

# **OCEAN XL Reference**

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# Introduction to OCEAN XL Commands

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OCEAN XL commands let you simulate and analyze your design in Virtuoso® Analog Design Environment XL. In this chapter, you can find information about creating and running OCEAN XL scripts.

## Licensing Requirements

The OCEAN XL commands can be run for Virtuoso® Analog Design Environment XL, Virtuoso® ADE Explorer, or Virtuoso® ADE Assembler. Depending on the mode set in the `ocnxlSetXLMode` command, any one of the following licenses is checked out to run an OCEAN XL script:

- Analog\_Design\_Environment\_XL (95210)
- Virtuoso\_ADE\_Explorer (95250)
- Virtuoso\_ADE\_Assembler (95260)

For information about licensing in the Virtuoso Studio Design Environment, see [Virtuoso Software Licensing and Configuration Guide](#).

## Creating and Running an OCEAN XL Script

You can create and run an OCEAN XL script to run one or more tests over zero or more corner conditions. When you save an OCEAN XL script, the program saves setup information for all your tests, sweeps, corner conditions and run options.

For more details, refer to the following sections:

- [Creating an OCEAN XL Script](#)
- [Modifying an OCEAN XL Script](#)
- [Running an OCEAN Script](#)
- [Running Parallel OCEAN XL Simulation Runs for an ADE XL View](#)
- [Viewing Results of Simulations Run using OCEAN XL Scripts](#)

### Creating an OCEAN XL Script

You can create an OCEAN XL script in any of the following three ways:

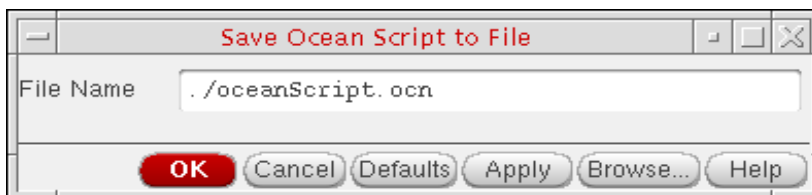
- ➔ [Saving the ADE XL Setup to an OCEAN XL Script](#)
- ➔ [Scripting an OCEAN XL Script](#)
- ➔ [Creating OCEAN XL Scripts with Netlist Specified as a Design](#)

### Saving the ADE XL Setup to an OCEAN XL Script

You can create a simulation setup in ADE XL user interface and save it as an OCEAN XL script. For this, after the simulation setup is complete, do the following:

1. In the main session window, choose *File – Save Script*.

The Save OCEAN Script form appears.



2. In the *File Name* field, type a name and location for your OCEAN XL script file.

**Note:** The default name and location is `./oceanScript.ocn`.

**3. Click *OK*.**

The program saves simulation setup and conditions to the specified OCEAN XL script file.

**Note:** The setup information for non-ADE XL tests will not be saved in the OCEAN XL script.

### Scripting an OCEAN XL Script

You can use a text editor to create an OCEAN XL script by using OCEAN XL commands and save it in a `.ocn` file.

### Creating OCEAN XL Scripts with Netlist Specified as a Design

If you have an already generated netlist of a design, you can provide the path to that netlist file to the `design` OCEAN XL command. By doing this, you can run a simulation without loading/ requiring the complete design hierarchy. Later, you can view the simulation results in ADE XL user interface. For more details, refer to [Viewing Results of Simulations Run using OCEAN XL Scripts](#).

### Modifying an OCEAN XL Script

If you run an OCEAN XL script from an ADE XL interface, if required, you can load its setup in ADE XL user interface and modify it after the run. To modify the OCEAN XL setup, do the following:

1. In the History tab of the [Data View](#) assistant pane, right-click the history item for the OCEAN XL run and choose *Load Setup to Active*.



***Load Setup to Active will overwrite the current setup with the setup in the history item for the OCEAN XL run.***

2. Modify the setup as required.

You can modify the setup using the ADE XL user interface (such as adding or modifying global variables or corners using the Data View assistant pane), or use the OCEAN Test Editor form to modify the setup.

To use the OCEAN Test Editor form, do the following:

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### Introduction to OCEAN XL Commands

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- a. Right-click the test name in the *Tests* tree in the Data tab of Data View assistant pane and choose *Open Test Editor*.

The OCEAN Test Editor form appears in which the OCEAN commands saved in the script are displayed.



The OCEAN Test Editor form is a text editor specified by using the `editor` SKILL variable, or the `$VISUAL` or `$EDITOR` variables in the `.cshrc` file, in the given order of preference.

- b. Change the simulation setup by modifying the commands.
- c. Click *OK* to save the changes in the script.

### Important


When you modify the setup in the history item for the OCEAN XL run in ADE XL, the original OCEAN XL script that you used to run the simulation from a UNIX shell will not be modified. Choose *File – Save Script* if you want to save the changes in the setup to a new OCEAN XL script file.

## Running an OCEAN Script

To run simulations using OCEAN scripts, perform any one of the following steps:

- ➔ In CIW, run the following command:

```
load("<name-of-OCEAN-script-file>")
```

- ➔ In ADE XL user interface, load the set up from history of a previous OCEAN run and click *Run Simulation*  on the Run toolbar to start the simulation.

- ➔ In a UNIX shell, type the following commands:

```
ocean  
load("<name-of-OCEAN-script-file>")
```

For information about running an OCEAN script from a UNIX shell, see the [OCEAN Reference](#).

When you run a simulation using an OCEAN script, a history item named `Ocean.n` is created for the run. You can then start ADE XL, and use the ADE XL user interface to view the results for the OCEAN run.

### Important

You must not load and run your OCEAN script in the Command Interpreter Window (CIW) while ADE XL is still running for the same cellview.

When you run the script, the program reports the following information:

- Sweep parameters and their values
- Number of tests, sweep points, and corners
- Points completed and job status information
- Results location to the output area of the CIW

For example:

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### Introduction to OCEAN XL Commands

---

1/1 completed.

\*Info\* The result of this OCEAN XL run are saved in "Interactive.3" in library "rfExamples", cell "ne600", view "adexl".

The results location corresponds to the lib/cell/view specified in the [ocnxlTargetCellView](#) call, such as

```
ocnxlTargetCellView( "rfExamples" "ne600" "adexl")
```



#### Tip

You can run an OCEAN script using LSF, for example, by [submitting the job remotely](#) using the `bsub` command (for the LSF example) as follows:

```
bsub ocean -nograph OCEANscriptFileName
```

Also see: [includeSimLogInJobLog](#), an environment that can be used to control the inclusion of the simulator output log in the OCEAN job log.

## Running Parallel OCEAN XL Simulation Runs for an ADE XL View

In OCEAN XL, you can simultaneously run multiple simulation runs for an ADE XL view. You can do this by executing multiple [ocnxlRun](#) functions in parallel from the same OCEAN XL script. The results of all the runs are saved in the results database of that ADE XL view.

This section describes how to prepare setup and run parallel simulation runs in OCEAN XL.

### Preparing Setup for Parallel Simulation Runs

You can enable the parallel run option for your OCEAN XL scripts in any of the following ways:

- To enable the parallel run, before saving an OCEAN XL script from an ADE XL view, select the *Parallel* option in the [Run Options](#) form.
- Use the [ocnxlSetRunDistributeOptions](#) command in the OCEAN XL script to set the parallel run option.

### Running Parallel Simulation Runs

In your OCEAN script, ensure that the `waitUntilDone` argument of the [ocnxlRun](#) function is set to `nil`.

For example, if you have saved an ADE XL state, `Ac_State1`, and want to run a simulation for it parallel to other runs in your OCEAN XL script, use the following commands:

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### Introduction to OCEAN XL Commands

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```
ocnxlLoadSetupState( "AC_State1" 'retain ?tests t ?vars t ?parameters t
?currentMode t ?runOptions t ?specs t ?corners t ?extensions t
?modelGroups nil ?relxanalysis nil )

runid1 = ocnxlRun(?waitUntilDone nil)

ocnxlLoadSetupState( "Tran_State2" 'retain ?tests t ?vars t ?parameters t
?currentMode t
?runOptions t ?specs t ?corners t ?extensions t
?modelGroups nil ?relxanalysis nil )

runid2 = ocnxlRun(?waitUntilDone nil)
```

When the *waitUntilDone* argument is set to *nil*, OCEAN XL does not wait for the run to complete. Instead, while the run is in progress, it executes the next line in the script. In the example given above, OCEAN XL loads another state, *Tran\_State2*, and starts a simulation for that without waiting for the first simulation run to finish.

**Note:** You need to set the *waitUntilDone* argument for each OCEAN XL run that you want to run in parallel. By default, this argument is set to *t*.

When you set the *waitUntilDone* argument to *nil*, the *ocnxlRun* function also returns a run ID for each run. You can use this run ID later to either wait for that run to complete at a later stage or to access the history results of that run.

For example, before printing results, if you want to wait for a particular OCEAN XL run to complete simulations, you can use the following statement in your script:

```
(ocnxlWaitUntilDone rinid2)
(ocnxlOutputSummary ?forRun runid1 ?detailed nil)
; The previous command displays run summary for the simulation run with run ID as
runid1
```

After a run is complete, you can get access to its results by using its run ID, as shown in the following statement:

```
h1 = ocnxlGetHistory(runid1)
```

You can use this handle to get results for the given OCEAN XL run.

For details on the related OCEAN XL functions and their examples, refer to the following sections in the OCEAN Reference Guide:

- [ocnxlRun](#)
- [ocnxlOutputSummary](#)
- [ocnxlWaitUntilDone](#)
- [ocnxlGetHistory](#)
- [ocnxlSetRunDistributeOptions](#)



■ ocnxlGetRunDistributeOptions

## Viewing Results of Simulations Run using OCEAN XL Scripts

The results of simulations run from OCEAN XL scripts are saved in the results database of the ADE XL view. While the OCEAN XL simulations are in progress or after they are complete, you can view these results in the ADE XL user interface.

To view the results for an OCEAN XL simulation run in the ADE XL user interface, do the following:

- ➔ In the History tab of the Data View assistant pane, right-click the history item for the OCEAN run and choose *View Results*.

**Note:** While the simulations are in progress, you need to close and reopen the results to view the updated data.

When you view the results of simulations performed by specifying netlist as design, you cannot use the schematic-based post processing options. For example, you cannot use the VT calculator function to select a net on schematic or you cannot use the direct plotting feature. Therefore, when you right-click data in the *Results* tab, some of the commands that require use of the schematic view are not enabled.

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## Introduction to OCEAN XL Commands

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## OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

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This chapter provides details of the OCEAN XL commands related to the following areas:

- [Commands to Set Up OCEAN XL Mode](#)
- [Commands for Tests](#)
- [Commands for Active Setup](#)
- [Commands for Corners](#)
- [Commands for Outputs](#)
- [Commands for Specifications](#)
- [Commands to Set Up Run Options](#)
- [Commands for OCEAN XL Runs](#)
- [Commands for History](#)
- [Commands for Parametric Sets](#)
- [Commands for Pre-run Scripts](#)
- [Commands for Reliability Analysis](#)
- [Commands for EAD](#)

## Commands to Set Up OCEAN XL Mode

- [ocnxlEndXLMode](#)
- [ocnSetXLMode](#)

## ocnxlEndXLMode

```
ocnxlEndXLMode (  
    [ t_maestroMode ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

This command indicates the end of the current XL mode. This command releases the license that was checked out for the XL mode.

### Arguments

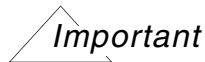
*t\_maestroMode* Specifies the application for which the XL mode is to be ended.

Possible values:

- "explorer": Ends the OCEAN XL mode for ADE Explorer.
- "assembler": Ends the OCEAN XL mode for ADE Assembler.

Any other value ends the OCEAN XL mode for ADE XL.

Default value: `nil`



Ensure that the value given for this argument is same as the mode in the `ocnSetXLMode` command. If the two values do not match, the checked out license will not be released.

### Value Returned

`t` Returns `t` if the test setup completes.

`nil` Returns `nil` otherwise.

### Example

```
ocnSetXLMode ()  
ocnxlBeginTest ("test_one")
```

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### **OCEAN Commands in XL Mode**

---

```
design("solutions" "ampTest" "schematic")
simulator('spectre)
...
ocnxlEndTest()
```

## ocnSetXLMode

```
ocnSetXLMode (  
    [ t_maestroMode ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Sets the OCEAN mode to XL. In this mode, the simulation setup can contain multiple tests, corners, or advanced run modes, such as MonteCarlo. The OCEAN XL mode can be used to run simulations for ADE XL, ADE Explorer, or ADE Assembler. Accordingly, it checks out the required license. Once the mode is set to XL, it cannot be reverted.

### Arguments

<i>t_maestroMode</i>	Specifies the application for which simulations are to be run. Possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ <code>"explorer"</code>: Sets the OCEAN XL mode for ADE Explorer and checks out the Virtuoso_ADE_Explorer (95250) license. If 95250 is not available, Virtuoso_ADE_Assembler (95260) can also be checked out.</li><li>■ <code>"assembler"</code>: Sets the OCEAN XL mode for ADE Assembler and checks out the Virtuoso_ADE_Assembler (95260) license.</li></ul> Any other value sets the OCEAN XL mode for ADE XL and checks out the Analog_Design_Environment_XL (95210) license. Default value: <code>nil</code>
----------------------	--

### Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if the mode is set to XL.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise

### .Example

```
ocnSetXLMode ()  
ocnxlBeginTest ("test_one")
```

## **OCEAN XL Reference**

### **OCEAN Commands in XL Mode**

---

```
design("solutions" "ampTest" "schematic")
simulator('spectre)
...
ocnxlEndTest()
```



## Commands for Tests

- ocnxlBeginTest
- ocnxlDisableTest
- ocnxlEndTest
- ocnxlGetTests
- ocnxlMTSBlock
- ocnxlSetMTSMode
- ocnxlMTSEnable
- ocnxlSelectTest

## **ocnxlBeginTest**

```
ocnxlBeginTest(  
    t_testName  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

This command indicates the beginning of the test specified by `testName`. Subsequent commands populate this test. The test specification ends when `ocnxlEndTest()` command is given.

### **Arguments**

<i>t_testName</i>	The name of the test.
-------------------	-----------------------

### **Value Returned**

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if its able to begin the test.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlBeginTest("test_one")
```

## **ocnxlDisableTest**

```
ocnxlDisableTest(  
    t_testName  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Lets you disable a test. A disabled test will not be run when `ocnxlRun()` command is fired. See help on `ocnxlRun()`.

### **Arguments**

<i>t_testName</i>	Name of the test.
-------------------	-------------------

### **Value Returned**

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if the test is disabled.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlDisableTest("test_two") => t
```

## **ocnxlEndTest**

```
ocnxlEndTest()  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

This command indicates the end of the current test's specification.

### **Arguments**

None.

### **Value Returned**

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if the test setup completes.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlBeginTest("test_one")  
design("solutions" "ampTest" "schematic")  
simulator('spectre)  
ocnxlEndTest()
```

## **ocnxlGetTests**

```
ocnxlGetTests(  
    )  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Returns a list of test names.

### **Arguments**

None

### **Value Returned**

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if successful.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlGetTests()
```

## **ocnxlMTSBlock**

```
ocnxlMTSBlock(  
    s_blockName  
    [ ?isMtsBlock g_isMtsBlock ]  
    [ ?includeFile l_includeFile ]  
    [ ?modelFiles l_modelFiles ]  
    [ ?simOptions t_simOptions ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Enables a block for multi-technology simulation (MTS) and specifies the include files and model files associated with the block.

## Arguments

<i>s_blockName</i>	Specifies the name of the block that needs to be enabled for multi-technology simulation.  Valid values: a string
<i>?isMtsBlock</i> <i>g_isMtsBlock</i>	Specifies whether the block is enabled or disabled for multi-technology simulation.  Valid values: <code>t</code> , <code>nil</code>  Default Value: <code>nil</code>
<i>?includeFile</i> <i>l_includeFile</i>	Specifies the include files associated with the block.  Valid values: a list of strings or <code>nil</code>  Default value: <code>nil</code>
<i>?modelFiles</i> <i>l_modelFiles</i>	Specifies the model files associated with the block.  Valid values: a list of strings or <code>nil</code>  Default value: <code>nil</code>
<i>?simOptions</i> <i>t_simOptions</i>	Specifies simulator options.

## Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if successful.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

## Example

```
ocnxlMTSBlock('digLib\ inv_usim  
?isMtsBlock t  
?modelFiles ' ("Models/myModels.scs" "ss")  
("Models/spectre_cl013lv.scs" "aa"))
```

Enables the `inv_usim` cell in the `digLib` library for multi-technology simulation and specifies the model files (and the sections of the model files) associated with the block.

## **ocnxlSetMTSMODE**

```
ocnxlSetMTSMODE(  
    s_blockName  
    [ ?enableMTS g_enableMTSBlock ]  
    [ ?modelFiles l_modelFiles ]  
    [ ?simOptions t_simOptions ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Enables a block for multi-technology simulation (MTS) and specifies the model files associated with the block.



## Arguments

<i>s_blockName</i>	Specifies the name of the block that needs to be enabled for multi-technology simulation.  Valid values: a string
<i>?enableMTS</i> <i>g_enableMTSBlock</i>	Specifies whether the block is enabled or disabled for multi-technology simulation.  Valid values: <code>t</code> , <code>nil</code>  Default Value: <code>nil</code>
<i>?modelFiles</i> <i>l_modelFiles</i>	Specifies the model files associated with the block.  Valid values: a list of strings or <code>nil</code>  Default value: <code>nil</code>
<i>?simOptions</i> <i>t_simOptions</i>	Specifies simulator options.

## Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if successful.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

## Example

```
ocnxlMTSEnable(t "assembler") ocnxlSetMTSMode("design_45 inv" ?enableMTS t  
?modelFiles '(("gpdk045/gpdk045_v_3_0/models/spectre/gpdk045.scs" "tt"))  
?simOptions '(("scale" "2") ("temp" "25")))
```

Enables the `inv` cell in the `design_45` library for multi-technology simulation and specifies the model files associated with the block.

## ocnxlMTSEnable

```
ocnxlMTSEnable(  
    g_enable  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Enables or disables multi-technology simulation (MTS) mode for the current test. The current test's specification begins with `ocnxlBeginTest()`. See help on `ocnxlBeginTest()`.

### Arguments

<i>g_enable</i>	Enables or disables MTS mode for the current test.
	Valid values: <code>t</code> , <code>nil</code>
	Default Value: <code>nil</code>

### Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if successful.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

### Example

```
ocnxlMTSEnable(t)  
;Enables MTS mode for the current test.
```

## **ocnxlSelectTest**

```
ocnxlSelectTest(  
    t_testName  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Lets you select a test. List of test names can be obtained by `ocnxlGetTests()` command. See help on `ocnxlGetTests()`.

### **Arguments**

<i>t_testName</i>	The name of the test.
-------------------	-----------------------

### **Value Returned**

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if the test is selected.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlSelectTest("test_two") => t  
Sets "test_two" as the currently selected test.
```

## Commands for Active Setup

- [ocnxlDeleteNote](#)
- [ocnxlDisableSweepParam](#)
- [ocnxlDisableSweepVar](#)
- [ocnxlEnableSweepParam](#)
- [ocnxlEnableSweepVar](#)
- [ocnxlEnableTest](#)
- [ocnxlGetJobId](#)
- [ocnxlGetSession](#)
- [ocnxlJobSetup](#)
- [ocnxlLoadSetupState](#)
- [ocnxlMaxJobFail](#)
- [ocnxlMainSimSession](#)
- [ocnxlProjectDir](#)
- [ocnxlPutNote](#)
- [ocnxlResultsLocation](#)
- [ocnxlSaveSetupAs](#)
- [ocnxlSensitivityVars](#)
- [ocnxlSetDesignVariablePerTest](#)
- [ocnxlSetAllVarsDisabled](#)
- [ocnxlSetupLocation](#)
- [ocnxlSimResultsLocation](#)
- [ocnxlStimuliData](#)
- [ocnxlSweepVar](#)
- [ocnxlSweepParam](#)
- [ocnxlTargetCellView](#)

## ocnxlDeleteNote

```
ocnxlDeleteNote(  
    t_item  
    t_name  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Deletes a note from the given test, history, corner, or variable.

For more information about notes, see [Adding Notes to a Test](#).

### Arguments

<i>t_item</i>	Type of the element from which you need to delete a note.  Valid values: "test", "history", "corner", or "global-var"
<i>t_name</i>	Name of the element for which you are deleting a note.

### Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> , when successful.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful operation.

### Example

The following example code shows how to delete a note added to a corner:

```
ocnSetXLMode()  
ocnxlTargetCellView("opamp090" "full_diff_opamp" "adexl_1")  
ocnxlCorner( "C0" '(  
    ("model" "gpd090.scs" ?section "\"SF\" \"FS\"") ("modelGroup" "")  
)  
)  
ocnxlPutNote( "corner" "C0" "note_content")  
ocnxlDeleteNote( "corner" "C0" )
```

## **ocnxlDisableSweepParam**

```
ocnxlDisableSweepParam(  
    t_paramName  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Lets you disable a sweep parameter. A disabled parameter is not run when `ocnxlRun()` command is fired. See help on `ocnxlRun()`.

### **Arguments**

<i>t_paramName</i>	Name of the parameter.
--------------------	------------------------

### **Value Returned**

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if the sweep parameter is disabled.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlDisableSweepParam("solutions/ampTest/schematic/R1/r")  
=> t
```

## **ocnxlDisableSweepVar**

```
ocnxlDisableSweepVar(  
    t_varName  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Lets you disable a sweep variable. A disabled sweep is not run when `ocnxlRun()` command is fired. See help on `ocnxlRun()`.

### **Arguments**

<i>t_varName</i>	Name of the variable.
------------------	-----------------------

### **Value Returned**

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if the sweep variable is disabled.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlDisableSweepVar("CAP")  
=> t
```

## **ocnxlEnableSweepParam**

```
ocnxlEnableSweepParam(  
    t_paramPath  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Enables a sweep parameter. A disabled sweep parameter is not run when the `ocnxlRun()` command is run.

### **Arguments**

<i>t_paramPath</i>	Name of the sweep parameter.
--------------------	------------------------------

### **Value Returned**

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if successful.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlEnableSweepParam("solutions/ampTest/schematic/R1/r")  
=> t
```



## **ocnxlEnableSweepVar**

```
ocnxlEnableSweepVar(  
    t_varName  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Enables a sweep variable. A disabled sweep variable is not run when the `ocnxlRun()` command is run.

### **Arguments**

<i>t_varName</i>	Name of the sweep variable.
------------------	-----------------------------

### **Value Returned**

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if successful.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlEnableSweepVar("CAP")  
=> t
```

## **ocnxlEnableTest**

```
ocnxlEnableTest(  
    t_testName  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Enables a test. A disabled test will not be run when the `ocnxlRun()` command is run.

### **Arguments**

<i>t_testName</i>	Name of the test.
-------------------	-------------------

### **Value Returned**

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if successful.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlEnableTest("test_two")  
=> t
```

## **ocnxlGetJobId**

```
ocnxlGetJobId(  
    )  
=> x_jobID / nil
```

### **Description**

Returns the ID of the current simulation job. This command must be used only in a pre-run script.

For more information, see [Executing Pre-run Scripts before Simulation Runs](#).

### **Arguments**

None

### **Value Returned**

<i>x_jobID</i>	Returns the job ID of the current simulation job
nil	Returns nil otherwise

### **Example**

```
id=ocnxlGetJobId()
```

## ocnxlGetSession

```
ocnxlGetSession(  
    )  
=> t_sessionName / nil
```

### Description

Returns the session name.

### Arguments

None

### Value Returned

<i>t_sessionName</i>	Returns the name of the session.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> and prints an error message if there is no OCEAN XL session.

### Example

The following example shows that this function returns the default session name assigned by OCEAN.

```
ocnSetXLMode()  
t  
ocnxlTargetCellView("myLib" "ampTest" "adexl")  
t  
ocnxlGetSession()  
"ocnXLSession_Apr_18_10_11_38_2013"
```

## ocnxlJobSetup

```
ocnxlJobSetup(  
    l_setupOptions  
    [ ?name t_name ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Specifies various job setup details for a simulation job.

### Arguments

<code>l_setupOptions</code>	The list of setup options.
<code>?name t_name</code>	Specifies a name to be used to save the job setup.

The following table describes all the job setup options for `l_setupOptions`.

<code>-distributionmethod</code>	<p>Specifies the location where the job has to run. The possible values for distribution method are: Local, Remote-Host, Command, LBS. Default value: Local</p> <p>When you choose LBS distribution method, by default OCEAN uses the LBS Distributed Resource Management Systems (DRMS). You can choose to use LSF or SGE DRMS by setting the <code>LBS_CLUSTER_MASTER</code> and <code>LBS_BASE_SYSTEM</code> environment variables in your <code>.cshrc</code> file. For more details, refer to <a href="#">Setting Up to Use Distributed Processing Option</a> in <i>Virtuoso Analog Distributed Processing Options User Guide</i>.</p>
<code>-maxjobs</code>	Specifies the maximum number of jobs that can run at any time during the given session. Default value: 1
<code>-starttimeout</code>	Specifies the time (number of seconds) to wait for the icrp process (a process that runs the specific job) to report back that it has started the job. The wait time starts as the job is submitted. Default value: 300
<code>-startmaxjobsimmed</code>	Immediately submits all the specified maximum number of jobs. Default value: 1

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

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<code>-configuretimeout</code>	Specifies the time (number of seconds) to wait for the icrp process to report back that it has configured the job. The wait time starts as soon as a job configure command is sent. Default value: 300
<code>-lingertimeout</code>	Specifies the time (number of seconds) after which you want the program to kill the icrp process after the simulations finish. Default value: 300
<code>-runtimeout</code>	Specifies the time (number of seconds) to wait for the icrp process to report back that it has run the job. The wait time starts as soon as the run command for the job is sent. Default value: -1, which means ADE XL keeps waiting for infinite time for the icrp process to report back.
<code>-showoutputlogerror</code>	Displays the output log files of all error points in the test. Default value: 0
<code>-showerrorwhenretrying</code>	Displays the output log file on the occurrence of an error for a test, even if the ADE XL distribution system is retrying the test. Default value: 1
<code>-reconfigureimmediately</code>	When running multiple runs in the same ADE XL session, specifies that a completed job be reassigned from the current run to a new run. Default value: 1
<code>-jobqueue</code>	Specifies the name of the queue. If no queue is defined, the job is placed in the default queue. This option is used only when LBS or LSF DRMS is used.
<code>-jobhostname</code>	Specifies the name of the host on which the job will run. If no host is specified, the system assigns the job to any available host. This option is used when <code>distributedmethod</code> is set as <code>Remote-Host</code> or when <code>distributedmethod</code> is set as <code>LBS</code> and either <code>LBS</code> or <code>LSF DRMS</code> is used.
<code>-parallelnumprocs</code>	Specifies the number of parallel processors to be used. This option is used only when <code>LSF DRMS</code> is used.
<code>-jobresourcerequirements</code>	<p>Specifies a string describing the resources required to run the job when <code>LSF DRMS</code> is used.</p> <p>To know more about the format of the resource requirements string, refer to <u><a href="#">LSF Resource Requirement String Format</a></u> in <i>Virtuoso ADE Explorer User Guide</i>.</p>

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<code>-sgehardresource</code>	Specifies requirements for hardware resources for the job to be run when SGE DRMS is used.
<code>-sgesoftresource</code>	Specifies requirements for software resources for the job to be run when SGE DRMS is used.
<code>-sgepriority</code>	Specifies priority for the job being submitted when SGE DRMS is used.
<code>-sgeparallelenv</code>	Specifies the name of a parallel environment for the job to be run when SGE DRMS is used.
<code>-jobsubmitcommand</code>	Specifies the command you want to use to start jobs. This option is used when <code>distributionmethod</code> is set as <code>Command</code> .

#### Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if the job setup information is set successfully.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

#### Example 1

The following command sets the job policy for a local job:

```
ocnxlJobSetup( '("configuretimeout" "300" "distributionmethod" "Local"
"lingertimeout" "300" "maxjobs" "1" "preemptivestart" "1" "reconfigureimmediately"
"1" "runtimeout" "-1" "showerrorwhenretrying" "1" "starttimeout" "300" ) )
```

#### Example 2

The following command sets the job policy for a `bsub` command for LSF (command):

```
ocnxlJobSetup ( '( "distributionmethod" "command" "bsub -I -q queue1" ) )
```

#### Example 3

The following command sets the job policy for LSF (LBS mode):

```
ocnxlJobSetup ( '( "distributionmethod" "LBS" configuretimeout" "300"
"lingertimeout" "300" "maxjobs" "1" "jobqueue" "fast" "jobhostname" "sun15" ) )
```

## **ocnxlLoadSetupState**

```
ocnxlLoadSetupState(  
    t_state  
    t_mode  
    [ ?tests t_tests ]  
    [ ?vars t_vars ]  
    [ ?parameters t_parameters ]  
    [ ?currentMode t_currentMode ]  
    [ ?runOptions t_runOptions ]  
    [ ?specs t_specs ]  
    [ ?corners t_corners ]  
    [ ?modelGroups t_modelGroups ]  
    [ ?extensions t_extensions ]  
    [ ?relxanalysis t_relxanalysis ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Restores the settings in the specified setup state to the active setup.



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### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

#### Arguments

<i>t_state</i>	The name of the setup state to be restored.
<i>t_mode</i>	Specifies the mode for restoring the settings in the setup state to the active setup.  Valid values: <code>'retain', 'merge', 'overwrite'</code>
<i>?test t_tests</i>	Specifies whether the tests in the setup state should be restored to the active setup.  Valid values: <code>t, nil</code>  Default Value: <code>t</code>
<i>?vars t_vars</i>	Specifies whether the global variables in the setup state should be restored to the active setup.  Valid values: <code>t, nil</code>  Default Value: <code>t</code>
<i>?parameters t_parameters</i>	Specifies whether the parameters in the setup state should be restored to the active setup.  Valid values: <code>t, nil</code>  Default Value: <code>t</code>
<i>?currentMode t_currentMode</i>	Specifies whether the run mode in the setup state should be restored to the active setup  Valid values: <code>t, nil</code>  Default Value: <code>t</code>
<i>?runOptions t_runOptions</i>	Specifies whether the run options in the setup state should be restored to the active setup  Valid values: <code>t, nil</code>  Default Value: <code>t</code>
<i>?specs t_specs</i>	Specifies whether the parameter specifications in the setup state should be restored to the active setup  Valid values: <code>t, nil</code>  Default Value: <code>t</code>

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

<code>?corners</code> <code>t_corners</code>	Specifies whether the corners in the setup state should be restored to the active setup  Valid values: <code>t</code> , <code>nil</code>  Default Value: <code>t</code>
<code>?modelGroups</code> <code>t_modelGroups</code>	Specifies whether the model groups in the setup state should be restored to the active setup.  Valid values: <code>t</code> , <code>nil</code>  Default Value: <code>t</code>
<code>?extensions</code> <code>t_extensions</code>	Specifies whether the extensions in the setup state should be restored to the active setup.  Valid values: <code>t</code> , <code>nil</code>  Default Value: <code>t</code>
<code>?relxanalysis</code> <code>t_relxanalysis</code>	Specifies whether the details of reliability analysis should be restored to the active setup.  Valid values: <code>t</code> , <code>nil</code>  Default Value: <code>t</code>

### Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if successful.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

### Example

```
ocnxlLoadSetupState("optimize")
```

Loads the setup state named `optimize`.

## **ocnxlMaxJobFail**

```
ocnxlMaxJobFail(  
    n_int  
)
```

### **Description**

Specifies the maximum number of times the application should restart an ICRP job if it fails to start. This variable is used in batch mode to ensure that the job retries do not go into an infinite loop.

### **Arguments**

<i>n_int</i>	An integer ranging between 1 and 100000. Default value: 20
--------------	---

### **Value Returned**

None

### **Example**

```
ocnxlMaxJobFail(20)
```

## **ocnxlMainSimSession**

```
ocnxlMainSimSession(  
    )  
=> g_session / nil
```

### **Description**

Returns the session object for the main simulation session. This command must be used only in a pre-run script.

For more information, see [Executing Pre-run Scripts before Simulation Runs](#).

### **Arguments**

None

### **Value Returned**

<i>g_session</i>	Returns the session object for the main simulation session
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise

### **Example**

```
ocnxlMainSimSession()
```

## ocnxlProjectDir

```
ocnxlProjectDir(  
    t_projectDir  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Sets the project directory to the specified location. All simulation data goes into this location by default, if the simulation results or results directories are not set. By default, the project directory is set as `$HOME/simulation`.

### Arguments

<code>t_projectDir</code>	Sets the location of the project directory.
---------------------------	---

### Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if successful.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

### Example

```
ocnxlProjectDir("/tmp/simulation")
```

### Related Commands

[ocnxlResultsLocation](#), [ocnxlSetupLocation](#)

## ocnxlPutNote

```
ocnxlPutNote(  
    t_item  
    t_name  
    t_note  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Adds a note to the given test, history, corner, or variable.

For more information about notes, see [Adding Notes to a Test](#).

### Arguments

<i>t_item</i>	Type of the element to which you need to add a note.  Valid values: "test", "history", "corner", or "global-var"
<i>t_name</i>	Name of the element to which you are adding a note.
<i>t_note</i>	Text to be added to the note.  A note can contain a maximum of 512 characters.

### Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> , when successful.
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful operation.

### Example

The following example code shows how to add a note for the gain global variable:

```
ocnSetXLMode()  
ocnxlTargetCellView("opamp090" "full_diff_opamp" "adexl_1")  
ocnxlSweepVar("gain" "10")  
ocnxlPutNote("globalvar" "gain" "note_content")
```

## ocnxlResultsLocation

```
ocnxlResultsLocation(  
    t_resultsDir  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Sets the results directory to the specified location. All results database and log files are saved in the `/libraryName/cellName/<target-view>/results/data/` directory at this location.

By default, data is saved at the `<target-view>/results/data` directory. See help on [ocnxlTargetCellView](#).

**Note:** If you do not specify the results directory and you open the ADE XL view in read-only mode or do not have write permissions in the ADE XL view, the program writes results database information and run log files to `libraryName/cellName/adexl/results/data/<history_item>` in the project directory, set by [ocnxlProjectDir](#).

### Arguments

<code>t_resultsDir</code>	Location of the results directory.
---------------------------	------------------------------------

### Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if the results location is set.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

### Example

```
ocnxlResultsLocation("/home/ocnuser")
```

## **ocnxlSaveSetupAs**

```
ocnxlSaveSetupAs (  
    t_lib  
    t_cell  
    t_view  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Saves the current setup to a different adexl view.

### **Arguments**

<i>t_lib</i>	The name of the library in which the new adexl view is to be saved.
<i>t_cell</i>	The name of the cell in which the new adexl view is to be saved.
<i>t_view</i>	The name of the new adexl view.

### **Value Returned**

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if the save is successful.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlSaveSetupAs ("solution" "ampTest" "newView")
```



## ocnxlSensitivityVars

```
ocnxlSensitivityVars(  
    l_varValueList  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Specifies a list of sensitivity variables for the given setup.

### Arguments

<i>l_varValueList</i>	List of variable and values combination. Each list item contains the name of sensitivity variable, a list of sweep values for that variable, and a reference value.
-----------------------	---

### Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if the list of sensitivity variables is set.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### Example

```
ocnxlSensitivityVars(list '("CAP" "100f 200f 300f" "200f") '("RES" "1K 1.5K 2K"  
"1.5K"))  
=> t
```

## **ocnxlSetDesignVariablePerTest**

```
ocnxlSetDesignVariablePerTest(  
    t_varName  
    t_testName  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Sets a value for a design variable to be overridden for the given test. In this case, the test will not use the global value set for the variable.

### **Arguments**

<i>t_varName</i>	Name of the variable for which value is to be set.
<i>t_testName</i>	Name of the test for which the variable value is to be set.

### **Value Returned**

<i>t</i>	If the value is set successfully.
<i>nil</i>	Returns nil otherwise

### **Example**

```
ocnxlSetDesignVariablePerTest("CAP" "test1")  
=> t  
; this implies that for test test1, the CAP variable will use the local value  
; instead of the global value.
```

## **ocnxlSetAllVarsDisabled**

```
ocnxlSetAllVarsDisabled(  
    g_disabled  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Lets you enable or disable all global variables.

### **Arguments**

<i>g_disabled</i>	Specify <code>t</code> to disable all variables, and <code>nil</code> to enable all variables.
-------------------	--

### **Value Returned**

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if all variables are enabled or disabled.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlSetAllVarsDisabled(t) => t
```

## ocnxlSetupLocation

```
ocnxlSetupLocation(  
    t_setupDir  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Sets the setup directory to the specified location. All setup data goes into this location. By default data goes into the target cell view. See help on [ocnxlTargetCellView](#).

### Arguments

<i>t_setupDir</i>	Location of the setup directory.
-------------------	----------------------------------

### Value Returned

t	Returns t if the location of the setup directory is set.
nil	Returns nil otherwise.

### Example

```
ocnxlTargetCellView( "solutions" "ampTest" "maestro" )  
; All the setup data goes into the solutions/ampTest/maestro directory.  
  
ocnxlTargetCellView( "solutions" "ampTest" "maestro" )  
ocnxlSetupLocation("/home/ocnuser")  
;Creates a new directory structure solutions/ampTest/maestro in the location "/  
home/ocnuser". All the setup data, such as data.sdb, documents etc. will be saved  
in this location.
```

## ocnxlSimResultsLocation

```
ocnxlSimResultsLocation(  
    t_simResultsDir  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Sets the simulation results directory to the specified location. All simulation data goes into this location. If the simulation results directory is not set using this function, the simulation results are saved at any one of the following locations:

- In the `/libraryName/cellName/<target-view>/results/data/<history_item>` directory at the location set by [ocnxlResultsLocation](#), if set.
- Otherwise, in the `libraryName/cellName/<target-view>/results/data/<history_item>` directory at the location set by [ocnxlProjectDir](#), if set.
- Otherwise, in the `$HOME/simulation/libraryName/cellName/<target-view>/results/data` directory.

### Arguments

<code>t_simResultsDir</code>	Sets the location of the simulation results directory.
------------------------------	--

### Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if successful.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

### Example

```
ocnxlSimResultsLocation("/home/ocnuser")
```

## ocnxlStimuliData

```
ocnxlStimuliData(  
  [ ?inputs t_inputs ]  
  [ ?globals t_globals ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Sets the specified analog stimuli (input stimulus and global sources) for a test.

### Arguments

`?inputs t_inputs` Specifies the input stimuli.  
`?globals t_globals` Specifies the global sources.

### Value Returned

`t` Returns `t` if the analog stimuli is set successfully.  
`nil` Returns `nil` otherwise.

### Example

The following command sets the specified input stimuli:

```
ocnxlStimuliData(  
  ?inputs '(((name "iopin") (nodes ("iopin" "/gnd!")) (enabled t) (tranType "dc")  
    (srcType "Voltage") (instParameters (dc("3n") type("dc"))) (otherParameters  
      ((FNpairs "0")))))  
)
```

## ocnxlSweepParam

```
ocnxlSweepParam(  
    t_paramName  
    t_paramValue  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Lets you define a sweep parameter along with its value.

### Arguments

<i>t_paramName</i>	Name of the parameter.
<i>t_paramValue</i>	Value of the parameter.

### Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if sweep for the parameter is set.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### Example

```
ocnxlSweepParam("solutions/ampTest/schematic/R1/r" "10K") =>t
```

## **ocnxlSweepVar**

```
ocnxlSweepVar(  
    t_varName  
    t_varValue  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Lets you define a sweep variable along with its value.

### **Arguments**

<i>t_varName</i>	Name of the variable.
<i>t_varValue</i>	Value of the variable and the specification for the sweep.

### **Value Returned**

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if the sweep is set.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlSweepVar("CAP" "5p")  
=>t
```



## ocnxlTargetCellView

```
ocnxlTargetCellView(  
    t_lib  
    t_cell  
    t_view  
    [ ?mode t_mode ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Specifies target cellview where data will be created.

### Arguments

<i>t_lib</i>	Name of the library.
<i>t_cell</i>	Name of the cell.
<i>t_view</i>	Name of the view.
?mode <i>t_mode</i>	Specifies the mode of the target cellview. Valid values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ <i>r</i> - Opens the target cellview in read mode</li><li>■ <i>a</i> - Opens the target cellview in edit mode.</li></ul> Default value: <i>a</i>

### Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if it is able to use the given library, cell, and view as the target.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### Example

```
ocnxlTargetCellView("opamplib" "ampTest" "adex1" ?mode "r")  
=> t  
; ...  
;; to access the library, cell, and view name set by this function later in the  
script, you can use the following code:
```

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

```
session = ocnxlGetSession()  
=> "ocnXLSession_Nov__9_11_27_10_2015"  
axlGetSessionLibName(session)  
=> "opamplib"  
axlGetSessionCellName(session)  
=> "ampTest"  
axlGetSessionViewName(session)  
=> "adexl"
```

## Commands for Corners

- [ocnxlCorner](#)
- [ocnxlDisableCorner](#)
- [ocnxlDisableCornerForTest](#)
- [ocnxlEnableCorner](#)
- [ocnxlEnableCornerForTest](#)
- [ocnxlGetCorners](#)
- [ocnxlModelGroup](#)

## ocnxlCorner

```
ocnxlCorner(  
    t_cornerName  
    l_cornerDetails  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Lets you define a corner. `cornerDetails` is a list of elements where each element is (*t\_type* *t\_varName* *t\_value*). Available types are variable, parameter, and model.

### Arguments

<i>t_cornerName</i>	Name of the corner.
<i>l_cornerDetails</i>	Details of the corner. Details is a list of items where each item has a tag, name, and a value. The tag can be of 3 types: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ variable</li><li>■ parameter</li><li>■ model</li></ul>

### Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if the corner is defined.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### Example

```
ocnxlCorner("C0" '( ("variable" "CAP" "2p") ("variable" "T" "78"))) => t
```

## **ocnxlDisableCorner**

```
ocnxlDisableCorner(  
    t_cornerName  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Lets you disable a corner. A disabled corner will not be run when the `ocnxlRun()` command is run. This command works only in XL mode. See help on `ocnSetXLMode()`

### **Arguments**

<i>t_cornerName</i>	The name of the corner to be disabled.
---------------------	--

### **Value Returned**

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if the corner is disabled.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlDisableCorner("C0") => t
```

## **ocnxlDisableCornerForTest**

```
ocnxlDisableCornerForTest(  
    t_cornerName  
    t_testName  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Lets you disable a corner for a test.

### **Arguments**

<i>t_cornerName</i>	Name of the corner.
<i>t_testName</i>	Name of the test.

### **Value Returned**

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if the corner of the test is disabled.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlDisableCornerForTest("C0" "test_one")
```

## **ocnxlEnableCorner**

```
ocnxlEnableCorner(  
    t_cornerName  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Lets you enable a corner. An enabled corner will be run when ocnxlRun() command is run.

### **Arguments**

<i>t_cornerName</i>	The name of the corner to be enabled.
---------------------	---------------------------------------

### **Value Returned**

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if the corner is disabled.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlEnableCorner("C0") => t
```

## **ocnxlEnableCornerForTest**

```
ocnxlEnableCornerForTest(  
    t_cornerName  
    t_testName  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Enables a corner for a test.

### **Arguments**

<i>t_cornerName</i>	Name of the corner.
<i>t_testName</i>	Name of the test.

### **Value Returned**

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if successful.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlEnableCornerForTest("C0" "test_one") => t
```



## **ocnxlGetCorners**

```
ocnxlGetCorners(  
    )  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Returns a list of corners names.

### **Arguments**

None

### **Value Returned**

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if successful.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlGetCorners()
```

## ocnxlModelGroup

```
ocnxlModelGroup(  
    t_modelGroupName  
    l_modelFileSetup)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Lets you add and define a new model group.

### Arguments

*t\_modelGroupName*      Name of the new model group.

*l\_modelFileSetup*      List of model file spec.

Model file spec:

- *t\_modelFilePath*
- [*?section t\_section*]
- [*?enabled g\_enabled*]
- [*?test t\_test*]
- [*?block t\_block*]

### Value Returned

*t*      Returns *t* if a new model is defined.

*nil*      Returns *nil* otherwise.

### Example

```
ocnxlModelGroup( "F2"  
'(  
  ( "/myModels/Models/model1.scs" ?enabled nil ?section "")  
  ( "/myModels/Models/model2.scs" ?section "")  
  ( "/myModels/Models/model3.scs" ?enabled nil ?section "")  
)
```

## Commands for Outputs

- [ocnxlAddOrUpdateOutput](#)
- [ocnxlExportOutputView](#)
- [ocnxlOutputAreaGoal](#)
- [ocnxlOutputExpr](#)
- [ocnxlOutputMatExpr](#)
- [ocnxlOutputMatlabScript](#)
- [ocnxlOutputOceanScript](#)
- [ocnxlOutputOpRegion](#)
- [ocnxlOutputSignal](#)
- [ocnxlOutputTerminal](#)
- [ocnxlOutputTerminal](#)
- [ocnxlOutputViolations](#)
- [ocnxlPutChecksAsserts](#)
- [ocnxlPutChecksAssertsTest](#)
- [ocnxlPutEnabledChecksAssertsCellViews](#)

## ocnxlAddOrUpdateOutput

```
ocnxlAddOrUpdateOutput(  
    t_outputName  
    t_outputVal  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Adds the specified scalar output to the simulation setup so that the results for the output can be viewed on the Results tab in ADE XL. If the specified output name already exists, only its value is updated with the specified value. This command must be used only in a pre-run script.

For more information, see [Executing Pre-run Scripts before Simulation Runs](#).

### Arguments

<i>t_outputName</i>	Output name
<i>t_outputVal</i>	Output value

### Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if output is successfully added or updated
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise

### Example

```
ocnxlAddOrUpdateOutput("Calibrated_ParamName" CalResult)
```

## **ocnxlExportOutputView**

```
ocnxlExportOutputView(  
    t_fileName  
    t_viewType  
)  
=> t / t_error
```

### **Description**

Exports the results view to the specified .csv or .html file.

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

#### Argument

<i>t_filename</i>	<p>Path and name of file to which the results need to be exported. Append .htm or .html to the filename to write in HTML format and .csv to write in CSV format.</p> <p>If no file extension is specified, a .csv file is created by default.</p> <p>The file is saved in the current working directory.</p>
<i>t_viewType</i>	<p>Name of the view type that needs to be exported.</p> <p>Possible values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>" " or Current: writes the currently visible view</li><li>Detail</li><li>Detail-Transpose</li><li>Optimization</li><li>Summary</li><li>Yield</li></ul> <p>Default value: " "</p>

#### Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Successful export of output view.
<i>t_error</i>	If unsuccessful, returns an error message.

#### Examples

```
ocnxlExportOutputView( "./abc.csv" "Yield")

ocnxlExportOutputView( "./abc.html" "Detail-Transpose")

ocnxlExportOutputView("./abcd.html" "Yield" )
```

## ocnxlOutputAreaGoal

```
ocnxlOutputAreaGoal(  
    t_expr  
    [ ?name t_outputName ]  
    [ ?plot plot ]  
    [ ?save save ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Adds an area goal output expression in the current test being specified. A test's specification begins with `ocnxlBeginTest()`. See help on `ocnxlBeginTest()`.

### Arguments

<code>t_expr</code>	The expression that you want to add.
<code>?name t_outputName</code>	The name of the expression.
<code>?plot t_plot</code>	Whether to plot or not.
<code>?save t_save</code>	Whether to save or not.

### Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if the output expression is set.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

### Example

```
ocnxlOutputAreaGoal( " (('I8/R4' ('res' 'w*1' 'default' 'enabled'))...) " ?name  
"MAX" ?plot t ?save t ) => t
```

Adds an area goal output expression named `MAX` for the current test.

## **ocnxlOutputExpr**

```
ocnxlOutputExpr
  ( t_expr
    [ ?name t_outputName ]
    [ ?plot plot ]
    [ ?save save ]
    [ ?evalType t_evaltype ]
  )
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

This command adds an output expression in the current test being specified. Specification of a test specification begins with `ocnxlBeginTest()`. See help on `ocnxlBeginTest()`.



## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

#### Arguments

<code>t_expr</code>	The expression that you want to add.
<code>?name</code> <code>t_outputName</code>	The name of the expression.
<code>?plot plot</code>	Whether to plot or not.
<code>?save save</code>	Whether to save or not.
<code>?evaltype</code> <code>t_evaltype</code>	Evaluation type of the expression Possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ <code>"point"</code>: Calculates the expression for every design point</li><li>■ <code>"corners"</code>: Calculates the expression across all the corners</li><li>■ <code>"sweeps"</code>: Calculates the expression across all the sweep points</li><li>■ <code>"maa"</code>: Calculates the expression across all the corners and sweep points</li></ul> Default value: <code>"point"</code>
<b>Note:</b> <code>"sweeps"</code> and <code>"maa"</code> are applicable only for the maestro cellviews created using ADE Assembler.	

#### Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if the output expression is set.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

#### Example

```
ocnxlOutputExpr( "ymax(VT("/out"))" ?name "MAX" ?plot t ?save t )  
# Adds "/out" in the outputs.
```

## **ocnxlOutputMatExpr**

```
ocnxlOutputMatExpr  
  ( t_expr  
    [ ?name t_name ]  
    [ ?plot b_flag ]  
    [ ?save b_flag ]  
    [ ?evalType s_type]  
  )  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Creates a MATLAB expression output in the test where it is being specified.

**Note:** This functions is applicable only for ADE Explorer and ADE Assembler.

## Arguments

<code>t_expr</code>	The MATLAB expression that you want to add to the output.  <b>Note:</b> If you need to use a Calculator function in the MATLAB expression, specify it using the <code>matEval</code> function.
<code>?name t_name</code>	The name of the MATLAB expression.
<code>?plot b_flag</code>	Specifies whether to plot or not.
<code>?save b_flag</code>	Specifies whether to save or not.
<code>?evaltype s_type</code>	Evaluation type of the expression Possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ <code>"point"</code>: Specifies that the MATLAB expression is to be evaluated for every design point</li><li>■ <code>"maa"</code>: Specifies that the MATLAB expression is to be evaluated across all design points</li></ul> Default value: <code>"point"</code>

## Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if the MATLAB expression is set.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

## Example

```
ocnxlOutputMatExpr("matEval(\"fft(VF(\\\"\\\"/out\\\"\\\"))\")\" ?name \"out\" ?plot t  
?evalType 'maa')  
;Creates a MATLAB expression output for evaluation during the simulation. The  
simulation will dispatch this output expression to matlab for evaluation.
```

## ocnxlOutputMatlabScript

```
ocnxlOutputMatlabScript(  
    t_script  
    [ ?name t_outputName ]  
    [ ?plot plot ]  
    [ ?save save ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Adds a MATLAB script based output in the current test being specified. A test's specification begins with `ocnxlBeginTest()`. See help on `ocnxlBeginTest()`.

### Arguments

<i>t_script</i>	Name and location of the script file.
<i>t_outputName</i>	Name of the output file.
<i>plot</i>	Specifies if the values are to be plotted.
<i>save</i>	Specifies if the output are to be saved.

### Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if the output is generated.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### Example

```
ocnxlOutputMatlabScript( "/tmp/my_measure.m" ?name "MAX" ?plot t ?save t )  
=> t
```

Adds "MAX" in the outputs.

## ocnxlOutputOceanScript

```
ocnxlOutputOceanScript(  
    t_script  
    [ ?name t_outputName ]  
    [ ?plot plot ]  
    [ ?save save ]  
    [ ?evalType t_evaltype ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Adds an OCEAN script based output in the current test being specified. A test's specification begins with `ocnxlBeginTest()`. See help on `ocnxlBeginTest()`.

### Arguments

<i>t_script</i>	Name and location of the script file.
?name <i>t_outputName</i>	Name of the output file.
?plot <i>plot</i>	Specifies if the values are to be plotted.
?save <i>save</i>	Specifies if the output are to be saved.
?evalType <i>t_evaltype</i>	Whether to evaluate the OCEAN script for a design point or across all corners for a design points.  Valid Values: <code>corners</code> , <code>point</code> Default Value: <code>point</code>

### Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if the output is generated.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### Example

```
ocnxlOutputOceanScript( "/tmp/my_measure.ocn" ?name "MAX" ?plot t ?save t )  
=> t  
Adds "MAX" in the outputs.
```

## ocnxlOutputOpRegion

```
ocnxlOutputOpRegion(  
    t_expr  
    [ ?name name ]  
    [ ?plot plot ]  
    [ ?save save ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Adds an operating region specification in the current test being specified. There can be only one operating region for a test. A test specification begins with ocnxlBeginTest.

### Arguments

<i>t_expr</i>	Operating region expression
?name <i>t_name</i>	Name of the operating region output
?plot <i>t_plot</i>	Specifies if the results for the output are to be plotted Specify: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ <i>t</i> to plot the results</li><li>■ <i>nil</i> to disable plotting of the results</li></ul>
?save <i>t_save</i>	Specifies if the results for the output are to be saved Specify: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ <i>t</i> to save the results</li><li>■ <i>nil</i> to disable saving of the results</li></ul>

### Return Values

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if the output is added
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise

### Example

```
ocnxlOutputOpRegion( "(\\\"enabled\\\" \"/amp/M1\\\" \\\"\\\" \\\"Schematic\\\" \\\"vgs-vth\\\"  
\\\">\\\" \\\"25m\\\" \\\"amp.M1\\\")\" ?name \"Op_Region\" ?plot t ?save t)
```

## ocnxlOutputSignal

```
ocnxlOutputSignal(  
    t_signal  
    [ ?plot plot ]  
    [ ?save save ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

This command adds an output signal in the current test being specified. A test's specification begins with `ocnxlBeginTest()`. See help on `ocnxlBeginTest()`.

### Arguments

<i>t_signal</i>	The name of the signal.
?plot <i>plot</i>	Whether to plot or not.
?save <i>save</i>	Whether to save or not.

### Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if the output signal is set.
nil	Returns nil otherwise.

### Example

```
ocnxlOutputSignal( "/out" ?plot t ?save t )  
# Adds "/out" in the outputs.
```

## ocnxlOutputTerminal

```
ocnxlOutputTerminal(  
    t_term  
    [ ?plot plot ]  
    [ ?save save ]  
    [ ?type type ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

This command adds an output terminal in the current test being specified. Specifications for a test begin with `ocnxlBeginTest()`. For more information, see [`ocnxlBeginTest\(\)`](#).

### Arguments

<code>t_term</code>	The name of the terminal.
<code>?plot plot</code>	Specifies whether to plot or not.
<code>?save save</code>	Specifies whether to save or not.
<code>?type type</code>	If <code>type</code> is set to 'terminalV', a terminal voltage output is created instead of a normal terminal current output. If <code>type</code> is not specified, a current terminal is saved.

### Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if the output terminal is set.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

### Example

```
ocnxlOutputTerminal( "/I0/M18/S" ?plot t ?save t)  
# Adds "/I0/M18/S" in the current outputs.  
  
ocnxlOutputTerminal( "/I0/M18/G" ?plot t ?save t ?type "terminalV")  
# Adds "/I0/M18/G" in the voltage terminal outputs.
```



## ocnxlPutChecksAsserts

```
ocnxlPutChecksAsserts(  
    [ ?netlist g_netlist ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Adds the checks and asserts to the active setup for an overall control on the netlisting of checks and asserts defined in the Checks/Asserts assistant. Technically, this command adds the `checksasserts` node in the active setup.

### Arguments

`?netlist g_netlist` Specifies whether the checks and asserts defined in the Checks/Asserts assistant will be netlisted or not. This provides an overall control over the netlisting of checks and asserts.

Valid values:

- `t`: Enables overall netlisting of checks and asserts. However, netlisting of the checks and asserts defined for the cellviews under a particular test is controlled by the [`ocnxlPutChecksAssertsTest`](#) command.
- `nil`: Checks and asserts are not netlisted

Default value: `nil`

### Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if the checks and asserts are successfully added in the active setup
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> if the checks and asserts already exist in the active setup.

### Example

The following example controls netlisting of checks and asserts for two tests. Netlisting of checks and asserts is disabled for the first test. All the checks and asserts are netlisted for the second test.

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

#### **ocnxlPutChecksAsserts(?netlist t)**

```
ocnxlPutChecksAssertsTest(?testName "vip:test:ca_disabled" ?netlist nil  
?netlistScope "all")
```

```
ocnxlPutChecksAssertsTest(?testName "vip:test:ca_enabled:all" ?netlist t  
?netlistScope "all")
```

## ocnxlOutputViolations

```
ocnxlOutputViolations(  
    t_expr  
    [ ?name t_name ]  
    [ ?plot g_plot ]  
    [ ?save g_save ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Adds a new output of type `violations` for the current test to show violation filters for checks or asserts.

### Arguments

*t\_expr*

Expression to be used for the output. The format for the expression contains the following parts:

- Name of the operation or aggregate function. For example, Avg, Max, Min, or Sum.
- Name of the field to be accessed in the function
- Name of the violation filter on which you need to run the aggregate function

Example:

```
"Max 'Duration (s)' on 'Dynamic Excessive Rise, Fall,  
Undefined State Time Check'"
```

where, Max is the aggregate function name, Duration (s) is the field name, and Dynamic Excessive Rise, Fall, Undefined State Time Check is the violation filter name.

**Note:** For the Count aggregate function, the format for the expression is:

```
"Count '<field-name>'"
```

Example:

```
"Count 'All Checks/Asserts'"
```

?name *t\_name*

Name to be assigned to the output.

?plot *g\_plot*

Specifies if the value of this output is to be plotted.

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

`?save g_save` Specifies if the value of this output is to be saved.

#### Value Returned

`t` Returns `t` if the output is added successfully.

`nil` Returns `nil` otherwise.

#### Example

The following example code adds two new outputs `max_duration` and `allChecks` for the current test:

```
ocnxlOutputViolations( "Max 'Duration (s)' on 'Dynamic Excessive Rise, Fall, Undefined State Time Check'" ?name "max_duration" ?plot t)
```

```
ocnxlOutputViolations( "Count 'All Checks/Asserts'" ?name "Count 'All Checks/Asserts'" ?plot t)
```

## **ocnxIPutChecksAssertsTest**

```
ocnxIPutChecksAssertsTest(  
    [ ?testName t_testName ]  
    [ ?netlist g_netlist ]  
    [ ?netlistScope g_netlistScope ]  
  
    )  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Specifies the name of the test to which the checks and asserts defined in the Checks/Asserts assistant will be applicable and whether to netlist the checks and asserts for that test. In addition, it also specifies the scope for netlisting. By default, the checks and asserts are not applied to any test.

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

#### Arguments

<code>?testName</code> <code>t_testName</code>	Name of the test
<code>?netlist g_netlist</code>	Controls whether checks and asserts are to be netlisted.  Valid values: <code>t</code> , <code>nil</code>  Default value: <code>nil</code>
<code>?netlistScope</code> <code>g_netlistScope</code>	Specifies the scope for netlist.  Valid values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ <code>"all"</code>: Checks and asserts of all the cellviews beneath the top level schematic/config view will be netlisted.</li><li>■ <code>"partial"</code>: Checks and asserts of selected cellviews will be netlisted. Use <a href="#"><code>ocnxlPutEnabledChecksAssertsCellViews</code></a> to specify the cellviews.</li><li>■ <code>"none"</code>: Nothing beneath the test bench top level schematic/config view will be netlisted.</li></ul> <p><b>Note:</b> <code>?netlistScope</code> is ignored if <code>?netlist</code> is <code>nil</code>. In that case, netlisting of checks and asserts is disabled so that <code>?netlistScope</code> does not take any effect.</p> Default value: <code>"none"</code>

#### Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if the test and its netlisting setting for checks and asserts are successfully applied
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> in the following cases: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ The <code>checksasserts</code> node does not exist in the active setup</li><li>■ The test is already added under the <code>checksasserts</code> node in the active setup</li><li>■ <code>t_testName</code> is not a valid string</li><li>■ <code>t_netlistScope</code> is not a valid string</li></ul>

#### Example

The following example controls netlisting of checks and asserts for two tests. Netlisting of checks and asserts is disabled for the first test. All the checks and asserts are netlisted for the second test.

```
ocnxlPutChecksAsserts(?netlist t)
=> t
ocnxlPutChecksAssertsTest(?testName "vip:test:ca_disabled" ?netlist nil
?netlistScope "all")
=> t
ocnxlPutChecksAssertsTest(?testName "vip:test:ca_enabled:all" ?netlist t
?netlistScope "all")
=> t
```

## **ocnxlPutEnabledChecksAssertsCellViews**

```
ocnxlPutEnabledChecksAssertsCellViews (
    [ ?testName t_testName ]
    [ ?enabledCellViews l_enabledCellViews ]
)
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Specifies a list of library/cell/view lists that define the names of cellviews within a test for which the checks and asserts defined in the Checks/Asserts assistant will be netlisted. The checks and asserts under each of these cellviews will be netlisted provided that the netlist attribute of the `test` is set to `t` and its `netlistScope` attribute is set to `partial` or `all`. The cellviews will not be netlisted if the `netlist` attribute is `nil` or the `netlistScope` attribute is `none`.



## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

#### Arguments

<code>?testName</code> <code>t_testName</code>	Name of the test for which the cellview list is to be applied.
<code>?enabledCellViews</code> <code>l_enabledCellViews</code>	List containing list of library, cell, and view names for which the checks and asserts defined in the Checks/Asserts assistant will be netlisted.  The list must be given in the following format:  <code>list(list("lib1" "cell1" "view1") list("lib2" "cell2" "view2") ...)</code>

#### Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if the list of cellview names is successfully added under the given testname within the <code>checksasserts</code> node.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> in the following cases: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ The test specified using <code>t_testName</code> does not exist in the setup</li><li>■ <code>t_testName</code> is not a valid string</li><li>■ Format of the <code>l_enabledCellviews</code> list is incorrect</li><li>■ <code>l_enabledCellviews</code> does not contain any list item</li></ul>

#### Example

The following example enables netlisting of checks and asserts for two cellviews in the test `vip:test:ca_enabled:partial`:

```
ocnxlPutChecksAsserts(?netlist t)
=> t
ocnxlPutChecksAssertsTest(?testName "vip:test:ca_enabled:partial" ?netlist t
?netlistScope "partial")
ocnxlPutEnabledChecksAssertsCellViews(?testName "vip:test:ca_enabled:partial"
?enabledCellViews list(list("vip" "test" "schematic") list("checks" "inv"
"schematic")))
```

## Commands for Specifications

- [ocnxlGetSpecs](#)
- [ocnxlPutGreaterthanSpec](#)
- [ocnxlPutInfoSpec](#)
- [ocnxlPutLessthanSpec](#)
- [ocnxlPutMaxSpec](#)
- [ocnxlPutMinSpec](#)
- [ocnxlPutToleranceSpec](#)
- [ocnxlPutRangeSpec](#)
- [ocnxlRemoveSpec](#)

## **ocnxlGetSpecs**

```
ocnxlGetSpecs (  
    )  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Returns a list of parameter specification names.

### **Arguments**

None

### **Value Returned**

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if successful.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlGetSpecs ()
```

## ocnxlPutGreaterthanSpec

```
ocnxlPutGreaterthanSpec(  
    t_testName  
    t_outputName  
    t_thresholdValue  
    [ ?weight g_weight ]  
    [ ?corner g_cornerName ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Lets you specify that value of an output must be greater than the given threshold value.

### Arguments

<i>t_testName</i>	Name of the test.
<i>t_outputName</i>	Name of the output.  If you do not specify any name for an output, the expression itself is used as the name of that output. Therefore, in case of unnamed outputs, you can specify the expression as a value for this argument.
<i>t_thresholdValue</i>	The threshold value.
<i>?weight g_weight</i>	The weighting factor for the spec.
<i>?corner g_cornerName</i>	Name of the corner for which the spec is to be used. This argument helps in overriding a spec for the given corner.

### Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if the specifications are specified.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### Example

```
ocnxlPutGreaterthanSpec("test_one" "VT("/out)") "3.5" 4)  
=> t  
; Spec is defined that transient voltage for /out signal  
; must always be greater than 3.5 volts. The weighting factor for the spec is 4.
```

## ocnxlPutInfoSpec

```
ocnxlPutInfoSpec(  
    t_testName  
    t_outputName  
    [ ?corner g_cornerName ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Specifies an info spec for an output.

### Arguments

<i>t_testName</i>	Name of the test.
<i>t_outputName</i>	Name of the output.  If you do not specify any name for an output, the expression itself is used as the name of that output. Therefore, in case of unnamed outputs, you can specify the expression as a value for this argument.
<i>?corner g_cornerName</i>	Name of the corner for which the spec is to be used. This argument helps in overriding a spec for the given corner.

### Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if the specifications are specified.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### Example

```
ocnxlPutInfoSpec("test_one" "VT(\"/out\")")  
=> t  
  
# An info spec "test_one" is set for the expression "VT(\"/out\")".
```

## ocnxlPutLessthanSpec

```
ocnxlPutLessthanSpec(  
    t_testName  
    t_outputName  
    t_thresholdValue  
    [ ?weight g_weight ]  
    [ ?corner g_cornerName ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Lets you specify that value for a output must be less than the given threshold value.

### Arguments

<i>t_testName</i>	Name of the test.
<i>t_outputName</i>	Name of the output.  If you do not specify any name for an output, the expression itself is used as the name of that output. Therefore, in case of unnamed outputs, you can specify the expression as a value for this argument.
<i>t_thresholdValue</i>	The threshold value.
<i>?weight g_weight</i>	The weighting factor for the spec.
<i>?corner g_cornerName</i>	Name of the corner for which the spec is to be used. This argument helps in overriding a spec for the given corner.

### Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if the specifications are specified.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### Example

```
ocnxlPutLessthanSpec("test_one" "VT("/out)") "6.5" 4)  
=> t  
; Spec is defined that the transient voltage for /out signal  
; must always be less than 6.5 volts. The weighting factor for the spec is 4.
```

## ocnxlPutMaxSpec

```
ocnxlPutMaxSpec(  
    t_testName  
    t_resultName  
    t_maxValue  
    [ ?weight g_weight ]  
    [ ?corner g_cornerName ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Lets you specify a maximize spec for a result.

### Arguments

<i>t_testName</i>	Name of the test.
<i>t_resultName</i>	Name of the result.  If you do not specify any name for a result, the expression itself is used as the name of that result. Therefore, in case of unnamed results or outputs, you can specify the expression as a value for this argument.
<i>t_maxValue</i>	The maximum target value.
<i>?weight g_weight</i>	The weighting factor for the spec.
<i>?corner g_cornerName</i>	Name of the corner for which the spec is to be used. This argument helps in overriding a spec for the given corner.

### Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if the specifications are specified.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### Example

```
ocnxlPutMaxSpec("test_one" "VT("/out)") "6.5" ?weight 4)  
=> t  
; Spec is defined that transient voltage for /out signal should be as high as  
; possible and must be more than 6.5 volts to pass. The weighting factor for the  
; spec is 4.
```

## ocnxlPutMinSpec

```
ocnxlPutMinSpec(  
    t_testName  
    t_outputName  
    t_minValue  
    [ ?weight g_weight ]  
    [ ?corner g_cornerName ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Lets you specify a minimize spec for an output.

### Arguments

<i>t_testName</i>	Name of the test.
<i>t_outputName</i>	Name of the output.  If you do not specify any name for an output, the expression itself is used as the name of that output. Therefore, in case of unnamed outputs, you can specify the expression as a value for this argument.
<i>t_minValue</i>	The minimum target value.
<i>?weight g_weight</i>	The weighting factor for the spec.
<i>?corner g_cornerName</i>	Name of the corner for which the spec is to be used. This argument helps in overriding a spec for the given corner.

### Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if the specifications are specified.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### Example

```
ocnxlPutMinSpec("test_one" "VT("/out)") "3.5" ?weight 4)  
=> t
```

```
; Spec is defined that the transient voltage for /out signal should be  
; as low as possible and it must be below 3.5 volts to pass. The weighting factor  
; for the spec is 4.
```



## **ocnxlPutToleranceSpec**

```
ocnxlPutToleranceSpec(  
    t_testName  
    t_outputName  
    t_value  
    s_toleranceType  
    t_toleranceValue  
    [ ?weight g_weight ]  
    [ ?corner g_cornerName ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Lets you specify a tolerance spec for an output.

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

#### Arguments

<code>t_testName</code>	Name of the test.
<code>t_outputName</code>	Name of the output.  If you do not specify any name for an output, the expression itself is used as the name of that output. Therefore, in case of unnamed outputs, you can specify the expression as a value for this argument.
<code>t_value</code>	The target value.
<code>s_toleranceType</code>	The type of tolerance.
<code>t_toleranceValue</code>	The tolerance value.
<code>?weight g_weight</code>	The weighting factor for the spec.
<code>?corner g_cornerName</code>	Name of the corner for which the spec is to be used. This argument helps in overriding a spec for the given corner.

#### Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if the specifications are specified.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

#### Example

```
ocnxlPutToleranceSpec("test_one" "VT("/out)") "5.0" 'percentage "10" ?weight 4)
=> t
```

```
# Spec is defined that transient voltage for /out signal must be 5.0 volts with
tolerance 10%. The weighting factor for the spec is 4.
```

## ocnxlPutRangeSpec

```
ocnxlPutRangeSpec (  
    t_testName  
    t_outputName  
    t_maxValue  
    t_minValue  
    [ ?weight g_weight ]  
    [ ?corner g_cornerName ]  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Lets you specify a range spec for an output.

### Arguments

<i>t_testName</i>	Name of the test.
<i>t_outputName</i>	Name of the output.  If you do not specify any name for an output, the expression itself is used as the name of that output. Therefore, in case of unnamed outputs, you can specify the expression as a value for this argument.
<i>t_maxValue</i>	The maximum value of the range.
<i>t_minValue</i>	The minimum value of the range.
?weight <i>g_weight</i>	The weighting factor for the spec.
?corner <i>g_cornerName</i>	Name of the corner for which the spec is to be used. This argument helps in overriding a spec for the given corner.

### Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if the specifications are specified.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### Example

```
ocnxlPutRangeSpec("test_one" "VT("/out)") "6.5" "3.5" 4)  
=> t  
; Spec is defined that maximum transient voltage for /out signal
```

## **OCEAN XL Reference**

### **OCEAN Commands in XL Mode**

---

; must be 6.5 volts and minimum must be 3.5 volts. The weighting factor for the  
; spec is 4.

## **ocnxlRemoveSpec**

```
ocnxlRemoveSpec(  
    t_specName  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Removes the specified parameter specification.

### **Arguments**

<code>t_specName</code>	Name of the spec.
-------------------------	-------------------

### **Value Returned**

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if successful.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlRemoveSpec("MAX")
```

## Commands to Set Up Run Options

- [ocnxlConjugateGradientOptions](#)
- [ocnxlCornerVars](#)
- [ocnxlFeasibilityAnalysisOptions](#)
- [ocnxlGetBestPointParams](#)
- [ocnxlGlobalOptimizationOptions](#)
- [ocnxlLocalOptimizationOptions](#)
- [ocnxlMonteCarloOptions](#)
- [ocnxlSamplingOptions](#)
- [ocnxlSensitivityOptions](#)
- [ocnxlSizeOverCornersOptions](#)
- [ocnxlStartingPoint](#)
- [ocnxlSweepsAndCornersOptions](#)
- [ocnxlWorstCaseCornersOptions](#)
- [ocnxlYieldEstimationOptions](#)
- [ocnxlYieldImprovementOptions](#)

## ocnxlConjugateGradientOptions

```
ocnxlConjugateGradientOptions (  
  [ ?runFullEvaluation t_runFullEvaluation ]  
  [ ?meetAllGoals t_meetAllGoals ]  
  [ ?timeLimit t_timeLimit ]  
  [ ?numPoints t_numPoints ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Sets options for conjugate gradient runs. This command works only in XL mode. See help on `ocnSetXLMode()`.

### Arguments

<i>t_runFullEvaluation</i>	Sets to run full evaluation. Possible Values: “1” and “0”. Default Value: “1”
<i>t_meetAllGoals</i>	Sets to run only until all goals are met. Possible Values: “1” and “0”. Default Value: “1”
<i>t_timeLimit</i>	Sets a time limit (in seconds) for the run.
<i>t_numPoints</i>	Sets the limit in the number of points to be run.

### Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if options are specified for conjugate gradient run.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### Example

```
ocnxlConjugateGradientOptions(?numPoints "3000")  
Sets to run for 3000 points.
```

## **ocnxlCornerVars**

```
ocnxlCornerVars(  
    l_varValueList  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Specifies a list of corner variables (along with their minimum, maximum, and reference values) to be used to run the Create Worst Care Corner simulation run mode.

### **Arguments**

<i>l_varValueList</i>	List of corner variable-value combination list. Each list item contains a list of variable name, minimum and maximum values for the variable, and a reference value.
-----------------------	--

### **Value Returned**

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if the corner variables for Create Worst Care Corner simulation run mode are set successfully.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.



## **ocnxlFeasibilityAnalysisOptions**

```
ocnxlFeasibilityAnalysisOptions(  
  [ ?refPoint t_refPoint ]  
  [ ?startingstateorpoint t_startingstateorpoint ]  
  [ ?startingstatename t_startingstatename ]  
  [ ?meetAllGoals t_meetAllGoals ]  
  [ ?effort t_effort ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Specifies options for the Feasibility Analysis run mode. See help on [ocnxlRun](#) for help on run modes. This command works only in XL mode.

## Arguments

<code>?refPoint t_refPoint</code>	<p>Specifies whether to use a reference point that you have created as a starting place for sizing. It is optional to set this argument when the algorithm specified with the <code>t_effort</code> argument is <code>neocircuitGlobal</code>. For other values of <code>t_effort</code>, set this as 1.</p> <p>Default value is 0.</p>
<code>?meetAllGoals t_meetAllGoals</code>	<p>Specifies the stopping criteria for the analysis. By default, it is set to 1 and all operating region specifications are to be met.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Currently, you cannot set this argument to any value other than 1.</p>
<code>?effort t_effort</code>	<p>Specifies the name of algorithm for optimizing the design to meet the operating region specifications. Possible values are: <code>neocircuitGlobal</code>, <code>conjugateGradient</code>, <code>brentPowell</code>, <code>hookeJeeves</code>. The default algorithm is <code>neocircuitGlobal</code>.</p>

## Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> when successful
<code>nil</code>	Otherwise, returns <code>nil</code>

## Example

```
ocnxlFeasibilityAnalysisOptions(?effort "conjugateGradient")  
t
```

## **ocnxlGetBestPointParams**

```
ocnxlGetBestPointParams(  
    )  
=> l_params / nil
```

### **Description**

Returns a list of parameters from the best design point.

### **Arguments**

None

### **Value Returned**

<code>l_params</code>	Returns a list of the best point parameters if successful.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlGetBestPointParams(  
    ("C" "1.2p")  
    ("R" "800k")  
)
```

## ocnxlGlobalOptimizationOptions

```
ocnxlGlobalOptimizationOptions(  
  [ ?runFullEvaluation t_runFullEvaluation ]  
  [ ?refPoint t_refPoint ]  
  [ ?meetAllGoals t_meetAllGoals ]  
  [ ?timeLimit t_timeLimit ]  
  [ ?numPoints t_numPoints ]  
  [ ?noImprvPoints t_noImprvPoints ]  
  [ ?pointsAfterAllSpecsSatisfied t_pointsAfterAllSpecsSatisfied ]  
  [ ?startingstateorpoint t_startingstateorpoint ]  
  [ ?startingstatename t_startingstatename ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Lets you specify options for global optimization run. See help on `ocnxlRun()` for run modes. This command works only in XL mode. See help on `ocnSetXLMode()`

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

#### Arguments

<code>?runFullEvaluation</code> <code>t_runFullEvaluation</code>	Sets the program to run full optimization. Default for <code>runFullEvaluation</code> is 0. Possible values are 0 and 1.
<code>?refPoint</code> <code>t_refPoint</code>	Sets the current point as a starting place for sizing. Default for <code>refPoint</code> is 0. Possible values are 0 and 1.
<code>?meetAllGoals</code> <code>t_meetAllGoals</code>	Sets the program to run optimization only until all specifications are met. Default for <code>meetAllGoals</code> is 0. Possible values are 0 and 1.
<code>?timelimit</code> <code>t_timeLimit</code>	Sets the time limit (in minutes) for the optimization run. Default for <code>timeLimit</code> is "".
<code>?numPoints</code> <code>t_numPoints</code>	The maximum number of points for the optimization run. Default for <code>numPoints</code> is "".
<code>?noImprvPoints</code> <code>t_noImprvPoints</code>	Default for <code>noImprvPoints</code> is "".
<code>?pointsAfterAllSpecsSatisfied</code> <code>t_pointsAfterAllSpecsSatisfied</code>	Sets the number of points to be run after all specifications are satisfied. Default for <code>t_pointsAfterAllSpecsSatisfied</code> is "".
<code>?startingstateorpoint</code> <code>t_startingstateorpoint</code>	Sets the starting point for the simulation run as reference point or starting state. Default for <code>t_startingstateorpoint</code> is "". Possible values are Starting State or Reference Point.
<code>?startingstatename</code> <code>t_startingstatename</code>	Sets the starting state if the <code>startingstateorpoint</code> argument is set to Starting State.

#### Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if options are specified for global optimization run.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

#### Example

```
ocnxlGlobalOptimizationOptions(?runFullEvaluation "1" )
```

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

```
# Sets global optimization to be run only until all specifications are met.  
ocnxlGlobalOptimizationOptions(?startingstateorpoint "Starting State"  
?startingstatename "Optimization.PointID.46")  
# Sets the optimization to be run with starting point as "Optimization.PointID.46"  
state.
```

## **ocnxlLocalOptimizationOptions**

```
ocnxlLocalOptimizationOptions(  
  [ ?effort t_effort ]  
  [ ?runFullEvaluation t_runFullEvaluation ]  
  [ ?meetAllGoals t_meetAllGoals ]  
  [ ?timeLimit t_timeLimit ]  
  [ ?numPoints t_numPoints ]  
  [ ?startingstateorpoint t_startingstateorpoint]  
  [ ?startingstatename t_startingstatename] )  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Lets you specify options for local optimization run. See help on `ocnxlRun()` for run modes.

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

#### Arguments

<code>?effort t_effort</code>	Value for effort. Default for effort is <code>coarse</code> . Possible values are <code>fine</code> and <code>coarse</code> .
<code>?runFullEvaluation t_runFullEvaluation</code>	Sets the program to run full optimization. Default for <code>runFullEvaluation</code> is 0. Possible values are 0 and 1.
<code>?meetAllGoals t_meetAllGoals</code>	Sets the program to run optimization only until all specifications are met. Default for <code>meetAllGoals</code> is 0. Possible values are 0 and 1.
<code>?timeLimit t_timeLimit</code>	Sets the time limit (in minutes) for the optimization run. Default for <code>timeLimit</code> is "".
<code>?numPoints t_numPoints</code>	Sets the maximum number of points for the optimization run. Default for <code>numPoints</code> is "".
<code>?startingstateorpoint t_startingstateorpoint</code>	Sets the starting point for the simulation run as reference point or starting state. Default for <code>t_startingstateorpoint</code> is "". Possible values are <code>Starting State or Reference Point</code> .
<code>?startingstatename t_startingstatename</code>	Sets the starting state if the <code>startingstateorpoint</code> argument is set to <code>Starting State</code> .

#### Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if options are specified for local optimization run.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

#### Example



## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

```
ocnxlLocalOptimizationOptions(?effort "coarse" )  
# Sets coarse as the effort for local optimization run.  
ocnxlLocalOptimizationOptions(?startingstateorpoint "Starting State"  
?startingstatename "Optimization.PointID.46")  
# Sets the optimization to be run with starting point as "Optimization.PointID.46"  
state.
```

## ocnxlMonteCarloOptions

```
ocnxlMonteCarloOptions(  
  [ ?mcmethod t_mcmethod ]  
  [ ?mcNumPoints t_mcNumPoints ]  
  [ ?samplingMode t_samplingMode ]  
  [ ?saveAllPlots t_saveAllPlots ]  
  [ ?saveProcess t_saveProcess ]  
  [ ?saveMismatch t_saveMismatch ]  
  [ ?useReference t_useReference ]  
  [ ?donominal t_donominal ]  
  [ ?monteCarloSeed t_monteCarloSeed ]  
  [ ?mcStartingRunNumber t_mcStartingRunNumber ]  
  [ ?designUnderTest t_designUnderTest ]  
  [ ?dutIntances t_dutIntances ]  
  [ ?dutSummary t_dutSummary ]  
  [ ?dutSubckts t_dutSubckts ]  
  [ ?ignoreFlag t_ignoreFlag ]  
  [ ?mcNumBins t_mcNumBins ]  
  [ ?mcStopEarly t_mcStopEarly ]  
  [ ?mcYieldTarget t_mcYieldTarget ]  
  [ ?mcYieldAlphaLimit t_mcYieldAlphaLimit ]  
  [ ?mcStopMethod t_mcStopMethod ]  
  [ ?mcSigmaScaleValue t_mcSigmaScaleValue ]  
  [ ?dumpParamMode t_dumpParamMode ]  
  [ ?evaluationmode t_evaluationmode ]  
  [ ?limitOnOutstandingPoints t_limitOnOutstandingPoints ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

## Description

Lets you specify options for Monte Carlo runs. See help on `ocnxlRun()` for run modes.

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

#### Arguments

<code>?mcmethod</code> <code>t_mcmethod</code>	Sets the statistical variation method for Monte Carlo runs. Default for <code>mcmethod</code> is <code>all</code> . Possible values are <code>global</code> , <code>mismatch</code> and <code>all</code> .
<code>?mcNumPoints</code> <code>t_mcNumPoints</code>	Sets the number of points you want to simulate for Monte Carlo runs. Default for <code>mcNumPoints</code> is 100.
<code>?samplingMode</code> <code>t_samplingMode</code>	Sets the default statistical sampling method for Monte Carlo runs. Default for <code>samplingMode</code> is <code>random</code> . Possible values are <code>random</code> , <code>orthogonal</code> , and <code>lhs</code> (Latin Hypercube).
<code>?saveAllPlots</code> <code>t_saveAllPlots</code>	Saves raw data ( <code>psf</code> files) for every Monte Carlo iteration so that you can plot a family of curves. Default for <code>saveAllPlots</code> is 0. Possible values are 0 and 1.
<code>?saveProcess</code> <code>t_saveProcess</code>	Controls whether ‘process’ parameters need to be saved to the results database. Default value is 1. Possible values are 0 and 1.
<code>?saveMismatch</code> <code>t_saveMismatch</code>	Controls whether ‘mismatch’ parameters need to be saved to the results database. Default value is 0. Possible values are 0 and 1.
<code>?useReference</code> <code>t_useReference</code>	Specifies whether to use a schematic point or a reference point that you have created as a starting place for sizing.  Possible values are 0 and 1. The default value is 0.
<code>?donominal</code> <code>t_donominal</code>	Specifies whether to run a simulation at the reference point prior to beginning the Monte Carlo process. Possible values are 0 and 1. If set to 1, Spectre will run a simulation at the reference point, and, if this fails, then the sampling process is not initiated and the simulation stops.  The default value is 1.
<code>?monteCarloSeed</code> <code>t_monteCarloSeed</code>	Specifies a different seed for Monte Carlo runs. Default for <code>monteCarloSeed</code> is 12345.
<code>?mcStartingRunNumber</code> <code>t_mcStartingRunNumber</code>	Specifies a starting run number for Monte Carlo runs. Default for <code>mcStartingRunNumber</code> is 1.

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

?dutSummary  
*t\_dutSummary*

Specifies a list of design under test (DUT) instances for Monte Carlo runs. In this list, you can specify the instances and devices to which mismatch variations must be applied. The format to specify the list is as given below:

```
<testname%instances%Libname/Cellname/  
Viewname%Master#testname%instances%modelName%Subcircuit#testname%instances%Schematic%Schematic  
>
```

where two DUT instances in the list are separated by a # (hash).

For example:

```
"opamp090:full_diff_opamp_AC:2:1%/  
I21%acOpenDiff%Subcircuit#opamp090:full_diff_o  
pamp_AC:2:1%/I0/I1%opamp090/ampn/  
schematic%Master#opamp090:full_diff_opamp_AC:2  
:1%/I0/M5A, /I0/M3A%Schematic%Schematic"
```

Default for `dutSummary` is "".

?dutSubckts  
*t\_dutSubckts*

Specifies a list of design under test (DUT) instances for Monte Carlo runs that are subcircuits.

The valid value is semicolon-separated list of DUT instances that are subcircuits.

For example:

```
"/I0/I0/I1;/I0/I1/I0;/I0/I1/I1"
```

?ignoreFlag  
*t\_ignoreFlag*

Argument to specify if the user wants to apply mismatch variations to instances specified with `dutSummary`.

Default value is 0. Set it to 1 if you do not want to apply mismatch variations to instances.

?mcNumBins  
*t\_mcNumBins*

Argument to specify the number of bins. Set this value when `samplingMode` is `lhs`.

Default for `mcNumBins` is "". If not set, simulator uses its own default number of bins. For example, Spectre calculates the number of bins as given below:

```
numBins = max(t_mcNumBins, (t_mcNumPoints +  
t_mcStartingRunNumber -1))
```

?designUnderTest  
*t\_designUnderTest*

Design picked up for the test

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

<code>?dutIntances</code> <code>t_dutIntances</code>	Number of occurrence of DUT intances
<code>?mcYieldTarget</code> <code>tmcYieldTarget</code>	Target yield percentage
<code>?mcStopMethod</code> <code>t_mcStopMethod</code>	Sets the statistical variation method to stop Monte Carlo.
<code>?mcSigmaScaleValue</code> <code>t_mcSigmaScaleValue</code>	Sets a sigma scale value

#### Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if options for montecarlo run are specified.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

#### Example

```
ocnxlMonteCarloOptions(?mcmethod "all" ?mcNumPoints "100" ?samplingMode "lhs"  
?saveAllPilots "0" ?monteCarloSeed "" ?mcStartingRunNumber "" ?dutSummary ""  
?saveProcess "1" ?saveMismatch "0" ?useReference "0" ?doNominal "1" ?mcNumBins  
"100")
```

## ocnxlSamplingOptions

```
ocnxlSamplingOptions (  
    [ ?points t_numberOfPoints ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Lets you specify options for sampling run. See help on ocnxlRun () for run modes.

### Arguments

<i>?points</i>	Specifies the number of points. The default value for points is <i>200</i> .
<i>t_numberOfPoints</i>	

### Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if the options for the run are specified.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### Example

```
ocnxlSamplingOptions(?points "500")  
#           Sets 500 as the number of points for sampling run.
```

## **ocnxlSensitivityOptions**

```
ocnxlSensitivityOptions(  
    [ ?haveDesignParams t_haveDesignParams ]  
    [ ?haveProcessParams t_haveProcessParams ]  
    [ ?haveDcOp t_haveDcOp ]  
    [ ?haveDesignParamSteps t_haveDesignParamSteps ]  
    [ ?designParamPercentage t_designParamPercentage ]  
    [ ?processSigmaSteps t_processSigmaSteps ]  
    [ ?processConfidenceIntervalUniform t_processConfidenceIntervalUniform ]  
    [ ?processMethod t_processMethod ]  
    [ ?dcOpInfo t_dcOpInfo ]  
    [ ?algorithm t_algorithm ]  
    [ ?statisticalInfo t_statisticalInfo ]  
)  
=> nil
```

### **Description**

Specifies options for the Sensitivity Analysis run mode. See help on [ocnxlRun](#) for help on run modes. This command works only in XL mode.

## Arguments

`?haveDesignParams` *t\_haveDesignParams*

Specifies if you want to vary global variables and device parameters. Default value is 0. If you set this to 1, ensure that you have specified at least one sweep variable or parameter and also created a reference point. You also need to set either *t\_haveDesignParamSteps* or *t\_designParamPercentage*.

`?haveProcessParams` *t\_haveProcessParams*

Specifies if you want to vary the statistical process and mismatch parameters. Default value is 0.

`?haveDcOp` *t\_haveDcOp*

Specifies if you want to save the sensitivity data for specific DC operating point parameters. Default value is 0.

`?haveDesignParamSteps` *t\_haveDesignParamSteps*

Specifies that you want to vary global variable and device parameter values by a single step from the reference values specified for global variables and parameters in the reference point.

`?designParamPercentage` *t\_designParamPercentage*

Specifies the percentage of the range of a variable or parameter's value from the reference values by which the process parameters need to be varied. Value range is between 0 and 100.

`?processSigmaSteps` *t\_processSigmaSteps*

Specifies the number of standard deviations for statistical parameters with normal or log normal distribution. Default value is 1.

`?processConfidenceIntervalUniform`  
*t\_processConfidenceIntervalUniform*

Specifies the percentage range by which statistical parameters with uniform distribution need to be varied. Value range is between 0 and 50.

`?processMethod` *t\_processMethod*



## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

	Specifies whether the statistical parameters to be used are process, mismatch or both. Default value is <code>process</code> . Possible values are <code>process</code> , <code>mismatch</code> and <code>all</code> .
<code>?dcOpInfo t_dcOpInfo</code>	Specifies DC operating point parameters as input parameters for the sensitivity analysis run.
<code>?algorithm t_algorithm</code>	Name of the algorithm to be used.

### Value Returned

<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code>
------------------	--------------------------

### Example

```
ocnx1SensitivityOptions( ?haveDesignParams "1" ?haveProcessParams "0" ?haveDcOp  
"1" ?haveDesignParamSteps "1" ?designParamPercentage "10" ?processSigmaSteps "1"  
?processConfidenceIntervalUniform "20" ?processMethod "Process" ?dcOpInfo  
"voltage_divider:voltage_divider:1%/R0%i%analogLib/res/spectre%Master%analogLib/  
res/spectre#"
nil
```

## **ocnxlSizeOverCornersOptions**

```
ocnxlSizeOverCornersOptions(  
  [ ?soclazy t_soclazy ]  
  [ ?scoptmethod t_scoptmetjod  
  [ ?socreferencepoint t_socreferencepoint ]  
  [ ?soceffort t_soceffort ]  
  [ ?soctimelimit t_spctimelimit ]  
  [ ?socmaxpoints t_socmaxpoints ]  
  [ ?sociterations t_sociterations ]  
  [ ?socstopifnoimprovement t_socstopifnoimprovement ]  
)  
=> nil
```

### **Description**

Provides run options for the Size Over Corners run.

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

#### Arguments

`?scoptmethod t_scoptmethod`

Specifies between Optimization algorithms for iteration sizing runs. The default value is `neocircuitGlobal`. Other values are `brentPowell`, `hookeJeeves`, and `conjugateGradient`.

`?socreferencepoint t_socreferencepoint`

Specifies if reference point should be used. The default value is 0.

`?soceffort t_soceffort`

This argument is currently not supported.

`?soctimelimit t_soctimelimit`

Specifies the time limit for the run.

`?socmaxpoints t_socmaxpoints`

Specifies the maximum number of points processed per iteration. The default value is 3000.

`?sociterations t_sociterations`

Specifies the maximum number of sizing iterations for the Size Over Corners run. The default value is 3.

`?socstopifnoimprovement t_socstopifnoimprovement`

Specifies if the optimization run should stop if there is no improvement. The default value is 0.

#### Value Returned

`nil` Returns `nil`.

## ocnxlStartingPoint

```
ocnxlStartingPoint(  
    l_startingPointDetails  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Lets you specify a reference point—a starting place for sizing—for Improve Yield, Global Optimization, Feasibility Analysis or Monte Carlo runs.

### Arguments

*l\_startingPointDetails* A list of elements where each element is:

*(t\_type t\_varName t\_value)*

Where:

- *t\_type* can be a variable or parameter.
- *t\_varName* is the name of the variable or parameter
- *t\_value* is the value of the variable or parameter.

### Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if successful.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### Example

```
ocnxlStartingPoint('(("variable" "CAP" "2p")  
("parameter" "ether_adcflash/adc_cascode_opamp/schematic/M2/fw" "16.3u")))
```

## **ocnxlSweepsAndCornersOptions**

```
ocnxlSweepsAndCornersOptions(  
  [ ?submitpointenabed t_submitpointenabed ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Lets you specify options for Single Run, Sweeps and Corners runs.

### **Arguments**

*?submitpointenabed* Specify *t* to override the active setup with the submit point  
*t\_submitpointenabed* information.  
*led*

### **Value Returned**

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if the options are set successfully.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlSweepsAndCornersOptions(t) => t
```

## **ocnxlWorstCaseCornersOptions**

```
ocnxlWorstCaseCornersOptions(  
    [ ?statisticalInfo t_statisticalInfo ]  
    [ ?algorithm t_algorithm ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Sets the algorithm to be used while running the worst case corner simulation.

### **Arguments**

<code>?algorithm <i>t_algorithm</i></code>	Specifies the algorithm based on which you want to create the worst case corners.  Possible values: OFAT 3-level, OFAT Sweep, 2^K Factorial, Central Composite Design, and Full Factorial.
--	--

### **Value Returned**

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if the option is set successfully.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlWorstCaseCornersOptions( ?algorithm "OFAT 3-level" ?groupun "1" )
```

## ocnxlYieldEstimationOptions

```
ocnxlYieldEstimationOptions(  
  [ ?useReference t_useReference ]  
  [ ?mcMethod t_mcMethod ]  
  [ ?samplingMethod t_samplingMethod]  
  [ ?mcNumPoints t_mcNumPoints ]  
  [ ?mcNumBins t_mcNumBins]  
  [ ?monteCarloSeed t_monteCarloSeed ]  
  [ ?speccornerselection t_speccornerselection]  
  [ ?haveYieldToStart t_yieldToStart ]  
  [ ?yisToStart t_yisToStart ]  
  [ ?useVarReduction t_varReductionBy ]  
  [ ?varReductionParam t_varReductionParam]  
  [ ?numlImport t_numlImport]  
  [ ?iterations t_iterations ]  
  [ ?designUnderTest t_designUnderTest ]  
  [ ?dutInstances t_dutInstances]  
  [ ?dutSummary t_dutSummary]  
  [ ?dutSubckts t_dutSubckts]  
  [ ?ignoreFlag t_ignoreFlag ]  
  [ ?yeMethod t_yeMethod ]  
  [ ?yeSpecTolerance t_yeSpecTolerance ]  
  [ ?yeAngleTolerance t_yeAngleTolerance ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Lets you specify options for High Yield Estimation run mode. See help on `ocnxlRun()` for run modes.

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

#### Arguments

`?useReference t_useReference`

Specifies whether to use a schematic point or a reference point that you have created as a starting place for sizing. The possible values are 0 and 1. The default value is 0.

`?mcMethod t_mcMethod` Specifies the yield estimation method to be used. The default value is `all`. The possible values are `global`, `mismatch` and `all`.

`?samplingMethod t_samplingMethod`

Sets the default statistical sampling method for improve yield runs. The default value is `random`. Possible values are `random`, `orthogonal`, and `lhs` (Latin Hypercube).

`?mcNumPoints t_mcNumPoints`

Sets the number of Monte Carlo points you want to simulate. The default value is 200.

`?mcNumBins t_mcNumBins`

If the selected sampling method is `lhs`, this argument specifies the number of bins (or subdivisions) for `lhs`. Set this value when `samplingMode` is `lhs`.

Default for `mcNumBins` is `""`. If not set, simulator uses its own default number of bins. For example, Spectre calculates the number of bins as given below:

```
numBins = max(t_mcNumBins, (t_mcNumPoints +  
t_mcStartingRunNumber -1))
```

`?monteCarloSeed t_monteCarloSeed`

Specifies a different seed for Monte Carlo runs. Default for `monteCarloSeed` is 12345.

`?haveYieldToStart t_haveYieldToStart`

Specifies if there is a yield in sigma value from which the high yield estimation method should be applied. The default value is 1. Possible values 0 and 1.



## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

*?yisToStart t\_yisToStart*

Specifies a yield in sigma value from which the high yield estimation method should be applied. The default value is 3.0.

*UseVarReduction*

Enables or disables the statistical variable reduction method.

Default value `auto`, enables this method. Possible values `auto` and `disabled`.

*varReductionParam*

Specifies the parameters for variable reduction method.

*iterations*

Optional argument to specify the number of sizing/Monte Carlo iterations run for each specification.

The default value is 10.

*dutSummary*

Optional argument to specify a list of design under test (DUT) instances for improve yield runs. In this list, you can specify the instances and devices to which mismatch variations must be applied. The format to specify the list is as given below:

```
<testname%instances%Libname/Cellname/  
Viewname%Master#testname%instances%modelname%Subcircuit#testname%instances%Schematic%Schematic>
```

where two DUT instances in the list are separated by a # (hash).

For example:

```
"opamp090:full_diff_opamp_AC:2:1%/  
I21%acOpenDiff%Subcircuit#opamp090:full_diff_opamp_  
AC:2:1%/I0/I1%opamp090/ampn/  
schematic%Master#opamp090:full_diff_opamp_AC:2:1%/  
I0/M5A, /I0/M3A%Schematic%Schematic"
```

Default for `dutSummary` is "".

*dutSubckts*

Specifies a list of design under test (DUT) instances for Monte Carlo runs that are subcircuits.

The valid value is semicolon-separated list of DUT instances that are subcircuits.

For example:

```
"/I0/I0/I1;/I0/I1/I0;/I0/I1/I1"
```

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

<i>ignoreFlag</i>	<p>Optional argument to specify if the user wants to apply mismatch variations to instances specified with <code>dutSummary</code>.</p> <p>Default for <code>ignoreFlag</code> is 0. Set it to 1 if you do not want to apply mismatch variations to instances.</p>
<i>yeMethod</i>	<p>Specifies the estimation method to be used. This argument takes only one value <code>Worst Case Distance</code>.</p>
<i>yeSpecTolerance</i>	<p>Specifies the specification tolerance value. This argument is used to modify the convergence criteria to be used for WCD calculation.</p> <p>Default value: 0.02</p> <p>Valid value range: 0.01 to 0.1</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The WCD algorithm converges only when the following two conditions are met:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ Specification value error ratio is less than the value specified by <i>yeSpecTolerance</i>, where the specification value error ratio is calculated as: <math display="block">\text{spec\_value\_error\_ratio} = \frac{\text{abs}(\text{spec\_value} - \text{spec\_target})}{\text{abs}(\text{nominal\_spec\_value} - \text{spec\_target})}</math></li><li>■ Angle between the WCD point vector and gradient vector is less than the value specified by <i>yeAngleTolerance</i>.</li></ul>
<i>yeAngleTolerance</i>	<p>Specifies the angle tolerance value between WCD point vector and gradient vector.</p> <p>Default value: 8.0</p> <p>Valid value range: 1.0 to 15.0</p> <p>For more details, refer to the note given for <i>yeSpecTolerance</i>.</p>

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

#### Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if the options are specified.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise

#### Example

```
ocnxlYieldEstimationOptions( ?useReference "0" ?mcMethod "all" ?samplingMode  
"random" ?mcNumPoints "300" ?mcNumBins "" ?monteCarloSeed "" ?haveYieldToStart "1"  
?yisToStart "3.0" ?varReductionBy "auto" ?iterations "20" ?yeMethod "Worst Case  
Distance" )
```

## ocnxlYieldImprovementOptions

```
ocnxlYieldImprovementOptions(  
    [ ?iymethod t_iymethod ]  
    [ ?refPoint t_refPoint ]  
    [ ?algorithm t_algorithm ]  
    [ ?timeLimit t_timeLimit ]  
    [ ?iterations t_iterations ]  
    [ ?numPoints t_numPoints ]  
    [ ?sigmaTarget t_sigmaTarget ]  
    [ ?stopIfNoImprovement t_stopIfNoImprovement ]  
    [ ?runFullEvaluation t_runFullEvaluation ]  
    [ ?optimizationMethod t_optimizationMethod ]  
    [ ?effort t_effort ]  
    [ ?saveCorner t_saveCorner ]  
    [ ?iysamplingmethod t_iysamplingmethod ]  
    [ ?iymontecarloDonominal t_iymontecarloDonominal ]  
    [ ?iymontecarloSeed t_iymontecarloSeed ]  
    [ ?iymcnumPoints t_iymcnumPoints ]  
    [ ?iymontecarloStartingRun t_iymontecarloStartingRun ]  
    [ ?WYCmethod t_WYCmethod ]  
    [ ?dutSummary t_dutSummary ]  
    [ ?dutSubckts t_dutSubckts ]  
    [ ?ignoreFlag t_ignoreFlag ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

## Description

Lets you specify options to improve yield runs. See help on `ocnxlRun()` for run modes.

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

#### Arguments

<i>t_iymethod</i>	The yield improvement method to be used. The default value is <code>all</code> . The possible values are <code>global</code> , <code>mismatch</code> and <code>all</code> .
<i>t_refPoint</i>	<p>Specifies whether to use a schematic point or a reference point that you have created as a starting place for sizing.</p> <p>Possible values are 0 and 1. The default value is 0.</p>
<i>t_algorithm</i>	The default value is 0. The possible values are 0 and 1.
<i>t_timeLimit</i>	<p>Sets a time limit for the improve yield run.</p> <p>The default value is "". The <code>timeLimit</code> is in minutes.</p>
<i>t_iterations</i>	<p>Specifies the number of sizing/Monte Carlo iterations.</p> <p>The default value is 3.</p>
<i>t_numPoints</i>	<p>Specifies the maximum number of points processed per iteration.</p> <p>The default value is 3000.</p>
<i>t_sigmaTarget</i>	<p>Allows you to increase the mean of the goal distribution to target (of goal) value even after achieving 100% yield. ADE GXL allows you to achieve 4, 5, or even 6 sigma designs.</p> <p>The default value is 6. The possible values are 4, 5, and 6.</p>
<i>t_stopIfNoImprovement</i>	<p>Specifies if the yield improvement run must be stopped if there is no yield improvement. The default value is 0.</p> <p>The possible values are 0 and 1.</p>
<i>t_runFullEvaluation</i>	Sets the program to run full optimization. Default for <code>runFullEvaluation</code> is 0. Possible values are 0 and 1.
<i>t_optimizationMethod</i>	Sets the optimization method. Default for <code>optimizationMethod</code> is <code>global</code> . Possible values are <code>global</code> and <code>local</code> .
<i>t_effort</i>	Specifies the effort level if you are using local optimization. Default for <code>effort</code> is <code>fine</code> . Possible values are <code>fine</code> and <code>coarse</code> .
<i>t_saveCorner</i>	Specifies if the corner is to be saved.

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

<i>t_iysamplingmethod</i>	Sets the default statistical sampling method for improve yield runs. The default value is <code>random</code> . Possible values are <code>random</code> and <code>lhs</code> .
<i>t_iymontecarlo</i> <i>donominal</i>	<p>Specifies whether to run a simulation at the reference point prior to beginning the improve yield process. Possible values are 0 and 1. If set to 1, Spectre will run a simulation at the reference point, and, if this fails, then the sampling process is not initiated and the simulation stops.</p> <p>The default value is 1.</p>
<i>t_iymontecarlo</i> <i>seed</i>	Specifies a different seed for Monte Carlo runs. Default for <code>monteCarloSeed</code> is 12345.
<i>t_iymcnumpoints</i>	Sets the number of Monte Carlo points you want to simulate. The default value is <code>nil</code> .
<i>t_iymontecarlo</i> <i>starting</i> <i>run</i>	Specifies the run that Monte Carlo begins with. The default value is 1.
<i>t_dutSummary</i>	<p>Specifies a list of design under test (DUT) instances for improve yield runs. In this list, you can specify the instances and devices to which mismatch variations must be applied. The format to specify the list is as given below:</p> <pre>&lt;testname%instances%Libname/Cellname/ Viewname%Master#testname%instances%modelname%Subc ircuit#testname%instances%Schematic%Schematic&gt;</pre> <p>where two DUT instances in the list are separated by a # (hash).</p> <p>For example:</p> <pre>"opamp090:full_diff_opamp_AC:2:1%/ I21%acOpenDiff%Subcircuit#opamp090:full_diff_opam p_AC:2:1%/I0/I1%opamp090/ampn/ schematic%Master#opamp090:full_diff_opamp_AC:2:1% /I0/M5A, /I0/M3A%Schematic%Schematic"</pre> <p>Default for <code>dutSummary</code> is "".</p>
<i>t_dutSubckts</i>	<p>Specifies a list of design under test (DUT) instances for Monte Carlo runs that are subcircuits.</p> <p>The valid value is semicolon-separated list of DUT instances that are subcircuits.</p> <p>For example:</p> <pre>"/I0/I0/I1;/I0/I1/I0;/I0/I1/I1"</pre>

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

*t\_ignoreFlag*

Specifies if the user wants to apply mismatch variations to instances specified with `dutSummary`.

Default for `ignoreFlag` is 0. Set it to 1 if you do not want to apply mismatch variations to instances.

#### Value Returned

`t`

Returns `t` if the options are specified.

`nil`

Returns `nil` otherwise.

#### Example

```
ocnxlYieldImprovementOptions(?iymethod "mismatch" )  
# Sets mismatch as the method for yield improvement run.
```

## Commands for OCEAN XL Runs

- [ocnxlGetRunDistributeOptions](#)
- [ocnxlOpenResults](#)
- [ocnxlOutputSummary](#)
- [ocnxlRun](#)
- [ocnxlRunSetupSummary](#)
- [ocnxlSetRunDistributeOptions](#)
- [ocnxlWaitUntilDone](#)



## ocnxlGetRunDistributeOptions

```
ocnxlGetRunDistributeOptions(  
    )  
=> l_runOptions / nil
```

### Description

Returns the run options set for the current setup database.

### Arguments

None

### Value Returned

<i>l_runOptions</i>	List of run options specified for the current setup database. This list contains the following three values:  RunIn: Describes how multiple simulations need to run. Valid values are <code>Parallel</code> or <code>Serial</code> .  DivideJobs: Describes how the ICRPs can be divided among the simulation runs. Valid values are <code>Specify</code> or <code>Equally</code> .  JobLimit: Describes the maximum number of jobs that can run when Divide Jobs is set to <code>Specify</code> .
<i>nil</i>	Unsuccessful operation

### Example

```
runOpt = ocnxlGetRunDistributeOptions()  
runOpt~>??  
(JobLimit 2 DivideJobs Specify RunIn  
    Parallel  
)
```

### Related Functions

[ocnxlSetRunDistributeOptions](#)

## ocnxlOpenResults

```
ocnxlOpenResults(  
    [ ?testName t_testName ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Opens the simulation results at the end of an Ocean XL simulation. When you save an OCEAN script from the ADE XL environment, this function is automatically added to the script.

### Arguments

<code>?testName t_testName</code>	Name of the test for which the results are to be opened. In case of a multi-test setup, by default, the results are opened for the first test.
-----------------------------------	--

### Value Returned

<code>t</code>	If the results are opened successfully.
<code>nil</code>	If unsuccessful.

### Example

```
;The following code snippet shows how the results can be opened for the test  
;"opamplib:ampTest:1" at the end of simulation and use ocnPrint to print the  
;outputs.  
;  
ocnxlRun( ?mode 'sweepsAndCorners ?nominalCornerEnabled t ?allCornersEnabled t  
?allSweepsEnabled t)  
ocnxlOutputSummary(?exprSummary t ?specSummary t ?detailed t ?wave t)  
  
ocnxlOpenResults(?testName "opamplib:ampTest:1")  
  
selectResults('tran)  
ocnPrint( ?output "./bandwidth.txt" ?width 20 ?numSpaces 1 bandwidth(VT("/out") 3  
"low"))
```

## ocnxlOutputSummary

```
ocnxlOutputSummary(  
  [ ?exprSummary g_exprSummary ]  
  [ ?specSummary g_specSummary ]  
  [ ?yieldSummary g_yieldSummary ]  
  [ ?detailed g_detailed ]  
  [ ?wave g_wave ]  
  [ ?forRun runID ]  
  [ ?fileName t_filePath ]  
  [ ?printHeader? g_printHeader ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Generates output summary.

### Arguments

*?exprSummary g\_exprSummary*

Determines whether to write the expression information that reports results for outputs having expressions.

Possible values:

- 'OnlySummary': Writes only the summary expression information. Ignores the value of *?detailed*.
- 'OnlyDetailed': Writes only the detailed expression information.
- 'BothSummaryAndDetailed': Writes both summary and detailed information.
- *nil*: Does not write any information about the output expressions.
- *t*: Writes the summary expression information. In addition, it adds the detailed expression information if the *?detailed* argument is *t*.

Default value: *t*

*?specSummary g\_specSummary*

Determines whether to write the specification information that reports results for outputs having specifications.

Possible values:

- `'OnlySummary'`: Writes only the summary specification information. Ignores the value of `?detailed`.
- `'OnlyDetailed'`: Writes only the detailed specification information.
- `'BothSummaryAndDetailed'`: Writes both summary and detailed information.
- `nil`: Does not write any information about the specifications.
- `t`: Writes the summary specification information. In addition, it adds the detailed specification information if the `?detailed` argument is `t`.

Default value: `t`

`?yieldSummary g_yieldSummary`

Writes detailed yield summary.

Default value: `t`

`?detailed g_detailed`

Writes the details of expressions and specifications. Otherwise, only summary is printed.

Default value: `t`

**Note:** Value of this argument is ignored when `?specSummary` or `?exprSummary` is set to `'OnlySummary'`, `'OnlyDetailed'`, `'BothSummaryAndDetailed'`.

`?wave g_wave`

Writes the value of expressions evaluating to a waveform as `wave`. When set to `nil`, does not write the expressions with waveforms.

Default value: `t`

`?forRun x_runID`

RunID for which you want to display the output summary.

**Note:** Use this argument when the `?waitUntilDone` argument of the `ocnxlRun` command is set to `nil`.

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

?printHeader? *g\_printHeader*

Writes a default header before the output summary.

Possible values:

- *t*: Always writes a header
- 'WhenFileName': Writes a header only when *fileName* is provided by using the *fileName* argument.
- *nil*: Does not write a header.

Default value: 'WhenFileName'

### Value Returned

*t* Returns *t* if the summary is generated.

*nil* Returns *nil* otherwise.

### Example

Example 1:

#This will print the detailed expression and specification information. Printing of the outputs that evaluate to waveforms will be skipped.

```
ocnxlOutputSummary(?exprSummary 'OnlyDetailed ?specSummary 'OnlyDetailed ?wave
nil)
=>
```

Detailed Expression Summary:  
=====

```
Parameters: None.
  Test: opamplib:ampTest:1
  Nominal Corner:
    output      value
    MAX         -1.35091
    MIN         -1.50789
```

Detailed Spec Summary:  
=====

```
Parameters: None.
  Test: opamplib:ampTest:1
  Nominal Corner:
    spec  status  value  spec details
    MAX   pass   -1.35091  lt      1.2    0.0
    MIN   fail   -1.50789  range   1.2    2.3
```

*t*

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

Example 2:

```
ocnxlOutputSummary()
# This will print the detailed and summary information of expressions and specs for
each sweep point and each corner.
```

Example 3:

```
ocnxlOutputSummary(?exprSummary nil)
# This will print the detailed and summary information of output expressions. It
will not print any information about the specifications.
```

Example 4:

```
ocnxlOutputSummary(?specSummary nil ?detailed nil)
# This will print only the summary of output expressions for each sweep point across
all corners. This will not print any details for expressions. This will also not
print any spec details/summary.
```

Example 5:

```
ocnxlOutputSummary(?exprSummary t ?specSummary t ?detailed t ?wave t ?fileName
"myoutputfile")

#Writes all the summary to the file myoutputfile with default header as following
#
#Ocean XL Output Summary for run Ocean.<runNumber> on <DateTime>

(ocnxlOutputSummary ?forRun runid2 ?detailed nil)
#
#Ocean XL Output Summary for the run with runID as runid2
```

Example 6:

```
# When " sstatus(fullPrecision t)" & "?printHeader? t"
# This will display the value of the output if "sstatus(fullPrecision t)" and print
the header at the top if "?printHeader?" is set to "t".
```

```
ocean> sstatus(fullPrecision t)
=>t
ocean> ocnxlOutputSummary(?exprSummary t ?specSummary t ?detailed t ?wave t
?printHeader? t)
=>
Ocean XL Output Summary for run Ocean.10 on Dec 5 01:05:46 2018
```

```
Detailed Expression Summary:
=====
```

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

```
Parameters: None.
Test: AC
Nominal Corner:
  output      value
  /vin        wave
  /out        wave
  PM          27.33218483010016
```

Expression Summary:  
=====

```
Parameters: None.
Test: AC
Nominal Corner:
  output      value
  /vin        wave
  /out        wave
  PM          27.33218483010016
```

Detailed Spec Summary:  
=====

```
Parameters: None.
Test: AC
Nominal Corner:
  spec  status  value      spec details
  PM    pass    27.33218483010016  1t      45.0      0.0
```

Spec Summary:  
=====

```
Parameters: None.
Test: AC
  spec  status  value      spec details
  PM    pass    27.33218483010016  1t      45.0      0.0
```

Example 7:

```
# When " sstatus(fullPrecision nil)" & "?printHeader? nil"
# This will display only the default digits as output if "sstatus(fullPrecision
nil)" and will not print the header at the top if "?printHeader?" is set to "nil".
```

```
ocean> sstatus(fullPrecision nil)
=>nil
ocean> ocnxlOutputSummary(?exprSummary t ?specSummary t ?detailed t ?wave t
?printHeader? nil)
=>
```

Detailed Expression Summary:  
=====

```
Parameters: None.
Test: AC
Nominal Corner:
  output      value
  /vin        wave
```

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

```
/out      wave
PM        27.33218
```

#### Expression Summary:

=====

Parameters: None.

Test: AC

Nominal Corner:

output	value
/vin	wave
/out	wave
PM	27.33218

#### Detailed Spec Summary:

=====

Parameters: None.

Test: AC

Nominal Corner:

spec	status	value	spec details
PM	pass	27.33218	lt 45.0 0.0

#### Spec Summary:

=====

Parameters: None.

Test: AC

spec	status	value	spec details
PM	pass	27.33218	lt 45.0 0.0

#### Example 8:

```
ocnxlOutputSummary(?fileName "myoutputfile" ?printhead? 'WhenFileName)
# This will write the summary output to the "myoutputfile" file when the ?fileName
argument is specified.
```

## Related Functions

### ocnxlRun



## ocnxlRun

```
ocnxlRun(  
  [ ?mode s_mode ]  
  [ ?nominalCornerEnabled g_nominalCornerEnabled ]  
  [ ?allCornersEnabled g_allCornersEnabled ]  
  [ ?allSweepsEnabled g_allSweepsEnabled ]  
  [ ?verboseMode g_verboseMode ]  
  [ ?waitUntilDone g_waitUntilDone ]  
  [ ?runFinishedCallback g_runFinishedCallback ]  
)  
=> t / nil / runID
```

## Description

Specifies the run mode for simulation and whether to run the nominal corner, corners and sweeps during simulation. Also specifies whether to report completion of points during simulation.

## Arguments

*s\_mode*

Lets you run simulations in one of following modes:

- 'sweepsAndCorners
- 'localOptimization
- 'globalOptimization
- 'monteCarlo
- 'yieldImprovement
- 'sampling
- 'sensitivity
- 'feasibilityAnalysis
- 'Size Over Corners

?nominalCornerEnabled *g\_nominalCornerEnabled*

Accepts boolean values `t` or `nil`. The default value is `t`.  
If set to `nil`, ADE XL excludes nominal corners from the simulation run.

?allCornersEnabled *g\_allCornersEnabled*

Accepts boolean values `t` or `nil`. The default value is `t`.  
If set to `nil`, ADE XL excludes all corners from the simulation run.

?allSweepsEnabled *g\_allSweepsEnabled*

Accepts boolean values `t` or `nil`. The default value is `t`.  
If set to `nil`, ADE XL excludes all sweeps from the simulation run.

?waitUntilDone *g\_waitUntilDone*

Specifies if OCEAN should wait for this run to complete before executing the next command in the script.

**Valid values:**

- `t`: Specifies that OCEAN should wait for the completion of this run. This is the default value.
- `nil`: Specifies that the you intend to run multiple OCEAN runs in parallel. In this case, ocean assigns a run id to each ocean run.

**Note:** Set this argument to `nil` to run multiple OCEAN runs in parallel.

`?verboseMode g_verboseMode`

Accepts boolean values `t` or `nil`. The default value is `t`. If set to `nil`, ADE XL does not report the progress in the simulation of points in the simulation run.

**Note:** It is recommended that you specify the value `nil` if you have set up a large number of points.

`?runFinishedCallback g_runFinishedCallback`

Specifies this run is complete and call back the (what).

### Value Returned

`t`

Returns `t` when the run is successful.

`runID`

When the OCEAN runs are run in parallel, that is, when `?waitUntilDone` is set to `nil`, returns the run ID on success.

`nil`

Returns `nil` when the run is unsuccessful.

### Examples

#### **Example 1:**

The following command runs an already loaded setup and also specifies that no corner should be run.

```
ocnxlRun(?allCornersEnabled nil)
```

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

No corner will be run but rest of the setup will be run.

#### **Example 2:**

This example runs two setups in parallel.

```
ocnxlJobSetup( '( "blockemail" "1" "configuretimeout" "300" "distributionmethod"
"Local" "lingertimeout" "300" "maxjobs" "8" "name" "ADE XL Default"
"preemptivestart" "1" "reconfigureimmediately" "1" "runtimeout" "-1"
"showerrorwhenretrying" "1" "showoutputlogerror" "0" "startmaxjobsimmed" "1"
"starttimeout" "300" ) )
ocnxlLoadSetupState( "C1" 'retain ?tests t ?vars t ?parameters t ?currentMode t
?runOptions t ?specs t ?corners t ?extensions t
?modelGroups nil ?relxanalysis nil )

runid1 = ocnxlRun(?waitUntilDone nil)
ocnxlLoadSetupState( "C4" 'retain ?tests t ?vars t ?parameters t ?currentMode t
?runOptions t ?specs t ?corners t ?extensions t
?modelGroups nil ?relxanalysis nil )

runid2 = ocnxlRun(?waitUntilDone nil)
(ocnxlWaitUntilDone 'All)
(ocnxlOutputSummary ?forRun runid2 ?detailed nil)
; The previous command displays run summary for the second run
```

#### **Related Functions**

[ocnxlWaitUntilDone](#), [ocnxlLoadSetupState](#), [ocnxlJobSetup](#), [ocnxlGetHistory](#),  
[ocnxlSetRunDistributeOptions](#)

## **ocnxlRunSetupSummary**

```
ocnxlRunSetupSummary(  
    )  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Generates the run setup summary. It shows how many tests, sweeps and corners are there and whether they are enabled.

### **Arguments**

None.

### **Value Returned**

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if the summary is generated.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlRunSetupSummary()
```

## ocnxlSetRunDistributeOptions

```
ocnxlSetRunDistributeOptions(  
    [ ?RunIn t_runIn]  
    [ ?DivideJobs t_divideJobs]  
    [ ?JobLimit n_jobLimit]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Sets the specified run option settings for the current setup database.

### Arguments

<code>?RunIn t_runIn</code>	Describes how multiple simulations need to run.  Valid values: Parallel, Serial.
<code>?DivideJobs t_divideJobs</code>	Specifies how the ICRPs are divided among the simulation runs. Valid values: Specify, Equally.
<code>?JobLimit n_jobLimit</code>	Specifies the maximum number of jobs that can run when ?DivideJobs is set to Specify.  <b>Note:</b> This value is not considered when ?DivideJobs is set to Equally.

### Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> when the options are successfully set.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

### Example

The following example sets the run options to run ICRPs in parallel with a maximum of three jobs per run:

```
ocnxlSetRunDistributeOptions( ?RunIn 'Parallel ?DivideJobs 'Specify ?JobLimit 3)  
t
```

## **OCEAN XL Reference**

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

#### **Related Functions**

[ocnxlGetRunDistributeOptions](#)

## **ocnxlWaitUntilDone**

```
ocnxlWaitUntilDone(  
    x_runID  
    'All'  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

This command waits for an active OCEAN XL run to complete. This command works only in XL mode. See help on `ocnSetXLMode()`.

#### **Important**

Use this function only when you are running multiple OCEAN runs in parallel, that is, when you have specified the `?waitUntilDone` argument of the `ocnxlRun` command to `nil`. You can enable parallel run in OCEAN XL scripts by using the `ocnxlSetRunDistributeOptions` function.



## Arguments

<code>x_runID</code>	Specifies the ID of the OCEAN XL run for which OCEAN needs to wait to complete before starting execution of the next command.  You can specify the runID returned by the <a href="#">ocnxlRun</a> function or the history name or the handle to the setup database for a run.
<code>'All</code>	Specify <code>'All</code> if you want to wait for all the OCEAN runs that are currently running.

## Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if the specified runID is found.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

## Examples

### **Example 1**

In this example, the `ocnxlWaitUntilDone` command waits for all OCEAN XL runs that are currently running to complete before moving to the next command in the script.

```
ocnxlLoadSetupState( "C1" 'retain ?tests t ?vars t ?parameters t ?currentMode t
    ?runOptions t ?specs t ?corners t ?extensions t
    ?modelGroups nil ?relxanalysis nil )

runid1 = ocnxlRun(?waitUntilDone nil)

ocnxlLoadSetupState( "C4" 'retain ?tests t ?vars t ?parameters t ?currentMode t
    ?runOptions t ?specs t ?corners t ?extensions t
    ?modelGroups nil ?relxanalysis nil )

runid2 = ocnxlRun(?waitUntilDone nil)
(ocnxlWaitUntilDone 'All)
ocnxlOutputSummary()
```

### **Example 2**

In this example, the `ocnxlWaitUntilDone` command waits for the OCEAN XL run with runID as `runid2` to complete before moving to the next command in the script.

```
runid2 = ocnxlRun(?waitUntilDone nil)
```

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

```
(ocnxlWaitUntilDone runid2)  
ocnxlOutputSummary()
```

#### **Related Function**

[ocnxlRun](#)

## Commands for History

- [ocnxlGetCurrentHistory](#)
- [ocnxlGetCurrentHistoryId](#)
- [ocnxlGetHistory](#)
- [ocnxlGetOverwriteHistory](#)
- [ocnxlGetOverwriteHistoryName](#)
- [ocnxlGetReferenceHistory](#)
- [ocnxlHistoryPrefix](#)
- [ocnxlRenameCurrentHistory](#)
- [ocnxlSetOverwriteHistory](#)
- [ocnxlSetOverwriteHistoryName](#)
- [ocnxlSetReferenceHistory](#)
- [ocnxlWriteDatasheet](#)

## ocnxlGetCurrentHistory

```
ocnxlGetCurrentHistory(  
    )  
=> historyName / nil
```

### Description

Returns the current history (checkpoint) name.

### Arguments

None

### Value Returned

historyName	Returns the name of the current history.
nil	Returns nil in case of an error.

### Example

```
ocnxlLoadSetupState( "ac_statel" 'retain ?tests t ?vars t ?parameters t  
?currentMode t ?runOptions t ?specs t ?corners t ?extensions t  
?modelGroups nil ?relxanalysis nil )  
  
runId = ocnxlRun( ?mode 'sweepsAndCorners ?nominalCornerEnabled t  
?allCornersEnabled t ?allSweepsEnabled t ?waitUntilDone nil)  
  
; The following function returns the handle to the results database for the current  
history.  
rdb=axlReadHistoryResDB(ocnxlGetCurrentHistory() ?session ocnxlGetSession())  
  
; The following function returns the point object for design point 1.  
pt = rdb->point(1)  
; The following code prints corner name, test name, output name and its value  
; for each output of type expression  
foreach(out pt->outputs(?type 'expr ?sortBy 'corner)  
printf("corner=%s, test=%s, output=%s, value=%L\n" out->cornerName out->testName  
out->name out->value))
```

When the above script is run, the results are displayed as shown below:

```
corner=C4_0, test=AC, output=gainBwProd(VF("/OUT")), value=1.068285e+09  
corner=C4_0, test=AC, output=Current, value=0.0007904204  
corner=C4_0, test=AC, output=Gain, value=49.76433
```

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

```
corner=C4_0, test=AC, output=UGF, value=5.639488e+08
corner=C4_0, test=TRAN, output=SettlingTime, value=5.911562e-09
corner=C4_0, test=TRAN, output=Swing, value=1.26184
corner=C4_1, test=AC, output=gainBwProd(VF("/OUT")), value=5.452747e+08
corner=C4_1, test=AC, output=Current, value=0.0004168163
corner=C4_1, test=AC, output=Gain, value=46.60983
corner=C4_1, test=AC, output=UGF, value=2.736042e+08
corner=C4_1, test=TRAN, output=SettlingTime, value=7.762304e-09
corner=C4_1, test=TRAN, output=Swing, value=1.05484
corner=nominal, test=AC, output=gainBwProd(VF("/OUT")), value=1.068285e+09
corner=nominal, test=AC, output=Current, value=0.0007904204
corner=nominal, test=AC, output=Gain, value=49.76433
corner=nominal, test=AC, output=UGF, value=5.639488e+08
corner=nominal, test=TRAN, output=SettlingTime, value=5.911562e-09
corner=nominal, test=TRAN, output=Swing, value=1.26184
```

## **ocnxlGetCurrentHistoryId**

```
ocnxlGetCurrentHistoryId(  
    [ ?returnSingleEntryIfGroupRun t_returnSingleEntryIfGroupRun ]  
)  
=> historyID / nil
```

### **Description**

Returns the ID of the current history (checkpoint).

### **Arguments**

*?returnSingleEntryIfGroupRun t\_returnSingleEntryIfGroupRun*  
Specifies if a single history ID is to be returned in case of a group run.

### **Value Returned**

<i>t</i>	Returns the ID of the current history.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> in case of an error.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlGetCurrentHistoryId()
```

## ocnxlGetHistory

```
ocnxlGetHistory(  
    x_runID  
)  
=> x_setupdbHandle / nil
```

### Description

Returns the handle to the history setup database associated with a particular run. You can use this handle to work with the history results.

This command works only in XL mode. See help on `ocnSetXLMode()`.

### Arguments

<code>x_runID</code>	ID of the run for which the handle to the history setup database is to be returned.
----------------------	---

### Value Returned

<code>x_setupdbHandle</code>	Returns handle to the history setup database.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

### Example

```
ocnxlLoadSetupState( "ac_state1" 'retain ?tests t ?vars t ?parameters t  
?currentMode t  
    ?runOptions t ?specs t ?corners t ?extensions t  
    ?modelGroups nil ?relxanalysis nil )  
  
runid2 = ocnxlRun(?waitUntilDone nil)  
ocnxlLoadSetupState( "tran_state2" 'retain ?tests t ?vars t ?parameters t  
?currentMode t  
    ?runOptions t ?specs t ?corners t ?extensions t  
    ?modelGroups nil ?relxanalysis nil )  
  
runId = ocnxlRun( ?mode 'sweepsAndCorners ?nominalCornerEnabled t  
?allCornersEnabled t ?allSweepsEnabled t ?waitUntilDone nil)  
  
histId = ocnxlGetHistory(runId)  
  
ocnxlWaitUntilDone('All)  
  
psfDir = axlGetPointPsfDir(histId "mdltest:testinv:1" ?cornerName ""  
?designPointId 1)
```

## **OCEAN XL Reference**

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

#### **Related Functions**

[ocnxlSetRunDistributeOptions](#), [ocnxlRun](#)



## **ocnxlGetOverwriteHistory**

```
ocnxlGetOverwriteHistory(  
    )  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Returns the status of overwrite history.

### **Arguments**

None

### **Value Returned**

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if overwrite history is enabled.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlGetOverwriteHistory()  
t
```

## **ocnxlGetOverwriteHistoryName**

```
ocnxlGetOverwriteHistoryName(  
  )  
=> t_historyName / nil
```

### **Description**

Returns name of the history to be overwritten.

### **Arguments**

None

### **Value Returned**

t_historyName	Returns name of the history to be overwritten.
nil	Returns nil otherwise.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlGetOverwriteHistoryName()  
Interactive.4
```

## **ocnxlGetReferenceHistory**

```
ocnxlGetReferenceHistory(  
    )  
=> t_referenceHistoryName / nil
```

### **Description**

Gets the name of the reference history currently set in the OCAEN XL.

### **Argument**

None

### **Value Returned**

t_referenceHistoryName	Name of the reference history currently set.
nil	If no reference history is set.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlSetXLMode()  
...  
...  
ocnxlSetReferenceHistory(ocnxlGetCurrentHistory())  
t  
ocnxlGetReferenceHistory()  
"Interactive.1"
```

## ocnxlHistoryPrefix

```
ocnxlHistoryPrefix(  
    t_prefixName  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Sets the prefix used in the names of history items created by OCEAN XL runs.

### Arguments

<i>t_prefixName</i>	The prefix to be used in the names of history items.
---------------------	--

### Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if successful.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### Example

```
ocnxlHistoryPrefix("check")
```

Creates history items with names like `check.0`, `check.1`, and so on.

## **ocnxlRenameCurrentHistory**

```
ocnxlRenameCurrentHistory(  
    t_newNameForHistory  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Renames the current history (checkpoint).

### **Arguments**

*t\_newNameForHistory*    New name for the current history.

### **Value Returned**

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if successful.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlRenameCurrentHistory("myHistory")
```

## ocnxlSetOverwriteHistory

```
ocnxlSetOverwriteHistory(  
    g_historyStatus  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Sets the status of overwrite history.

### Arguments

<i>g_historyStatus</i>	Enables or disables overwrite history. Default value: t
------------------------	--

### Value Returned

t	Returns t if successful.
nil	Returns nil otherwise.

### Example

```
ocnxlSetOverwriteHistory(t) t
```

## **ocnxlSetOverwriteHistoryName**

```
ocnxlSetOverwriteHistoryName(  
    t_historyName  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Sets name of the history to be overwritten.

### **Arguments**

<code>t_historyName</code>	Name of the history to be overwritten.
----------------------------	--

**Note:** Ensure that you specify the name of an existing history. If no history exists, then this can be set as `Next History Run`.

### **Value Returned**

<code>t_historyName</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if successful.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlSetOverwriteHistoryName("Interactive.4")
```

## ocnxlSetReferenceHistory

```
ocnxlSetReferenceHistory(  
    t_historyName  
    [ ?reuseNetlist t_reuseNetlist ]  
    [ ?useReferenceResults t_useReferenceResults ]  
)  
=> t_referenceHistoryName / nil
```

### Description

Sets a reference history for incremental simulation runs in OCEAN. This command works only in XL mode. See help on `ocnSetXLMode()`.

### Argument

<i>t_historyName</i>	<p>Name of reference history that you want to use.</p> <p>Use the <code>ocnxlGetCurrentHistory()</code> function to use the current history or give the name of the reference history that you want to use.</p>
<i>t_reuseNetlist</i>	<p>Specifies whether to reuse the netlist in the subsequent runs. If the design has not changes, you can reuse the netlist.</p> <p>Possible values:</p> <p><code>t</code>: Creates an incremental netlist for the new design points. However, for same design points, netlist from the reference history is reused.</p> <p><code>nil</code>: Always creates a new netlist for the design.</p> <p>Default value: <code>nil</code></p>



## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

*t\_useReferenceResults* (Optional) Specifies whether to reuse the results from the reference history for the incremental simulation run.

Possible values:

*new*: Creates a new resultset for the incremental simulation run. Does not use the results from the reference history.

*copy*: Copies the simulation results of the reference history to the new history item that is created during the incremental simulation run. With this option, OCEAN XL displays the results for only the updated values.

*move*: Moves the simulation results of the reference history to the new history item that is created during the incremental simulation run.

Default value: *copy*

### Value Returned

*t\_referenceHistoryName* Returns *t* if the name of the reference history is set.

*nil* Returns *nil* if unsuccessful.

### Example

In the following example, during the first OCEAN run, the variable *var1* is swepted for values 1 and 2. For the next run, the current history is set as the reference history. The default options specify that the netlist will not be reused, but the reference results will be copied to the incremental run. As a result, in the subsequent run, netlist will be created for the entire design, but the results will be generated only for the new design points with the value of *var1* set to 3, 4, and 5. Results for design points with ABC set to 1 or 2 will be copied to the new history.

```
ocnx1SetXLMode()  
...  
...  
ocnx1SweepVar("var1" "1 2")  
...  
...  
ocnx1Run(...)  
...  
...  
ocnx1SetReferenceHistory(ocnx1GetCurrentHistory())  
...  
ocnx1SweepVar("var1" "1 2 3 4 5")
```

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

```
...  
ocnxlRun() <--- This will only run three (3 4 5) additional points for netlisting  
...  
ocnxlEndXLMode()
```

## **ocnxlWriteDatasheet**

```
ocnxlWriteDatasheet(  
  [ ?name t_datasheetName ]  
  [ ?directory t_directory ]  
  [ ?resultsSummary g_resultsSummary ]  
  [ ?testsSummary g_testsSummary ]  
  [ ?detailedResults g_detailedResults ]  
  [ ?plots g_plots ]  
  [ ?designVarsSummary g_designVarsSummary ]  
  [ ?paramsSummary g_paramsSummary ]  
  [ ?cornersSummary g_cornersSummary ]  
  [ ?setupSummary g_setupsummary ]  
  [ ?launchBrowser g_launchBrowser ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

This command writes a datasheet from the latest OceanXL run.

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

#### Arguments

<code>?name t_datasheetname</code>	Name of the datasheet to be created.
<code>?directory t_directory</code>	Directory where the datasheet should be created. If unspecified datasheet will be created in the <code>&lt;lib&gt;/&lt;cell&gt;/adexl/documents</code> directory.
<code>?resultsSummary g_resultsSummary</code>	Boolean argument that controls whether a results summary sheet will be printed or not. Results summary contains spec sheet pass/fail table. Default is <code>t</code> .
<code>?testsSummary g_testsSummary</code>	Boolean argument that controls whether a tests summary sheet will be printed or not. Tests summary contains details about the tests sweeps and corners. Default is <code>t</code> .
<code>?detailedResults g_detailedResults</code>	Boolean argument that controls whether results for all the points will be generated or not. Default is <code>t</code> .
<code>?designVarsSummary g_designVarsSummary</code>	Boolean argument that controls whether design variable information will be generated or not. Default is <code>t</code> .
<code>?paramsSummary g_paramsSummary</code>	Boolean argument that controls whether parameters information will be generated or not. Default is <code>t</code> .
<code>?cornersSummary g_cornersSummary</code>	Boolean argument that controls whether corners information will be generated or not. Default is <code>t</code> .
<code>?setupsummary g_setupsummary</code>	Boolean argument that controls whether setup information will be generated or not.
<code>?launchBrowser g_launchBrowser</code>	Boolean argument that controls whether the generated datasheet will be displayed in a browser window. Default is <code>t</code> .

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

<code>?datasheetName</code> <code>t_datasheetName</code>	Specifies a title for the datasheet.
<code>?plots g_plots</code>	Boolean argument that controls whether the generated datasheet will include all the plots. Default is <code>t</code> .

#### Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if the datasheet is created successfully.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

#### Example

```
ocnxlWriteDatasheet(?name "My datasheet")  
=> t
```

## Commands for Parametric Sets

- [ocnxlParametricSet](#)
- [ocnxlLocalParametricSet](#)
- [ocnxlSetAllParametersDisabled](#)
- [ocnxlSetAllParameterPSetsDisabled](#)
- [ocnxlSetAllVariablePSetsDisabled](#)

## ocnxlParametricSet

```
ocnxlParametricSet(  
    l_paramList  
)  
=> l_paramList
```

### Description

Creates a parametric set by using the given list of parameters.

### Arguments

<i>l_paramList</i>	List of parameter names to be included in the parametric set.
--------------------	---

### Example

The following example creates a parametric set with two parameters, *vin\_ac* and *vdd*:

```
ocnxlParametricSet('("vin_ac" "vdd"))
```

## ocnxlLocalParametricSet

```
ocnxlLocalParametricSet(  
    t_testName  
    l_paramList  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Adds a parametric set for local variables in a `maestro` view.

**Note:** This function does not check if the variables exist or not.

### Arguments

<code>t_testName</code>	Name of the test for local variables.
<code>l_paramList</code>	List of grouped parametric variable names.

### Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if successful.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

### Example

The following example adds a group parametric variables set (`ldc`, `r0`, `Vdc`) into the test `wcd_math_testcases:test1:1`:

```
ocnxlLocalParametricSet("wcd_math_testcases:test1:1" ' ("Idc""r0""Vdc"))
```



## **ocnxlSetAllParametersDisabled**

```
ocnxlSetAllParametersDisabled(  
    g_disabled  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Enables or disables all parameters.

### **Arguments**

<code>g_disabled</code>	Specify <code>t</code> to disable all parameters, and <code>nil</code> to enable all parameters.
-------------------------	--

### **Value Returned**

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if all parameters are enabled or disabled.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlSetAllParametersDisabled(t) => t
```

## **ocnxlSetAllParameterPSetsDisabled**

```
ocnxlSetAllParameterPSetsDisabled(  
    g_disabled  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Enables or disables all parameter parametric sets.

### **Arguments**

<i>g_disabled</i>	Specify <i>t</i> to disable all parameter parameteric sets. Specify <i>nil</i> to enable all parameter parameteric sets.
-------------------	--

### **Value Returned**

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if all parameter parameteric sets are enabled or disabled.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlSetAllParameterPSetsDisabled(t)
```

## **ocnxlSetAllVariablePSetsDisabled**

```
ocnxlSetAllVariablePSetsDisabled(  
    g_disabled  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Enables or disables all variable parametric sets.

### **Arguments**

<i>g_disabled</i>	Specify <i>t</i> to disable all variable parameteric sets. Specify <i>nil</i> to enable all variable parameteric sets.
-------------------	--

### **Value Returned**

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if all variable parameteric sets are enabled or disabled.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### **Example**

```
ocnxlSetAllVariablePSetsDisabled(t)
```

## Commands for Pre-run Scripts

- [ocnxlGetPointId](#)
- [ocnxlLoadCurrentEnvironment](#)
- [ocnxlMCIterNum](#)
- [ocnxlPreRunScript](#)
- [ocnxlReEvaluatePointVariables](#)
- [ocnxlRunCalibration](#)
- [ocnxlSetCalibration](#)
- [ocnxlSetMCdut](#)
- [ocnxlSetPreRunScriptEnabled](#)
- [ocnxlUpdatePointVariable](#)

**Note:** Any variable used in a pre-run script without scope definition will make it a global variable. To avoid this, use the let() command.

## ocnxlGetPointId

```
ocnxlGetPointId(  
    )  
=> x_pointID / nil
```

### Description

Returns the ID of the current simulation point. This command must be used only in a pre-run script.

For more information, see [Executing Pre-run Scripts before Simulation Runs](#).

### Arguments

None

### Value Returned

<code>x_pointId</code>	Returns the ID of current simulation point
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise

### Example

```
id=ocnxlGetPointId()
```

## ocnxlLoadCurrentEnvironment

```
ocnxlLoadCurrentEnvironment(  
    [ ?noAnalysis g_noAnalysis ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Loads all the current environment settings, such as variables, analyses, etc., from the main test setup into the pre-run simulation environment. It also sets the results and netlist directory for the pre-calibration simulations based on the results directory for the current point.

For example, if the results directory of point 4 is \$AXL\_PROJECT\_DIR/myLib/myCell/myView/results/data/Interactive.1/4/myTest, the netlist directory for the pre-calibration simulation run will be \$AXL\_PROJECT\_DIR/myLib/myCell/myView/results/data/Interactive.1/4/myTest/preSim/netlist and the results directory will be \$AXL\_PROJECT\_DIR/myLib/myCell/myView/results/data/Interactive.1/4/myTest/preSim/psf. You can specify a different results directory for the pre-calibration simulation run by using the [resultsDir](#) OCEAN command.

This command must be used only in a pre-run script.

For more information, see [Executing Pre-run Scripts before Simulation Runs](#).

**Note:** Variables updated with [ocnxlUpdatePointVariable](#) become part of the current environment. `ocnxlLoadCurrentEnvironment` will load all variables from the current environment. If your script requires a variable to be initialized and you also set the value with `ocnxlUpdatePointVariable`, the variable must be explicitly initialized after the call to `ocnxlLoadCurrentEnvironment`. For example, `desVar("myout" 1)`.

## Arguments

`?noAnalysis` *g\_noAnalysis*

Specifies if a pre-run simulation inherits the analysis details from the main test setup.

Possible values:

`t`: The pre-run simulation inherits all of the test setup, excluding the analysis, from the main simulation. You must define the analysis in the pre-run script itself.

`nil`: The pre-run simulation inherits all of the test setup, including the analysis, from the main simulation.

Default value: `nil`

## Value Returned

`t` Returns `t` if the test simulation setup is successfully read.

`nil` Returns `nil` otherwise.

## Example

```
ocnxlLoadCurrentEnvironment(t)
analysis('tran ?stop 10u)
```

## Related Functions

[`ocnxlSetMCdut`](#), [`ocnxlSetMCignore`](#)

## ocnxlMCIterNum

```
ocnxlMCIterNum(  
  )  
  => x_iterNum / nil
```

### Description

Returns the current iteration number of the main Monte Carlo simulation run. This command must be used only in a pre-run script.

For more information, see [Executing Pre-run Scripts before Simulation Runs](#).

### Arguments

None

### Value Returned

<code>x_iterNum</code>	Returns the iteration number of main Monte Carlo simulation run
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise

### Example

```
x=ocnxlMCIterNum()  
when( equal(x 1) then  
  initialize();  
)
```



## ocnxlPreRunScript

```
ocnxlPreRunScript(  
    t_fileName  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Specifies the pre-run script file containing the OCEAN commands that need to be run before the simulation starts. This function must be used within a test setup block (starting with [ocnxlBeginTest](#) and ending with [ocnxlEndTest](#) ) in your OCEAN script file.

For more information, see [Executing Pre-run Scripts before Simulation Runs](#).

### Arguments

<i>t_fileName</i>	Path to the pre-run script file.
-------------------	----------------------------------

### Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if file exists.
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise.

### Example

```
ocnxlBeginTest("myTest")  
...  
ocnxlPreRunScriptEnabled(t)  
ocnxlPreRunScript("/net/scripts/myPreRunScript")  
...  
ocnxlEndTest()
```

### Related Functions

[ocnxlSetPreRunScriptEnabled](#)

## **ocnxlReEvaluatePointVariables**

```
ocnxlReEvaluatePointVariables(  
    )  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Re-evaluates the `eval()` expressions that include or are dependent on the variables updated through `ocnxlUpdatePointVariable` during the pre-run stage.

This function must be used only in a pre-run script.

### **Arguments**

None

### **Value Returned**

<code>t</code>	The expressions are re-evaluated.
<code>nil</code>	Indicates an error.

### **Examples**

Re-evaluates the `eval()` expressions that include or have dependencies with the updated variables `CTRL` and `DoubleArray`.

```
(let (CTRL_calibrated)  
  
    ;Initialize and inherit the test setup from the current point  
    ocnxlLoadCurrentEnvironment(?noAnalysis t)  
  
    ;Define the analysis if different from the main setup  
    ;Sweep the calibration variable  
    analysis('dc ?saveOppoint t  
        ?param "CTRL" ?start "0" ?stop "127" ?step "1" )  
  
    ;Run a simulation  
    ocnxlRunCalibration()  
  
    ;Measurement to find the calibrated value
```

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

```
CTRL_calibrated = aelEngNotation(  
    round(cross(VS("/vref") 1 1 "rising" nil nil nil)))  
  
;Add the calibrated result value to the outputs table  
ocnxlAddOrUpdateOutput("CTRL_calibrated" CTRL_calibrated)  
  
;Update the main simulation environment with the calibrated result  
ocnxlUpdatePointVariable("CTRL" CTRL_calibrated)  
ocnxlUpdatePointVariable("DoubleArray" "16")  
  
;Re-evaluate the expressions which include or have dependencies with updated  
"CTRL" and "DoubleArray".  
ocnxlReEvaluatePointVariables()  
  
ocnCloseSession()  
)
```

#### ***Related Topics***

[ocnxlUpdatePointVariable](#)

## ocnxlRunCalibration

```
ocnxlRunCalibration(  
    )  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Starts the simulation required to calibrate the simulation setup. This command must be used only in a pre-run script.

For more information, see [Executing Pre-run Scripts before Simulation Runs](#).

### Arguments

None

### Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if the simulation run is successful.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

### Example

```
ocnxlRunCalibration()  
t
```

## ocnxlSetCalibration

```
ocnxlSetCalibration(  
    )  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Sets up a single iteration Monte Carlo calibration run by inheriting statistical parameter information from the main Monte Carlo simulation run. The starting iteration number for the calibration run is set to the current iteration number of the main Monte Carlo simulation run. This command must be used only in a pre-run script.

For more information, see [Executing Pre-run Scripts before Simulation Runs](#).

### Arguments

None

### Value Returned

t	Returns t if successful
nil	Returns nil otherwise

### Example

```
ocnxlSetCalibration()  
t
```

## ocnxlSetMCdut

```
ocnxlSetMCdut(  
    t_instName  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Sets a design instance to be used in a pre-run script for Monte Carlo calibration. If set, the specified subcircuit instance has process and mismatch variations applied to it and the unspecified instances only have process variations. All subcircuits instantiated under the specified instance also have process and mismatch enabled. By default, mismatch variations are applied to all the subcircuit instances in the design and process variations are applied globally. This allows the testbench to change and not affect the variations seen by the original design.

**Note:** This function is to be used in a pre-run script and only applies to Monte Carlo analysis. Execute this function after [ocnxlSetCalibration](#).

For more information, see [Executing Pre-run Scripts before Simulation Runs](#).

### Arguments

<i>t_instName</i>	Specifies the name of design instance.
-------------------	--

### Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if the design instance is set successfully
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise

### Example

```
;Set the MC iteration number, etc. to match the main simulation  
ocnxlSetCalibration()  
  
;Set the DUT instance of the pre run design  
ocnxlSetMCdut("I0")  
; For one test you can specify multiple instances to restrict mismatch variation to  
; these instances:  
ocnxlSetMCdut("I0.M0 I0.M1" )
```

## ocnxlSetPreRunScriptEnabled

```
ocnxlSetPreRunScriptEnabled(  
    g_enabled  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Specifies if running the pre-run scripts through OCEAN scripts should be enabled.

This command works only in the XL mode. See help on `ocnSetXLMode()`.

For more information, see [Executing Pre-run Scripts before Simulation Runs](#).

### Arguments

<i>g_enabled</i>	Specifies if running pre-run scripts should be enabled. Default value: <code>t</code> Possible values: <code>t</code> , <code>nil</code>
------------------	--

### Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if successful.
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise.

### Example

```
ocnxlBeginTest("myTest")  
...  
ocnxlSetPreRunScriptEnabled(t)  
ocnxlPreRunScript("/net/scripts/myPreRunScript")  
...  
ocnxlEndTest()
```

## ocnxlUpdatePointVariable

```
ocnxlUpdatePointVariable(  
    t_paramName  
    t_paramValue  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Updates the value of a parameter or variable in the simulation setup. This command must be used only in a pre-run script.

**Note:** The variables updated with `ocnxlUpdatePointVariable` become part of the current environment. If your pre-run script requires a variable to be initialized and you are setting its value with `ocnxlUpdatePointVariable`, the variable must be explicitly initialized after the call to [ocnxlLoadCurrentEnvironment](#). See [example](#).

For more information, see [Executing Pre-run Scripts before Simulation Runs](#).

### Arguments

<code>t_paramName</code>	Parameter name
<code>t_paramValue</code>	Parameter value

### Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if parameter value is successfully updated
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise

### Example

```
;; Montecarlo Calibration Example  
;; Inherit test setup from the current point  
ocnxlLoadCurrentEnvironment( ?noAnalysis t)  
desVar("myout" 1)  
  
;; Apply changes if any e.g set a different analysis for calibration run  
analysis('dc ?anaName "dc" ?saveOppoint t ?write "spectre.dc"  
    ?oppoint "rawfile" ?maxiters "150" ?maxsteps "10000" ?annotate "status"  
    )  
;; The following command sets the calibration run. It will inherit main  
;; montecarlo options for single iteration run.  
ocnxlSetCalibration()
```



## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

```
;; An example to calculate calibrated value using successive approximation method.
;; ocnxlRunCalibration() will run monte carlo simulation for single iteration.
ocnxlRunCalibration()
myout = IDC("/R0/PLUS")

;; Add this value as ADE XL output so that it can be viewed in outputs window.
;; An output name Calibrated_ParamName will be added for each point.
ocnxlAddOrUpdateOutput("myout" myout)

;; Update the main simulation environment with the calibrated result.
ocnxlUpdatePointVariable("myout" sprintf( nil "%L" myout))
```

## Commands for Reliability Analysis

- [ocnxlAddRelxSetup](#)
- [ocnxlAddRelxScenariosSetup](#)
- [ocnxlDisableRelxScenariosSetup](#)
- [ocnxlDisableRelxSetup](#)
- [ocnxlSetRelxAnalysisEnabled](#)
- [ocnxlSetRelxScenariosEnabled](#)
- [ocnxlSetRelxEnabledForPreRun](#)

## ocnxlAddRelxSetup

```
ocnxlAddRelxSetup(  
    t_relxSetupName  
    t_freshTest  
    t_stressTest  
    t_agedTest  
    [ ?stressVarList l_stressVarList ]  
    [ ?agedVarList l_agedVarList ]  
    [ ?freshTestEnabled t_freshTestEnabled ]  
    [ ?stressTestEnabled t_stressTestEnabled ]  
    [ ?agedTestEnabled t_agedTestEnabled ]  
    [ ?stressFile t_stressFile ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Adds a new reliability analysis setup with the specified fresh, stress, and aged tests and any variables for which the values need to be overridden.

### Arguments

<i>t_relxSetupName</i>	Specifies a unique name for the new reliability analysis setup
<i>t_freshTest</i>	Specifies the name of the test you want to use for running fresh simulation
<i>t_stressTest</i>	Specifies the name of the test you want to use for running stress simulation
<i>t_agedTest</i>	Specifies the name of the test you want to use for running aging simulation
<i>?stressVarList l_stressVarList</i>	Provides a list of variables for which you want to modify the values. This list specifies values only for a stress simulation.
<i>?agedVarList l_agedVarList</i>	Provides the list of variables for which you want to modify the values. This list specifies values only for an aging simulation.
<i>?freshTestEnabled t_freshTestEnabled</i>	Specifies that a fresh test is enabled
<i>?stressTestEnabled t_stressTestEnabled</i>	

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

Specifies that a stress test is enabled

`?agedTestEnabled t_agedTestEnabled`

Specifies that an aging test is enabled

`?stressFile t_stressFile`

Specifies the name of the stress file you want to use

#### Value Returned

`t` Returns `t` if the analysis is successfully added

`nil` Returns `nil` otherwise

#### Example

```
ocnxlAddRelxSetup("my_relx" "fresh_test" "stress_test" "aged_test"  
?stressVarList '(("CAP" "100f") ("RES" "10K")))
```

## ocnxlAddRelxScenariosSetup

```
ocnxlAddRelxScenariosSetup(  
    t_relxName  
    t_freshTest  
    t_stressTest  
    t_agedTest  
    [ ?freshTestEnabled t_freshTestEnabled ]  
    [ ?stressTestEnabled t_stressTestEnabled ]  
    [ ?agedTestEnabled t_agedTestEnabled ]  
    [ ?scenariosList t_scenariosList ]  
    [ ?relxOptions t_relxOptions ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Adds a new scenario setup in the reliability analysis setup.

### Arguments

<i>t_relxScenarioName</i>	Specifies the name of the new scenario setup
<i>t_freshTest</i>	Specifies the name of the fresh test for this scenario
<i>t_stressTest</i>	Specifies the name of the stress test for this scenario
<i>t_agedTest</i>	Specifies the name of the aged test for this scenario
<i>?freshTestEnabled t_freshTestEnabled</i>	Specifies whether the fresh test is enabled or disabled
<i>?stressTestEnabled t_stressTestEnabled</i>	Specifies whether the stress test is enabled or disabled
<i>?agedTestEnabled t_agedTestEnabled</i>	Specifies whether the aged test is enabled or disabled
<i>?scenariosList t_scenariosList</i>	Specifies the list of reliability scenarios and corner values for the fresh, stress, and aged tests in each scenario.
<i>?relxOptions t_relxOptions</i>	Specifies the reliability options to be used for this scenario

## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

#### Value Returned

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if the scenario is successfully added to the setup
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise

#### Example

```
ocnSetXLMode("assembler")
ocnxlProjectDir( "./simulation" )
ocnxlTargetCellView( "bertlink" "test" "maestro" )

ocnxlAddRelxScenariosSetup( "test" "bertlink:osc13:1" "bertlink:osc13:1"
"bertlink:osc13:1" ?freshTestEnabled t ?stressTestEnabled t ?agedTestEnabled t
?scenariosList '("Scenario_1 C0 C4 C1" "Scenario_2 _default C3 C1") ?relxOptions
'(nil simulator "spectre" relxOpts (((relxOpts showunageddevices) "none")
((relxOpts enableRelxpert) t) ((relxOpts anaMode) "TMI") ((relxOpts
enableSelfheating) t) ((relxOpts gaSaveResults) "none") ((relxOpts nativeMode)
"Spectre native"))))

ocnxlAddRelxScenariosSetup( "gradualaging" "gradualaging" "gradualaging"
"gradualaging" ?freshTestEnabled t ?stressTestEnabled t ?agedTestEnabled t
?scenariosList '("Scenario_1 C1 C3 C2" "Scenario_2 C0 C4 C1") ?relxOptions '(nil
simulator "spectre" relxOpts (((relxOpts enableGradualAging) t) ((relxOpts
agingPointsType) "Gradual aging") ((relxOpts gaAgePoints) "10 20") ((relxOpts
showunageddevices) "none") ((relxOpts anaMode) "TMI") ((relxOpts
enableSelfheating) t) ((relxOpts gaSaveResults) "none") ((relxOpts mosAgingTime)
"10 20") ((relxOpts nativeMode) "Spectre native") ((relxOpts enableAging) t))))
```

## ocnxlDisableRelxScenariosSetup

```
ocnxlDisableRelxScenariosSetup(  
    t_relxSetupName  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Disables the specified reliability scenario setup.

### Arguments

*t\_relxScenarioName*

Specifies the name of the reliability scenario setup to be disabled

### Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if the scenario setup is successfully disabled
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise

### Example

```
ocnSetXLMode("assembler")  
ocnxlProjectDir( "./simulation" )  
ocnxlTargetCellView( "bertlink" "test" "maestro" )  
  
ocnxlAddRelxScenariosSetup( "test" "bertlink:osc13:1" "bertlink:osc13:1"  
"bertlink:osc13:1" ?freshTestEnabled t ?stressTestEnabled t ?agedTestEnabled t  
?scenariosList '("Scenario_1 C0 C4 C1" "Scenario_2 _default C3 C1") ?relxOptions  
'(nil simulator "spectre" relxOpts (((relxOpts showunageddevices) "none")  
((relxOpts enableRelxpert) t) ((relxOpts anaMode) "TMI") ((relxOpts  
enableSelfheating) t) ((relxOpts gaSaveResults) "none") ((relxOpts nativeMode)  
"Spectre native"))))  
  
ocnxlDisableRelxScenariosSetup("test")
```

## **ocnxlDisableRelxSetup**

```
ocnxlDisableRelxSetup(  
    t_relxSetupName  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Disables the specified reliability analysis setup.

### **Arguments**

<i>t_relxSetupName</i>	Specifies the name of the reliability analysis setup that is to be disabled
------------------------	---

### **Value Returned**

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if the analysis is successfully disabled
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise

### **Example**

```
ocnSetXLMode("assembler")  
ocnxlProjectDir( "./simulation" )  
ocnxlTargetCellView( "bertlink" "test" "maestro" )  
  
ocnxlDisableRelxSetup("my_relx")
```



## **ocnxlSetRelxAnalysisEnabled**

```
ocnxlSetRelxAnalysisEnabled(  
    g_enable  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Enables or disables reliability analysis for the setup based on the input argument.

### **Arguments**

<i>g_enable</i>	Enables reliability analysis if the value specified is <code>t</code> . Disables reliability analysis if the value specified is <code>nil</code> .
-----------------	--

### **Value Returned**

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if the analysis is successfully enabled
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> otherwise

### **Example**

```
ocnxlSetRelxAnalysisEnabled(t)
```

## ocnxlSetRelxScenariosEnabled

```
ocnxlSetRelxScenariosEnabled(  
    g_enabled  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Enables or disables the complete reliability scenarios setup.

### Argument

<i>g_enabled</i>	Specifies the enabled or disabled status for the reliability scenario setup
------------------	---

### Value Returned

<i>t</i>	Returns <i>t</i> if the scenario setup is successfully disabled
<i>nil</i>	Returns <i>nil</i> otherwise

### Example

```
ocnSetXLMode("assembler")  
ocnxlProjectDir( "./simulation" )  
ocnxlTargetCellView( "bertlink" "test" "maestro" )  
  
ocnxlAddRelxScenariosSetup( "test" "bertlink:osc13:1" "bertlink:osc13:1"  
"bertlink:osc13:1" ?freshTestEnabled t ?stressTestEnabled t ?agedTestEnabled t  
?scenariosList '("Scenario_1 C0 C4 C1" "Scenario_2 _default C3 C1") ?relxOptions  
'(nil simulator "spectre" relxOpts (((relxOpts showunageddevices) "none")  
((relxOpts enableRelxpert) t) ((relxOpts anaMode) "TMI") ((relxOpts  
enableSelfheating) t) ((relxOpts gaSaveResults) "none") ((relxOpts nativeMode)  
"Spectre native"))))  
  
ocnxlSetRelxScenariosEnabled(t)
```

## **ocnxlSetRelxEnabledForPreRun**

```
ocnxlSetRelxEnabledForPreRun(  
    )  
=> t / nil
```

### **Description**

Updates the reliability setup based on the corresponding setup from the current environment. Use this function in the pre-run script to print the reliability setup in the pre-run netlist.

**Note:** Ensure that all the current environment settings are loaded from the main test setup into the pre-run simulation environment before you invoke this function.

### **Argument**

None

### **Value Returned**

<code>t</code>	Returns <code>t</code> if the operation is successful
<code>nil</code>	Returns <code>nil</code> if there is an error

### **Example**

Run the `ocnxlLoadCurrentEnvironment` function to load the current environment settings into the pre-run simulation environment.

```
ocnxlLoadCurrentEnvironment(?noAnalysis t)
```

Use the following function in the pre-run script to update the reliability setup from the current environment and to print it in the pre-run netlist.

```
ocnxlSetRelxEnabledForPreRun()
```

## Commands for EAD

You can use the OCEAN commands described in this section to configure the settings to be considered by a simulation whose results are to be used in the Electrically-Aware Design flow. The settings correspond to the UI options that can be set using the EAD Setup form described in *Chapter 2 of Virtuoso Electrically Aware Design Flow Guide*.

- [ocnxlEADAddMeasurement](#)
- [ocnxlEADCreateDataSet](#)
- [ocnxlEADEnableLiveProcessing](#)
- [ocnxlEADEnableVoltageConstraints](#)
- [ocnxlEADSelectAllSignals](#)
- [ocnxlEADSetDutMaster](#)
- [ocnxlEADSetHierarchyLevel](#)
- [ocnxlEADSetWaveFormClipping](#)

## ocnxIEADAddMeasurement

```
ocnxIEADAddMeasurement(  
    t_measName  
    [ ?n_scaleFactor scaleFactor ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Specifies the name of the current or voltage data to be saved from simulation results. A new output is created in the outputs setup of the adexl or maestro view.

### Arguments

<i>t_maesName</i>	Name of the current or voltage data to be saved.
<i>?n_scaleFactor n_scaleFactor</i>	Option used to scale the electrical data while transferring from schematic to layout. Default value: 1.0

### Value Returned

<i>t</i>	The electrical data option and scale factor is saved successfully in the setup
<i>nil</i>	The electrical data is not saved

### Example

The following example code adds three measurements:

```
ocnxIEADAddMeasurement("Idc" ?scaleFactor 1)  
ocnxIEADAddMeasurement("Isignal")  
ocnxIEADAddMeasurement("Vmin" ?scaleFactor 1.5)
```

## ocnxlEADCreateDataSet

```
ocnxlEADCreateDataSet(  
    [ ?lib t_libName ]  
    [ ?cell t_cellName ]  
    [ ?view t_viewName ]  
    [ ?userDataSetName t_dataSetName ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Creates and saves an EAD dataset for all or for the specified master DUTs. . This command is equivalent to the *Create* command in the EAD results view of ADE XL or ADE Assembler.

### Arguments

<code>?lib t_libName</code>	Name of the library.
<code>?cell t_cellName</code>	Name of the cell.
<code>?view t_viewName</code>	Name of the view.
<code>?userDataSetName</code>	Name to be used for the dataset.
<code>t_dataSetName</code>	Default value: "dataset"

### Value Returned

<code>t</code>	When the dataset is saved successfully
<code>nil</code>	When the dataset is not saved

### Example

The following example creates a dataset with the name `myDataSet` for all master DUTs:

```
ocnxlEADCreateDataSet(?userDataSetName "myDataSet")  
=> t
```

The following example creates datasets, `EM1` and `EM2` for the specified master DUTs:

```
ocnxlEADCreateDataSet(?lib "myLib1" ?cell "myCell1" ?view "schematic"  
?userDataSetName "EM1")  
ocnxlEADCreateDataSet(?lib "myLib2" ?cell "myCell2" ?view "schematic")
```

## **OCEAN XL Reference**

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

```
?userDataSetName "EM2")  
=> t
```

## ocnxLEADEnableLiveProcessing

```
ocnxLEADEnableLiveProcessing(  
    g_enabled  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Specifies whether the current waveform has to be processed during simulation or post simulation.

### Arguments

*g\_enabled*

Specifies when to process the current waveforms.

Possible values:

- **t**: Processes the current waveform during simulation. When you set this argument to **t**, only the processed electrical data is saved to the disk. This data is used while performing static electromigration checks. This command is equivalent to the *Process Waveforms Inside Simulator* option on the EAD Setup form.
- **nil**: Processes the current waveform after simulation. When you set this argument to **nil**, the current waveforms are saved on the disk. The saved data can be processed later while performing dynamic electromigration checks, for example, Peak EM or RMS. This command is equivalent to the *Process Waveforms Post Simulation* option on the EAD Setup form.

### Value Returned

**t**

When the specified option is saved successfully in the setup

**nil**

When the specified option is not saved in the setup

### Example

The following example shows how to use this command:



## OCEAN XL Reference

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---

```
ocnxLEADenableLiveProcessing(nil)
=> t

cnxLEADenableLiveProcessing(
  g_enabled
)
=> t / nil
```

## ocnxLEADEnableVoltageConstraints

```
ocnxLEADEnableVoltageConstraints(  
    g_enabled  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Specifies whether a user-defined function is called to create voltage constraints, `deltaV` and `voltageSyncedNets`.

You can specify the user-defined function to be called by using the `elec.gui_customVoltageConstraintFunc` environment variable.

### Arguments

<i>g_enabled</i>	Specifies when to process the current waveforms.  Possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ <code>t</code>: Enables creation of post-simulation voltage constraints.</li><li>■ <code>nil</code>: Disables creation of post-simulation voltage constraints.</li></ul>
------------------	---

### Value Returned

<code>t</code>	When the creation of voltage constraints is enabled or disabled successfully.
<code>nil</code>	When there is an error.

### Example

The following example shows how to use this command:

```
ocnxLEADEnableVoltageConstraints(t)  
=> t  
  
ocnxLEADEnableVoltageConstraints(nil)  
=> t
```

## ocnxlEADSelectAllSignals

```
ocnxlEADSelectAllSignals(  
    g_enabled  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Specifies whether the current (or voltage) data is to be saved for **all** the instance terminals and terminals (or signals for the voltage data); or **only** for a selected set of instance terminals and terminals (or signals for the voltage data) in the selected design. This command is equivalent to the *All Signals* field on the EAD Setup form. The signals can be selected using the Parasitics & Electrical Setup assistant in Virtuoso Schematic Editor XL.

### Arguments

*g\_enabled*

Enables or disables saving of data for all or selected instance terminals, and terminals or signals.

Possible values:

- **t**: Current or voltage data will be saved for all the instance terminals and terminals or signals in the selected design.
- **nil**: Current or voltage data will be saved only for selected set of instance terminals and terminals or signals in the selected design.

### Value Returned

*t*

When the specified option is saved successfully in the setup

*nil*

When the specified option is not saved in the setup

### Example

The following example shows how to use this command:

```
ocnxlEADSelectAllSignals(t)  
=> t
```

## ocnxlEADSetDutMaster

```
ocnxlEADSetDutMaster(  
    t_libName  
    t_cellName  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Saves the library and cell names of the DUT master for which EM analysis is to be performed.

### Arguments

<i>t_libName</i>	Library name of your design
<i>t_cellName</i>	Cell name of your design

### Value Returned

<i>t</i>	When the library and cell names are saved successfully in the setup
<i>nil</i>	When the specified options are not saved in the setup

### Example

The following example shows how to use this command:

```
ocnxlEADSetDutMaster("testLib" "buffer")  
=> t
```

## ocnxlEADSetHierarchyLevel

```
ocnxlEADSetHierarchyLevel(  
    x_hierLevel  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Sets the value for the design hierarchy level upto which the current or voltage data for all the instance terminals, and terminals or signals will be saved. This command is equivalent to the *Hierarchy Stop Level* field on the EAD Setup form.

### Arguments

<i>x_hierLevel</i>	A non-negative numeric value that specifies the number of hierarchy levels for which current or voltage data is to be saved.
--------------------	--

### Value Returned

t	When the value for hierarchy level is saved successfully in the setup
nil	When the specified options are not saved in the setup

### Examples

The following examples show how to use this command:

```
; example 1  
ocnxlEADSetHierarchyLevel(99)  
=> t  
  
; example 2  
  
ocnxlEADSetHierarchyLevel(0)  
=> t
```

## ocnxLEADSetWaveFormClipping

```
ocnxLEADSetWaveFormClipping(  
    [ ?t_clipFrom t_clipFrom ]  
    [ ?t_clipTo t_clipTo ]  
)  
=> t / nil
```

### Description

Sets a start time and an end time for which an electrical waveform is to be processed. This command is equivalent to the *Clip Waveforms - From* and *To* fields on the EAD Setup form.

### Arguments

?t\_clipFrom t\_clipFrom

Starting time from which the waveform is to be clipped

Default value: nil

?t\_clipTo t\_clipTo

Ending time upto which the waveform is to be clipped

Default value: nil

### Value Returned

t

When the value for waveform clipping is saved successfully

nil

When the specified options are not saved successfully

### Example

The following example shows how to use this command:

```
ocnxLEADSetWaveFormClipping(?clipFrom "0.01u" ?clipTo "0.1u")  
=> t
```

## **OCEAN XL Reference**

### OCEAN Commands in XL Mode

---