# **Teaching Statement**

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My educational journey, profoundly shaped by the dedication and expertise of several remarkable teachers and mentors, have led me to a firm belief in the transformative power of good teaching on a student's life path. Over the years, I have contemplated and reflected on the quintessential pedagogy that balances the act of engaging, conveying, and inspiring. Specifically, in developing my course materials, I am guided by a series of introspective questions that aims at ensuring that the content not only is informative but also stimulates critical thinking.

I continually ask myself five key questions:

- 1. What insights will students gather while actively engaging with both my spoken words and the slide content?
- 2. What insights will students gather while independently examining the slide content at my lecture pace?
- 3. What are the takeaways for students when they revisit the slides on their own time?
- 4. How can I guarantee consistency in the key takeaways gathered across these varied learning contexts?
- 5. How do I structure the slide content to convey key messages to the students without them directly reading from it?

These practices have shaped my teaching philosophy, which emphasizes the effective use of visualization.

## 1 Teaching Philosophy

Visualization is central to my instructional approach, leveraging the human brain's rapid image processing ability, which reportedly surpasses text interpretation by 6x– $600x^1$  [1]. This capability enables students to extract information from visual aids alongside verbal explanations far more efficiently than text alone, allowing for profound engagement in class. In the realm of STEM education, where abstract theories and complex equations can be overwhelming, visualization serves as a vital bridge, translating intricate ideas into comprehensible and memorable images. It also elegantly addresses the pedagogical challenge of conveying essential concepts without resorting to simply reading from the slides—a practice that hinders critical thinking. Beyond the immediate classroom benefits, the ability to visualize data and concepts is an indispensable skill for students, one that is increasingly critical in both their academic pursuits and future research careers. Building on this philosophy, I address the challenge of ensuring consistent takeaways from the course materials in different learning contexts—whether inside or outside the classroom—by integrating concise bullet points alongside visuals, ensuring key messages being conveyed.

### 2 Pitfalls and Lessons Learned

Designing visuals that effectively encode information demands thoughtful consideration and attention to detail, ensuring accessibility for all learners. Informed by my personal experience with minor color vision deficiency, I am acutely aware of key pitfalls in visual information delivery, such as solely relying on color contrast to embed information. For instance, Fig. 1 demonstrates how using color as the sole differentiator between two spectra can make the data difficult to interpret for those with color vision impairments. The prevalence of color blindness, affecting approximately 8% of males and 0.5% of females [2], might surprise many. However, this statistic virtually guarantees that in any moderately sized classroom, at least one individual is likely to have a form of color vision deficiency. Acknowledging this, I am committed to employing multiple modes of differentiation in my teaching materials, such as patterns, textures, and annotations, to ensure that all students, regardless of visual ability, have equal access to the information presented.

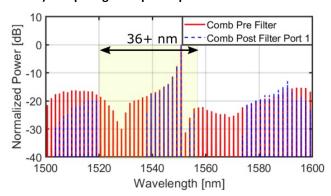
# 3 Inclusive Teaching

My commitment to inclusivity extends beyond color vision awareness to embrace all facets of diversity and accessibility in education. I recognize that students come with a broad spectrum of cultural backgrounds, personal histories, and educational experiences, all of which influence their learning needs. In light of this, I will strive to create a classroom environment that is not only physically accessible but also cognitively and culturally welcoming. This entails the use of language that is inclusive and bias-free, as well as the incorporation of diverse examples in my teaching materials, practices that I will regularly reflect on to ensure adherence.

YUYANG WANG TEACHING STATEMENT  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Despite the discrepancy with the unfounded internet meme claiming 60,000x, as called out in *The 60,000 Fallacy* (https://policyviz.com/2015/09/17/the-60000-fallacy/), this is still substantial enough to warrant extra attention to the use of visualization in teaching.

#### a) Comparing two spectra plotted in different colors



#### b) The same comparison viewed in grayscale

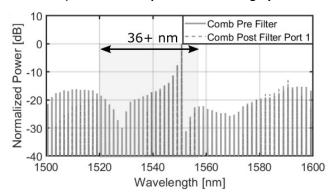


Figure 1: Example of non-robust information encoding solely with color contrast. a) Two spectra distinguishable by people with normal color vision. b) Illustrative rendering of the same two spectra possibly perceived by people with color vision deficiency.

## **Teaching Plans**

In harmony with the esteemed curriculum of the Paul G. Allen School of Computer Science & Engineering at the University of Washington, I am eager to contribute by teaching a range of courses that intersect with my expertise, such as

- Digital circuits and systems (#271),
- Introduction to computer communication networks (#419), and
- Fundamentals of integrated circuits (#486).

Believing that the preparation for teaching materials deepens my own understanding of the subject matter, I am also open to teaching courses beyond my primary expertise, such as

- Computer architecture I (#469), and
- CAD for VLSI (#541).

Moreover, I am enthusiastic about the prospect of designing new courses, currently not offered at the University of Washington, such as

- · Electronic Photonic Design Automation, and
- · Silicon Photonics Optical Interconnects,

which could expand and enrich the department's already distinguished curriculum.

#### 5 Mentoring

My mentoring philosophy extends beyond knowledge sharing and intellectual guidance. I am dedicated to providing holistic support for the academic and professional development of the students. I will strive to create a supportive and collaborative research environment, inspiring students to excel in their studies, uphold professionalism, and explore their own research interests until they emerge as independent researchers. My time as a postdoctoral researcher at the Columbia University allowed me to partially implement this philosophy, guiding several Ph.D. students to significant milestones, including publishing their first papers as lead authors at premier conferences like OFC and CLEO, and securing their initial industry positions. I eagerly anticipate the opportunity to extend and refine my mentorship practices at the University of Washington.

#### 6 Post-COVID-19 Considerations

In the post-COVID-19 era, I have adapted to the emerging norms of hybrid teaching and research settings. I am prepared to further refine my teaching and mentoring approaches to accommodate these evolving challenges. For example, I plan to enhance my slides with additional annotations and essential animations to offset the lack of real-time interaction that a physical whiteboard provides. Additionally, I plan to introduce regular coffee hours and/or lunch meetings within the group to facilitate in-person discussion whenever feasible and in compliance with the university guidelines. Such adaptability is critical for navigating through the evolving educational landscape, and I am committed to the continuous innovation in my teaching and mentoring practices to provide all students with accessible and effective education.

### References

- "Research: Is A Picture Worth 1,000 Words Or 60,000 Words in Marketing? | Emailaudience." [Online]. Available: https://www.emailaudience.com/ research-picture-worth-1000-words-marketing
- [2] "Types of Colour Blindness." [Online]. Available: https://www.colourblindawareness.org/colour-blindness/types-of-colour-blindness/

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