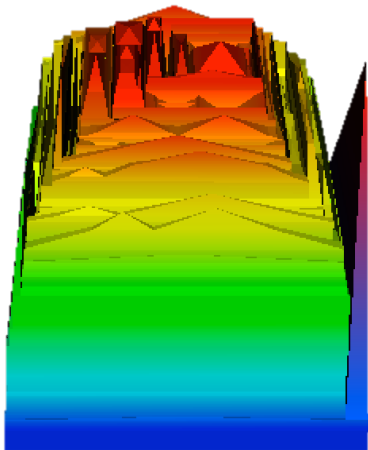


Fig 7 Contour Tree for Testing Error

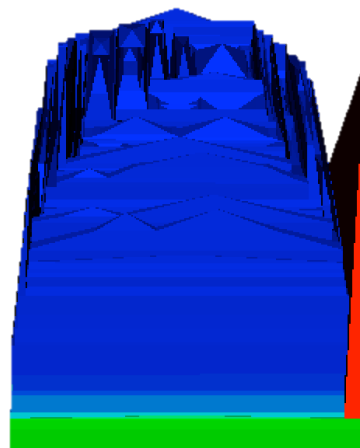
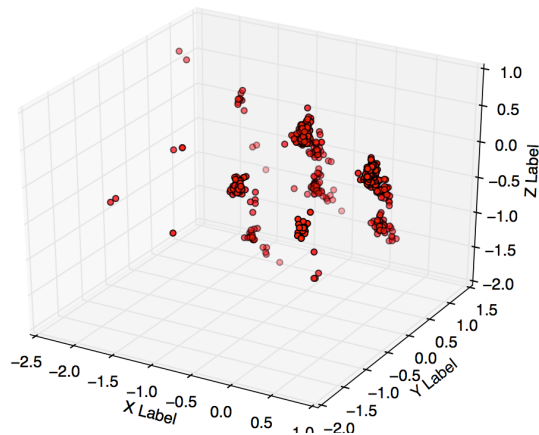
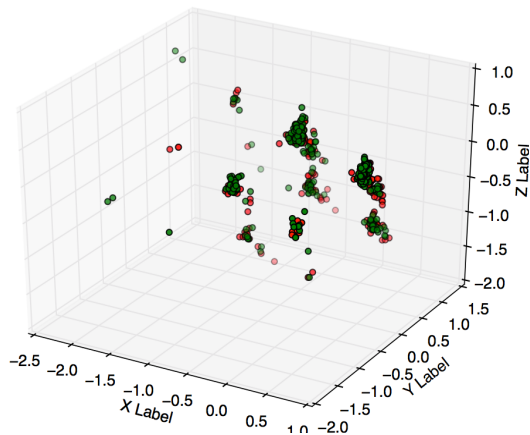


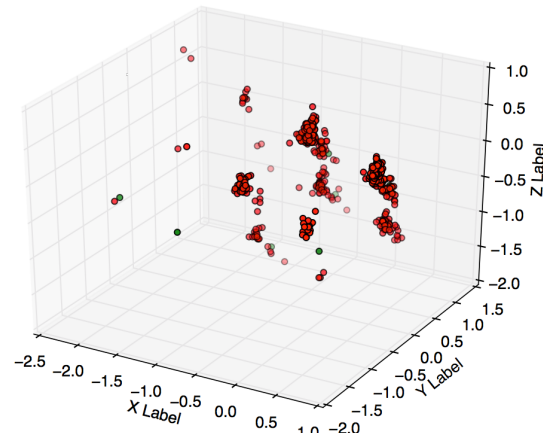
Fig 8 Configured with Color Map for Training Error



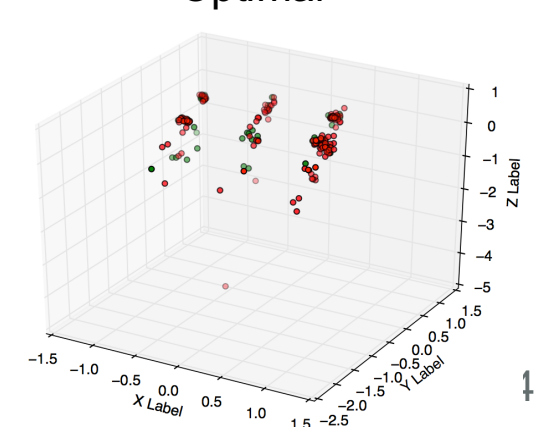
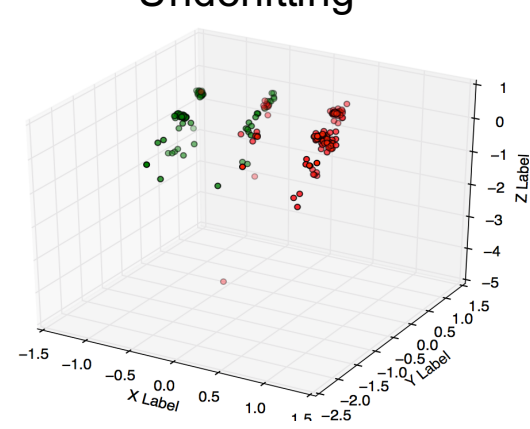
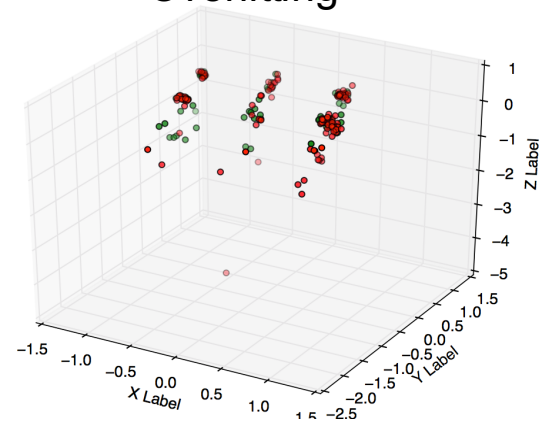
Overfitting



Underfitting



Optimal





## CONCLUSION:

- Visualize high dimensional data by Denali
- Hierarchical structure tree
- Contour tree
- Hierarchical clustering tree



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Q & A