

## 插入语的使用

1. 插入语常以副词(副词短语)、形容词(形容词短语)、介词短语、非谓语动词短语等形式出现

常见的副词及短语: indeed, surely, however, obviously, frankly, naturally, luckily/happily for sb, certainly

常见的形容词及短语: needless to say, most important of all

常见的介词短语: by the way, in a few words/in sum/in short, in other words, in general, in one's opinion/judgment, in fact, of course, in the first place, to one's knowledge/surprise/regret/satisfaction/mind/joy/disappointed...

常见的现在分词短语: strictly, generally, honestly, personally, exactly, physically, speaking/judging from/by

常见的动词不定式短语: to be sure, to sum up, to tell the truth, to be honest, to be short, to conclude, to put it briefly, to put it in another way, to begin/start with

2. 插入语为简短的、具有完整意义的句子。

I think/hope/guess/know/believe/suppose/as I see it/what's more/what's worse/I'm afraid/it is said/what is important/serious/as we all know/I am sure/that is(to say)/it seems

本句型推荐写在第一段的最后一句话、第二段的第一句话或者第三段的第一句话的主谓之间