Wyatt Tack Kalon Bienz EE 329-01 F'24 Group H 2024-Oct-25

EE 329 A7

This code is designed to use the UART peripheral to communicate across USB to the targeted device, using a VT100 Terminal. The STM32 produces text that acts as a rudimentary game, displaying a splash screen with a bubbles graphic, and a boarder and character that move, and scroll to the next screen when jumped. This game was used with the terminal PuTTY in mind.

Link to YouTube Presentation:

https://youtu.be/cXt5tV1ykHU

Calculations:

Equation A7.a(a): Baud Rate From Reference Manual:

41.4.4 LPUART baud rate generation

The baud rate for the receiver and transmitter (Rx and Tx) are both set to the same value as programmed in the LPUART_BRR register.

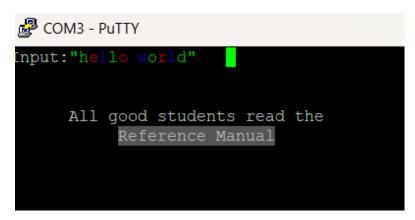
$$Tx/Rx \text{ baud } = \frac{256 \times f_{CK}}{LPUARTDIV}$$

LPUARTDIV is coded on the LPUART BRR register.

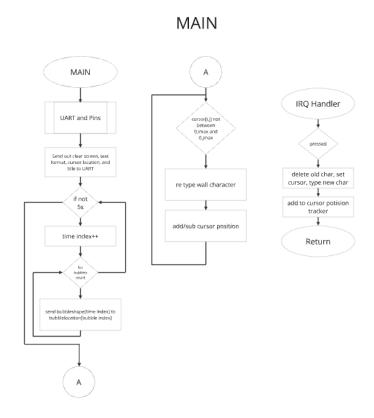
LPUART->DIV = 256*4e6/115200 = **8889**

Captures:

Figure A7.a(a): Sample Home Screen



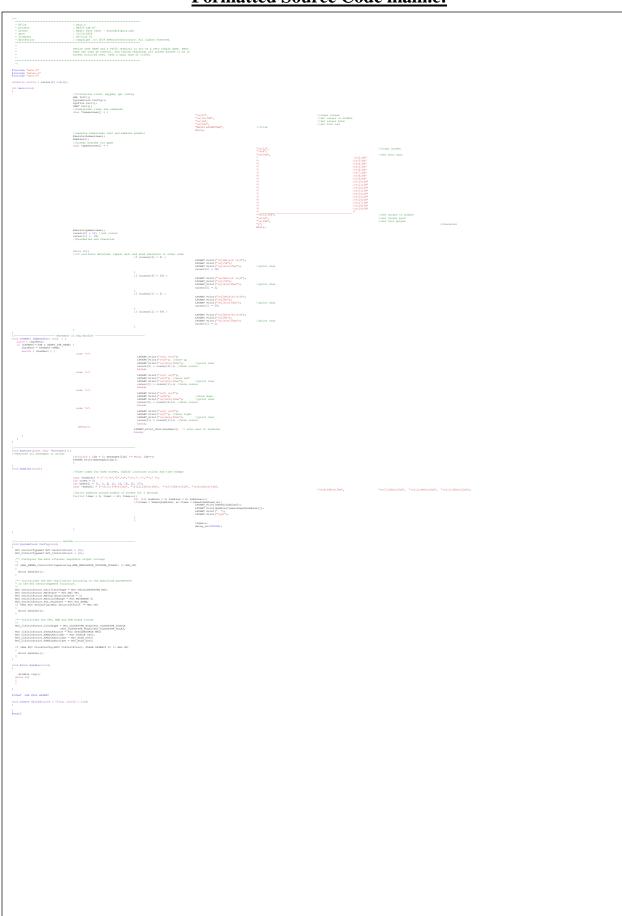
Pseudocode Flow Chart:



Formatted Source Code main.h:

```
: main.h
: EE329 Lab A7
: Wva++ m
 ************************
 * @file
 * project
              : Wyatt Tack (wwt) - wtack@calpoly.edu
 * author
 * date
              : 10/12/2024
              : ST-Link V1
           : Copyright (c) 2024 STMicroelectronics. All rights
 * @attention
 **********************
    main header for defines for C and stm32 headers/hal
 ******************
#ifndef __MAIN_H
#define MAIN H
#ifdef cplusplus
extern "C" {
#endif
/* Created defines and function prototypes -----*/
void Execute(const char *messages[]);
void Bubbles(void);
void LPUART1 IRQHandler( void );
/* Includes -----*/
#include "stm3214xx hal.h"
/* Exported functions prototypes -----*/
void SystemClock Config(void);
void Error Handler(void);
#ifdef cplusplus
#endif
#endif
```

Formatted Source Code main.c:



Formatted Source Code uart.h:

```
/**
******************
: ST-Link V1
 * firmware
            : Copyright (c) 2024 STMicroelectronics. All rights
 * @attention
reserved.
******************
   main header for defines for uart.h
****************
*/
#ifndef INC UART H
#define INC UART H
#include "stm3214xx hal.h"
#define BAUD RATE (8889) //256 * 4MHz / 115.2kb/s = 8888.8
void UART Init(void);
void LPUART Print( const char* message );
//void LPUART1 IRQHandler( void );
#endif /* INC UART H */
```

Formatted Source Code uart.c:

```
* @file
                                         : wart.c
  * project
                                        : EE329 Lab A7
: Wyatt Tack (wwt) - wtack@calpoly.edu
  * author
                                        : 10/13/2024
: ST-Link V1
  * date
  * firmware
                                         : Copyright (c) 2024 STMicroelectronics. All rights reserved.
  * @attention
             Functions for UART module, set up as LPUART1 through GPIOG.
             PTG-7 -> Tx
             PTG-8 -> Rx
   *****
#include "uart.h"
// -----
void UART_Init(void){
              //Power and Clock
             //GPIO Ports - AF8, no PU/PD, fast (despite uart being slow)

GPIOG->MODER &= ~(GPIO_MODER_MODE7 | GPIO_MODER_MODE8);

GPIOG->MODER |= (GPIO_MODER_MODE7_1 | GPIO_MODER_MODE8_1);

GPIOG->OTYPER &= ~(GPIO_OTYPER_OT7 | GPIO_OTYPER_OT8);
              GPIOG->OTYPER &= ~(GPIO_OTTPER_OI/ | GFIO_OTTPER_OI/,
GPIOG->PUPDR &= ~(GPIO_PUPDR_PUPD7 | GPIO_PUPDR_PUPD8);
GPIOG->OSPEEDR |= ((3 << GPIO_OSPEEDR_OSPEED7_POS) | (3 << GPIO_OSPEEDR_OSPEED8_POS));
              GPIOG->AFR[0] &= ~(0x000F << GPIO_AFRL AFSEL7_Pos);
GPIOG->AFR[0] |= (0x0008 << GPIO_AFRL AFSEL7_Pos);
              GPIOG-AFR[1] &= \(\cdot(0x000F \left\) GPIO_AFRH_AFSEL_POS);

GPIOG-\(\text{AFR}\) &= \(\cdot(0x000F \left\) GPIO_AFRH_AFSEL8_POS);

GPIOG-\(\text{AFR}\) |= \((0x0008 \left\) GPIO_AFRH_AFSEL8_POS);
              //LPUART
              LPUART1->CR1 &= ~(USART_CR1_M1 | USART_CR1_M0); // 8-bit data
             LPUARTI->CRI &= ~(USART_CRI_MI | USART_CRI_MU); // o-bit data
LPUARTI->CRI |= USART_CRI_UE; // enable LPUARTI
LPUARTI->CRI |= (USART_CRI_TE | USART_CRI_RE); // enable xmit & recv
LPUARTI->CRI |= USART_CRI_RXNEIE; // enable LPUARTI recv interrupt
LPUARTI->ISR &= ~(USART_ISR_RXNE); // clear Recv-Not-Empty flag
              LPUART1->BRR = (BAUD_RATE);
              /* USER: set baud rate register (LPUART1->BRR) */
              NVIC->ISER[2] = (1 << (LPUART1_IRQn & 0x1F)); // enable LPUART1 ISR
              __enable_irq();
void LPUART Print( const char* message ) {
   uint16 t iStrIdx = 0;
   while \bar{} ( message[iStrIdx] != 0 ) {
       while(!(LPUART1->ISR & USART_ISR_TXE)) // wait for empty xmit buffer
       iStrIdx++;
                                                                // advance index to next char
  }
void LPUART Print Char (uint8 t charRecv) {
              while( !(LPUART1->ISR & USART_ISR_TXE) );// wait for empty TX buffer
                            LPUART1->TDR = charRecv; // send char to terminal
```