

1.0A Adjustable Voltage High Speed LDO Regulators ME1117 Series

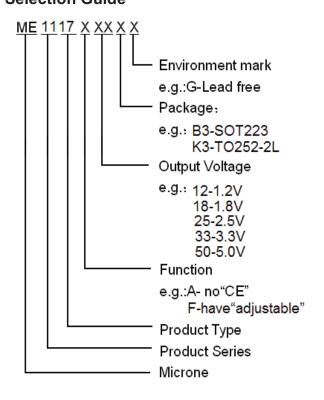
General Description

The ME1117 series are highly accurate, low noise, LDO Voltage Regulators that are capable of providing an output current that is in excess of 1.0 A with a maximum dropout voltage of 1.3 V at 1.0A. This series contains six fixed output voltages of 1.2 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3.3 V, and 5.0 V that have no minimum load requirement to maintain regulation. Also included is an adjustable output version that can be programmed from 1.25 V to 15 V with two external resistors. On chip trimming adjusts the reference/output voltage to within ±2.0% accuracy. Internal protection features consist of output current limiting, safe operating area compensation, and thermal shutdown. The ME1117 series can operate with up to 15 V input. Devices are available in SOT223, TO252-2L.

Features

- Output Current in Excess of 1.0A
- Dropout Voltage: 1V@ I_{OUT} =100mA
- Operating Voltage Range: 4.8V~15V (ME1117A33)
- Highly Accuracy: ±2%
- Adjustable Output Voltage Option
- Standby Current: 3mA (TPY.)
- High Ripple Rejection: 60dB@1KHz(ME1117A33)
- Line Regulation: 0.1% (TYP.)
- Temperature Stability ≤ 0.5%
- Current Limit (1.3A)
- Thermal Shutdown Protection (160°C)
- Small Packages:SOT223、TO252-2L

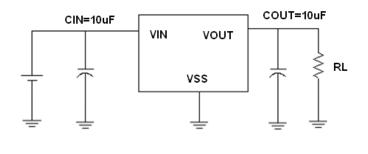
Selection Guide



Typical Application

- Consumer and Industrial Equipment Point of Regulation
- Switching Power Supply Post Regulation
- Hard Drive Controllers
- Battery Chargers

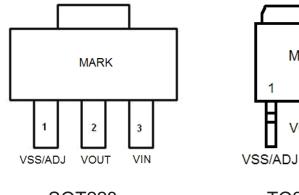
Typical Application Circuit



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Pin Configuration



SOT223

TO252-2L

MARK

2

VOUT

Pin Assignment

ME1117AXX

Pin Number	Pin Name	Functions
1	V_{SS}	Ground
2	V _{OUT}	Output
3	V_{IN}	Power Input

ME1117F

Pin Number	Pin Name	Functions
1	V_{ADJ}	Adjustable Output
2	V _{OUT}	Output
3	V _{IN}	Power Input

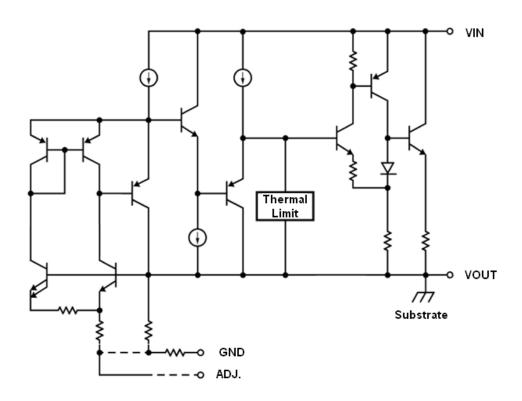
Absolute Maximum Ratings

Paramet	Parameter		Ratings	Units
Input Volta	Input Voltage		20	V
Output Cur	rent	I _{OUT}	1.3	А
Output Volt	age	V _{OUT}	Vss-0.3∼V _{IN} +0.3	V
Dower Dissipation	SOT223	В	750	mW
Power Dissipation	TO252-2L	P_{D}	Vss-0.3∼V _{IN} +0.3	mW
Operating Tempera	ature Range	T _{OPR}	-40~+125	$^{\circ}$ C
Storage Temperature Range		T _{STG}	-40~+150	$^{\circ}$ C
Junction Tempera	ture Range	TJ	0~+150	$^{\circ}$ C
Load Tomporatura	SOT223		260°C, 4sec	
Lead Temperature	TO252-2L		260°C, 10sec	
Thermal Resistance	SOT223		15	°C/W
Junction-to-Case	TO252-2L		10	°C/W
Thermal Resistance	Thermal Resistance		126	°C // //
Junction-to-Ambient	SOT223		136	°C/W
(No heat sink; No air flow)	TO252-2L		92	°C/W

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Block Diagram



Electrical Characteristics ME1117F

 $(V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+1.5V, C_{IN}=C_{L}=10uF, Ta=25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted)$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Reference Voltage	V_{REF}	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1.5V$, $I_{OUT} = 10mA$ $10mA \le I_{OUT} \le 1A$, $V_{OUT} + 1.5V \le V_{IN} \le 15V$	×0.98 ×0.98	1.25 1.25	×1.02 ×1.02	V
Maximum Output Current	I _{OUTMAX}	V _{IN} = V _{OUT} +1.5V		1000		mA
Minimum Output Current	I _{OUTMIN}	V _{IN} = V _{OUT} +1.5V		2		mA
Line Regulation	$\Delta V_{REF-LINE}$	I_{OUT} =10mA V_{OUT} +1.5V $\leq V_{IN} \leq$ 15V		0.03	0.2	%
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{REF-LOAD}$	V _{IN} = V _{OUT} +1.5V ,0mA≤I _{OUT} ≤1A		0.2	0.4	%
Adjustment Pin Current	I _{ADJ}	V _{IN} = V _{OUT} +1.5V		12	30	uA
Adjust Pin Current Change		10mA≤ I _{OUT} ≤ 1A, 1.5V ≤ V _{IN} -V _{OUT} ≤ 15V		0.2	5	uA
Thermal Shutdown		Junction Temperature		150		$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$

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ME1117A12

 $(V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{OUT}} + 1.5V, C_{\text{IN}} = C_{\text{L}} = 10 \text{uF}, Ta = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$,unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Cond	itions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Output Voltage	V _{OUT}	$I_{OUT}=10\text{mA}, V_{IN}=$ $10\text{mA} \le I_{OUT} \le 1A,$ $V_{OUT}+1.5V \le V_{IN} \le 10$	×0.98 ×0.98	1.2 1.2	×1.02 ×1.02	V	
Maximum Output Current	I _{OUTMAX}	V _{IN} = V _{OUT} +1.5V		1000		mA	
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT\text{-LOAD}}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1.5V$		2	15	mV	
	V _{DIF1}	I _{OUT} =100mA		1.05	1.10	V	
Dropout Voltage (Note 1)	V _{DIF2}	I _{OUT} =500mA		1.20	1.30	V	
(1010-1)	V _{DIF3}	I _{OUT} =1A		1.30	1.40	V	
Quiescent Current	I _{SS}	V _{IN} = V _{OUT} +1.5V			2.8	8	mA
Line Regulation	$\Delta V_{ ext{OUT-LINE}}$	$I_{OUT} = 10 \text{mA},$ $V_{OUT} + 1.5 \text{V} \leq V_{\text{IN}} \leq 0$	≤15V		1	6	mV
Ripple Rejection Rate	V _{IN} = 12V	I _{OUT} =10mA,1k HZ		65		٩D	
	PORK	PSRR +1Vp-pAC	I _{OUT} =100mA,1 kHZ		60		dB
Thermal Shutdown	TJ	Junction Te	emperature		150		$^{\circ}$

ME1117A18

 $(V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+1.5V,~C_{IN=}C_{L}=10uF,~Ta=25^{O}C$,unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	C	onditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Output Voltage	V _{OUT}	I_{OUT} =10mA,\ 10mA \leq I _{OUT} \leq V_{OUT} +1.5V \leq		×0.98 ×0.98	1.8 1.8	×1.02 ×1.02	V
Maximum Output Current	I _{OUTMAX}	V _{IN} = V _{OUT} +1	.5V		1000		mA
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT\text{-}LOAD}$	V _{IN} = V _{OUT} +1	V _{IN} = V _{OUT} +1.5V , 0mA≤I _{OUT} ≤1A			10	mV
	V_{DIF1}	I _{OUT} =100m/	A		1.05	1.10	V
Dropout Voltage (Note 1)	V _{DIF2}	I _{OUT} =500m/	A		1.20	1.30	V
(11010-1)	V_{DIF3}	I _{OUT} =1A			1.30	1.40	V
Quiescent Current	I _{SS}	V _{IN} = V _{OUT} +1	.5V		2.2	8	mA
Line Regulation	$\Delta V_{ ext{OUT-LINE}}$	$I_{OUT} = 10 \text{mA},$ $V_{OUT} + 1.5 \text{V} \leq V_{\text{IN}} \leq 15 \text{V}$			1	6	mV
Dinale Deigetien Dete	DCDD	V _{IN} = 12V	I _{OUT} =10mA,1kHZ		65		4D
Ripple Rejection Rate	PSRR +1Vp-pAC	+1Vp-pAC	I _{OUT} =100mA,1kHZ		60		dB
Thermal Shutdown		Junctio	n Temperature		150		$^{\circ}$

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ME1117A25

 $\underline{(V_{\text{IN}}\text{=}\ V_{\text{OUT}}\text{+}1.5\text{V},\ \ C_{\text{IN}\text{=}}C_{\text{L}}\text{=}10\text{uF},\ \ \text{Ta}\text{=}25^{\text{O}}\text{C}, \text{unless otherwise noted})}$

Parameter	Symbol	С	onditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Output Voltage	V _{OUT}	I _{OUT} =10mA,\ 10mA≤I _{OUT} ≤ V _{OUT} +1.5V ≤	×0.98 ×0.98	2.5 2.5	×1.02 ×1.02	V	
Maximum Output Current	I _{OUTMAX}	V _{IN} = V _{OUT} +1	.5V		1000		mA
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{ ext{OUT-LOAD}}$	V _{IN} =V _{OUT} +1. 0mA≤I _{OUT} ≤1	·		1	10	mV
	V _{DIF1}	I _{OUT} =100mA	Ą		1.05	1.10	V
Dropout Voltage (Note 1)	V _{DIF2}	I _{OUT} =800m	Ą		1.20	1.30	V
(1010-1)	V _{DIF3}	I _{OUT} =1A			1.30	1.40	V
Quiescent Current	I _{SS}	V _{IN} = V _{OUT} +1	.5V		2.2	5	mA
Line Regulation	$\Delta V_{ ext{OUT-LINE}}$	I _{OUT} =10mA, V _{OUT} +1.5V ≤			2	6	mV
Ripple Rejection Rate	PSRR	$V_{IN} = 12V$	I _{OUT} =10mA,1kHZ		65		dB
Tappio Rojodion Rate	1 01(1)	+1Vp-pAC	I _{OUT} =100mA,1kHZ		60		45
Thermal Shutdown		Junction Ten	nperature		150		$^{\circ}$

ME1117A33

(V_{IN}= V_{OUT}+1.5V, C_{IN} = C_{L} =10uF, Ta=25 $^{\text{O}}$ C, unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	С	onditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Output Voltage	V _{OUT}	I_{OUT} =10mA,\\ 10mA \leq I _{OUT} \leq V_{OUT} +1.5V \leq	×0.98 ×0.98	3.3 3.3	×1.02 ×1.02	V	
Maximum Output Current	I _{OUTMAX}	V _{IN} = V _{OUT} +1	.5V		1000		mA
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT\text{-LOAD}}$	V _{IN} = V _{OUT} +1	.5V , 0mA≤I _{OUT} ≤1A		2	10	mV
	V_{DIF1}	I _{OUT} =100m	4		1.05	1.10	V
Dropout Voltage (Note 1)	V_{DIF2}	I _{OUT} =800m	4		1.20	1.30	V
(11010-1)	V_{DIF3}	I _{OUT} =1A			1.30	1.40	V
Quiescent Current	I _{SS}	V _{IN} = V _{OUT} +1	.5V		3	10	mA
Line Regulation	$\Delta V_{ ext{OUT-LINE}}$		I_{OUT} =10mA, V_{OUT} +1.5V $\leq V_{IN} \leq$ 15V		2	6	mV
Dipple Dejection Date	PSRR	V _{IN} = 12V	I _{OUT} =10mA,1kHZ		65		dB
Ripple Rejection Rate	FORK	+1Vp-pAC	I _{OUT} =100mA,1kHZ		60		ub_
Thermal Shutdown		Junctio	on Temperature		150		$^{\circ}$ C

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ME1117A50

(V_{IN}= V_{OUT}+1.5V, $C_{IN}=C_L=10uF$, Ta=25 O C, unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	С	onditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Output Voltage	V _{OUT}	I_{OUT} =10mA,\frac{1}{2} 10mA\leq I_{OUT}\leq \text{V}_{OUT} + 1.5V \leq \text{V}		×0.98 ×0.98	5.0 5.0	×1.02 ×1.02	V
Maximum Output Current	I _{OUTMAX}	V _{IN} = V _{OUT} +1	.5V		1000		mA
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{ ext{OUT-LOAD}}$	V _{IN} = V _{OUT} +1	.5V , 0mA≤I _{OUT} ≤1A		8	15	mV
	V _{DIF1}	I _{OUT} =100mA			1.05	1.10	V
Dropout Voltage (Note 1)	V_{DIF2}	I _{OUT} =800m	Ą		1.20	1.30	V
(11010-1)	V_{DIF3}	I _{OUT} =1A			1.30	1.40	V
Quiescent Current	I _{SS}	V _{IN} = V _{OUT} +1	.5V		4.7	10	mA
Line Regulation	$\Delta V_{ ext{OUT-LINE}}$	I _{OUT} =10mA V _{OUT} +1.5V ≤V _{IN} ≤15V			2	10	mV
Ripple Rejection Rate	PSRR	V _{IN} = 12V	I _{OUT} =10mA,1kHZ		65		dB
Ripple Rejection Rate	FORK	+1Vp-pAC	I _{OUT} =100mA,1kHZ		60		GD.
Thermal Shutdown		Junctio	on Temperature		150		$^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$

Note:

1 .V_{DIF}: V_{IN1} –V_{OUT} (E)'

 V_{IN1} : The input voltage when $V_{\text{OUT}}(E)$ ' appears as input voltage is gradually decreased.

 V_{OUT} (E)'=A voltage equal to 99% of the output voltage whenever an amply stabilized lout and $\{V_{OUT}(T)+1.5V\}$ is input.

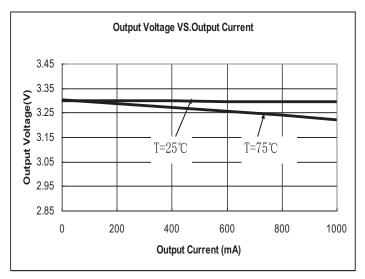
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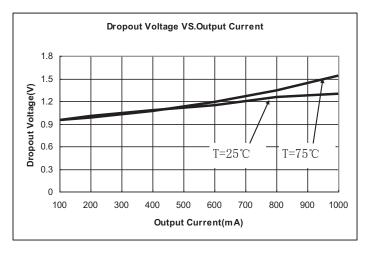
Type Characteristics

(1) Output Voltage VS. Output Current (V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+1.5V)

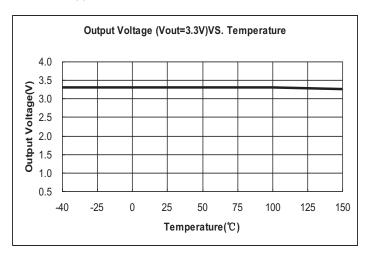
ME1117A33



(3) Droput Voltage VS. Output Current **ME1117A33**

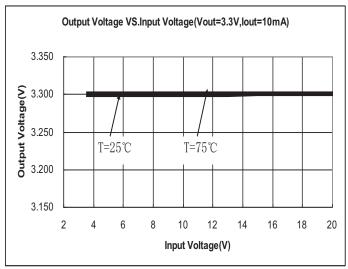


(5) Output Voltage VS. Temperature ME1117A33

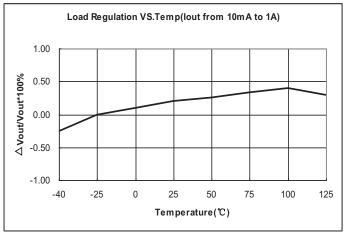


(2) Output Voltage VS. lutput Voltage (Vout=3.3V , I_{OUT}=10mA)

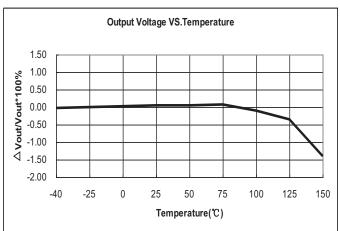
ME1117A33



(4) Load Regulation VS.Temp(lout from 10mA to 1A) ME1117A33



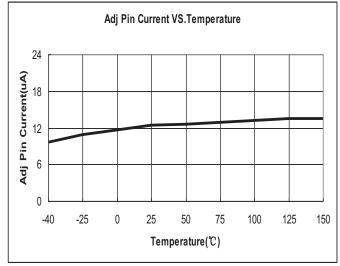
(6) Output Voltage Change VS. Temperature ME1117A33



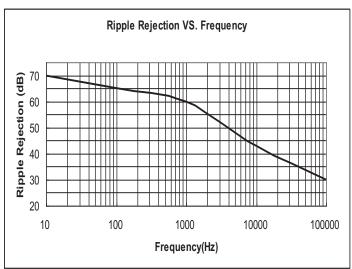
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(7) Adj Pin Current VS.Temperature **ME1117F**



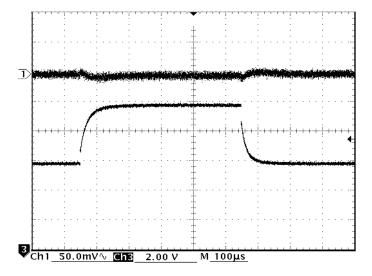
(8) Ripple Rejection vs. Frequency **ME1117A33**



(9) Line Transient Response

ME1117A33

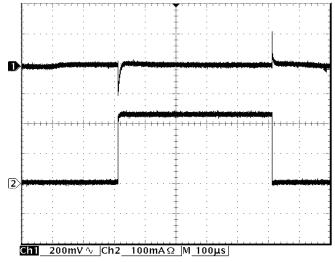
Ch1: Output Voltage Ch3: Input Voltage $V_{IN}=8V\sim12V,I_{OUT}=0mA,Ta=25$ °C



(10) Load Transient Response

ME1117A33

Ch1: Output Voltage Ch2: Load Current V_{IN} =4.8V, I_{OUT} =0mA \sim 240mA,Ta = 25 °C



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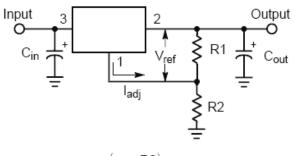
Applications Information

Introduction

The ME1117 features a significant reduction in dropout voltage along with enhanced output voltage accuracy and temperature stability when compared to older industry standard three–terminal adjustable regulators.

Output Voltage

The typical application circuit for adjustable output regulator is shown in following Figure. They develop and maintain the nominal 1.25 V reference voltage between the output and adjust pins. The reference voltage is programmed to a constant current source by resistor R1, and this current flows through R2 to ground to set the output voltage. The programmed current level is usually selected to be greater than the specified 3.0mA minimum that is required for regulation. Since the adjust pin current, I_{ADJ}, is significantly lower and constant with respect to the programmed load current, it generates a small output voltage error that can usually be ignored.



$$V_{out} = V_{ref} \left(1 + \frac{R2}{R1} \right) + I_{adj} R2$$

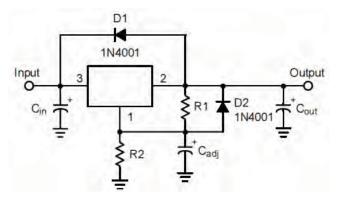
> External Capacitors

Input bypass capacitor C_{IN} may be required for regulator stability. This capacitor will reduce the circuit's sensitivity when powered from a complex source. A 10uF ceramic or tantalum capacitor should be adequate for most applications. Frequency compensation for the regulator is provided by capacitor C_{OUT} and its use is mandatory to ensure output stability. A minimum capacitance value of 4.7uF with an equivalent series resistance (ESR) that is within the limits of 0.25 ohm to 2.2 ohm is required. Higher values of output capacitance can be used to enhance loop

stability and transient response with the additional benefit of reducing output noise. The output ripple will increase linearly for fixed and adjustable devices as the ratio of output voltage to the reference voltage increases.

Protection Diodes

The ME1117 has two internal low impedance diode paths that normally do not require protection when used in the typical regulator applications. The first path connects between V_{OUT} and V_{IN} , and it can withstand a peak surge current of about 15 A. Only when V_{IN} is shorted to ground and C_{OUT} is greater than 100uF, it becomes possible for device damage to occur. Under these conditions, diode D1 is required to protect the device. The second path connects between C_{ADJ} and V_{OUT} , and it can withstand a peak surge current of about 150mA. Protection diode D2 is required if the output is shorted to ground and C_{ADJ} is greater than 10uF.



Thermal Considerations

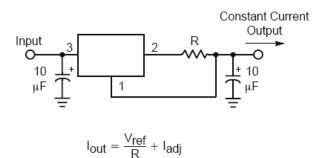
This series contains an internal thermal limiting circuit that is designed to protect the regulator in the event that the maximum junction temperature is exceeded. When activated, typically at 175°C, the regulator output switches off and then back on as the die cools.

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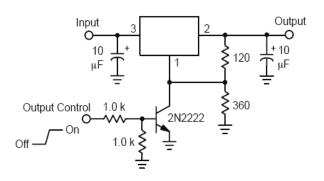


Other Application Circuit

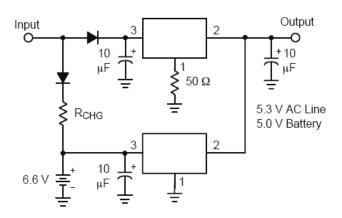
(1) Constant Current Regulator



(3) Regulator with Shutdown

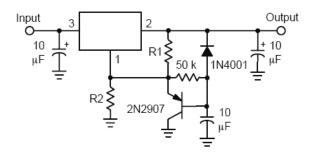


(5) Battery Backed-Up Power Supply

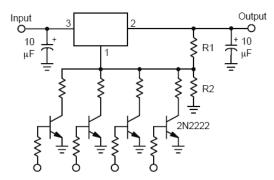


The 50 ohm resistor that is in series with the ground pin of the upper regulator level shifts its output 300 mV higher than the lower regulator. This keeps the lower regulator off until the input source is removed.

(2) Slow Turn-On Regulator

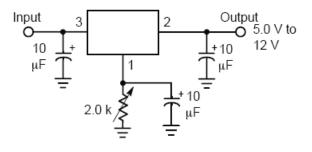


(4) Digitally Controlled Regulator



Resistor R2 sets the maximum output voltage. Each transistor reduces the output voltage when turned on.

(6) Adjusting Output of Fixed Voltage Regulators

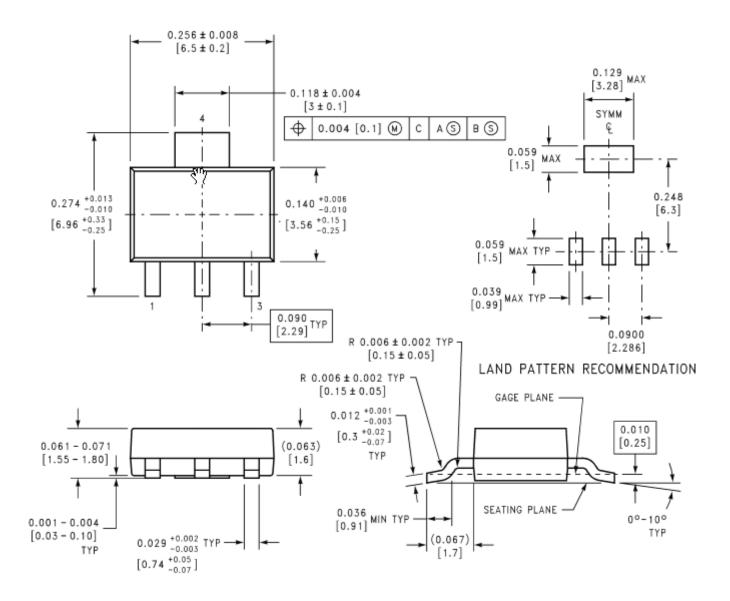


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Packaging Information

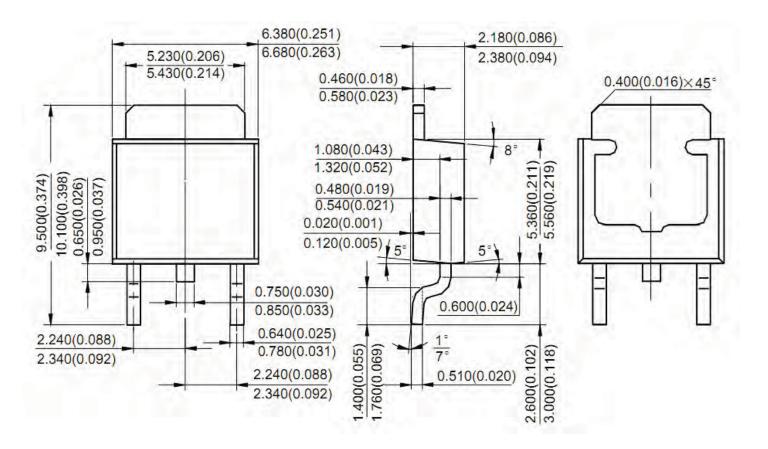
SOT223



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● TO252-2L



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