```
@Done
(a
@ Display.s
@ Description: Contains code for controlling the display component of
@ the EE52 VoIP Project
@ Table of Contents:
@
   - display init: Call to initialize the shared variables and peripherals
                   for interfacing with the C12832 Display
@
   - display memory addr: Displays the passed memory address on display
   - display IP: Displays the passed IP address on display
(a
   - display_status: Displays the passed status on display
@
   - redraw: Redraws the display buffer
@
   - queueDisplayCommand: Queues a command to send to the display
@
   - setBacklight: Sets the backlight on or off
   - displayHandler: Handles setting up display DMA stream and also
@
                     sending commands to display
(a
@
@ Revision History:
                                       Date
@ Name
              Comment
@ Will Werst
               Initial version
                                      Some lonely night around 6/10/17
@ Will Werst
               Comment
                                      October 2017
.include
           "macro.inc"
.include
           "display.inc"
           "pio.inc"
.include
          "at91rm9200.inc"
.include
           "system.inc"
.include
           "interfac.inc"
.include
.arm
.text
@ display init
@ Description: Initializes the display
@ Operational Description: The PIO pins are initialized,
                          and then a series of commands
                          are queued up to initialize the
@
                          display. Then, the display handler
@
                          is installed and kickstarted by starting
(a
                          the display output DMA engine.
@
@ Arguments: None
@ Return values: None
@ Local variables: None
 Shared variables: None
@
@ Global Variables: None
@
 Inputs: None
@ Outputs: None
@ Error Handling: None
@ Algorithms: None
```

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@ Data Structures: None
(a
@ Limitations: None
(a
@ Registers Changed (besides ARM convention r0-r3): None
@ Known Bugs: None
@
@ Special notes: None
@ Revision History:
@ Name
                   Comment
@ Will Werst
                    Initial version
                                         Some lonely night around 6/10/17
.global display init
display init:
    mSTARTFNC
    @First, initialize the PIO pins
    mSET HREG PMC PCER, (1 << 13)
           r0, =(0xE)
    LDR
                                @MOSI, SPCK, NPCS0
            r1, =PIO A
    LDR
            r2, = (PIO PERA | PIO OUTPUT)
    LDR
    ВL
            configPIOPin
            r0, =(1 << DISP A0) | (1 << DISP BCKLIGHT) | (1 << DISP RST)
    LDR
    LDR
            r1, =PIO A
    LDR
            r2, = (PIO NORM | PIO OUTPUT)
    BL
            configPIOPin
    mSET HREG PIOA CODR,
                            (1 << DISP RST) @Reset display
    @Need to wait for the display to reset, this loop
    @introduces a delay to allow the display to reset
    LDR r0, =0xFFFF
count:
    SUB r0, #1
    CMP r0, #0
    BNE count
    @Done with delay
    mSET HREG PIOA SODR,
                            (1 << DISP RST) @Stop reset signal to display
    @Set backlight on
    LDR
           r0, =TRUE
            setBacklight
    @Enqueue all of the commands for initializing display now
    LDR
          r0, =NHD RESET
            queueDisplayCommand
    _{\mathrm{BL}}
                r0, =NHD ON
    @ LDR
            queueDisplayCommand
    @BL
    @LDR
                r0, =0x2F
    @BL
            queueDisplayCommand
    @LDR
                r0, =0x26
    @BL
            queueDisplayCommand
                r0, =NHD RMW
    @LDR
    @BL
            queueDisplayCommand
    @LDR
               r0, =0xA4
    @BL
            queueDisplayCommand
               r0, =0x81
    @LDR
    @BL
            queueDisplayCommand
               r0, =0x2F
    @LDR
    @BL
            queueDisplayCommand
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r0, =0xAE
    _{
m BL}
            queueDisplayCommand
    LDR
            r0, =0xA2
    BL
            queueDisplayCommand
    LDR
            r0, =0xA0
            queueDisplayCommand
            r0, =0xC8
    LDR
    BL
            queueDisplayCommand
    LDR
            r0, =0x22
    BL
            queueDisplayCommand
            r0, =0x2F
    LDR
    BT.
            queueDisplayCommand
    LDR
            r0, =0x40
    BL
            queueDisplayCommand
    LDR
            r0, =0xAF
            queueDisplayCommand
    BL
            r0, =0x81
    LDR
    BL
            queueDisplayCommand
            r0, =0x17
    LDR
    BL
            queueDisplayCommand
            r0, =0xA6
    LDR
    _{\mathrm{BL}}
            queueDisplayCommand
    @Setup SPI
    mSET HREG
                SPI CR, SPI CR RESET
    mSET HREG
                SPI MR, SPI MR VAL
    mSET HREG
                SPI CSRO, SPI CSRO VAL
    @Install interrupt for when DMA finished to display
              AIC_SVR13, displayHandler
    mSET HREG
    mSET HREG
                AIC SMR13, AIC SMR13 VAL
    mSET HREG
              AIC_IECR, (1 << 13)
    @Finish setting up SPI and enable DMA interrupt
                SPI CR, SPI CR EN
    mSET HREG
                SPI PTCR,
    mSET HREG
                           SPI DMA ENABLE @Enable the DMA controller
    mSET HREG
                SPI IER, SPI IER VAL
    mRETURNFNC
@ display memory addr
 Description: Displays the passed memory address on the display.
 Operational Description: registers 4-7 are pushed to stack so they
                           can be used. The string is composed by looking
                           up each character in a hexToAscii table.
                           After the string is finished being written,
                           the buffers are redrawn using the redraw
                            function, and then the method returns.
                            The display is redrawn the next time the DMA
                            engine writes the buffer to the display
 Arguments: r0 - unsigned int of address to display
@ Return values: None
@ Local variables: None
@ Shared variables: TextMessageR2[W] - The message displayed on 2nd line
                                        is replaced with the memory address
```

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string representation generated
@
                                       by this function.
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@ Global Variables: None
(a
@ Inputs: None
@ Outputs: None
@ Error Handling: None
@ Algorithms: None
@ Data Structures: None
@ Limitations: None
@ Registers Changed (besides ARM convention r0-r3): None
@
@ Known Bugs: None
@
@ Special notes: None
@ Revision History:
0 Name
                  Comment
                                         Date
@ Will Werst
                                        Some lonely night around 6/10/17
                   Initial version
.global display memory addr
display memory addr:
   mSTARTFNC
   PUSH
           \{r4-r7\}
   LDR r5, =TextMessageR2
                                    @String to write to
   LDR r6, =0
                                    @ASCII string position
   MOV r7, r0
                                    @Store memory address to use later
   @Get tens digit
   LDR r1, =10
   MOV r0, r7
   BL divide
   LDR r1, =hexToASCII
          r0, [r1, r0]
   LDRB
           r0, [r5, r6]
   STRB
           r6, #1
   ADD
   @Remove tens digit value from memory address
   LDR r1, =10
   MOV r0, r7
   BL mod
   MOV r7, r0
                                    @r7 now contains original address with tens digit 0
   @Get ones digit
   LDR r1, =hexToASCII
   LDRB
          r0, [r1, r0]
   STRB
           r0, [r5, r6]
          r6, #1
   ADD
   @Add null termination to string
   LDRB r0, =ASCII NULL
   STRB
           r0, [r5, r6]
   BL redraw
                                     @Redraw the buffer
   POP {r4-r7}
```

```
mRETURNFNC
@ display IP
@
@ Description:
 Operational Description: registers 4-7 are pushed to stack so they
                            can be used. The octets are then extracted from
@
                            the input IP address to be displayed, and each
@
                            octet is pushed to the stack. Then, each octet
@
                            is popped off the stack in a loop and added to
@
                            the 2nd row on display string.
                            Finally, the redraw method is used to update
(a
                            the display buffers.
@
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 Arguments: None
@ Return values: None
@ Local variables: None
@
@ Shared variables: TextMessageR2[W] - The message displayed on 2nd line
                                         is replaced with the IP address
@
                                         string representation generated
(a
                                         by this function.
@
@ Global Variables: None
@
 Inputs: None
@
@
 Outputs: None
@
 Error Handling: None
 Algorithms: None
@
@
 Data Structures: None
@
@ Limitations: None
\ensuremath{\text{@}} Registers Changed (besides ARM convention r0-r3): None
@
@ Known Bugs: None
@ Special notes: None
@ Revision History:
0 Name
                   Comment
                                          Date
@ Will Werst
                    Initial version
                                          Some lonely night around 6/10/17
.global display_IP
display IP:
    mSTARTFNC
    PUSH {r4-r7}
    @Get 4th octet
    AND r1, r0, \#0xFF
    LSR r0, #8
    PUSH {r1}
    @Get 3rd octet
    AND r1, r0, #0xFF
    LSR r0, #8
    PUSH {r1}
    @Get 2nd octet
```

```
AND r1, r0, #0xFF
   LSR r0, #8
   PUSH {r1}
   @Get 1st octet
   AND r1, r0, #0xFF
   LSR r0, #8
   PUSH {r1}
   LDR r4, =NUM OCTETS IP
   LDR r5, =TextMessageR2
                                    @String to write to
   LDR r6, =0
                                    @ASCII string position
OctetToASCII:
   POP {r0}
                                    @Get next octet
   MOV r7, r0
                                    @Store octet so can operate on it and recover later
   @Get hundreds digit
   LDR r1, =100
   MOV r0, r7
   BL divide
   LDR r1, =hexToASCII
          r0, [r1, r0]
   LDRB
   STRB
          r0, [r5, r6]
   ADD
           r6, #1
   @Remove hundreds digit value from octet
   LDR r1, =100
   MOV r0, r7
   BL mod
   MOV r7, r0
                                    @r7 now contains original octet with hundreds digit 0
   @Get tens digit
   LDR r1, =10
   MOV r0, r7
   BL divide
   LDR r1, =hexToASCII
   LDRB r0, [r1, r0]
   STRB
          r0, [r5, r6]
          r6, #1
   ADD
   @Remove tens digit value from octet
   LDR r1, =10
   MOV r0, r7
   BL mod
   MOV r7, r0
                                    @r7 now contains original octet with hundreds and tens
   digit 0
   @Get ones digit
   LDR r1, =hexToASCII
         r0, [r1, r0]
   LDRB
   STRB
          r0, [r5, r6]
          r6, #1
   ADD
    @Add '.' character to terminate string
         r0, =ASCII DOT
   STRB
          r0, [r5, r6]
   ADD
          r6, #1
   SUB r4, #1
   CMP r4, #0
   BHI OctetToASCII
   @Add null termination to string
         r0, =ASCII NULL
   LDRB
           r6, #1
   SUB
                                    @Left a '.' character at end, will overwrite with null.
```

```
STRB
            r0, [r5, r6]
   BL redraw
   POP {r4-r7}
   mRETURNFNC
 display status
 Description: Displays the passed display status
 Operational Description: The string corresponding to the passed display status
@
@
                           is looked up and rendered to the display buffer. If
@
                           the status is STATUS IDLE, the rest of the display
@
                           is cleared.
@
 Arguments: r0 - status to display
@ Return values: None
(a
@ Local variables: None
@ Shared variables: TextMessageR1[W] - The message displayed on 1nd line
@
                                       is replaced with the status
@
                                        string representation generated
@
                                       by this function.
@ Global Variables: None
@ Inputs: None
@ Outputs: None
@
 Error Handling: None
@ Algorithms: None
@ Data Structures: None
@ Limitations: None
@ Registers Changed (besides ARM convention r0-r3): None
@ Known Bugs: None
@
@ Special notes: None
@ Revision History:
@ Name
                   Comment
@ Will Werst
                   Initial version
                                        Some lonely night around 6/10/17
.global display status
display status:
   mSTARTFNC
   CMP
           r0, #STATUS IDLE
                                        @Check if status is idle
            r1, =TextMessageR2
                                        @And if so, clear the display
   LDREQ
             r2, =ASCII NULL
   LDREQ
   @Clear the 2nd row of display
   STREQB
           r2, [r1]
   @Load the status message to TextMessageR1
            r1, =StatusMessages
            r1, [r1, r0, LSL #2]
   mSTOREFROMREG r1, r0, TextMessageR1
```

```
@Redraw the display
    BL redraw
    mRETURNFNC
@ redraw
 Description: The display buffer is redrawn. Call
               after changing TextMessageR1 or TextMessageR2.
 Operational Description: The display is cleared using the clear displaybuffer
                           C method in displayrenderer.c. Then, the 1st and 2nd
(a
                           row are rendered using the render displaybuffer
@
                           C method in displayrenderer.c
@
 Arguments: None
@ Return values: None
@ Local variables: None
@ Shared variables: None
@ Global Variables: None
@
@ Inputs: None
@ Outputs: None
@ Error Handling: None
@
 Algorithms: None
 Data Structures: None
@ Limitations: None
 Registers Changed (besides ARM convention r0-r3): None
@ Known Bugs: None
@ Special notes: None
@ Revision History:
@ Name
                 Comment
                                         Date
@ Will Werst
                   Initial version
                                         Some lonely night around 6/10/17
.global redraw
redraw:
   mSTARTFNC
    LDR r0, =DispBuffer
    LDR r1, = (NUM COLS*NUM PAGES)
    BL clear displaybuffer
    LDR r0, =TextMessageR1
    LDR r0, [r0]
    LDR r1, =DispBuffer
    LDR r2, =NUM COLS
    BL render displaybuffer
    LDR r0, =TextMessageR2
    LDR r1, = (DispBuffer+NUM COLS)
    LDR r2, =NUM COLS
    BL render displaybuffer
```

sDCEndCritCode:

```
mRETURNFNC
@ queueDisplayCommand
@ Description: queues the command passed in r0 to be sent to the display.
@ Operational Description: Interrupts are disabled since this accesses
                            the command queue which is also accessed in
@
                            the displayHandler. The command is enqueued if
@
                            there is space. If the command was enqueued
                            successfully, the method exits with TRUE, else FALSE.
 Arguments: r0 - command to send over SPI
 Return values: r0 - TRUE if added successfully, FALSE if not added.
@ Local variables: None
@ Shared variables: CommandQueueSize[RW] - read to check queue size,
                                            and incremented after adding queue element.
                    \label{eq:local_problem} \mbox{ActiveCommandQueue[W] - command is enqueued.}
@ Global Variables: None
(a
@ Inputs: None
@ Outputs: None
@ Error Handling: If queue is full, the method exits with FALSE
@
 Algorithms: None
 Data Structures: Queue
@ Limitations: None known
 Registers Changed (other than r0-r3): None
@ Known Bugs: None known
@ Special notes: None
@ Revision History:
@ Name
                  Comment
                                         Date
                                         6/22/2017
@ Will Werst
                    Initial version
queueDisplayCommand:
   mSTARTFNC
                                         @Enter critical code, r7 used by this macro
   mSTARTCRITCODE
   mLOADTOREG r1, CommandQueueSize
    CMP r1, #COM QUEUE LENGTH
    BLO addCommandToQ
    @B CommandQFull
CommandQFull:
    LDR r0, =FALSE
       sDCEndCritCode
addCommandToQ:
    LDR r2, =ActiveCommandQueue
                                         @Load pointer to activeCommandQueue
    LDR r2, [r2]
                                         @Load the queue pointed to by activeCommandQueue
    STRB r0, [r2,r1]
    ADD r1, #1
    mSTOREFROMREG r1, r0, CommandQueueSize
    LDR r0, =TRUE
```

```
mENDCRITCODE
                                        @Exit critical code, r7 used by this macro
   MRETURNFNC
@ setBacklight
 Description: Enables or disables the backlight.
@ Operational Description: The backlight is set on or off.
@
 Arguments: r0 - TRUE if backlight should be enabled, otherwise backlight disabled.
 Return values: None
@ Local variables: None
@ Shared variables: None
@ Global Variables: None
@ Inputs: None
@
@ Outputs: Backlight of display
@ Error Handling: None
(a
@ Algorithms: None
@ Data Structures: None
@ Limitations: None known
@ Registers Changed (besides r0-r3): None
@ Known Bugs: None known
@ Special notes: None
@ Revision History:
@ Name
                   Comment
                                       6/22/2017
@ Will Werst
                   Initial version
setBacklight:
   mSTARTFNC
           r0, #TRUE
                                @Check which action to take
    CMP
    BEQ
            backlight0n
                                @if true, enable backlight
   BNE
           backlightOff
                                @else, disable backlight
backlightOn:
   mSET HREG
              PIOA SODR,
                            (1 << DISP BCKLIGHT)
            endSetBacklight
backlightOff:
              PIOA CODR, (1 << DISP BCKLIGHT)
    mSET HREG
            endSetBacklight
endSetBacklight:
   mRETURNFNC
@ displayHandler
@ Description: Handles sending commands to the display
@ Operational Description: This interrupt routine handles a state machine that
                            updates the display. This state machine has two
@
                            states: Commands, and Data. The different states
@
                            are handled as follows:
                            Commands: The ActiveCommandQueue is switched to the other queue.
```

```
The command to
                                         switch to the next page of data is enqueued if possible.
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                                         If there is space for this command, then the state
transitions
                                         to Data next, and the current page is updated to the
next page, else the state stays at Commands.
                                         The display is transitioned to command mode (DISP A0
pin is set to 0 in PIO). Then, the DMA controller
                                         is set to transmit all commands in the now-inactive
command queue.
                            Data: The DMA controller is setup to transmit the next page of data
from DispBuffer.
(a
@
@ Arguments: None
@ Return values: None
@ Local variables: None
@ Shared variables: ActiveCommandQueue[RW] - Read from to send commands, and toggled back and
forth between
                                              queue 1 and queue 2.
(a
(a
                    displayHandlerState[RW] - Checked to determine whether sending data or
commands.
                    displayCurPage[RW] - Checked to determine which page in display buffer to
send next.
                    displayBuffer[R] - Data is read from here to send to display
@ Global Variables: None
 Inputs: None
 Outputs: SPI to display
@
@ Error Handling: None
@ Algorithms: None
@ Data Structures: Queues
(d
@ Limitations: None
@ Registers Changed: None
(a
@ Known Bugs: None known
(a
@ Special notes: None
@ Revision History:
                   Comment
                                        Date
@ Name
@ Will Werst
                                       6/22/2017
                   Initial version
displayHandler:
    mSTARTINT
                            SPI DMA DISABLE @Disable the DMA controller
    mSET HREG
               SPI PTCR,
   mSET HREG
              SPI CR, SPI CR DIS
waitSPIDIS:
   mLOADTOREG r0, SPI SR
    TST r0, #0x10000
    BNE waitSPIDIS
    mLOADTOREG r0, displayHandlerState
    CMP r0, #STATE COMMANDS
    BEQ stateCommand
```

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CMP r0, #STATE DATA
   BEQ stateData
   B endDisplayHandler
                                            @Should never hit this state
stateCommand:
   LDR r0, = (NHD COLL PREF | 0x0)
   BL queueDisplayCommand
   LDR r0, = (NHD COLU PREF | 0x0)
   BL queueDisplayCommand
   mLOADTOREG r0, displayCurPage
                                           @Add the page address set command
   ORR r0, r0, #NHD_PAGE_PREF
   BL queueDisplayCommand
   CMP r0, #TRUE
                                            @Check if command added
   LDREQ r0, =STATE DATA
                                            @If it was, transition states
   LDREQ r1, =displayHandlerState
                                           @Else, the state is left as STATE COMMANDS
   STREQ r0, [r1]
   LDR r0, =ActiveCommandQueue
                                           @Load the address of activeCommandQueue pointer
   LDR r1, [r0]
                                           @Dereference activeCommandQueue to get
                                            Opointer to active queue's start.
   PUSH {r1}
                                            @Save pointer to current active queue for later.
                                           @Load pointer to CommandQeueu1 to
   LDR r2, =CommandQueue1
                                           @compare to active command queue
   CMP r1, r2
                                           @Compare the queues
   LDREQ r2, =CommandQueue2
                                            @If active queue is 1, switch to queue 2.
                                            @Else, queue 2 is active and want to switch to
                                            queue 1
   STR
          r2, [r0]
                                            @switch to the new queue
   @Setup DMA for sending commands
   mSET HREG PIOA CODR, (1 << DISP A0) @Clear A0 (sending commands)
   POP {r1}
                                           @Get the queue of commands to send
   mSTOREFROMREG r1, r0, SPI TPR
                                        @Set pointer to now inactive command queue
   mLOADTOREG r1, CommandQueueSize
                                            @Set count of bytes to send to command queue size
   mSTOREFROMREG
                  r1, r0, SPI TCR
   LDR r1, =CommandQueueSize
                                           Oclear command queue size since now using different
   queue
   LDR r0, =0
   STR r0, [r1]
      endDisplayHandler
stateData:
   @Setup DMA for sending data
   mSET HREG PIOA SODR, (1 << DISP A0) @Set A0 (sending data)
   mLOADTOREG r0, displayCurPage
                                           @Calculate the pointer to the current
                                            @buffer page
   LDR r1, =NUM_COLS
   MUL r0, r0, r1
   LDR r1, =DispBuffer
   ADD r0, r0, r1
   mSTOREFROMREG
                                           @Set pointer to display buffer
                   r0, r2, SPI TPR
   LDR r1, =NUM COLS
   mSTOREFROMREG r1, r2, SPI TCR
                                           @Set length of DMA
   LDR r0, =STATE COMMANDS
                                            @Transition states
   LDR r1, =displayHandlerState
   STR r0, [r1]
   mLOADTOREG r0, displayCurPage
                                           @Calculate the pointer to the current
                                            @buffer page
   ADD r0, #1
   CMP r0, #NUM PAGES
   LDREQ r0, =0
   mSTOREFROMREG
                   r0, r1, displayCurPage
   @B endDisplayHandler
endDisplayHandler:
   mSET HREG SPI_CR, SPI_CR_EN
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mSET HREG
                SPI PTCR,
                             SPI DMA ENABLE @Enable the DMA controller
    mRETURNINT
.data
.balign 4
@Pointer to null-terminated ASCII string
displayHandlerState:
    .word STATE_COMMANDS
displayUpdated:
    .word TRUE
displayCurPage:
    .word 0
hexToASCII:
                             @Table to map hex bytes to ASCII characters
    .byte
            0x30
    .byte
            0x31
    .byte
            0x32
            0x33
    .byte
            0x34
    .byte
    .byte
            0x35
    .byte
            0x36
    .byte
            0x37
            0x38
    .byte
          0x39
    .byte
          0 \times 41
    .byte
    .byte
          0x42
    .byte
           0x43
    .byte
            0 \times 44
    .byte 0x45
            0x46
    .byte
.balign 4
TextMessageR1:
    .word
            St IDLE MES
TextMessageR2:
                             @Max 21 characters on display plus null termination
    .skip
           22
.balign 4
StatusMessages:
           St IDLE MES
    .word
            St OFFHOOK MES
    .word
            St RINGING MES
    .word
            St CONNECTING MES
    .word
            St CONNECTED MES
    .word
    .word
            St_SET_IP_MES
            St_SET_SUBNET_MES
    .word
            St SET GATEWAY MES
    .word
            St MEM SAVE MES
    .word
    .word
            St MEM RECALL MES
            St RECALLED MES
    .word
    .word
            St ILLEGAL MES
St IDLE MES:
    .asciz "Idle"
St OFFHOOK MES:
    .asciz "Off Hook"
St RINGING MES:
    .asciz "Ringing"
St CONNECTING MES:
    .asciz "Connecting"
St CONNECTED MES:
           "Connected"
    .asciz
St SET IP MES:
    .asciz "Set IP"
St SET SUBNET MES:
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```
"Set Subnet"
    .asciz
St_SET_GATEWAY_MES:
    .asciz "Set Gateway"
St MEM SAVE MES:
    .asciz "Memory Save"
St MEM RECALL MES:
   .asciz "Memory Recall"
St RECALLED MES:
    .asciz "Recalled Message"
St ILLEGAL MES:
    .asciz "Illegal Message"
CommandQueueSize:
    .word 0x00000000
ActiveCommandQueue:
    .word CommandQueue1
CommandQueue1:
    .skip (COM_QUEUE_LENGTH)
CommandQueue2:
    .skip
            (COM_QUEUE_LENGTH)
DispBuffer:
   .skip (NUM_COLS*NUM_PAGES)
.balign 4
.end
```