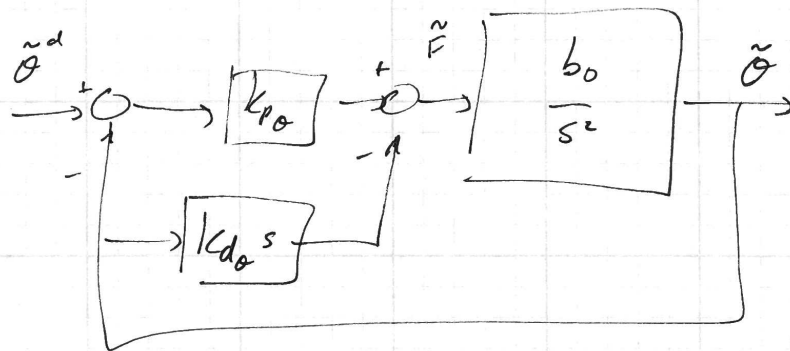


Homework E.11 - Solution

E.11

The block diagram for the inner loop is



Where $b_0 = \frac{l}{(\frac{m l^2}{3} + m z_c^2)}$ and $z_c = \frac{1}{2}l$ is the equilibrium position

The closed loop transfer function is

$$\tilde{\theta}(s) = \frac{k_p b_0}{s^2 + k_d b_0 s + k_p b_0} \tilde{\theta}^d$$

The closed loop char eqn is

$$\Delta_d = s^2 + k_d b_0 s + k_p b_0$$

The DC gain is

$$k_{ocp} = \frac{k_o b_0}{k_p b_0} = 1$$

The desired char eq is $\Delta_d^d = s^2 + 2\zeta\omega_n s + \omega_n^2$

Soln

(2)

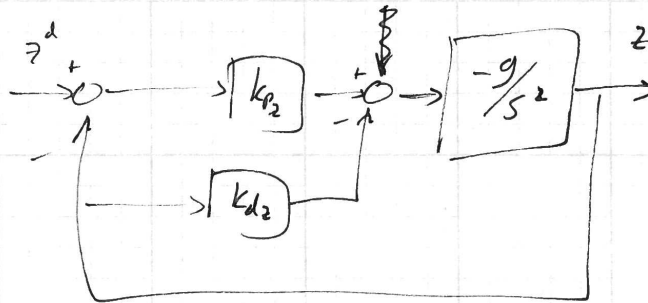
E.11

$$\therefore k_p = \frac{\omega_{n0}^2}{b_0}$$

$$k_0 = \frac{2\xi\omega_{n0}}{b_0}$$

The block diagram for the outer loop (since $k_{p0}=1$)

is



The closed loop transfer function is

$$Z(s) = \frac{-g k_{p2}}{s^2 - g k_{02} s - g k_{p2}} Z^d(s)$$

The ~~the~~ closed loop char eq is

$$\Delta_c = s^2 - g k_{02} s - g k_{p2}$$

The desired closed loop char eq is

$$\Delta_d = s^2 + 2\xi_{z_2} \omega_{n2} s + \omega_{n2}^2$$

Soln

(3)

E.11

$$\therefore h_{0z} = -\frac{2\zeta_z \omega_{nz}}{g}$$

$$h_{p_z} = -\frac{\omega_{nz}^2}{g}$$

The DC gain of the outer loop is

$$K_{OC_z} = 1$$

$$\zeta_0 = 2.6519$$

$$t_{E_z} = 10$$

$$t_{r_0} = 1$$

$$\omega_{nz} = 0.22$$

$$\omega_{n0} = 2.2$$

$$k_{p_z} = -0.0049$$

$$k_{p_0} = 1.8251$$

$$K_{0_z} = -0.0312$$

$$K_{0_0} = 1.123$$

$$K_{OC_0} = 1$$