# 计算机视觉与模式识别

——图像变换实验

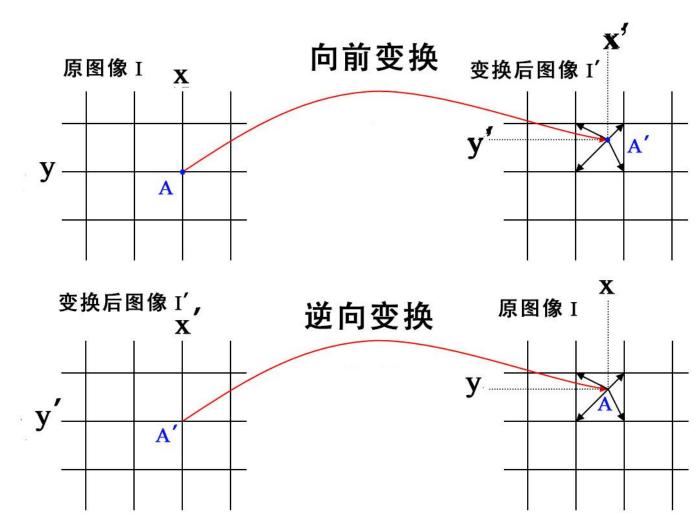
2020年11月25日

## 实验内容

- 1. 图像的向前变换与逆向变换
- 2. 图像的内插方法
  - ✓近邻插值
  - ✓ 双线性插值
- 3. 图像的几何变换

#### 图像的向前变换与逆向变换

- 向前变换的缺点:
  - 1) 空洞,
- 2)整幅图遍历完 之后才能得到该点 的像素值
- 逆前变换就是图 像插值过程

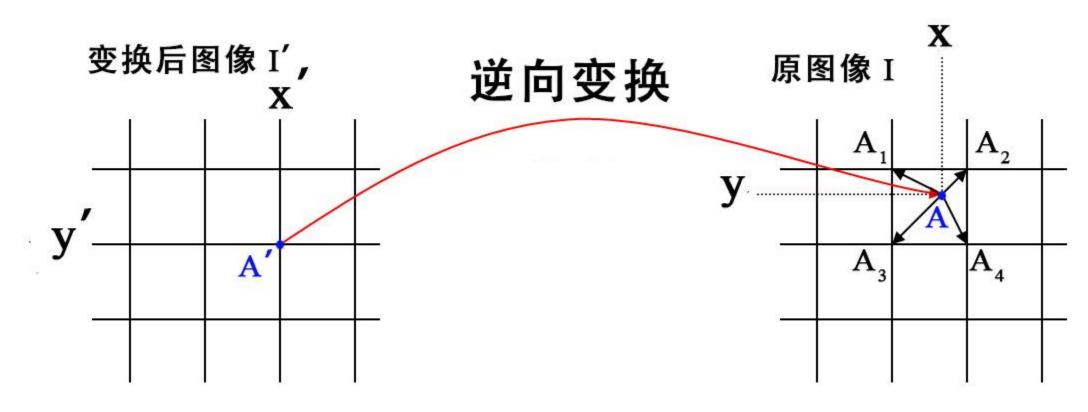


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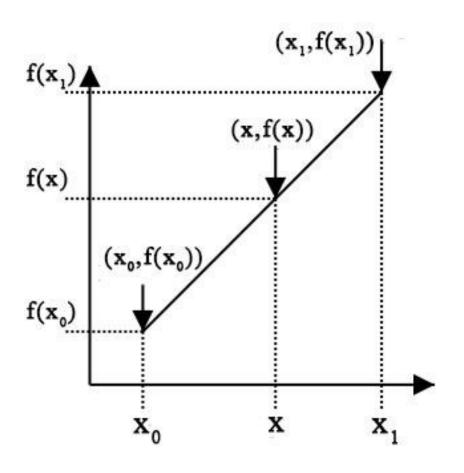
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## 近邻插值

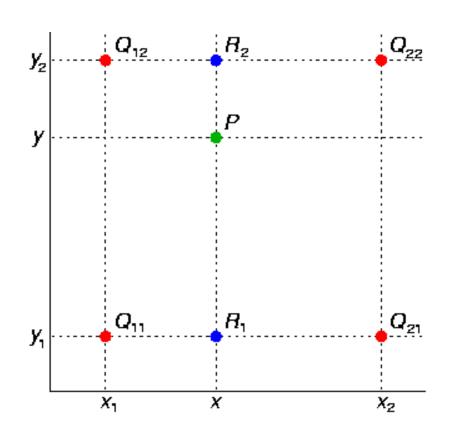
$$I'(A') = I(A_2)$$



#### 双线性插值



$$\frac{f(x) - f(x_0)}{x - x_0} = \frac{f(x_1) - f(x_0)}{x_1 - x_0}$$



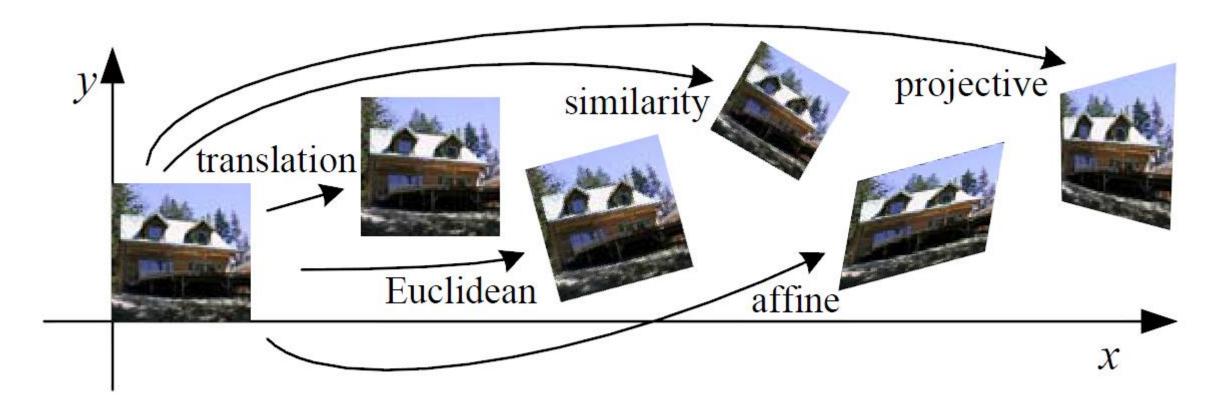
$$f(x) = f(x_0) + \frac{f(x_1) - f(x_0)}{x_1 - x_0} (x - x_0)$$

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## 图像的几何变换

计算机视觉——算法与应用 3.6章节



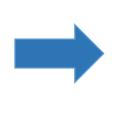
#### 图像的几何变换——平移变换

平移向量  $\begin{cases} x' = x + t_x \\ t_x, t_y \end{cases} \qquad \begin{cases} x = x' - t_x \\ y' = y + t_y \end{cases} \qquad \begin{cases} y = y' - t_y \end{cases}$  $\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & t_x \\ 0 & 1 & t_y \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -t_x \\ 0 & 1 & -t_y \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ 

#### 图像的几何变换一

缩放尺度 
$$\left(c_{x},c_{y}\right)$$

$$\begin{cases} x' = c_x x \\ y' = c_y y \end{cases}$$



$$\begin{cases} x = x'/c_x \\ y = y'/c_y \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} x' \\ y' \\ 1 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} c_x & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & c_y & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} c_x & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & c_y & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1/c_x & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1/c_y & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

#### 图像的几何变换——旋转变换

逆时针旋转角度 $\theta$ 

$$\begin{cases} x' = x\cos\theta - y\sin\theta \\ y' = x\sin\theta + y\cos\theta \end{cases} \qquad \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x = x'\cos\theta + y'\sin\theta \\ y = -x'\sin\theta + y'\cos\theta \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta & 0 \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta & 0 \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

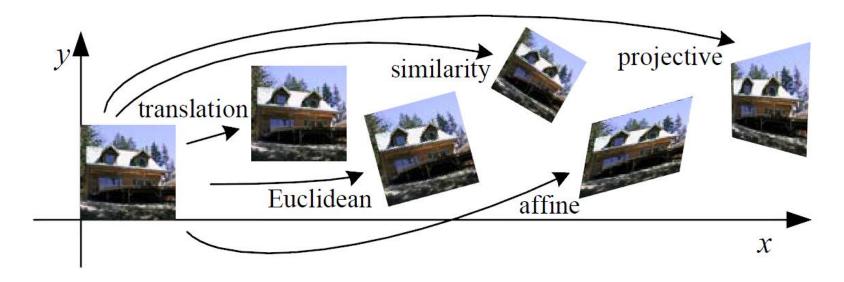
#### 欧式变换和相似变换

欧式变换=平移+旋转

相似变换=平移+旋转+缩放

$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta & t_x \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta & t_y \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} c_x \cos \theta & -c_x \sin \theta & t_x \\ c_y \sin \theta & c_y \cos \theta & t_y \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



## 图像的几何变换——仿射变换

$$\begin{cases} x' = a_{11}x + a_{12}y + t_x \\ y' = a_{21}x + a_{22}y + t_y \end{cases}$$



$$\begin{cases} x' = a_{11}x + a_{12}y + t_x \\ y' = a_{21}x + a_{22}y + t_y \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x = \frac{1}{a_{11}a_{22} - a_{12}a_{21}} (a_{22}x' - a_{12}y' - a_{22}t_x + a_{12}t_y) \\ y = \frac{1}{a_{11}a_{22} - a_{12}a_{21}} (-a_{21}x' + a_{11}y' + a_{21}t_x - a_{11}t_y) \end{cases}$$





$$\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & t_x \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & t_y \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{a_{11}a_{22} - a_{12}a_{21}} \begin{bmatrix} a_{22} & -a_{12} & -a_{22}t_x + a_{12}t_y \\ -a_{21} & a_{11} & a_{21}t_x - a_{11}t_y \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

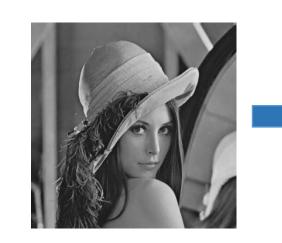
#### 仿射变换举例

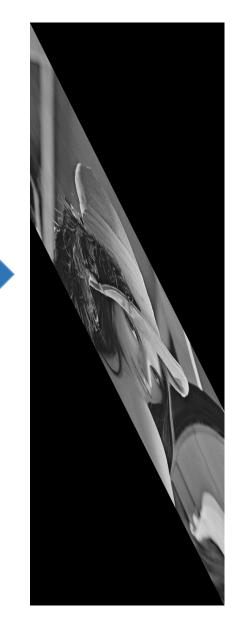
$$T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \begin{cases} x' = x \\ y' = 2x + y \end{cases}$$

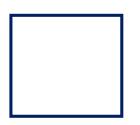
$$\begin{cases} x' = x \\ y' = 2x + y \end{cases}$$

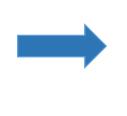


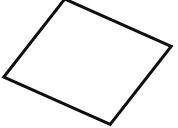
$$\begin{cases} x = x' \\ y = -2x' + y' \end{cases} T^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$







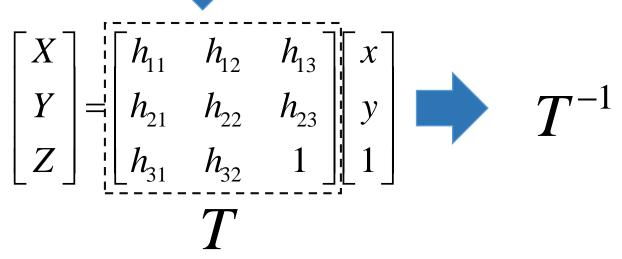


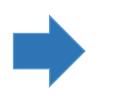


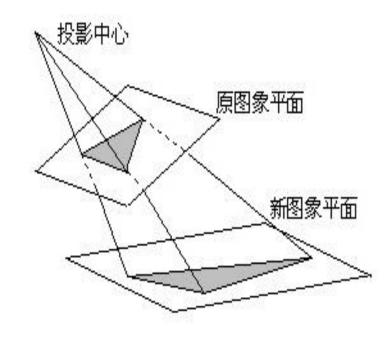
## 图像的几何变换——射影变换

$$\begin{cases} X = h_{11}x + h_{12}y + h_{13} \\ Y = h_{21}x + h_{22}y + h_{23} \end{cases} \qquad \begin{cases} x' = X/Z = \frac{h_{11}x + h_{12}y + h_{13}}{h_{31}x + h_{32}y + 1} \\ Z = h_{31}x + h_{32}y + 1 \end{cases}$$









#### 射影变换举例

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} 0.97 & -0.14 & 117 \\ 0.02 & 1.02 & 160 \\ 0.0005 & 0.0005 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$





$$T^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1.1126 & 0.2349 & -167.7595 \\ -0.0710 & 1.0788 & -180.9208 \\ -0.0006 & -0.0007 & 1.1743 \end{bmatrix}$$

#### 实验报告

12月7日之前提交本次实验报告;

文件命名:班级-学号-姓名.pdf

办 公 室: 科学馆347

电子邮箱: 1150784831@qq.com (王易博)

hmyao267@mail.xjtu.edu.cn