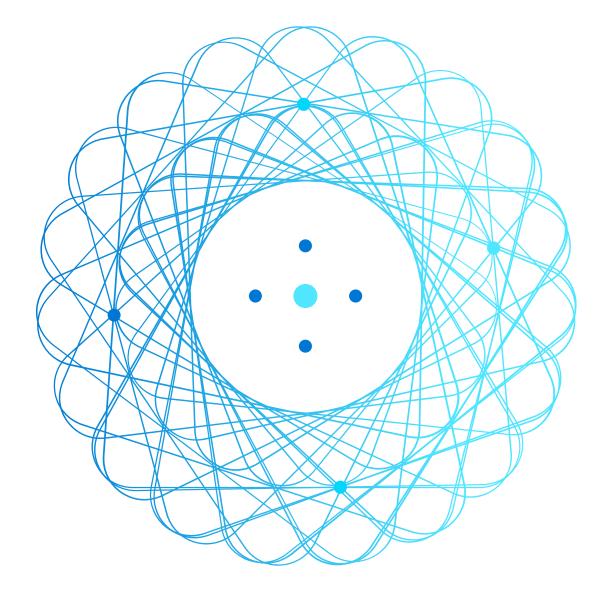


01

# **Explore Fundamentals** of Artificial Intelligence





Introduction to Artificial Intelligence

Agenda



Artificial Intelligence in Microsoft Azure

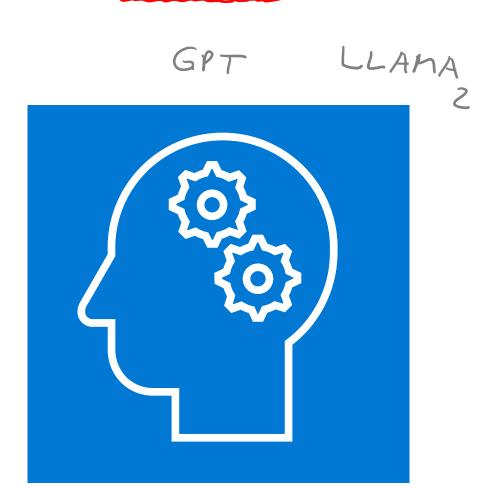
# Introduction to Artificial Intelligence



# What is Artificial Intelligence?

#### Software that imitates human capabilities

- Predicting outcomes and recognizing patterns based on historic data
- · Recognizing abnormal events and making decisions
- Interpreting visual input
- · Understanding language, and engaging in conversations
- · Extracting information from sources to gain knowledge



# **Common Artificial Intelligence Workloads**

1010{0}	Machine Learning	Predictive models based on data and statistics – the foundation for Al
	Anomaly Detection	Systems that detect unusual patterns or events, enabling pre-emptive action
	Computer Vision	Applications that interpret visual input from cameras, images, or videos
	Natural Language Processing	Applications that can interpret written or Coole x spoken language, and engage in dialogs with human users
	Knowledge Mining	Extract information from data sources to create a searchable knowledge store

# **Principles of Responsible Al**

	Challenge or Risk	Example
Fairness	Bias dan affect results	A loan-approval model discriminates by gender due to bias in the data with which it was trained
Reliability & Safety	Errors may cause harm	An autonomous vehicle experiences a system failure and causes a collision
Privacy & Security	Data could be exposed	A medical diagnostic bot is trained using sensitive patient data, which is stored insecurely
Inclusiveness	Solutions may not work for everyone	A predictive app provides no audio output for visually impaired users
Transparency	Users must trust a complex system	An AI-based financial tool makes investment recommendations - what are they based on?
Accountability	Who's liable for Al-driven decisions?	An innocent person is convicted of a crime based on evidence from facial recognition – who's responsible?

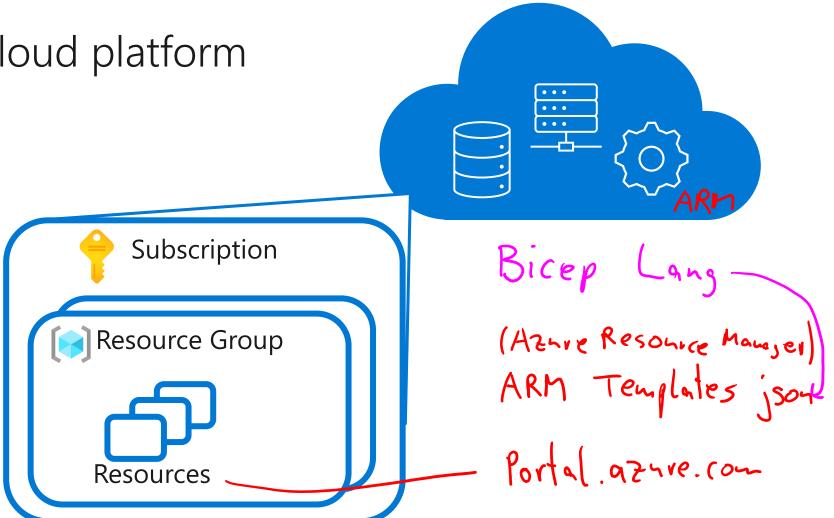
# Artificial Intelligence in Microsoft Azure



#### **Azure Basics**

Scalable, reliable cloud platform

- Data storage
- Compute
- Services



#### Al Services in Microsoft Azure



Azure Machine Learning

A platform for training, deploying, and managing machine learning models



Cognitive Services

A suite of services with four main pillars: Vision, Speech, Language, Decision



**Azure Bot Service** 

A cloud-based platform for developing and managing conversational bots



Azure Cognitive Search

Data extraction, enrichment, and indexing for intelligent search and knowledge mining

## **Cognitive Services**

ML Stidio Jupyter NB

Al application resources in an Azure subscription:

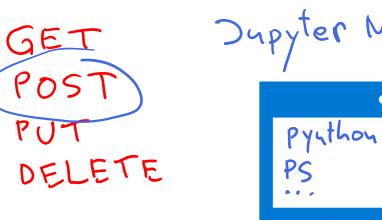
• Standalone resources for specific services

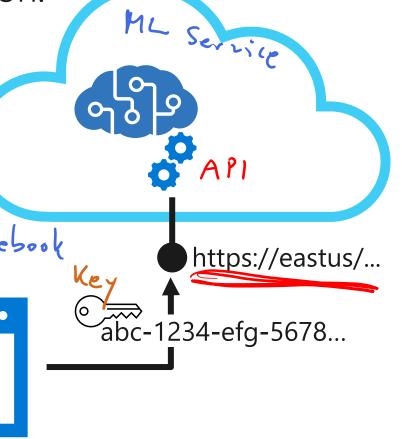
• General Cognitive Services resource for multiple services

Consumed by applications via:

A REST endpoint (https://address)

An authentication key or authorization token





### **Lab: Explore Cognitive Services**

Content Safety

In this lab, you will explore the **Anomaly Detector** cognitive service, which analyzes data over time to detect any unusual values.

- 1. Start the virtual machine for this lab or go to the exercise page at <a href="https://microsoftlearning.github.io/AI-900-AIFundamentals/instructions/01-module-01.html">https://microsoftlearning.github.io/AI-900-AIFundamentals/instructions/01-module-01.html</a>
- 2. Follow the instructions to complete the exercise Use the Azure subscription provided for this lab



## How does an Azure API work?

The client is any software application that runs on your phone, computer, or other smart devices. When you use the client, it sends a request.



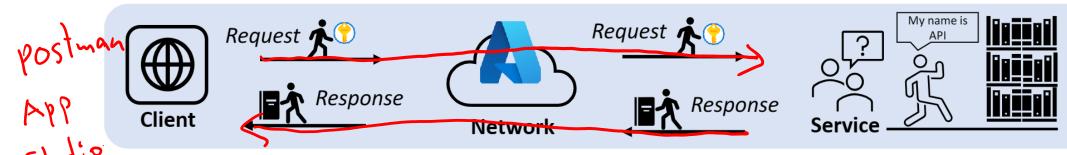
Requests are sent through a network to an endpoint. The Application Programing Interface (API) at that endpoint performs a service to fulfill the request and send back a response.



Imagine a visitor who walks to a librarian's desk holding a key. The key is like a pass at the library, allowing the visitor to borrow a book. The visitor wants to make a request such as "I want Book A" or "I want a prediction of the weather".



The endpoint is like the library information desk. An API is the librarian who gets a request "I want Book A", goes to get Book A.



An Al-informed API can fulfill requests such as predictions and send back a response. The client receives the response.



Azure AI services consist of a trained machine learning models that behave like a function – accepting one or more input values and generating a predicted output based on probability.



An Al-informed librarian could get a request "I want a prediction of the weather" and goes to get a prediction that the weather will be sunny. The visitor takes that response back to the client.

Learn more about: Introduction to Azure Al Azure's visual tools for Machine Learning

Azure's Computer Vision solutions

Azure's Natural Language
Processing solutions

## Review

?	You want to create a model to predict sales of ice cream based on historic data that includes daily ice cream sales totals and weather measurements. Which Azure service should you use?   Azure Machine Learning
	□ Azure Bot Service
	□ Cognitive Services
?	You are designing an AI application that uses images to detect cracks in car windshields and warn drivers when a windshield should be repaired or replaced. What AI workload is described?  Computer Vision  Anomaly Detection  Natural Language Processing
2	A predictive app provides audio output for visually impaired users. Which principle of Responsible Al is reflected here?
	□ Transparency
	□ Inclusiveness
	□ Fairness

## Summary

#### Introduction to Artificial Intelligence

- What is Artificial Intelligence?
- · Common Artificial Intelligence Workloads
- Principles of Responsible Al

Artificial Intelligence in Microsoft Azure

- Azure Basics
- · Al Services in Microsoft Azure
- Cognitive Services



