JUnit - Writing a Test

Here we will see one complete example of JUnit testing using POJO class, Business logic class, and a test class, which will be run by the test runner.

Create **EmployeeDetails.java** in C:\>JUNIT_WORKSPACE, which is a POJO class.

```
public class EmployeeDetails {
   private String name;
   private double monthlySalary;
   private int age;
   /**
   * @return the name
   public String getName() {
      return name;
   }
   /**
   * @param name the name to set
   public void setName(String name) {
      this.name = name;
   }
   /**
   * @return the monthlySalary
   public double getMonthlySalary() {
      return monthlySalary;
   }
   /**
   * @param monthlySalary the monthlySalary to set
   */
```

```
public void setMonthlySalary(double monthlySalary) {
        this.monthlySalary = monthlySalary;
     }
     /**
     * @return the age
    public int getAge() {
        return age;
    }
    /**
     * @param age the age to set
    public void setAge(int age) {
        this.age = age;
     }
 }
EmployeeDetails class is used to -
    get/set the value of employee's name.
    get/set the value of employee's monthly salary.
    get/set the value of employee's age.
Create a file called EmpBusinessLogic.java in C:\>JUNIT_WORKSPACE, which
contains the business logic.
 public class EmpBusinessLogic {
    // Calculate the yearly salary of employee
    public double calculateYearlySalary(EmployeeDetails employeeDetails) {
        double yearlySalary = 0;
        yearlySalary = employeeDetails.getMonthlySalary() * 12;
        return yearlySalary;
    }
    // Calculate the appraisal amount of employee
    public double calculateAppraisal(EmployeeDetails employeeDetails) {
        double appraisal = 0;
        if(employeeDetails.getMonthlySalary() < 10000){</pre>
           appraisal = 500;
```

```
}else{
    appraisal = 1000;
}

return appraisal;
}
```

EmpBusinessLogic class is used for calculating -

the yearly salary of an employee.

the appraisal amount of an employee.

Create a file called **TestEmployeeDetails.java** in C:\>JUNIT_WORKSPACE, which contains the test cases to be tested.

```
import org.junit.Test;
import static org.junit.Assert.assertEquals;
public class TestEmployeeDetails {
   EmpBusinessLogic empBusinessLogic = new EmpBusinessLogic();
   EmployeeDetails employee = new EmployeeDetails();
  //test to check appraisal
   @Test
   public void testCalculateAppriasal() {
      employee.setName("Rajeev");
      employee.setAge(25);
      employee.setMonthlySalary(8000);
      double appraisal = empBusinessLogic.calculateAppraisal(employee);
      assertEquals(500, appraisal, 0.0);
   }
  // test to check yearly salary
   @Test
   public void testCalculateYearlySalary() {
      employee.setName("Rajeev");
      employee.setAge(25);
      employee.setMonthlySalary(8000);
      double salary = empBusinessLogic.calculateYearlySalary(employee);
      assertEquals(96000, salary, 0.0);
```

```
}
```

TestEmployeeDetails class is used for testing the methods of **EmpBusinessLogic** class. It

tests the yearly salary of the employee.

tests the appraisal amount of the employee.

Next, create a java class filed named **TestRunner.java** in C:\>JUNIT_WORKSPACE to execute test case(s).

```
import org.junit.runner.JUnitCore;
import org.junit.runner.Result;
import org.junit.runner.notification.Failure;

public class TestRunner {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Result result = JUnitCore.runClasses(TestEmployeeDetails.class);

    for (Failure failure : result.getFailures()) {
        System.out.println(failure.toString());
    }

    System.out.println(result.wasSuccessful());
}
```

Compile the test case and Test Runner classes using javac.

```
C:\JUNIT_WORKSPACE>javac EmployeeDetails.java
EmpBusinessLogic.java TestEmployeeDetails.java TestRunner.java
```

Now run the Test Runner, which will run the test case defined in the provided Test Case class.

```
C:\JUNIT_WORKSPACE>java TestRunner
```

Verify the output.

true			