

3. 由题意 X_1, \dots, X_m 独立同分布 且 $P(X_i=k) = C_n^k p^k (1-p)^{n-k}$ ($k=0, 1, \dots, n$ $i=1, 2, \dots, m$)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{则 } P(X_1=k_1, X_2=k_2, \dots, X_m=k_m) &= \prod_{i=1}^m C_n^{k_i} p^{k_i} (1-p)^{n-k_i} \\ &= p^{\sum_{i=1}^m k_i} (1-p)^{mn - \sum_{i=1}^m k_i} \frac{1}{1!} C_n^{k_i} \\ &\quad (0 \leq k_1, k_2, \dots, k_m \leq n) \end{aligned}$$

6. 由题意 X_1, \dots, X_n 独立同分布 $F_{X_i}(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - e^{-\lambda x} & x > 0 \\ 0 & x \leq 0 \end{cases}$

若存在 $X_i \leq 0$, 则 $F(X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n) = 0$
若任意 $X_i > 0$ 则 $F(X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n) = \prod_{i=1}^n (1 - e^{-\lambda x_i})$

\therefore 该样本的联合分布函数为 $F(X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n) = \begin{cases} 0 & \exists i \in [1, n] X_i \leq 0 \\ \prod_{i=1}^n (1 - e^{-\lambda x_i}) & \text{其它} \end{cases}$

7. 从小到大排序:

$-0.5, -0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 0.5, 0.5, 0.5, 0.7, 0.7, 1.5$

$$\text{则其经验分布函数 } F_n(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < -0.5 \\ 0.1 & -0.5 \leq x < 0.2 \\ 0.2 & -0.2 \leq x < 0.2 \\ 0.4 & 0.2 \leq x < 0.5 \\ 0.7 & 0.5 \leq x < 0.7 \\ 0.9 & 0.7 \leq x < 1.5 \\ 1 & x \geq 1.5 \end{cases}$$

3. (1). 由题意 X_1, \dots, X_n 同分布 且 $P(X_i=0)=1-p$ $P(X_i=1)=p$ ($i=1, 2, \dots, n$)
则 $P(k_1, k_2, \dots, k_n) = p^{\sum_{i=1}^n k_i} (1-p)^{n - \sum_{i=1}^n k_i}$ ($k_i \in [0, 1]$)

(2). 由于 $X_i \sim b(1, p)$ ($i=1, 2, \dots, n$) 则 $\sum_{k=1}^n X_k \sim b(n, p)$

$$P(\sum_{k=1}^n X_k = i) = C_n^i p^i (1-p)^{n-i} \quad (i=0, 1, \dots, n)$$

(3). 由于 $EX_i = p$ $Var X_i = (1-p)(1-p) + (1-p)^2 \cdot p = p(1-p)$

由定理 5.2.6 $EX = EX_i = p$
 $Var X = \frac{p(1-p)}{n}$

$$ES^2 = p(1-p)$$

6. 记样本 X_1, \dots, X_n, X_{n+1} 的样本均值为 \bar{X} , 样本方差为 S^2

$$\text{则 } \bar{X} = \frac{1}{n+1} \sum_{i=1}^{n+1} X_i = \frac{1}{n+1} (n\bar{X} + X_{n+1}) = \frac{n}{n+1} \bar{X} + \frac{1}{n+1} X_{n+1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} S^2 &= \frac{1}{n} \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n+1} X_i^2 - (n+1)\bar{X}^2 \right) = \frac{1}{n} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n X_i^2 + X_{n+1}^2 - (n+1) \left(\frac{n}{n+1} \bar{X} + \frac{1}{n+1} X_{n+1} \right)^2 \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{n} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n X_i^2 + X_{n+1}^2 - \frac{n^2}{n+1} \bar{X}^2 - \frac{2n}{n+1} \bar{X} X_{n+1} - \frac{1}{n+1} X_{n+1}^2 \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{n} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n X_i^2 - n\bar{X}^2 + X_{n+1}^2 + \frac{n}{n+1} \bar{X}^2 - \frac{2n}{n+1} \bar{X} X_{n+1} - \frac{1}{n+1} X_{n+1}^2 \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{n} \left((n-1)S^2 + \frac{n}{n+1} X_{n+1}^2 - \frac{2n}{n+1} \bar{X} X_{n+1} + \frac{n}{n+1} \bar{X}^2 \right) \\ &= \frac{n-1}{n} S^2 + \frac{1}{n+1} (X_{n+1} - \bar{X})^2 \end{aligned}$$

5.3. $X \sim N(0, 6^2)$ $Y \sim N(0, 6^2)$ 则 $X+Y \sim N(0, 26^2)$ $\frac{1}{\sqrt{26}}(X+Y) \sim N(0, 1)$

同理 $X-Y \sim N(0, 26^2)$ $\frac{1}{\sqrt{26}}(X-Y) \sim N(0, 1)$

$$\text{记 } Z_1 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{26}}(X+Y) \quad Z_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{26}}(X-Y)$$

$$\text{则 } \frac{(X+Y)^2}{(X-Y)^2} = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{26}}(X+Y)\right)^2}{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{26}}(X-Y)\right)^2} = \frac{Z_1^2}{Z_2^2} \sim F(1, 1)$$

$$\text{记 } P\left(\frac{(X+Y)^2}{(X-Y)^2} \leq 4\right) = \alpha \quad \text{则 } F_{\alpha}(1, 1) = 4 \quad \text{可得 } \alpha = 0.705$$

7. $X_2 + X_4 \sim N(0, 2)$ 则 $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(X_2 + X_4) \sim N(0, 1)$

$$X_1^2 + X_3^2 + X_5^2 \sim \chi^2(3)$$

$$\text{则 } \frac{C(X_2 + X_4)}{\sqrt{X_1^2 + X_3^2 + X_5^2}} = C \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(X_2 + X_4)}{\sqrt{\frac{X_1^2 + X_3^2 + X_5^2}{3}}} \quad \text{即 } \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(X_2 + X_4)}{\sqrt{\frac{X_1^2 + X_3^2 + X_5^2}{3}}} \sim t(3)$$

$$\text{则 } C\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} = 1 \quad \text{解得 } C = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}$$

5.19 由 $X_{n+1} \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ $\bar{X} \sim N(\mu, \frac{\sigma^2}{n})$ 得 $X_{n+1} - \bar{X} \sim N(\mu, \frac{n+1}{n}\sigma^2)$

$$\text{记 } Z_1 = \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{\frac{n+1}{n}}}(X_{n+1} - \bar{X}) \quad \text{则 } Z_1 \sim N(0, 1)$$

$$\text{由 } \frac{(n-1)S^2}{\sigma^2} \sim \chi^2(n-1) \quad \text{记 } Z_2 = \frac{(n-1)S^2}{\sigma^2} \quad Z_2 \sim \chi^2(n-1)$$

$$\text{原统计量 } T = \frac{X_{n+1} - \bar{X}}{S} \sqrt{\frac{n}{n+1}} = \frac{\sigma \cdot \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{\frac{n+1}{n}}}(X_{n+1} - \bar{X})}{\sigma \sqrt{\frac{(n-1)S^2}{n(n-1)}}} = \frac{Z_1}{\sqrt{\frac{Z_2}{n-1}}}$$

$$\therefore T \sim t(n-1)$$

5.20. $\bar{X} \sim N(0, \frac{1}{n})$ 则 $\sqrt{n}\bar{X} \sim N(0, 1)$ $n\bar{X}^2 \sim \chi^2(1)$

$$\text{又 } (n-1)S^2 \sim \chi^2(n-1)$$

$$\therefore EY = E(\bar{X}^2 - \frac{1}{n}S^2) = \frac{1}{n} E n\bar{X}^2 - \frac{1}{n(n-1)} E (n-1)S^2 = \frac{1}{n} \cdot 1 - \frac{n-1}{n(n-1)} = 0$$

$$\textcircled{2} \text{Var} Y = \text{Var}(\bar{X}^2 - \frac{1}{n}S^2) \quad (\bar{X} \text{ 与 } S^2 \text{ 相互独立})$$

$$= \frac{1}{n^2} \text{Var} n\bar{X}^2 + \frac{1}{n^2(n-1)} \text{Var} (n-1)S^2$$

$$= \frac{2n}{n^2} + \frac{2}{n^2(n-1)} = \frac{2}{n(n-1)}$$