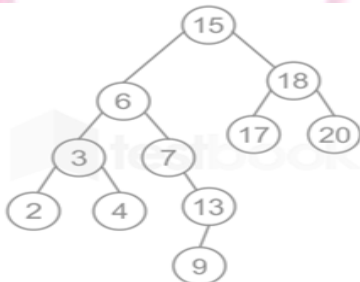


Tree Traversal  
Assignment -#5

1. The pre-order traversal of a binary search tree is 15, 10, 12, 11, 20, 18, 16, 19. Which one of the following is the post-order traversal of the tree?
- 10, 11, 12, 15, 16, 18, 19, 20
  - 11, 12, 10, 16, 19, 18, 20, 15
  - 20, 19, 18, 16, 15, 12, 11, 10
  - More than one of the above
  - None of the above

2. What is the sequence of nodes when applying in-order traversal on the binary search tree given below?
- A, B, C, D, E, F, I, H, G
  - A, C, D, E, B, F, G, H, I
  - A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I
  - More than one of the above
  - None of the above

3. What is the in-order successor of 15 in the given binary search tree?



- 18
  - 6
  - 17
  - More than one of the above
  - None of the above
4. The post-order traversal of a binary tree is 8, 9, 6, 7, 4, 5, 2, 3, 1. The in-order traversal of the same tree is 8, 6, 9, 4, 7, 2, 5, 1, 3. The height of the binary tree above is \_\_\_\_.
- 3
  - 4
  - 5
  - More than one of the above
  - None of the above

5. Post-order traversal of a given binary search tree, T, produces the following sequence of keys: 10, 9, 23, 22, 27, 25, 15, 50, 95, 60, 40, 29. Which one of the following sequences of keys can be the result of an in-order traversal of the tree T?
- 9, 10, 15, 22, 23, 25, 27, 29, 40, 50, 60, 95
  - 9, 10, 15, 22, 40, 50, 60, 95, 23, 25, 27, 29
  - 29, 15, 9, 10, 25, 22, 23, 27, 40, 60, 50, 95
  - More than one of the above
  - None of the above
6. The in-order and pre-order traversal of a binary tree are d b e a f c g and a b d e c f g, respectively. Which one of the following is the post-order traversal of the binary tree?
- e d b g f c a
  - e d b f g c a
  - d e b f g c a
  - More than one of the above
  - None of the above

7. What is the possible number of binary trees that can be created with 3 nodes, giving the sequence N, M, L when traversed in post-order.
- 15
  - 3
  - 5
  - More than one of the above
  - None of the above
8. A binary search tree contains values 7, 8, 13, 26, 35, 40, 70, 75. Which one of the following is a valid post-order sequence of the tree provided the pre-order sequence as 35, 13, 7, 8, 26, 70, 40 and 75?
- 7, 8, 26, 13, 75, 40, 70, 35
  - 26, 13, 7, 8, 70, 75, 40, 35
  - 8, 7, 26, 13, 40, 75, 70, 35
  - More than one of the above
  - None of the above

9. Which of the following pair's traversals on a binary tree can build the tree uniquely?

- a) post-order and pre-order
- b) post-order and in-order
- c) post-order and level order
- d) More than one of the above
- e) None of the above

10. A full binary tree can be generated using \_\_\_\_\_

- a) post-order and pre-order traversal
- b) pre-order traversal
- c) post-order traversal
- d) More than one of the above
- e) None of the above

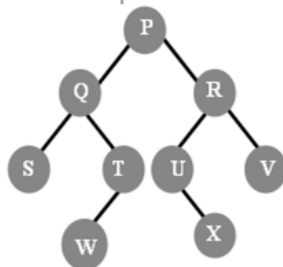
11. The maximum number of nodes in a tree for which post-order and pre-order traversals may be equal is \_\_\_\_\_

- a) 3
- b) 1
- c) 2
- d) More than one of the above
- e) None of the above

12. The pre-order and in-order are traversals of a binary tree are T M L N P O Q and L M N T O P Q. Which of following is post-order traversal of the tree?

- a) L N M O Q P T
- b) N M O P O L T
- c) L M N O P Q T
- d) More than one of the above
- e) None of the above

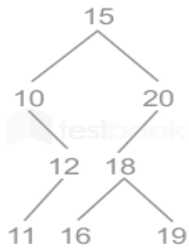
13. Find the postorder traversal of the binary tree shown below.



- a) P Q R S T U V W X
- b) W R S Q P V T U X
- c) S W T Q X U V R P
- d) More than one of the above
- e) None of the above

Solution with Explanation

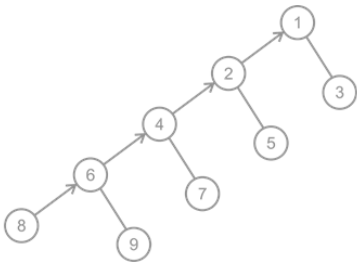
Answer1: B) 11, 12, 10, 16, 19, 18, 20, 15



Answer2: C) A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I

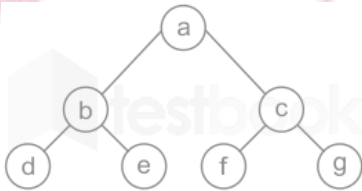
Answer3: C) 17

Answer4: B) 4



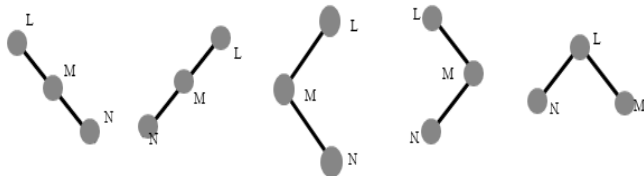
Answer5: A) 9, 10, 15, 22, 23, 25, 27, 29, 40, 50, 60, 95

Answer6: C) d e b f g c a



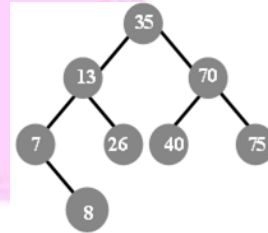
Answer7: c) 5

Explanation: 5 binary trees are possible and they are,



Answer8: c) 8, 7, 26, 13, 40, 75, 70, 35

Explanation: The binary tree contains values 7, 8, 13, 26, 35, 40, 70, 75. The given pre-order sequence is 35, 13, 7, 8, 26, 70, 40 and 75. So, the binary search tree formed is



Thus post-order sequence for the tree is 8, 7, 26, 13, 40, 75, 70 and 35.

Answer9: b) post-order and in-order

Explanation: A binary tree can uniquely be created by post-order and in-order traversals.

Answer10: a) post-order and pre-order traversal

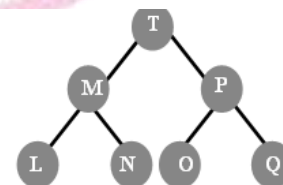
Explanation: Every node in a full binary tree has either 0 or 2 children. A binary tree can be generated by two traversals if one of them is in-order. But, we can generate a full binary tree using post-order and pre-order traversals.

Answer11: b) 1

Explanation: The tree with only one node has post-order and pre-order traversals equal.

Answer12: a) L N M O Q P T

Explanation: The tree generated by using given pre-order and in-order traversal is



Thus, L N M O Q P T will be the post-order traversal.

Answer13: c) S W T Q X U V R P

Explanation: In postorder traversal the left subtree is traversed first and then the right subtree and then the current node. So, the postorder traversal of the tree is, S W T Q X U V R P.