

阅读理解 2

Passage 4

Do you still get free plastic bags from the supermarkets? Things have changed. China has banned free plastic bags at shops and supermarkets, and people have to pay for using plastic bags. The rule started on June 1. It came because our country tried to make litter less. Making super — thin plastic bags has also been banned.

The Chinese once used about 3,000,000,000 plastic shopping bags a day, and they have caused pollution of the environment. The bags have become a main cause of plastic pollution because they are not easy to break and people throw them away here and there. So the Chinese people are encouraged to bring their own bags for shopping.

What kind of shopping bag is the best to bring? Some students in Chongqing have a good idea. They make their own shopping bags. They use old clothes to make cloth bags, and send them to their parents as presents. They also ask their parents and friends to use cloth bags instead of plastic ones. They think it is their duty to protect the environment.

你现在还能从超市里获取免费的塑料袋吗？这种现象已经改变。

中国已经在商店和超市里禁止使用免费的塑料袋，消费者需要自己出钱购买。这项规定从 2005 年 6 月 7 日正式实施。它说明我们国家正在为减少垃圾而努力。制造超薄的塑料袋也是被禁止的。

中国人曾经每天消耗 5 亿个塑料购物袋，它们已经对环境造成了污染。塑料购物袋已经成为引起白色污染的主要因素，因为它们很容易破裂，而且人们总是把它们扔的到处都是。所以中国人被鼓励在购物时使用自己携带的袋子。

到底什么样的购物袋是最好的呢？重庆的一些学生有了一个好主意。他们用旧衣服来制作布袋子，并把它们作为礼物赠送给自己的父母。

他们也要求他们的父母和朋友来使用布袋子，代替塑料袋。他们认为保护环境是他们的责任。

1. People in China have to pay for using plastic bags at shops and supermarkets now. 中国人现在在商店和超级市场使用塑料袋需要支付费用。

A : T B : F

答案：A

知识点：细节理解题。

解析：由文章的第一段 China has banned free plastic bags at shops and supermarkets, and people have to pay for using plastic bags. 可知题干陈述正确。注意句中的 ban 是动词，意为“禁止”。

解题方法：通过题干的陈述到文章找到相应细节，作出判断。

2. China made this rule because plastic bags were bad for the environment. 因为塑料袋对环境的不利，所以中国制造了这条规则。

A : T B : F

答案：A

知识点：推理判断题

解析：从文章的第二段可以知道答案。塑料袋给环境带来很大污染，因此中国制定了这条规定。

解题方法：通过阅读文章的细节，作出简单的推理即可得出答案。

3. The Chinese people are encouraged to bring their own bags for shopping.

中国鼓励人们自备购物袋. A : T B : F

答案：A

知识点：细节理解题

解析：通过此句 So the Chinese people are encouraged to bring their own bags for shopping.可以得出答案。注意句中的 encourage 是动词，意为“鼓励”。

解题方法：通过题干的陈述到文章找到相应细节，作出判断。

4. Some students in Chongqing buy cloth bags for their parents. 重庆的一些学生为他们的父母买布袋 A : T B : F

答案：B

知识点：细节理解题

解析：从文章 They make their own shopping bags. They use old clothes to make cloth bags, and send them to their parents as presents.可知学生们是自己做布袋，不是购买布袋，因此题干陈述错误。

解题方法：通过题干的陈述到文章找到相应细节，作出判断。

5. The main idea of the article is the bags have become a main cause of plastic pollution.这篇文章的主要观点是塑料袋已成为污染的主要原因。

A : T B : F

答案 : B

知识点 : 主旨大意题

解析 : 通过阅读全文可知文章主要介绍了限制塑料袋的使用这样规定的制定及其原因, 并提倡使用布袋。因此题干陈述是错误的。

解题方法 : 通过阅读文章 得出文章大意, 可以通过文章的开头, 结尾或或先归纳出各段内容得出文章的主旨。

KEY : AAABB

Passage 5

After having lived for over twenty years in the same district, Albert Hall was forced to move to a new neighborhood. He surprised his landlord by telling him that he was leaving because he could not afford to buy any more chocolate.

It all began a year ago when Albert returned home one evening and found a large dog in front of his gate. He was very fond of animals and as he happened to have a small piece of chocolate in his pocket, he gave it to the dog. The next day, the dog was there again. It held up its paws and received another piece of chocolate as a reward. Albert called his new friend "Bingo". He never found out the dog's real name, nor who his owner was. However, Bingo appeared regularly every afternoon and it was quite clear that he preferred chocolate to bones. He soon grew dissatisfied with small pieces of chocolate and demanded a large bar a

day. If at any time Albert neglected his duty, Bingo got very angry and refused to let him open the gate. Albert was now at Bingo's mercy and had to bribe him to get into his own house! He spent such a large part of his weekly wages to keep Bingo supplied with that in the end he had to move somewhere else..

在一个地方住了 20 多年的阿尔伯特被迫搬到一个新的社区 ,他告诉他的房东说 ,他离开是因为 他再也买不起巧克力。

这一切始于一年前 ,艾伯特有天晚上回家 ,发现一只大狗在他家门口。他很喜欢动物 ,碰巧 有一小块巧克力在他的口袋里 ,他给了大狗。第二天 ,狗再一次在那里 ,它举着爪子并收到另一 块巧克力作为奖励。艾伯特称他的新朋友“宾果”。他从来不知道狗的真实姓名 ,也不是他的主人 是谁。然而 ,宾果经常每天下午准时出现 ,它喜欢巧克力超过了骨头。很快就不满足小块巧克力 并要求更大的。如果在某时不能给它,宾果会非常生气 ,并拒绝让他打开家门。艾伯特现在是在宾果 的怜悯和贿赂下进入他的房子 !他花了一周工资的大部分来为宾果提供巧克力 ,最后他不得不搬到 别的地方去。

1. Albert lived therefore many years.艾伯特在那儿住了 许多年。

A. T B.F

答案 : B

知识点 : 细节理解题

解析 : 通过 After having lived for over twenty years in the same district, Albert Hall was forced to move to a new neighborhood.可知题干陈述错误。

解题方法 : 通过题干的陈述到文章找到相应细节 , 作出判断。

2. Albert was moving because he did not like the place.

艾伯特之所以搬家是因为不喜欢那个地方.

A : T B : F

答案 : B

知识点 : 细节理解题

解析 : 由 Albert Hall was forced to move to a new neighborhood.可知 Albert 是被迫搬家的。be forced to do 意为“被迫做某事”。通过阅读全文我们知道他搬离的原因。

解题方法 : 通过题干的陈述到文章找到相应细节, 作出判断。

3. Albert and the dog became friends a year ago. 一年前艾伯特与狗狗成为了朋友。

A : T B : F

答案 : A

知识点 : 细节理解题

解析 : It all began a year ago when...可知题干陈述正确。

解题方法 : 通过题干的陈述到文章找到相应细节, 作出判断。

4. The dog visited Albert every day because it wanted the chocolate.

那只狗每天拜访, 因为它想要艾伯特的巧克力了。

A : T B : F

答案 : A

知识点 : 细节理解题

解析：通过 However, Bingo appeared regularly every afternoon and it was quite clear that he preferred chocolate to bones...可知题干陈述正确。

解题方法：通过题干的陈述到文章找到相应细节，作出判断。

5. Albert "had to bribe him" means he had to take care of him.

艾伯特“曾向他行贿”的意思是他要照顾它。

A : T B : F

答案：B

知识点：词义理解题

解析：从文章的 Albert was now at Bingo's mercy and had to bribe him to get into his own house!可找到“had to bribe”所在的句子，我们可以通过前后文得知 Albert 每天要给狗巧克力吃才能进入他的房子，并不是照顾它。题干陈述错误。bribe 是动词，意为“贿赂”。

解题方法：词义理解题可以通过找到该词所在的句子，通过句意猜测词义，同时也可通过上下文理解词义。

KEY : BBAAB

Passage 6

No one is glad to hear that his body has to be cut open by a surgeon (外科医生) and part of it taken out. Today, however, we needn't worry about feeling of pain during the operation. The sick person falls into a kind of sleep, and when he awakes, the operation is finished. But these happy conditions are fairly new. It is not many years since a man who had to have an operation felt all his pain.

Long ago, operation had usually to be done while the sick man could feel everything. The sick man had to be held down on a table by force while the doctors did their best for him. He could feel all the pain if his leg or arm was being cut off, and his fearful cries filled the room and the hearts of those who watched.

Soon after 1770, Joseph Priestley discovered a gas which is now called "laughing gas". Laughing gas became known in America. Young men and women went to parties to try it. Most of them spent their time laughing, but one man at a party, Horace Wells, noticed that people didn't seem to feel pain when they were using this gas. He decided to make an experiment on himself. He asked a friend to help him.

Wells took some of the gas, and his friend pulled out one of Wells's teeth. Wells felt no pain at all. As he didn't know enough about laughing gas, he gave a man less gas than he should have. The man cried out with pain when his tooth was being pulled out.

Wells tried again, but this time he gave too much of the gas, and the man died. Wells never forgot this terrible event.

当一个人不得不被外科医生开刀从身体里取出一部分的时候谁也不会高兴。然而，今天我们不再害怕手术中的疼痛。病人会处于熟睡状态，当他醒来时，手术已经结束了。而且这些好的条件已经深受大众所信任。做手术可以不再忍受其中的痛苦，这种情况已经好多年了。

很久以前，手术的全过程病人都有知觉。当医生给病人治病时，他们总会被强制绑在板凳上。如果他的腿或者胳膊被拒掉，所有疼痛他都得忍受，他痛苦的哭声传遍了整个屋子，也刺痛着关心他的人们的心。

很快，1770 年以后，Joseph Priestley 发现了一种气体，这种气体现在被称为“笑气”。在美国，笑气被广泛流传。青年人们在参加聚会时尝试了笑气。大部分人都在笑，但是中有一个 人，Horace Wells,注意到当他们使用了笑气时，他们并没有显得痛苦。他决定在自己身上做个 实验。他叫了个朋友帮他。服了些笑气，他的朋友给他拔了一颗牙，一点也没有感到疼。由于他 对笑气的了解还不充分，他给一个人服用了比应该用的量少一些的笑气。当他给这个人拔牙时，他因为疼痛而大哭。又试了一次，但是这次他给这个人服用过量，他死了。永远都不能忘记这次恐怖的事件。

1. It is a few more years since a man being operated felt all the pain.

人们忍受手术的痛苦只延续了几年

A : T B : F

答案：B

知识点：细节理解题

解析：我们可以从这句 It is not many years since a man who had to have an operation felt all his pain.得到信息，not many years since 意为没有多少年，而题干中的 a few more years since 意为还要有几年，因此题干陈述错误。

解题方法：根据题干的信息到文章寻找相应的细节作出判断。

2. Long ago, when the sick man was operated on , he could feel all the pain.

很久以前，人们做手术时得忍受所有痛苦

A : T B : F

答案：A

知识点：细节理解题

解析：根据第二段的 Long ago, operation had usually to be done while the sick man could feel everything.可知题干陈述正确，题干的句子只是文中句子的一个变形。

解题方法：根据题干的信息到文章寻找相应的细节作出判断。

3. Using the laughing gas, the people did not seem to feel pain.

在用了 笑气后，人们显得没那么疼痛 了

A : T B : F

答案：A

知识点：细节理解题

解析：由文中的 Horace Wells, noticed that people didn't seem to feel pain when they were using this gas.可知题干陈述正确。

解题方法：根据题干的信息到文章寻找相应的细节作出判断。

4. If a man took less laughing gas than he should have when an operation went on, he still felt pain. 当一个人使用笑气量不足时，手术中仍然会感到疼痛 。

A : T B : F

答案：A

知识点：推理判断题

解析：文中给出了一个例子 he gave a man less gas than he should have. The man cried out with pain when his tooth was being pulled out.他在拔牙的时候给的笑气不够，当他给这个人拔牙时，他因为疼痛而大哭。由这个例子可以推理出题干陈述正确。

解题方法：从文章中的细节作出简单的归纳，判断出题干陈述是否正确。

5. One who took too much of the laughing gas would laugh all the time.

当人使用太多笑气时，他会一直笑

A： T B： F

答案：B

知识点：推理判断题

解析：文中通过这个例子说明 Wells tried again, but this time he gave too much of the gas, and the man died.使用笑气过量时，会有生命危险，题干陈述正确。

解题方法：从文章中的细节作出简单的归纳，判断出题干陈述是否正确。

KEY： BAAAB