Dependent Types in Haskell

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Hong Kong Functional Programming Meetup

¹The University of Hong Kong

Why Haskell?

Why not Coq, Idris, Agda, ...?

- Start with Functional Programming, and decide to use dependent types if necessary.
- Backward-compatibility.
- No termination or totality checking.

What is in this talk?

- How to write dependently typed programs in Haskell nowadays?
- A tour of the singletons library.
- Introduction of Dependent Haskell (including Coercion Quantification).

Demo

Singletons

Singletons

singletons: a library introduced in *Dependently Typed*Programming with Singletons, Haskell'12 (Eisenberg and Weirich, 2012). The library uses Template Haskell to

- automatically generate singleton types
- automatically lift functions to the type level
- automatically refine functions with rich types.

Demo

Lessons we learned

Singletons library is useful for writing dependent type programs. It generates boilerplate code for you, which enables us to write programs similar in other dependent type languages, e.g. Idris.

Lessons we learned

Any question so far?

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We used (only) 8 language extensions...
More on the way.

```
{-# LANGUAGE DataKinds, TypeFamilies, PolyKinds, TypeInType, GADTs, RankNTypes, TypeOperators, FunctionalDependencies, ScopedTypeVariables, TypeApplications, Template Haskell, UndecidableInstances, InstanceSigs, TypeSynonymInstances, KindSignatures, MultiParamTypeClasses, TypeFamilyDependencies, AllowAmbiguousTypes, FlexibleContexts ... #-}
```

• There is no unified meta-theory for the extensions.

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- Duplications for term-level and type-level functions, either written by programmer or generated by *singletons*.

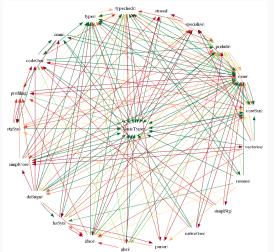
- There is no unified meta-theory for the extensions.
- Duplications for term-level and type-level functions, either written by programmer or generated by singletons.
- Restrictions:
 - All applications of a type family must be fully saturated with respect to that arity;
 - Data families are not promoted;
 - ..

Future plan for Dependent Haskell

To extend GHC with full-spectrum dependent types in a way that is compatible with the current implementation, with the goal of simplifying and unifying many of GHC's extensions (Eisenberg, 2016; Gundry, 2013; Weirich et al., 2017).

Adding dependent types to GHC in one patch...

Adding dependent types to GHC in one patch... is very difficult ¹.



¹High-level Dependency Graph from

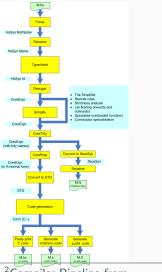
https://ghc.haskell.org/trac/ghc/wiki/Commentary/ModuleStructure



 GHC incorporates several compilation phases ².

²Compiler Pipeline from

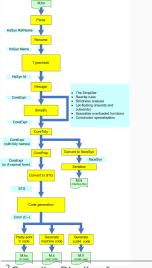
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- GHC incorporates several compilation phases ².
- Dependent Core, as steps are taken towards dependent Haskell (Weirich et al., 2017).

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- Some discussions can be found in Haskell wiki³.

https://ghc.haskell.org/trac/ghc/wiki/Commentary/Compiler/HscPipe 3https://ghc.haskell.org/trac/ghc/wiki/DependentHaskell/Phase2

²Compiler Pipeline from

The World of Haskell

The World of Haskell Dependent Haskell

The World of Haskell	
Dependent Haskell	
Dependent Core	

The World of Haskell			
Dependent Haskell			
Dependent Core			
	,		
Homogeneous Equality			

The World of Haskell Dependent Haskell Dependent Core Homogeneous Equality Coercion Quantification

Coercion Quantification

- Haskell Implementors' Workshop (HIW'18) talk (Xie and Eisenberg, 2018)
- Extended abstract, slides: https://xnning.github.io/

References

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- Richard A. Eisenberg and Stephanie Weirich. 2012. Dependently Typed Programming with Singletons. In *Proceedings of the 2012 Haskell Symposium (Haskell '12)*. ACM, New York, NY, USA, 117–130. https://doi.org/10.1145/2364506.2364522
- Adam Michael Gundry. 2013. *Type Inference, Haskell and Dependent Types*. PhD Dissertation. University of Strathclyde.
- Stephanie Weirich, Antoine Voizard, Pedro Henrique Avezedo de Amorim, and Richard A Eisenberg. 2017. A Specification for Dependent Types in Haskell. Proceedings of the ACM on Programming Languages 1, ICFP (2017), 31.
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