```
#define NULL 0
typedef struct node{
    node *next;
    int value;
};
//反向一遍判断最后是 null 还是 head, 在反向回来
bool IsExistLoop(node* head)
{
    node *prev , *now , *next;
    bool re;
    prev = NULL;
    now = head;
    next = (*head) . next;
    while( next != head && next != NULL){
         (*now) . next = prev;
         prev = now;
         now = next;
         next = (*now) \cdot next;
    re = next == head;
    node *t;
    t = now;
    now = prev;
    prev = t;
    next = (*head) . next;
    while( now != NULL){
         (*now) . next = prev;
         prev = now;
         now = next;
         next = (*now) \cdot next;
    }
    return re;
}
//把每个节点的 next 指向他的前一个节点
node * reverse(node* head)
{
    node *prev , *now , *next;
    prev = NULL;
    now = head;
    next = (*head) . next;
    while( now != NULL){
         (*now) . next = prev;
```

```
prev = now;
         now = next;
         next = (*now) \cdot next;
    }
    return prev;
}
//找到环的开头,然后将绕一圈后指向他的点指向 NULL
node * unloop(node * head)
{
    if(!IsExistLoop(head))return head;
    node *prev , *now , *next;
    prev = NULL;
    now = head;
    next = (*head) . next;
    (*now) . next = NULL;
    while(IsExistLoop(next)){
         (*now) . next = next;
         prev = now;
         now = next;
         next = (*now) \cdot next;
         (*now) . next = NULL;
    (*now) . next = next;
    node *t;
    t = now;
    while((*t) . next != now)t = (*t) . next;
    (*t) . next = NULL;
    return head;
}
//判断该节点是否在环内,如果是则删除,如果不是则返回 false
bool delete_internode(node * target_node)
    if(!IsExistLoop(target_node))return false;
    node *prev , *now , *next;
    prev = NULL;
    now = target_node;
    next = (*target_node) . next;
    (*now) . next = NULL;
    bool re=true;
    if(IsExistLoop(next))re = false;
    (*now) . next = next;
    if(!re)return re;
```

```
node *t;
    while((*t) . next != now)t = (*t) . next;
    (*t) . next = (*now) . next;
    delete now;
    return true;
}
//若有环,则找到环的开头,然后判断是否在同一个环里;若无环则看看末尾是否相同
bool detect internode(node * first link, node * second link)
{
    bool 11 = IsExistLoop(first_link), 12 = IsExistLoop(second_link);
    if(11 ^ 12) return false;
    if(11){
         node *t1, *t2;
         node *prev , *now , *next;
         prev = NULL;
         now = first_link;
         next = (*first_link) . next;
         (*now) . next = NULL;
         while(IsExistLoop(next)){
              (*now) . next = next;
              prev = now;
              now = next;
              next = (*now) \cdot next;
              (*now) . next = NULL;
         (*now) . next = next;
         t1 = now;
         prev = NULL;
         now = second link;
         next = (*second_link) . next;
         (*now) . next = NULL;
         while(IsExistLoop(next)){
              (*now) . next = next;
              prev = now;
              now = next;
              next = (*now) \cdot next;
              (*now) . next = NULL;
         (*now) . next = next;
         t2 = now;
         while((*now) . next != t2 & (*now)  . next != t1)now = (*now) . next;
         if((*now) . next == t1)return true;
         else return false;
```

```
}
    else{
         node *t1, *t2;
         t1 = first_link;
         t2 = second_link;
         while((*t1) . next != NULL)t1 = (*t1) . next;
         while((*t2) . next != NULL)t2 = (*t2) . next;
         if(t1 == t2)return true;
         else return false;
    }
}
//当当前节点与下一个节点断开后仍然成立的节点中第一个节点
node* first_internode(node* first_link , node* second_link)
{
    if(!detect_internode(first_link , second_link))return first_link;
    node *prev , *now , *next;
    prev = NULL;
    now = first_link;
    next = (*first_link) . next;
    (*now) . next = NULL;
    while(!detect\_internode(now\ ,\ second\_link))\{
         (*now) . next = next;
         prev = now;
         now = next;
         next = (*now) . next;
         (*now) . next = NULL;
    }
    (*now) . next = next;
    return now;
}
//调试用的主程序
int main()
{
    return 0;
}
```